

Sep. 14, 2020

EE214000 Electromagnetics, Fall, 2020

Quiz #1, Open books, notes

1. Fill up the blanks. 1 as (atto-second) = 10^{-18} sec, 1 THz = 10^{12} Hz, 1 keV = 10^3 eV, $1 \mu\text{m} = 10^{-6}$ m, $1 \text{ mg} = 10^{-3}$ gram.

2. Two point charges are separated by a distance of 1 m, attracting each other with a force of F . What is the attractive force, if the same two charges are now separated by a distance of 3 m?

$$F = \frac{q_1 q_2}{4\pi\epsilon R^2} \hat{a}_R \propto \frac{1}{R^2} \Rightarrow F_{\text{new}} = \frac{1}{3^2} F = \frac{1}{9} F \quad \#$$

3. In a vacuum, (1) if a stationary electron experiences a force, what could be the field(s) in the space? (2) If a moving electron experiences a force, what could be the field(s) in the space? (3) If an electron experiences a force only when it is in motion, what could be the field(s) in the space?

① Electric Field ② Electric Field or Magnetic Field ③ Magnetic Field $\#$

4. What is the physical meaning of the arrow and the length of the arrow when you draw an electric field line?

Arrow: direction of force

$$(\vec{E} \propto \frac{1}{R^2} \hat{a}_R)$$

Length: strength of force $\#$

5. What is the integration of a flux density of something over an area?

$$\text{Total Flux } \phi = \int_S \vec{D} \cdot d\vec{s} \quad \#$$

$$(\vec{D} = \epsilon \vec{E} = \frac{q}{4\pi R^2} \hat{a}_R)$$

6. Explain how a surface charge appears on an ideal/perfect conductor?

For an ideal/perfect conductor, the volume charge density ($\rho_v \rightarrow \infty$) multiplying a zero thickness ($dw \rightarrow 0$) results in a finite surface charge density.

7. What are the MKSA units of an electric current, the volume current density and surface current density?

① Electric Current = Ampere ② Volume Current Density = A/m^2 ③ Surface Current Density = A/m $\#$

8. For a magnet with north (N) and south (S) poles, how do you define the direction of the magnetic field?

We define the direction of the magnetic field goes from N to S.

9. What is the SI unit of the magnetic flux density? $\#$

B : magnetic flux density \Rightarrow Tesla = Weber/ m^2

10. Write down the Lorentz force equation? Define all the symbols in the expression.

$$\vec{F} = q(\vec{E} + \vec{u} \times \vec{B}). \quad \vec{F} \text{ is the force driven by charge } q.$$

\vec{u} = the velocity of charge q . \vec{E} = electric field \vec{B} = magnetic field $\#$