





# **AWS CLOUD AND DEVOPS**

by Mr. Mahendran Selvakumar

# **Automating EC2 Instance Management Using AWS Lambda with GitHub Copilot**

Name: Sooriya N Class: III CSE C

Organized by KPR Institute of Engineering and Technology

Department of Computer Science and Engineering

#### **Overview**

This documentation outlines the process of automating the start and stop operations for an EC2 instance using AWS Lambda. GitHub Copilot to assist in generating Python scripts for these Lambda functions, making development efficient and intuitive. Screenshots of these tasks are included for clarity.

## **Prerequisites**

Before starting, ensure the following prerequisites are met:

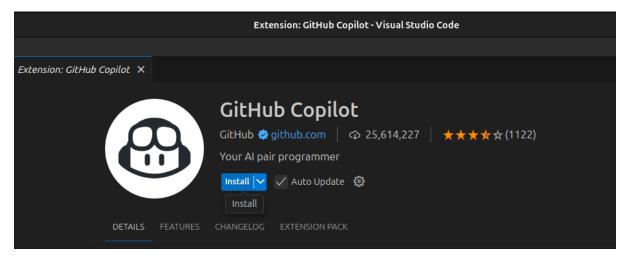
- An AWS account with access to EC2 and Lambda services.
- A configured IAM role with the necessary permissions (AmazonEC2FullAccess for simplicity).
- GitHub Copilot enabled in your development environment.

## **Accessing GITHUB Copilot**

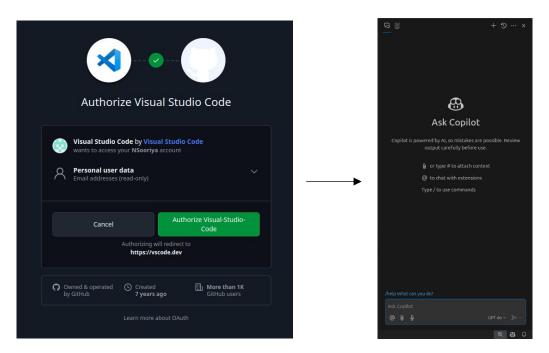
#### **GitHub in VS Code:**

Open VS Code and go to the Extensions view by clicking the Extensions icon in the Activity Bar.

Search for "GitHub Pull Requests and Issues" and install it.

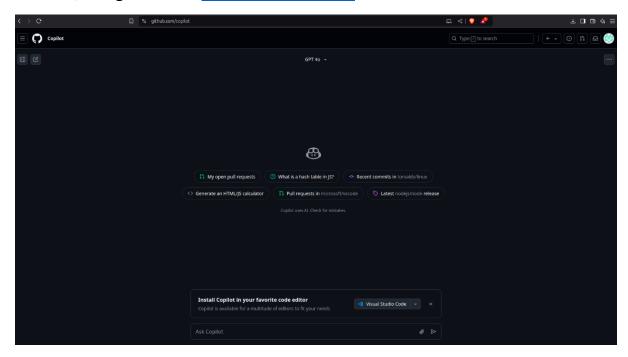


Before using the Copilot, GitHub must be logged in and Visual Studio Code must be authorized. This is necessary to establish a secure and authenticated connection between your GitHub account and the Copilot service.



#### GitHub via the Official Website:

To access GitHub Copilot through the official website, sign in to your GitHub account, navigate to the <u>GitHub Copilot page</u>.

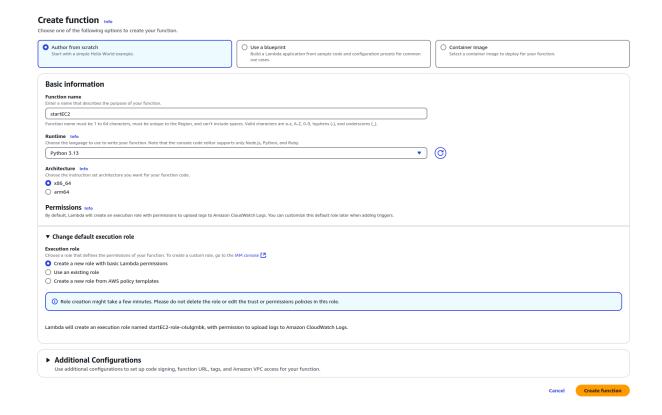


**Free for Students**: GitHub Copilot is available for free to verified students through the GitHub Student Developer Pack, providing access to the full range of features.

**Free for Open-Source Contributors**: GitHub Copilot is also free for maintainers of public, open-source repositories. If you are actively contributing to open-source projects, you can apply for free access.

# **Creating the Lambda Function**

- Go to the AWS Management Console.
- In the search bar, type **Lambda** and open the **AWS Lambda** service.
- Click Create function.
- Select Author from scratch.
  - o **Function name**: Provide a name for your function.
  - Runtime: Choose Python 3.x or any supported runtime.
  - Role: Create a new role with basic Lamba permissions.
- Click Create function.



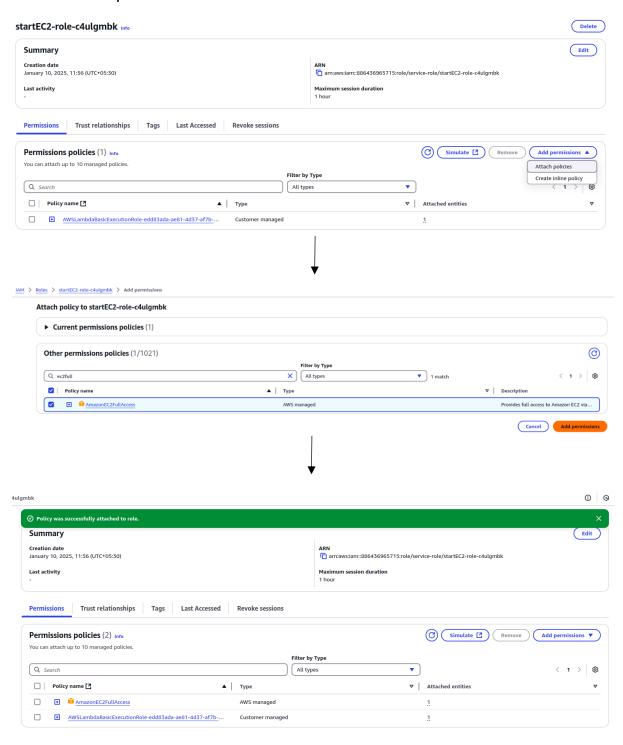
#### **ADDING PERMISSION FOR THE ROLE:**

Roles can be created with proper permissions and used for a Lamba function, if "Create a new role with basic Lambda permissions" was selected then adding permission to the newly created role for accessing EC2 Instances must be done before testing the Lambda function.

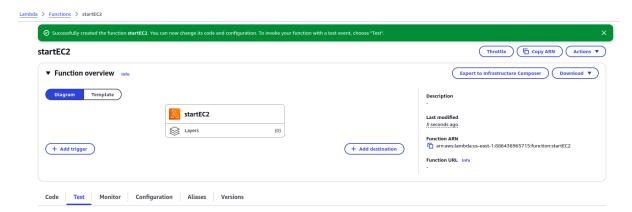
Select the Role which has been created for the Lambda function.



Click on "Add permissions" and search for "AmazonEC2FullAccess" and add it.



#### WRITE LAMBDA FUNCTION CODE:



Once your function is created, you will see the function editor.

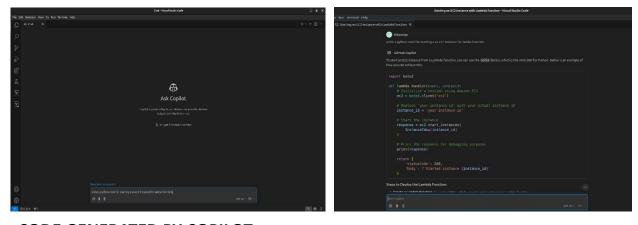
Write or paste the code in the Code Source section for Starting an EC2 instance obtained from interacting with the GitHub Copilot.

#### **CODE FROM GITHUB COPILOT:**

#### PROMPTING GITHUB COPILOT

- Opened Visual Studio Code with the GitHub Copilot extension installed and activated.
- GITHUB Copilot can be found in the bottom right in Visual Studio Code.
- Started the interaction with a comment describing the objective:

# Write a python code for starting an EC2 instance for lambda function



#### **CODE GENERATED BY COPILOT**

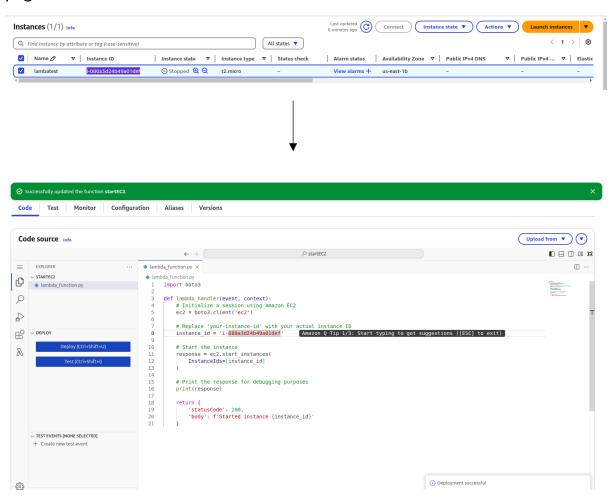
- 1. Importing the boto3 library to interact with AWS services.
- 2. Defining the lambda\_handler function, which serves as the entry point for the Lambda function.
- 3. Initializing an EC2 client with boto3.client('ec2').

- 4. Starting the EC2 instance by calling the start\_instances method and providing the instance ID.
- 5. Printing the response for debugging purposes.
- 6. Returning an HTTP response with a 200 status code and a success message.

Paste the code in Code Source section in the Lambda function.



Change the "your\_instance\_id" to the target Instance ID from the Instances page in the AWS Console.

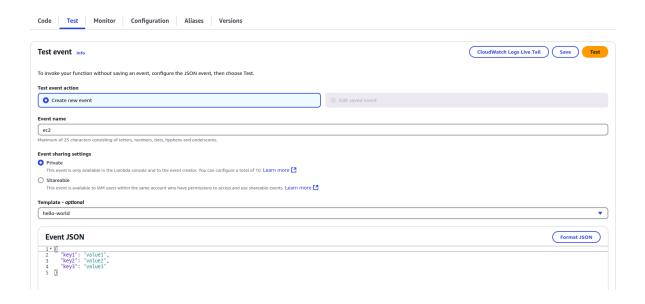


Click the Deploy button to update the Lambda function. When you make updates to your Lambda function (such as adding or modifying the code, configuration, or environment variables), you need to deploy those changes for them to take effect.

# **Testing the Lambda Function**

Click **Test** in the Lambda console to trigger the function manually.

Provide test event data if necessary, or leave it blank if not required for API call.

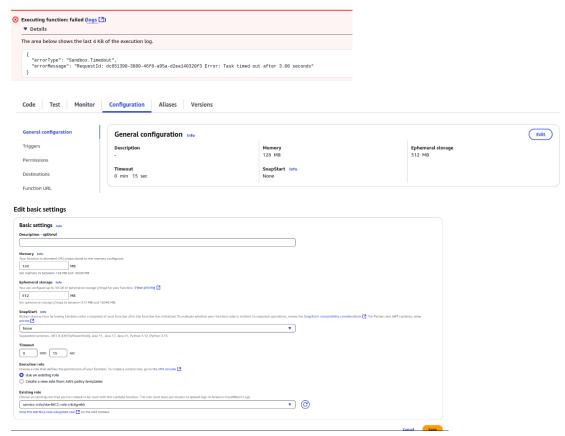


After testing, you'll see the output in the **Execution result** section.



#### NOTE:

If the Function's execution failed because of Timeout, go to the Configuration section and increase the Timeout value in general configuration.



Click on "Save" and test the function again.

#### **CHECK THE EXECUTION RESULT:**

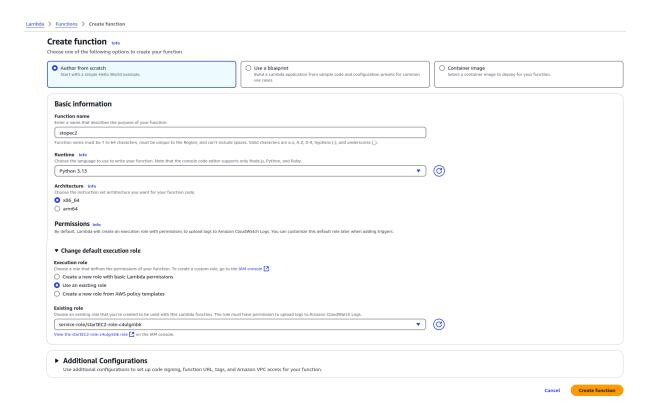
If the execution of the Lambda function is successful, go to the Instances dashboard in the console and check if the target instance have started.



The same process can be followed for a creating a Lambda function to Stop an EC2 instance.

## Creating a Lambda Function to Stop an EC2 Instance

- Go to the Lambda console.
- Click Create function.
- Choose Author from scratch.
  - 1. Give your function a name (e.g., StopEC2).
  - 2. Select a runtime (e.g., Python 3.9 or later).
  - 3. Under Permissions, choose **Use an existing role** and select the IAM role created during the previous steps.
- Click Create function.



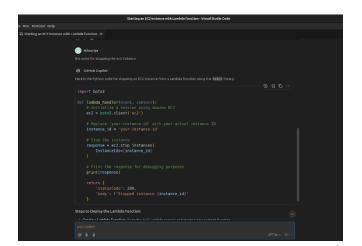
#### LAMBDA FUNCTION CODE:

Once the Lambda function is created, the function editor will appear. In the code editor section, the code designed to stop an EC2 instance, obtained through interaction with GitHub Copilot, should be inserted.

### **CODE GENERATED BY COPILOT (Stopping an EC2 Instance)**

1. Importing the boto3 library to interact with AWS services. Defining the lambda\_handler function, which serves as the entry point for the Lambda function.

- 2. Initializing an EC2 client with boto3.client('ec2').
- 3. Stopping the EC2 instance by calling the stop\_instances method and providing the instance ID.
- 4. Printing the response for debugging purposes.
- 5. Returning an HTTP response with a 200 status code and a success message.





#### **DEPLOYING AND TESTING THE FUNCTION:**

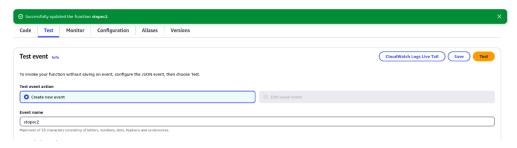
## **Deploying the Function:**

After pasting the code (provided by GitHub Copilot or written manually) into the Lambda function's code editor:

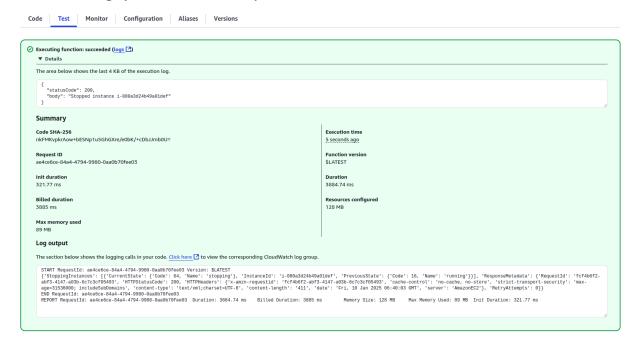
**Save the Code**: Click the "Deploy" button. This action saves the code and creates a new version of your Lambda function. It's crucial to deploy after every code change.

## **Testing the Function:**

Click **Test** in the Lambda console to trigger the function manually.



After testing, you'll see the output in the **Execution result** section.



The console will display the execution results, including logs, execution time, and any returned values.

Check the EC2 console to confirm that the instance has stopped.



**NOTE:** If you are using an AWS Free Tier account, remember to delete all resources created as part of this tutorial. Leaving resources running will result in charges once Free Tier limits are surpassed.