

1. (30%)

(a) (10%) Assume that $f(t)$ has the Fourier series $f(t) = a_0/2 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(\frac{n\pi t}{L}) + b_n \sin(\frac{n\pi t}{L})$. Find

$$\frac{1}{L} \int_{\tau}^{\tau+2L} f^2(t) dt \text{ in terms of } a_n \text{ and } b_n.$$

(b) (10%) Find the Fourier series of the following periodic function $f(t) = t^2$ over the interval $[-\pi, \pi]$.

(c) (10%) Use (a) to prove that $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^4} = \frac{\pi^4}{90}$.

2. (30%) Let $F(s) = L[f(t)] = \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} f(t) dt$, $s > 0$ be the Laplace Transform of $f(t)$.

(a) (8%) Show that $\frac{d}{ds} F(s) = L[-tf(t)](s)$

(b) (12%) Let $y=f(t)$ and $Y(s)=L[f(t)]$ be its Laplace Transform. Show that $L(ty') = -\frac{d}{ds}(sY(s))$ and $L(ty'') =$

$$-\frac{d}{ds}[s^2Y(s)-sy(0)].$$

(c) (10%) Calculate $L^{-1}[1/(s^2(s^2+1))]$.

3. (15%) Use the method of exact equations to solve the differential equation $0.5x \cot(y) y' = -1$.

4. (15%) Solve the differential equation $y'' - y' - 2y = 4x^2$ using the method of variation of parameters.

5. (10%) Find the general solution of $y^{(4)} + 2y'' + y = 0$.