## Natural Language Processing

Assignment 7
Type of Question: MCQ

Number of Questions: 8 Total Marks:  $(6 \times 1) + (2 \times 2) = 10$ 

Question 1: Suppose you have a raw text corpus and you compute word cooccurrence matrix from there. Which of the following algorithm(s) can you utilize to learn word representations? (Choose all that apply) (1 mark)

- a. CBOW
- b. SVD
- c. PCA
- d. GloVe

Answer: a, b, c, d

**Solution:** 

Question 2: What is the method for solving word analogy questions like, given A, B and D, find C such that A:B::C:D, using word vectors? (1 mark)

- a.  $v_c = v_a + (v_b v_d)$ , then use cosine similarity to find the closest word of  $v_c$ .
- b.  $v_c = v_a + (v_d v_b)$  then do dictionary lookup for  $v_c$
- c.  $v_c = v_d + (v_b v_a)$  then use cosine similarity to find the closest word of  $v_c$ .
- d.  $v_c = v_d + (v_a v_b)$  then do dictionary lookup for  $v_c$ .
- e. None of the above

Answer: e

Solution:  $v_d - v_c = v_b - v_a$ 

 $v_c = v_d + v_a - v_b$  then use cosine similarity to find the closest word of  $v_c$ .

Question 3: What is the value of  $PMI(w_1, w_2)$  for  $C(w_1) = 100$ ,  $C(w_2) = 2000$ ,

 $C(w_1, w_2) = 64$ , N = 100000? N: Total number of documents.

 $C(w_i)$ : Number of documents,  $w_i$  has appeared in.

 $C(w_i, w_j)$ : Number of documents where both the words have appeared in.

Note: Use base 2 in logarithm.

(1 mark)

- a. 4
- b. 5
- c. 6
- d. 5.64

Answer: b

Solution:

$$PMI = \log_2 \frac{64 \times 100000}{100 \times 2000} = 5$$

**Question 4:** Given two binary word vectors  $w_1$  and  $w_2$  as follows:

$$w_1 = [1010101010]$$

$$w_2 = [00111111100]$$

Compute the Dice and Jaccard similarity between them.

(2 marks)

- a.  $\frac{6}{11}$ ,  $\frac{3}{8}$
- b.  $\frac{10}{11}$ ,  $\frac{5}{6}$
- c.  $\frac{4}{9}$ ,  $\frac{2}{7}$
- d.  $\frac{5}{9}$ ,  $\frac{5}{8}$

Answer: a Solution:

Dice coefficient = 
$$\frac{2 \times 3}{5+6} = \frac{6}{11}$$

$$Jaccard\ coefficient = \frac{3}{8}$$

**Question 5:** In the following Figure 1, p and q are the two word vectors for the words Natural and Language, respectively. What will be the resultant word vector r for "Natural Language" after adding the vectors p and q? (1 mark)

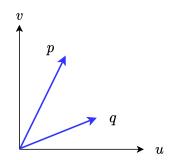
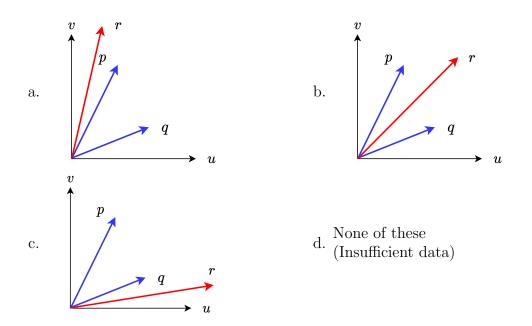


Figure 1: Figure for Question 5



Answer: b

Solution: Parallelogram Law:

Draw lines parallel to the two vectors to form a complete parallelogram. The diagonal from the initial point to the opposite vertex of the parallelogram is the resultant.

Question 6: Consider two probability distribution for two words be p and q. Compute their similarity scores with KL-divergence. (2 mark)

$$p = [0.20, 0.75, 0.50]$$
$$q = [0.90, 0.10, 0.25]$$

Note: Use base 2 in logarithm.

Answer: c Solution:

$$\begin{split} \text{KL-div}(p,q) &= \sum_{i} p_{i} \log_{2} \frac{p_{i}}{q_{i}} \\ &= 0.2 \log \frac{0.2}{0.9} + 0.75 \log \frac{0.75}{0.1} + 0.5 \log \frac{0.5}{0.25} \\ &\approx 2.246 \\ \text{KL-div}(q,p) &= 0.9 \log \frac{0.9}{0.2} + 0.1 \log \frac{0.1}{0.75} + 0.25 \log \frac{0.25}{0.5} \\ &\approx 1.412 \end{split}$$

Question 7: Consider the following word co-occurrence matrix given below. Compute the cosine similarity between (i) w1 and w2, and (ii) w1 and w3. (1 mark)

Answer: d Solution:

cosine-sim 
$$(\overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{q}) = \frac{\overrightarrow{p} \cdot \overrightarrow{q}}{\|\overrightarrow{p}\| \cdot \|\overrightarrow{q}\|}$$
  
cosine-sim  $(\text{w1, w2}) = \frac{2 \times 1 + 9 \times 5 + 4 \times 6}{\sqrt{2^2 + 9^2 + 4^2} \times \sqrt{1^2 + 5^2 + 6^2}} \approx 0.897$   
cosine-sim  $(\text{w1, w3}) \approx 0.315$ 

## Question 8: Which of the following statement(s) is/are True? (1 mark)

- a. In structured distributional semantics, co-occurrence statistics are collected using parser extracted relations.
- b. Term mismatch occurs from the word independence assumption during document indexing.
- c. We can use distribution semantic models for query expansion.
- d. Attributional similarity depends on the degree of correspondence between attributes.

Answer: a, b, c, d Solution: