

NEURAL NETWORK & DEEP LEARNING

ASSIGNMENT 4

Name : SAI SNUSHA NAKKA

Student ID : 700746287

Git hub Link: https://github.com/NSnusha/NNDL_Assignment4

Video link:

<https://drive.google.com/file/d/1V1HRWKH446Ffiz5HJT06j7l6mNgZt64Q/view?usp=sharing>

1. 1. Data Manipulation a. Read the provided CSV file 'data.csv'. b.

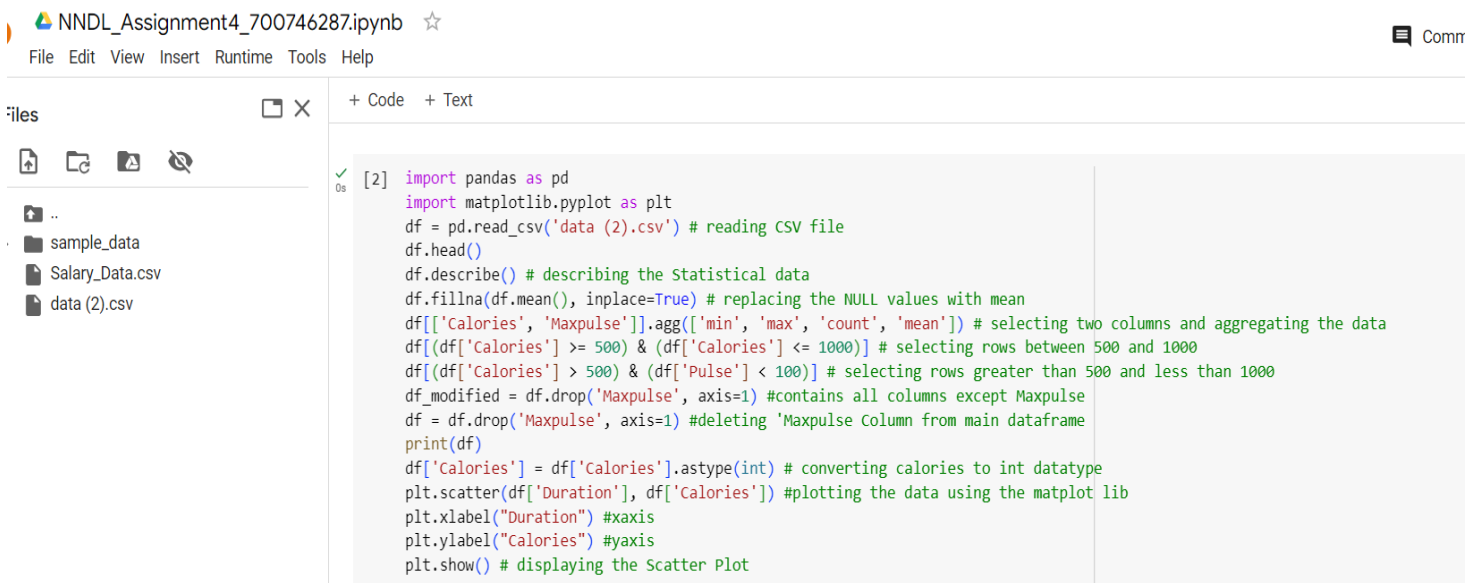
<https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1h8C3mLsso-R-siOLsvoYwPLzy2fJ4IOF?usp=sharing> c. Show the basic

statistical description about the data. d. Check if the data has null values. i. Replace the null values with the

mean e. Select at least two columns and aggregate the data using: min, max, count, mean. f. Filter the dataframe

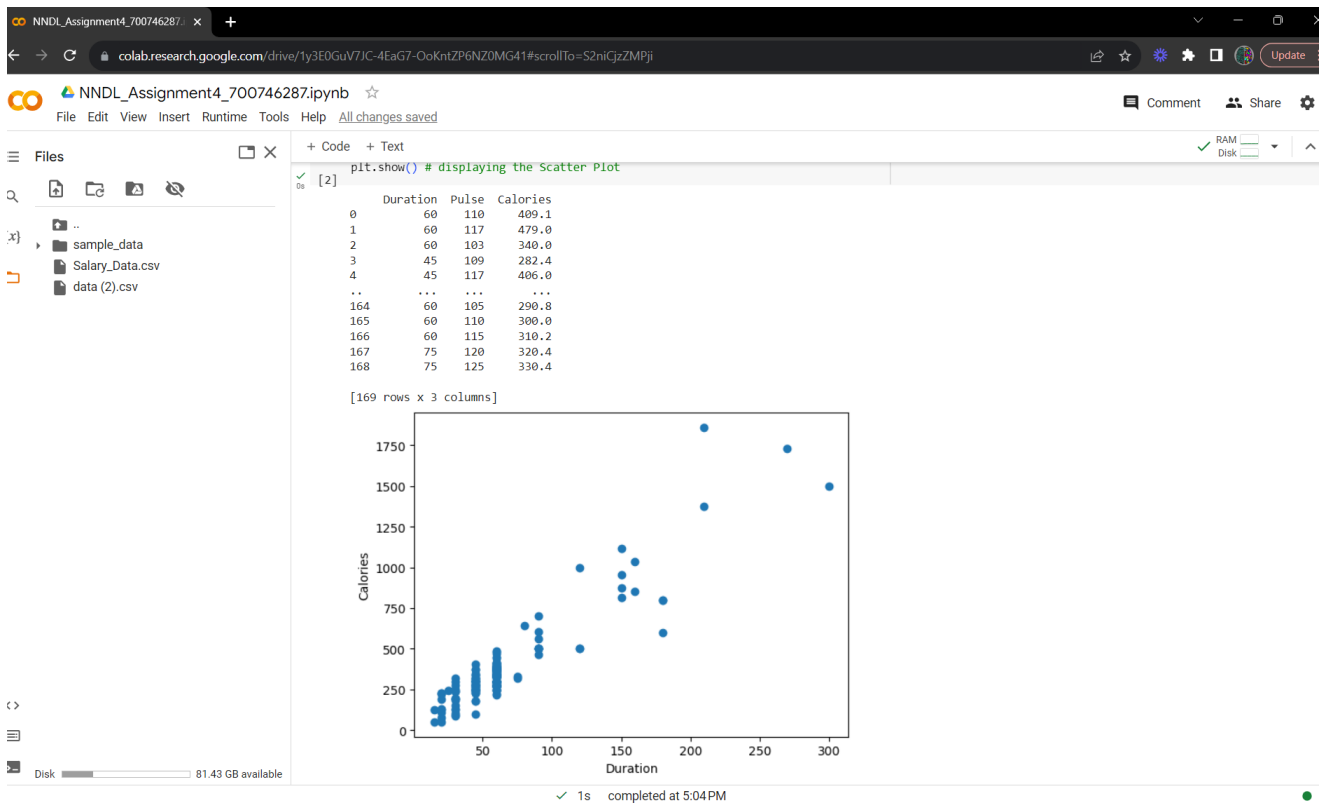
to select the rows with calories values between 500 and 1000. g. Filter the dataframe to select the rows with

calories values > 500 and pulse



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook titled "NNDL_Assignment4_700746287.ipynb". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Insert, Runtime, Tools, Help) and a toolbar. On the left, a file explorer shows a directory structure with "sample_data", "Salary_Data.csv", and "data (2).csv". The main area displays a Python script that performs the following steps:

```
[2] import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df = pd.read_csv('data (2).csv') # reading CSV file
df.head()
df.describe() # describing the Statistical data
df.fillna(df.mean(), inplace=True) # replacing the NULL values with mean
df[['Calories', 'Maxpulse']].agg(['min', 'max', 'count', 'mean']) # selecting two columns and aggregating the data
df[(df['Calories'] >= 500) & (df['Calories'] <= 1000)] # selecting rows between 500 and 1000
df[(df['Calories'] > 500) & (df['Pulse'] < 100)] # selecting rows greater than 500 and less than 1000
df_modified = df.drop('Maxpulse', axis=1) #contains all columns except Maxpulse
df = df.drop('Maxpulse', axis=1) #deleting 'Maxpulse Column from main dataframe
print(df)
df['Calories'] = df['Calories'].astype(int) # converting calories to int datatype
plt.scatter(df['Duration'], df['Calories']) #plotting the data using the matplotlib lib
plt.xlabel("Duration") #xaxis
plt.ylabel("Calories") #yaxis
plt.show() # displaying the Scatter Plot
```



2. Linear Regression a) Import the given “Salary_Data.csv” b) Split the data in train_test partitions, such that 1/3 of the data is reserved as test subset. c) Train and predict the model. d) Calculate the mean_squared error e) Visualize both train and test data using scatter plot.

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

salariesData = pd.read_csv('Salary_Data.csv') #importing data from the CSV file

#splitting the data into training and testing
X = salariesData.iloc[:, :-1].values
Y = salariesData.iloc[:, 1].values

#splitting 1/3 of the data as testsubset
X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 1/3, random_state = 0)

# Fitting Simple Linear Regression to the training set
reg = LinearRegression()
reg.fit(X_train, Y_train)

# Predicting the Test set result
pred = reg.predict(X_test)

# Calculating the Mean_squared_error
mse = mean_squared_error(Y_test, pred)

#Visualising the Training set results and Test set results
plt.scatter(X_train, Y_train, color = 'blue')
plt.scatter(X_test, Y_test, color = 'red')
plt.title('Salary Data')
plt.xlabel('Experience (Years)')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()
```

