### HW2

1.

(a)

- . protect
  - .lib 'cic018.1' TT
- .unprotect
- .temp 25
- .option post
- .param vsg=0 vss=0

MO Vout Vin Vss Vss N\_18 W=5u L=3u m=1

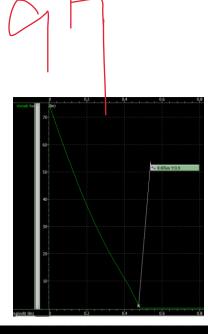
IO Vdd Vout 5u

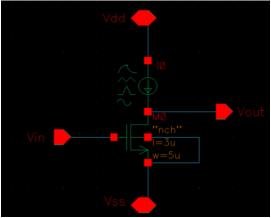
Vin Vin Vss 0.476

Vss Vss 0 vss

Vdd Vdd Vss 1.8

- .op
- .tf V(Vout) Vin
- \*. dc vsg 0 1.8 0.001
- .probe V(Vout)
- . end





```
***** operating point information tnom= 25.000 temp= 25.000 *****

***** operating point status is all simulation time is 0.

node =voltage node =voltage node =voltage
```

+0:vdd = 1.8000 0:vin = 476.0000m 0:vout = 889.0013m

+0:vss = 0.

\*\*\*\* small-signal transfer characteristics

v(vout)/vin = -141.2082 input resistance at vin = 1.000e+20 output resistance at v(vout) = 2.4161x

W=5um, L=3um, m=1, Vin=0.476mV, Vout=0.889mV, |gain|=141.2082>100

# (b)

subckt	
element	0:m0
model	0:n_18.1
region	Saturati
id	5.0000u
ibs	-8.848e-22
ibd	-378.1803a
vgs	476.0000m
vds	889.0013m
vbs	0.
vth	336.9156m
vdsat	136.3351m
vod	139.0844m
beta	502.8981u
gam eff	507.4460m
gm	58.4463u
gds	413.8998n
gmb	11.5710u
cdtot	6.5283f
cgtot	99.4439f
cstot	104.5593f
cbtot	35.9207f
cgs	89.3663f
cgd	1.6672f

由 simulation result 可以看出 drain current 差不多等於  $5\mu$ A,而又因為 gain =  $-gm \times r_o$  以及 $r_o$  = 1/gds,

gain =  $-\frac{58.4463u}{413.8998n}$  = -141.2088與 simulation result 非常接近,不過要小心 Mos 是否處再 Saturation region,由於剛開始時 W/L 沒有調好,讓 Mos 進入 Cut off,仍得到正確結果,可能是因為 static current 產生這樣的情形。

### (c)

hw2 1c

- .protect
- .lib 'cic018.1' TT
- .unprotect
- .temp 25
- .option post
- .param vss=0 vsg=0

R0 Vdd Vout 10K

M3 Vout Vbias Vin Vss N\_18 W=25u L=0.5u m=1

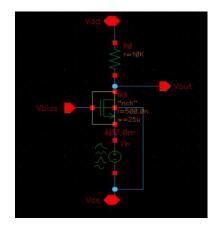
Vin Vin Vss 0.9

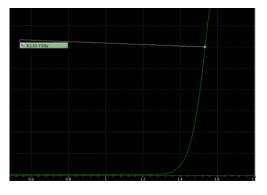
Vdd Vdd Vss 1.8

Vss vss 0 vss

Vbias Vbias Vss 1.53

- . op
- \*. dc Vsg 0 1.8 0.001
- .tf V(Vout) Vin
- .probe I(R0)
- . end





```
***** operating point information thom= 25.000 temp= 25.000 *****
***** operating point status is all simulation time is
         =voltage
                      node =voltage
                                       node =voltage
+0:vbias
             1.5300 0:vdd
                                 1.8000 0:vin = 900.0000m
        =
                            =
+0:vout
             1.1984 0:vss
                                 0.
           small-signal transfer characteristics
       v(vout)/vin
                                              =
                                                   9.0063
       input resistance at
                                                   1.1103k
                                      vin
                                              =
       output resistance at v(vout)
                                                   8.1542k
```

W=25um, L=0.5um, m=1, Vin=0.9mV, Vbias=1.53V, |gain|=9.0063>8, Id=56.16uA(下圖)

(d)

subckt element 0:m3 model 0:n 18.1 region Saturati id 56.1559u -1.6522f ibd -2.2735f 630.0000m vqs 338.4410m vds -900.0000m vbs vth 580.4299m vdsat 101.0081m 49.5701m vod beta 16.3310m gam eff 528.2975m 970.9395u gm gds 22.6383u gmb 111.0258u cdtot 30.6836f 82.2569f cgtot cstot 90.4807f 56.9115f cbtot cgs 65.7064f 8.9371f cgd

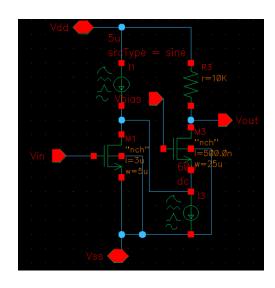
由 simulation result 可以看出 drain current 為  $56 \mu A$ ,接 近  $60 \mu A$ ,並操作在 saturation region,另外

$$gain = \frac{1 + (g_m + g_{mb})r_o}{r_o + R_D} R_D$$

$$= \frac{1 + \left[\frac{970.9395\mu + 111.0258\mu}{22.6383\mu}\right]}{\frac{1}{22.6383\mu} + 10k} \times 10k \approx 9.007$$

與 simulation result 非常相近。這邊需要考慮 body effect,因此將 $g_{mb}$ 列入考慮。

(e)



# $hw2_1e$

- . protect
- .lib 'cic018.1' TT
- .unprotect
- .temp 25
- .option post
- .param vss=0

R3 Vdd Vout 10K

M1 net1 Vin Vss Vss N\_18 W=5u L=3u m=1

M3 Vout Vbias net1 Vss  $N\_18$  W=25u L=500.0n

m=1

I1 Vdd net1 5u

I3 net1 Vss 60u

Vin Vin Vss 0.476

Vbias Vbias Vss 1.535

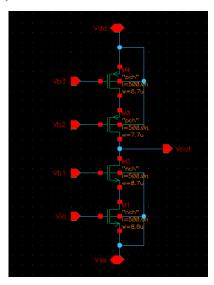
Vss Vss 0 vss

- . op
- .tf V(Vout) Vin
- .print V(net1)
- . end

我把(a)和(b)兩個 saturaion 的電路接在一起卻產生 linear region 的情形,跟運算時理想的結果相差很多,是因為接在一起後  $V_{GS3}$  比原先增加了  $1.3V_{\odot}$ ,使得流經 M3 的 drain current 變大,使得兩個 mos 進入 linear region。

2.

(a)



subckt				
	0:m1			
	0:n_18.1			
region	Saturati	Saturati	Saturati	Saturati
id	15.7543u -2.585e-21	15.7543u	-15.7543u	-15.7543u
ibs	-2.585e-21	-51.0247a	147.6662a	1.597e-21
ibd	-56.8623a	-770.3741a	233.0997a	149.1848a
	500.0000m			
	82.8543m			
vbs	0.	-82.8543m	347.7734m	0.
	448.7626m			
vdsat	95.2206m	93.0359m	-176.3864m	-164.3867m
vod	51.2374m	46.2528m	-153.4430m	-145.6906m
beta	5.6378m	4.9939m	1.1897m	1.2838m
gam eff	507.4460m	509.7168m	554.7496m	557.0846m
gm	244.4358u	277.9392u	156.2690u	169.3632u
gds	72.1751u	3.8626u	11.5508u	2.7027
gmb	48.3342u	50.0636u	40.9484u	50.3598u
	15.1700f			
cgtot	30.2650f	25.6113f	29.9288f	30.0761f
cstot	35.3752f	30.5018f	34.9189f	37.2072f
	27.0046f			
	23.5824f			
cgd	3.9036f	2.8021f	3.5205f	3.2084f

subckt		
element	0:m1	0:m3
model	0:n_18.1	0:n_18.1
region		Linear
	-59.9920u	
	4.134e-19	
ibd	822.9008p	3.58931
vgs	476.0000m	1.9069
vds	-371.9225m	-249.7109t
vbs	0.	371.9225r
vth	274.6055m	386.5286r
vdsat	441.6459m	905.3888r
vod	573.3170m	1.5206
beta	502.5681u	13.4046r
gam eff	498.8294m	498.8242r
gm	177.3096u	2.00301
gds	49.7720u	20.0718r
gmb	19.4830u	512.54881
cdtot	101.9357f	133.2932
cgtot	105.8002f	109.34131
cstot	26.6447f	156.99371
cbtot	26.2715f	81.3169
	9.0363f	
cgd	95.0852f	55.9707

\*\*\*\* small-signal transfer characteristics

v(vout)/vin = -239.6931 input resistance at vin = 1.000e+20 output resistance at v(vout) = 1.1940x

### hw2 2a

- .protect
- .lib 'cic018.1' TT
- .unprotect
- .temp 25
- .option post
- .param vss=0

M1 net16 Vin Vss Vss N\_18 W=8.7u L=0.5u m=1

M2 Vout Vb1 net16 Vss N\_18 W=7.7u L=0.5u m=1

M3 Vout Vb2 net15 Vdd P\_18 W=8.7u L=0.5u m=1

M4 net15 Vb3 Vdd Vdd P 18 W=8.8u L=0.5u m=1

Vb3 Vb3 vss 1.15

Vb2 Vb2 vss 0.7

Vb1 Vb1 vss 0.58

Vin Vin vss 0.5

Vdd Vdd vss 1.8

Vss Vss 0 vss

- . op
- .tf V(Vout) Vin
- . end

# 步驟:

- (1) 先將四個 mos 規格統一設為 W=5um, L=0.5um, m=1,先調 bias current 使四個 mos 進入 Saturation  $region(V_{GS}-V_{TH}>V_{DS})$ ,但是須注意要把 $V_{ov}$ (Hspice 為  $V_{od}$ )調小,因為 $V_{out,swing}=V_{DD}-V_{ov1}-V_{ov2}-V_{ov3}-V_{ov4}(V_{ov}=V_{GS}-V_{TH})$ 。
- (2)以上步驟完成後,由於gain =  $-g_{m1}[(g_{m2}r_{o2}r_{o1})||(g_{m3}r_{o3}r_{o4})]$ 和 gm =  $u_nc_{ox}\frac{w}{L}V_{ov}=\frac{2I_D}{V_{ov}}$ ,我會先調 M1 的 W,因為 gml 對 gain 的影響力 比較大。至於為何先調 gain 的原因是因為若 gain 先調到府和的值 時,此時的  $I_D$ 通常會比要求來的小,因此調高  $I_D$ ,gain 也會順便被 調大。
- (3)以上步驟完成後,由於 $I_D = \frac{1}{2} * u_n c_{ox} \frac{W}{L} (V_{GS} V_{TH})^2$ ,便要開始調整 W/L 使 bias current 接近 15uA。

#### 結論:

M1: W=8. 7u, L=0. 5u, m=1, Vin=0. 5V M2: W=7. 7u, L=0. 5u, m=1, Vb1=0. 58V M3: W=8. 7u, L=0. 5u, m=1, Vb2=0. 7V M4: W=8. 8u, L=0. 5u, m=1, Vb3=1. 15V |gain| = 239.6931 =  $20 \log(239.6931) dB = 47.59311dB > 45dB$   $V_{out,swing}$  = 1.8 - 51.2374m - 46.2528m - 153.4430m - 145.6906m = 1.4033762V > 1V Bias current = 15.7543uA  $\approx 15$ uA

(b)

\*\*\*\* small-signal transfer characteristics

v(vout)/vin = -239.6931 input resistance at vin = 1.000e+20 output resistance at v(vout) = 596.9913k

subckt element 0:m1 0:m20:m3 0:m4 model 0:n 18.1 0:n 18.1 0:p 18.1 0:p 18.1 Saturati region Saturati Saturati Saturati id 31.5086u 31.5086u -31.5086u -31.5086u 295.3324a ibs -5.170e-21 -102.0493a 3.195e-21 ibd -113.7247a -1.5407f 466.1994a 298.3697a 500.0000m 497.1457m -752.2266m -650.0000m vqs 82.8543m 1.1682 -201.2170m -347.7734m vds 0. -82.8543m 347.7734m vbs 448.7626m 450.8929m -598.7836m -504.3094m vth 95.2206m 93.0359m -176.3864m -164.3867m vdsat 51.2374m 46.2528m -153.4430m -145.6906m vod 11.2756m 9.9879m 2.3793m 2.5675m gam eff 507.4460m 509.7168m 554.7496m 557.0846m 488.8716u 312.5380u qm 555.8784u 338.7263u gds 144.3502u 7.7252u 23.1016u 5.4053u gmb 96.6684u 100.1271u 81.8967u 100.7196u cdtot 30.3400f 18.9583f 22.5332f 22.0165f 60.5301f 51.2226f 59.8577f 60.1522f cgtot 70.7505f 61.0037f 69.8378f cstot 74.4143f cbtot 54.0092f 41.9053f 42.7681f 48.6773f 47.1648f 40.1534f 49.8086f 49.8419f cas 7.8071f cad 5.6042f 7.0410f 6.4168f

由此我們可以發先,bias current是(a)小題的 2 倍,gain與(a)相同,連 $V_{out,swing}$ 也與(a)相同。這是因為 m=2 表示兩顆 mos 並聯,因此 bias current 會變成原本的兩倍大,gm 會變成 2 倍大,但是 r。會變成原本的 0.5 倍大,所以 gain會維持不變,最後因為兩顆 mos 並聯並不會改變跨壓,因此 $V_{out,swing}$ 不會變。

3.

(a)

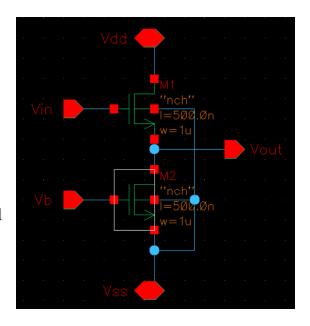
hw2 3a

- . protect
- .lib 'cic018.1' TT
- .unprotect
- .temp 25
- .option post
- .param vss=0 vsg=0

M1 Vdd Vin Vout Vss N\_18 W=1u L=0.5u m=1 M2 Vout Vb Vss Vss N\_18 W=1u L=0.5u m=1 Vb Vb vss 0.4

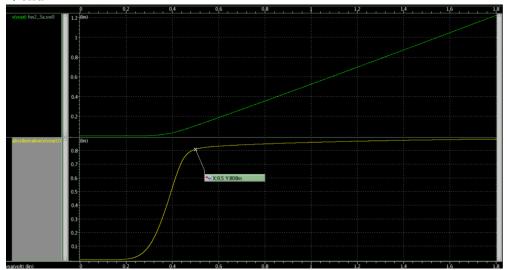
Vin Vin vss Vsg

Vdd Vdd vss 1.8



Vss Vss 0 vss

- . op
- .dc vsg 0 1.8 0.001
- .tf V(Vout) Vin
- .probe V(Vout)
- . end



source-follower amplifier的 gain<1, 所以我們要調控 V₀和 W/L 使得 Vin 在 0.5V~1.8V 時都能產生>0.96 的 gain э

方法:由於 Vin 在低壓時易使 №2 進入 triode region,所以要使 №2 的 over-drive voltage 調小→ Vb 壓低,使 Vov 變小,調整 W/L(size)

而且後來我們也發現,當 $V_b$ (bias voltage)調小時,此電路的 gain 也越容易>0.8。

# (b)

 $hw2_3b$ 

- .protect
- .lib 'cic018.1' TT
- .unprotect
- .temp 25
- .option post
- .param vss=0 vsg=0

M1 Vdd Vin Vout Vout N\_18 W=1u L=0.5u m=1

M2 Vout Vb Vss Vss N\_18 W=1u L=0.5u m=1

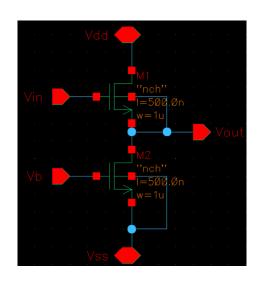
Vb Vb vss 0.4

Vin Vin vss vsg

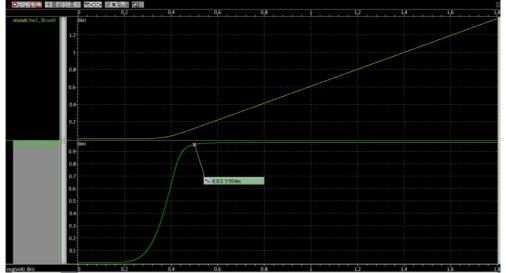
Vdd Vdd vss 1.8

Vss Vss 0 vss

. op



- .dc vsg 0 1.8 0.001
- .tf V(Vout) Vin
- .probe V(Vout)
- . end



Vin 在 0.5V 時的 gain 就已經高達 0.954,也就是接近 0.96,會這樣做的原因是方便後面比較有無 body effect 的 gain 比較。

(c)

兩者主要的差別在於有無 body effect 的問題,當有 body effect 的問題時, $V_{TH}$  會隨著  $V_{SB}$  的大小而改變。

有 body effect 時gain  $\approx \frac{g_m}{g_m + g_{mb}}$ ,沒有 body effect 時gain  $\approx \frac{g_m}{g_m + 1}$ ,因此有 body effect 的 gain 會比較大,也就可能會出現像我實驗的那樣,(a)和(b)的 mos 的 size 都一樣,但是(b)在 saturation region 的 gain 比(a) 還高。