Capstone 3: Using Mask R-CNN for Weapons Identification Author: Nantawat Samermit

Model Metrics:

Data set:

Total size: 1470 imagesTrain set: 999 imagesTest set: 471 images

Annotation format: PASCAL VOC using .xml

CNN Model:

- Model Used: Mask Regional-Convolutional Neural Network (R-CNN)
- Configuration name: 'weapons_faster_cfg'
- Number of classes 1 + 3 (background + number of classes)
- Steps per epoch: 489
- Code:

```
from mrcnn.config import Config
from mrcnn.model import MaskRCNN
#define a configuration for the model
class WeaponsConfig(Config):
    #give config a recognizable name
    NAME='weapons_faster_cfg'
    #Number of classes (background + knife + cash + pistol)
    NUM_CLASSES = 1 + 3
    #Number of training steps per epoch
    STEPS_PER_EPOCH = 489
```

Configuration:

Backbone: Resnet101Strides: [4, 8, 16, 32, 64]

o Batch size: 2

o BBOX STD DEV: [0.1, 0.1, 0.2, 0.2]

Learning Rate: 0.001

Loss Weights:

'rpn_class_loss': 1.0
'rpn_bbox_loss': 1.0
'mrcnn_class_loss': 1.0
'mrcnn_bbox_loss': 1.0
'mrcnn_mask_loss': 1.0

Image:

Per GPU: 2Max Dim: 1024Meta Size: 16

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Min Dim: 800Min Scale: 0

Resize Mode: squareShape: 1024 x 1024 x 3

Mask:

Pool Size: 14Shape: 28 x 28

■ Mean Pixel: 123.7 x 116.8 x 103.9

■ Mini Mask Shape: 56 x 56

• Weights:

MSCOCO: 'mask_rcnn_coco.h5'

• Training:

Train set: 999 imagesTest Set: 471 imagesLearning Rate: 0.001

Epochs: 10Layers: 'heads'

Evaluation Metrics:

• Metric Used: Mean Average Precision

Training MAP: 0.645695Testing MAP: 0.149661

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• Code:

```
def evaluate_model(dataset, model, cfg):
   APs = list()
   for image id in dataset.image ids:
       # load image, bounding boxes and masks for the image id.
       # load_image_gt() returns np.ndarrays
       image, image_meta, gt_class_id, gt_bbox, gt_mask = load_image_gt(dataset,
                                                                         cfg,
                                                                         image id,
                                                                         use mini mask=False)
       # convert pixel values (e.g. center)
        scaled_image = mold_image(image, cfg)
       # convert image into one sample
       sample = expand_dims(scaled_image, 0)
       # make prediction
       yhat = model.detect(sample, verbose=0)
       # extract results for first sample
       r = yhat[0]
       # calculate statistics, including AP
       #when using on training data, since it may not have an image of a weapon
       #the prediction becomes an empty list, this will throw a ValueError
       #Using try, except control flow to circumvent
       try:
         AP, precision, recalls, overlaps = compute_ap(gt_bbox, gt_class_id,
                                                        gt_mask, r["rois"],
                                                        r["class_ids"],
                                                        r["scores"],
                                                        r['masks'])
         APs.append(AP)
       except ValueError:
         continue
   return mean(APs)
```