PROJECTION OPERATORS

PROJECTION:

In MongoDB, projection refers to the process of specifying which fields should be included or excluded in the documents that are returned by a query. This is done to limit the amount of data that is retrieved.

When performing a query in MongoDB, we can use projection to:

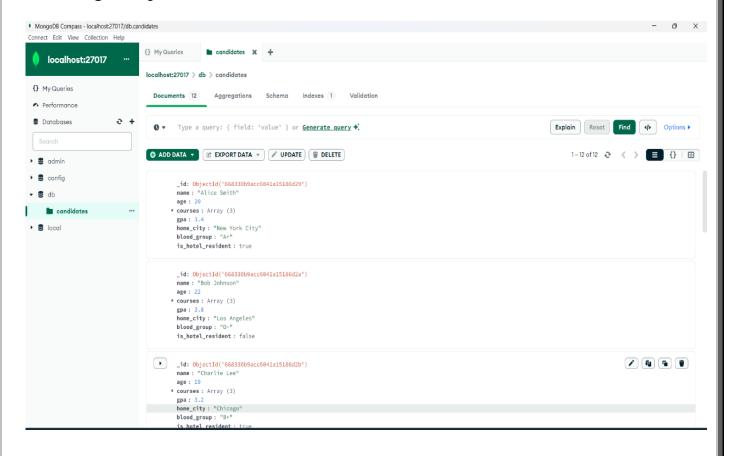
1. INCLUDE SPECIFIC FIELDS:

It specify which fields want to be included in the result set.

2. EXCLUDE SPECIFIC FIELDS:

It specify which fields want to be excluded from the result set.

First we need to import a collection called "candidates" to the mongocompass.



To check the collection we use commands:

Use db

Show dbs

Show collections

```
Select mongosh mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeoutMS=2000
Connecting to:
                         mongodb://127.0.0.1:27017/?directConnection=true&serverSelectionTimeou
tMS=2000&appName=mongosh+2.2.10
Using MongoDB:
                         7.0.11
Using Mongosh:
                         2.2.10
For mongosh info see: https://docs.mongodb.com/mongodb-shell/
   The server generated these startup warnings when booting
   2024-07-02T03:52:40.596+05:30: Access control is not enabled for the database. Read and wri
te access to data and configuration is unrestricted
test> use db
switched to db db
db> show dbs
admin
         40.00 KiB
config 108.00 KiB
db
         40.00 KiB
local
        72.00 KiB
db> show collections
candidates
```

Now the collection "candidates" is displayed on the command prompt.

Here to find candidates data which is used in collection we use command **db.candidates.find()**

```
db> db.candidates.find()
    _id: ObjectId('668330b9acc6041a15186d29'),
   name: 'Alice Smith',
    age: 20,
    courses: [ 'English', 'Biology', 'Chemistry' ],
   home_city: 'New York City',
   blood_group: 'A+',
   is hotel resident: true
 },
    _id: ObjectId('668330b9acc6041a15186d2a'),
   name: 'Bob Johnson',
    age: 22,
   courses: [ 'Computer Science', 'Mathematics', 'Physics' ],
    home_city: 'Los Angeles',
    blood group: '0-',
    is hotel resident: false
 },
    _id: ObjectId('668330b9acc6041a15186d2b'),
    name: 'Charlie Lee',
    age: 19,
```

To find number of counts of candidates we use

db.candidates.find().count()

```
db> db.candidates.find().count()
12
```

Output displayed as 12 candidates.

To retrieve Name, Age and Gpa of candidates we use command db.candidates.find({},{name:1,age:1,gpa:1});

```
db> db.candidates.find({},{name:1,age:1,gpa:1});
   _id: ObjectId('668330b9acc6041a15186d29'),
   name: 'Alice Smith',
   age: 20,
   gpa: 3.4
 },
   _id: ObjectId('668330b9acc6041a15186d2a'),
   name: 'Bob Johnson',
   age: 22,
   gpa: 3.8
 },
   _id: ObjectId('668330b9acc6041a15186d2b'),
   name: 'Charlie Lee',
   age: 19,
   gpa: 3.2
 },
    _id: ObjectId('668330b9acc6041a15186d2c'),
```

displays a candidates list only with name ,age and gpa with _id.

The most common projection operators in MongoDB are:

- 1. Inclusion (1): This operator is used to include specific fields in the query results.
- **2. Exclusion (0):** This operator is used to exclude specific fields from the query results.
- <u>3. Slice (\$slice):</u> This operator limits the number of array elements that are returned.
- **4. ElemMatch (\$elemMatch):** This operator projects only the first element from an array that matches the specified condition.
- <u>5. Meta (\$meta)</u>: This operator can include metadata in the query results, such as text search scores.

1.Exclude fields(0):

Here to retrieve data of candidates excluding _id and course details we use **db.candidates.find(**{},{ id:0,courses:0});

```
db> db.candidates.find({},{_id:0,courses:0});
    name: 'Alice Smith',
    age: 20,
    gpa: 3.4,
    home_city: 'New York City',
    blood_group: 'A+',
    is_hotel_resident: true
  },
    name: 'Bob Johnson',
    age: 22,
    gpa: 3.8,
    home_city: 'Los Angeles',
    blood_group: 'O-',
    is hotel resident: false
  },
    name: 'Charlie Lee',
    age: 19,
    gpa: 3.2,
    home_city: 'Chicago',
    blood_group: 'B+',
```

here to retrieve including only name of candidates excluding _id we use **db.candidates.find({}},{_id:0,name:1});**

2.Include fields(1):

To include age and name of candidates without _id we use db.students.find({},{ id:0,name:1,age:1});

```
db> db.candidates.find({},{_id:0,name:1,age:1});

{    name: 'Alice Smith', age: 20 },
    {    name: 'Bob Johnson', age: 22 },
    {    name: 'Charlie Lee', age: 19 },
    {    name: 'Emily Jones', age: 21 },
    {    name: 'David Williams', age: 23 },
    {    name: 'Fatima Brown', age: 18 },
    {    name: 'Gabriel Miller', age: 24 },
    {    name: 'Hannah Garcia', age: 20 },
    {    name: 'Isaac Clark', age: 22 },
    {    name: 'Jessica Moore', age: 19 },
    {    name: 'Kevin Lewis', age: 21 },
    {    name: 'Lily Robinson', age: 23 }
}
```

3.Elem operator(\$elemMatch):

To include matched fields, here to find candidates who are enrolled in "Computer Science" with specific projection we use command db.candidates.find({courses:{\$elemMatch:{\$eq:"Computer Science"}}}},{name:1,"courses.\$":1});

To find count candidates who are enrolled in "Computer Science" with specific projection we use

db.candidates.find({courses:{\$elemMatch:{\$eq:"Computer} Science"}}},{name:1,"courses.\$":1}).count()

```
db> db.candidates.find({courses:{$elemMatch:{$eq:"Computer Science"}}},{name:1,"courses.$":1})
.count();
```

Here to find candidates who are enrolled in "Mathematics" with specific projection we use

db.candidates.find({courses:{\$elemMatch:{\$eq:"Mathematics"}}},{na me:1,"courses.\$":1});

To find count of candidates who are enrolled in "Mathematics" with specific projection we use

db.candidates.find({courses:{\$elemMatch:{\$eq:"Mathematics"}}},{na me:1,"courses.\$":1}).count();

```
db> db.candidates.find({courses:{$elemMatch:{$eq:"Mathematics"}}},{name:1,"courses.$":1}).coun
t();
```

4.Slice operator(\$slice):

To retrieve all candidates with first two courses with name we use

db.candidates.find({},{name:1,courses:{\$slice:2}});

One more without an _id to retrieve all candidates with first two courses we use

db.candidates.find({}, id:0,name:1,courses:{\$slice:2}});

```
To find count of candidates we use
db.candidates.find({},_id:0,name:1,courses:{$slice:2}});
db> db.candidates.find({},{_id:0,name:1,courses:{$slice:2}}).count();
```