



Information Extraction with Wikipedia

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Outline

- Information Extraction
 - Distant Supervision for Relation Extraction
 - Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

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 - Distant Supervision for Relation Extraction
 - Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

Distant Supervision for Relation Extraction

- Mintz et al “Distant supervision for relation extraction without labeled data” ACL 2009
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Distant supervision for relation extraction without labeled data

- Assumption
 - If two entities have a relationship in a known knowledge base, then all sentences that mention these two entities will express that relationship.

Freebase

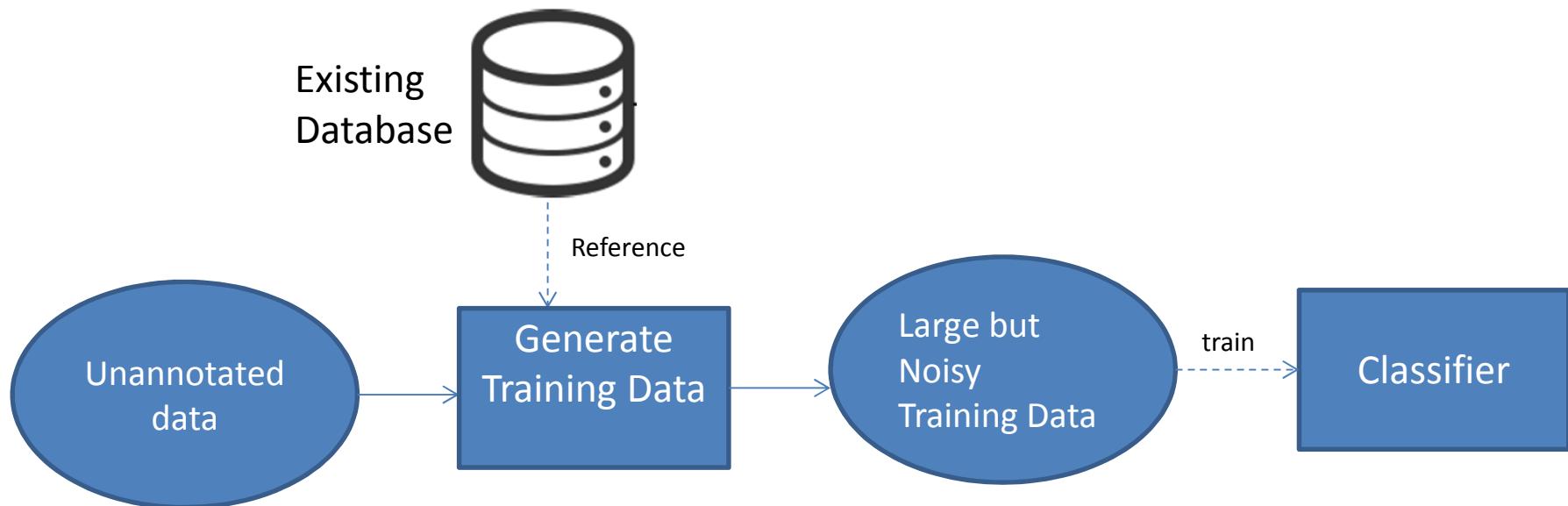
Relation	Entity1	Entity2
/business/company/founders	Apple	Steve Jobs
...

Mentions from free texts

1. Steve Jobs was the co-founder and CEO of Apple and formerly Pixar.
2. Steve Jobs passed away the day before Apple unveiled iPhone 4S in late 2011.

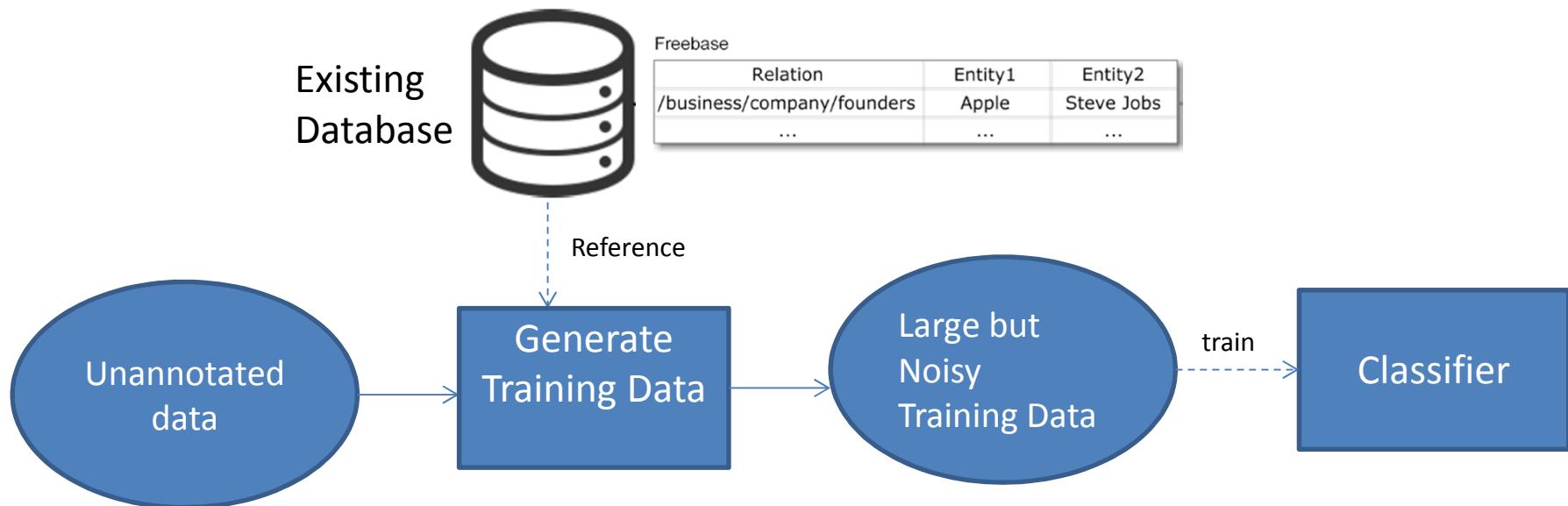
Distant supervision for relation extraction without labeled data

- Obtain Large but Noisy Training Data
 - All sentences that contain the two entities are selected as training instances



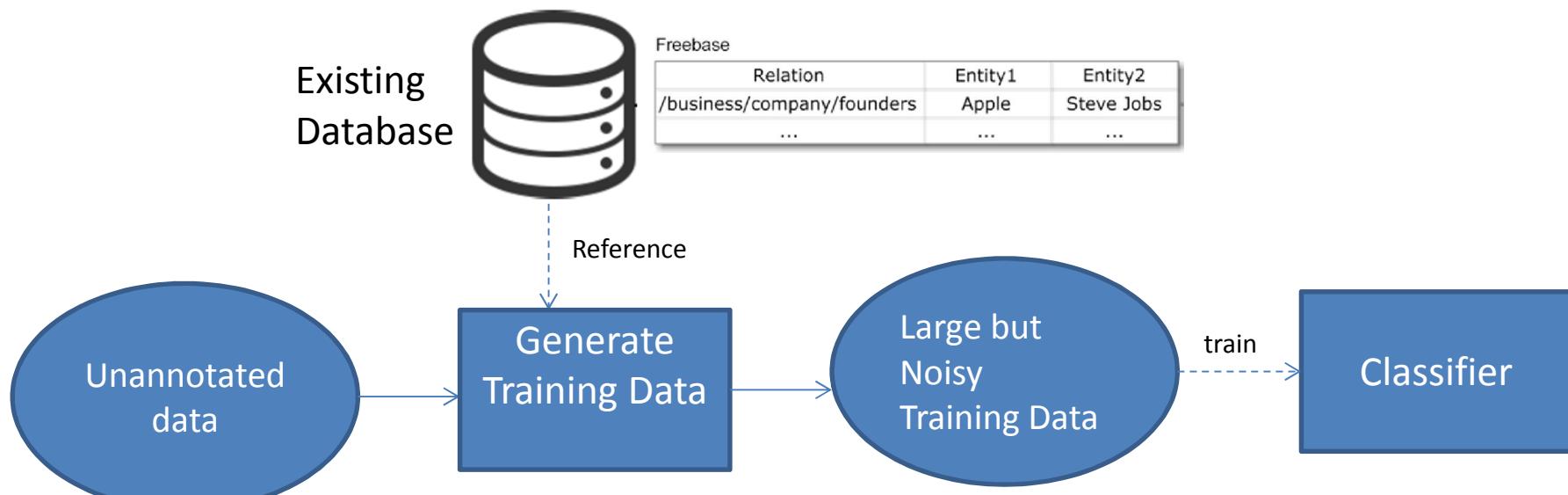
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Stephen Curry

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the American basketball player. For other people (disambiguation).

Wardell Stephen "Steph" Curry II //stefən/ STEF-ən; born March 14, 1988) is an American professional basketball player for the **Golden State Warriors** of the National Basketball Association (NBA). A six-time NBA All-Star, he has been named the NBA Most Valuable Player (MVP) twice and won three NBA championships with the Warriors. Many players and analysts have called him the greatest shooter in NBA history.^[1] He is credited with revolutionizing the game of basketball by inspiring teams to regularly employ the **three-point shot** as part of their winning strategy.^{[2][3][4]}

Stephen Curry



Curry with the Warriors in 2017

No. 30 – Golden State Warriors

Position	Point guard
League	NBA
Personal information	
Born	March 14, 1988 (age 31) Akron, Ohio
Nationality	American
Listed height	6 ft 3 in (1.91 m)
Listed weight	190 lb (86 kg)
Career information	
High school	Charlotte Christian (Charlotte, North Carolina)
College	Davidson (2006–2009)
NBA draft	2009 / Round: 1 / Pick: 7th overall Selected by the Golden State Warriors
Playing career	2009–present
Career history	
2009–present	Golden State Warriors



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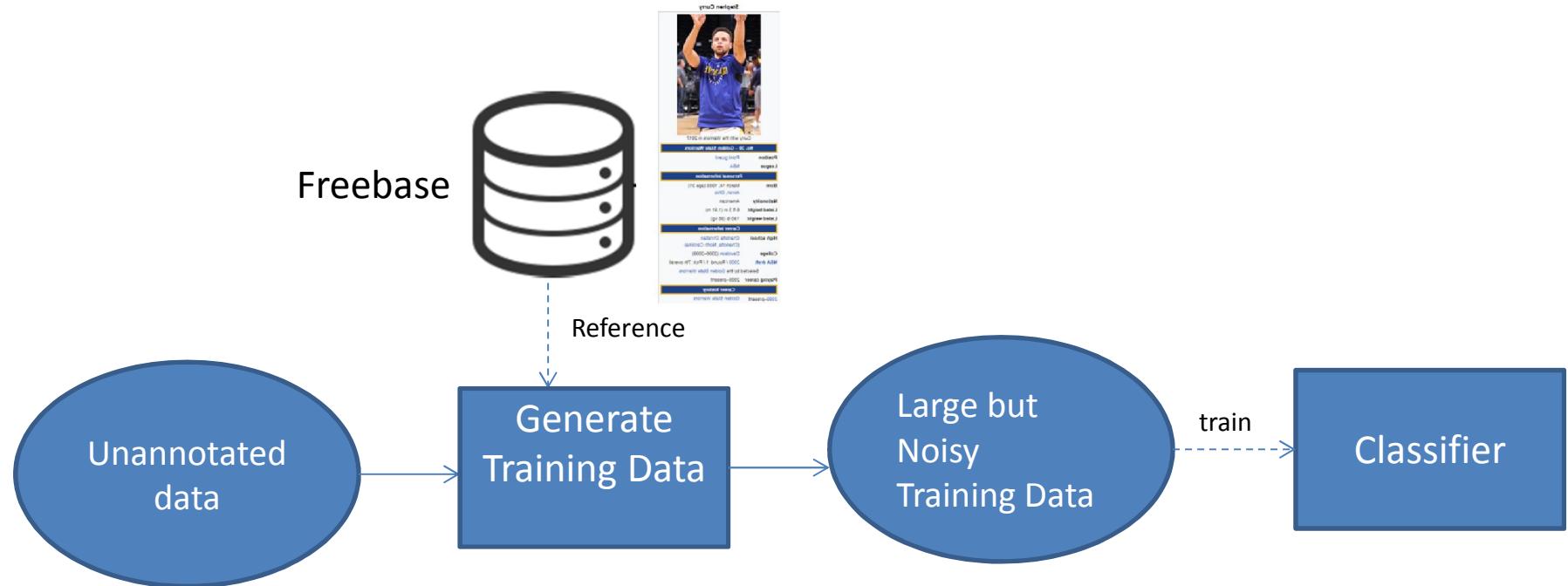


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2009–present	Golden State Warriors

In this paper



The screenshot shows a Wikipedia article page for "Stephen Curry". The page title is "Stephen Curry". Below the title, it says "From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia". The main content starts with a short summary: "This article is about the American basketball player. For other people with the same name, see [Stephen Curry](#).
Wardell Stephen "Steph" Curry II (born March 14, 1988) is an American professional basketball player for the Golden State Warriors of the National Basketball Association (NBA). A six-time NBA All-Star, he has been named the NBA Most Valuable Player (MVP) twice and won three NBA championships with the Warriors. Many players and analysts have called him the greatest shooter in NBA history.^[1] He is credited with revolutionizing the game of basketball by inspiring teams to regularly employ the three-point shot as part of their winning strategy.^{[2][3][4]}"

<Entity1, Career History, Entity2>

Entity1 is an American professional basketball player for the Entity2 of the National Basketball Association (NBA).

Freebase

- 102 relations, 940k entities, 1.8M instances.

Relation name	Size	Example
/people/person/nationality	281,107	John Dugard, South Africa
/location/location/contains	253,223	Belgium, Nijlen
/people/person/profession	208,888	Dusa McDuff, Mathematician
/people/person/place_of_birth	105,799	Edwin Hubble, Marshfield
/dining/restaurant/cuisine	86,213	MacAyo's Mexican Kitchen, Mexican
/business/business_chain/location	66,529	Apple Inc., Apple Inc., South Park, NC
/biology/organism_classification_rank	42,806	Scorpaeniformes, Order
/film/film/genre	40,658	Where the Sidewalk Ends, Film noir
/film/film/language	31,103	Enter the Phoenix, Cantonese
/biology/organism_higher_classification	30,052	Calopteryx, Calopterygidae
/film/film/country	27,217	Turtle Diary, United States
/film/writer/film	23,856	Irving Shulman, Rebel Without a Cause
/film/director/film	23,539	Michael Mann, Collateral
/film/producer/film	22,079	Diane Eskenazi, Aladdin
/people/deceased_person/place_of_death	18,814	John W. Kern, Asheville
/music/artist/origin	18,619	The Octopus Project, Austin
/people/person/religion	17,582	Joseph Chartrand, Catholicism
/book/author/works_written	17,278	Paul Auster, Travels in the Scriptorium
/soccer/football_position/players	17,244	Midfielder, Chen Tao
/people/deceased_person/cause_of_death	16,709	Richard Daintree, Tuberculosis
/book/book/genre	16,431	Pony Soldiers, Science fiction
/film/film/music	14,070	Stavisky, Stephen Sondheim
/business/company/industry	13,805	ATS Medical, Health care

Training

- Generate training data
 - Find the sentence that contains two entities.
 - This sentence tends to express the relation.
 - Entities are found by a named entity tagger.

< Stephen Curry, Career History, Golden State Warriors>

Wardell Stephen "Steph" Curry II is an American professional basketball player for the Golden State Warriors of the National Basketball Association (NBA).



<Entity1, Career History, Entity2>

- Train classifier
 - Entity1 is an American professional basketball player for the Entity2 of the National Basketball Association (NBA).
 - Features will be explained in the next slides.

Features for Train classifier

- Lexical features
 - specific words(POSs) between and surrounding the two entities in the sentence.
- Syntactic features
 - dependency path

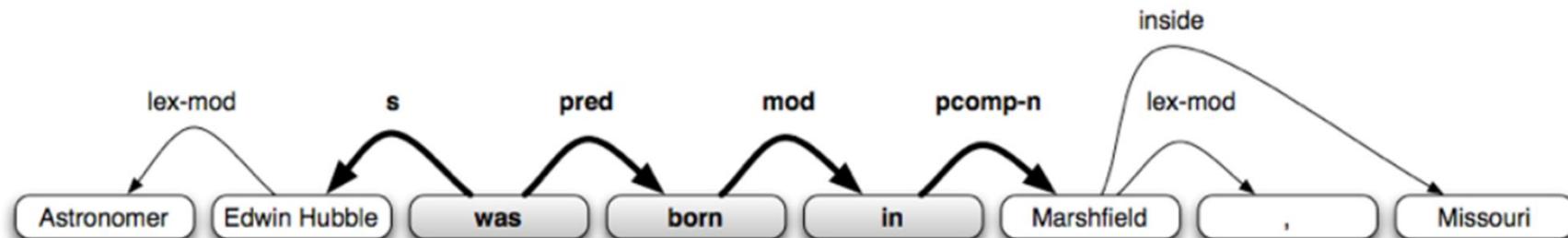


Figure 1: Dependency parse with dependency path from ‘Edwin Hubble’ to ‘Marshfield’ highlighted in boldface.

Testing

- Find the sentence that contains two entities.
 - This sentence tends to express the relation.
 - Entities are found by a named entity tagger.
- Using trained classifier, we can know these entities have a relation

Result

- Manual Evaluation on Wikipedia articles

Relation name	100 instances			1000 instances		
	Syn	Lex	Both	Syn	Lex	Both
/film/director/film	0.49	0.43	0.44	0.49	0.41	0.46
/film/writer/film	0.70	0.60	0.65	0.71	0.61	0.69
/geography/river/basin_countries	0.65	0.64	0.67	0.73	0.71	0.64
/location/country/administrative_divisions	0.68	0.59	0.70	0.72	0.68	0.72
/location/location/contains	0.81	0.89	0.84	0.85	0.83	0.84
/location/us_county/county_seat	0.51	0.51	0.53	0.47	0.57	0.42
/music/artist/origin	0.64	0.66	0.71	0.61	0.63	0.60
/people/deceased_person/place_of_death	0.80	0.79	0.81	0.80	0.81	0.78
/people/person/nationality	0.61	0.70	0.72	0.56	0.61	0.63
/people/person/place_of_birth	0.78	0.77	0.78	0.88	0.85	0.91
Average	0.67	0.66	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.67

Problems of Mintz et al ACL 2009

- Feature representation
 - Traditional features (POS, NER, Parsing...) lead to error propagation
- Wrong label problem

Freebase

Relation	Entity1	Entity2
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Mentions from free texts

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Zeng et al's Solutions

- Feature representation
 - Traditional features (POS, NER, Parsing...) lead to error propagation
 - Zeng et al's Solution: PCNN
- Wrong label problem
 - Zeng et al's Solution: Multi-instance learning with PCNN

Automatically Learn Features

- Piecewise Convolutional Neural Networks (PCNNs) is proposed to learn features without complicated NLP preprocessing
- An extension of CNN in COLING 2014

CNN in COLING 2014

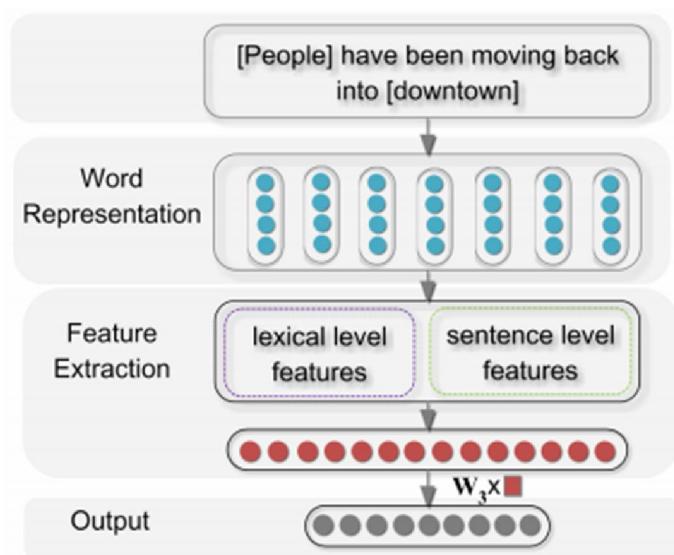


Figure 1: Architecture of the neural network used for relation classification.

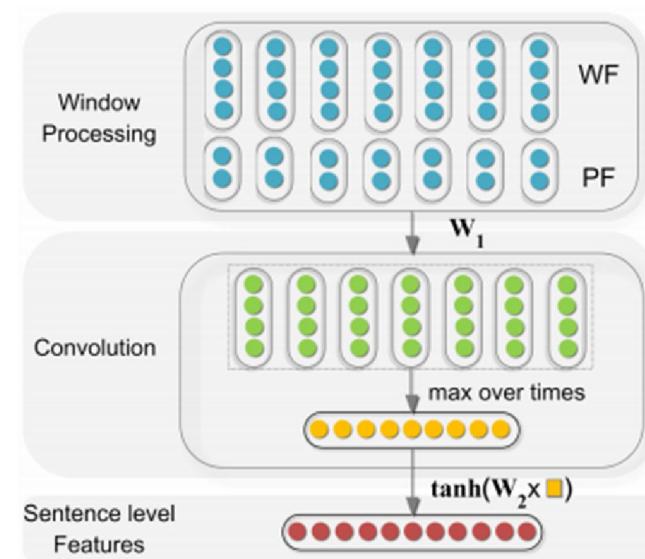
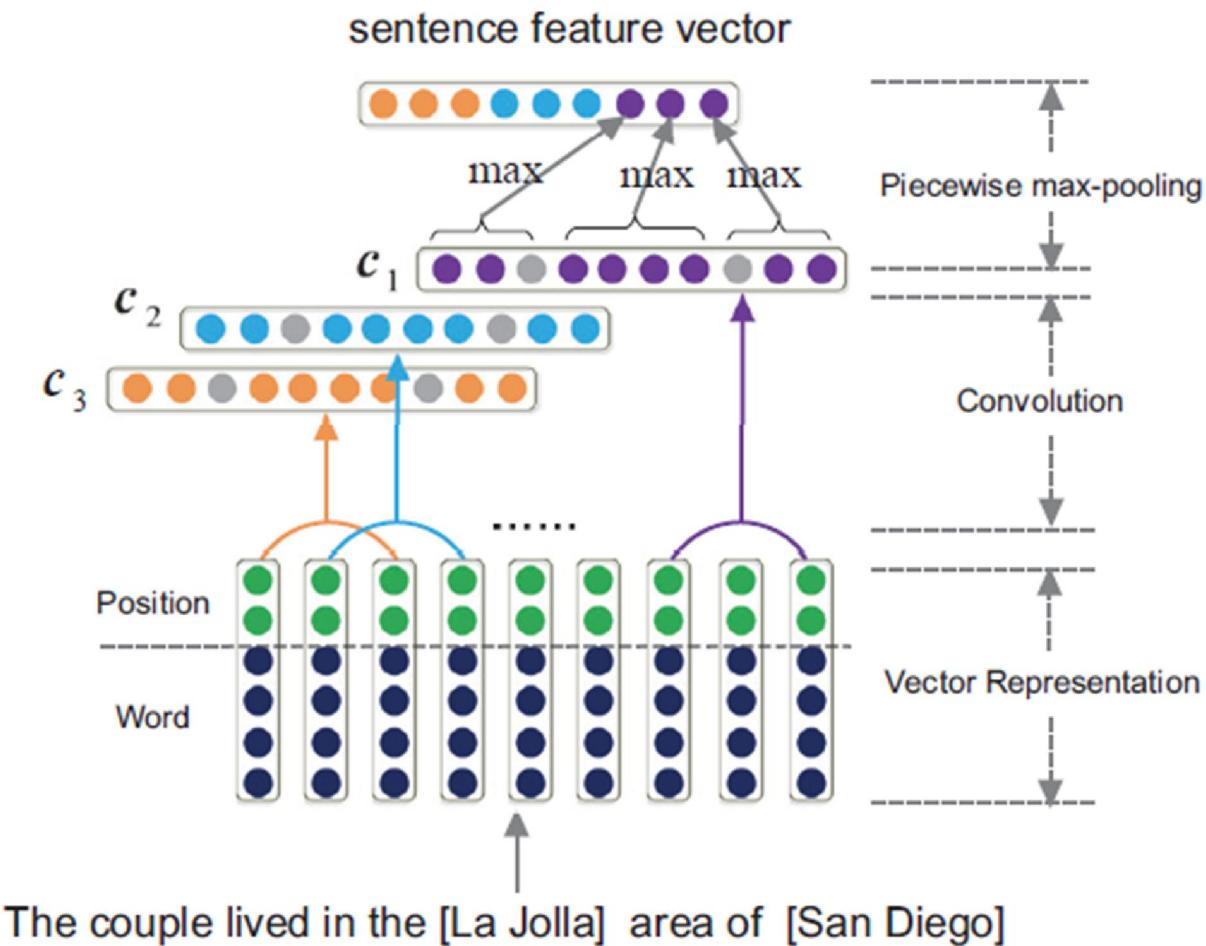


Figure 2: The framework used for extracting sentence level features.

PCNN



Multi-instance learning with PCNN

- The training set consists of many bags

$$\{M_1, M_2, \dots, M_T\}$$

- The labels of the bags are known

Ex: Label(M_i) = <Apple, founder, Steve Jobs>

- Each bag contains many instances

$$M_i = \{m_i^1, m_i^2, \dots, m_i^{q_i}\}$$

- The labels of the instances in the bags are unknown

Ex: M_{i1} = "Steve Jobs passed away the day before Apple unveiled..."

Label(M_{i1}) is unknown

Multi-instance learning with PCNN

- The objective of multi-instance learning is to predict the labels of the bags

Given all (T) training bags (M_i, y_i), we can define the objective function using cross-entropy at the bag level as follows:

$$J(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^T \log p(y_i|m_i^j; \theta) \quad (8)$$

where j is constrained as follows:

$$j^* = \arg \max_j p(y_i|m_i^j; \theta) \quad 1 \leq j \leq q_i \quad (9)$$

Result

- Manual Evaluation on NYT articles

Top N	Mintz	MultiR	MIML	PCNNs+MIL
Top 100	0.77	0.83	0.85	0.86
Top 200	0.71	0.74	0.75	0.80
Top 500	0.55	0.59	0.61	0.69
Average	0.676	0.720	0.737	0.783

Table 2: Precision values for the top 100, top 200, and top 500 extracted relation instances upon manual evaluation.

Problems of Zeng et al EMNLP 2015

- A bag may contain multiple valid sentences, but Zeng et al only selects one sentence

Freebase /location/location/contains (Nevada, Las Vegas)

- S1. **[Nevada] then sanctioned the sport , and the U.F.C. held its first show in [Las Vegas] in September 2001.**
- S2. Pinnacle owns casinos in **[Nevada]** , Louisiana , Indiana , Argentina and the Bahamas , but not in the top two American casino cities , Atlantic City and **[Las Vegas]** .
- S3. **He has retained two of [Nevada] 's most prominent criminal defense lawyers , Scott Freeman of Reno and David Chesnoff of [Las Vegas].**
- S4. The state 's population is growing , but not skyrocketing the way it is in Arizona and **[Nevada]** , and with no city larger than 100,000 residents , Montana essentially does not have suburbs or exurbs like those spreading around Phoenix, **[Las Vegas]** and Denver.

Problems of Zeng et al EMNLP 2015

- Zeng et al did not use background knowledge for the entities

Freebase /location/location/contains (Nevada, Las Vegas)

Descriptions

[Nevada]: Nevada is a state in the Western, Mountain West, and Southwestern regions of the United States.

[Las Vegas]: officially the City of Las Vegas and often known as simply Vegas, is a city in the United States, the most populous city in the state of Nevada, the county seat of Clark County, and the city proper of the Las Vegas Valley.

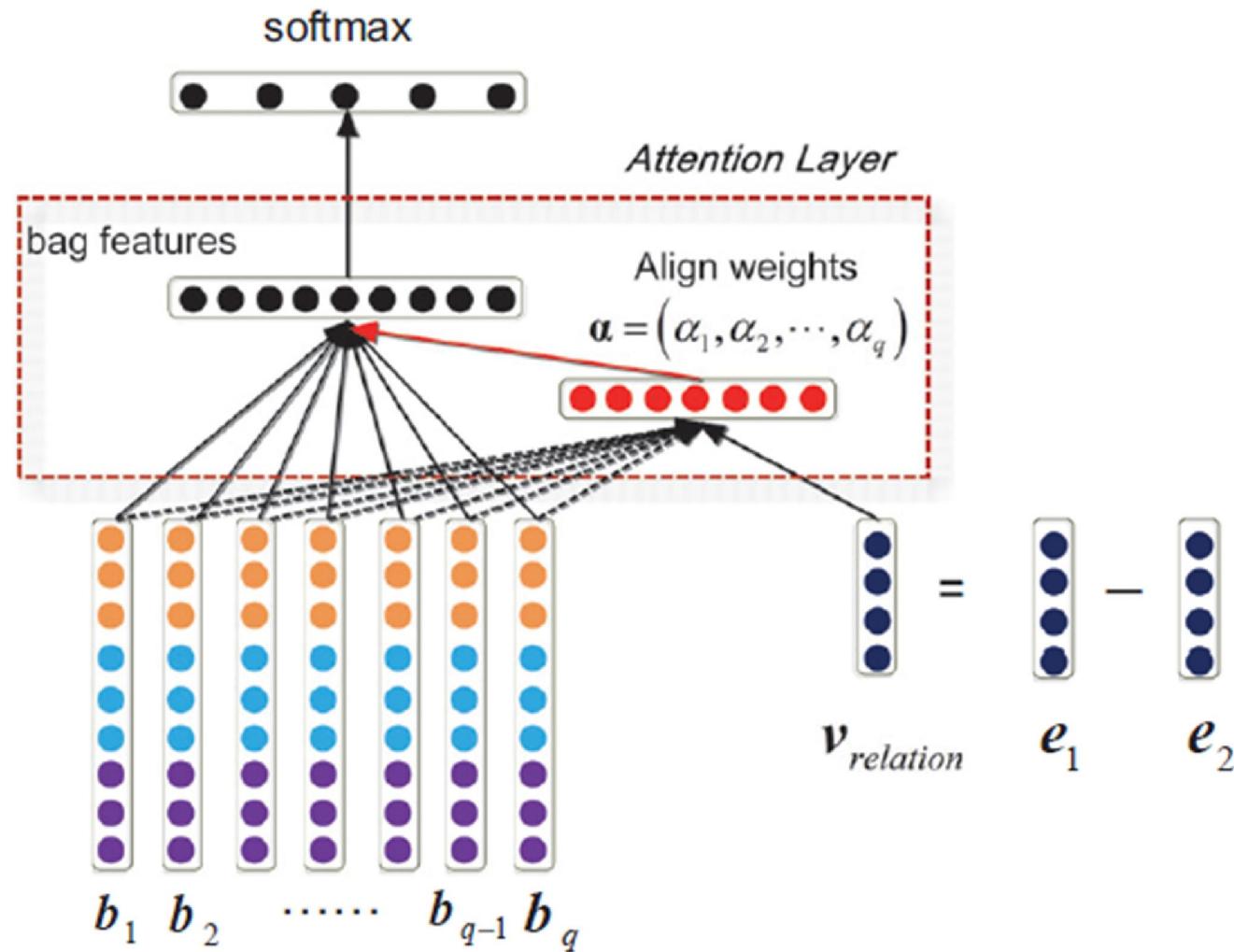
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Ji et al's Solutions

- A bag may contain multiple valid sentences, but Zeng et al only selects one sentence
 - Ji et al's Solution: Sentence-level Attention Module
- Zeng et al did not use background knowledge for the entities
 - Ji et al's Solution: Use descriptions for entities from Freebase and Wikipedia pages

Sentence-level Attention Module



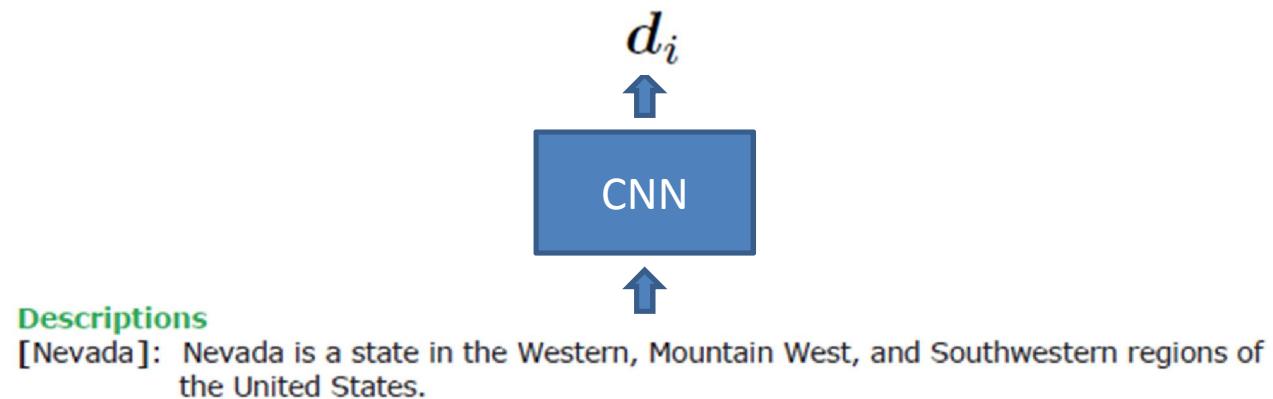
Use descriptions for entities from Freebase and Wikipedia pages

The objective function is

$$\min \mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_A + \lambda \mathcal{L}_e$$

$$\mathcal{L}_A = \sum_{i=1}^N \log p(r_i | B_i, \theta)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_e = \sum_{i=1}^{|\mathcal{D}|} \| e_i - d_i \|_2^2$$



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 - Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

- Ponzetto and Strube. “Deriving a Large Scale Taxonomy from Wikipedia.” AAAI 2007
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Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories are not always IsA relations



The screenshot shows the iPhone page on Wikipedia. At the top right, there's a "Not I" link. Below the header, there are tabs for "Article" (which is selected), "Talk", "Read", "View source", and "Vi". The main title is "iPhone". Below it, it says "From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia (Redirected from [Iphone](#))". A note in a yellow box states: "This article may be too long to read and navigate comfortably. It is 91 kilobytes. Please consider splitting content into sub-articles, or subheadings. (February 2019)". The main text describes the iPhone as a line of smartphones designed and marketed by Apple Inc., mentioning its use of iOS and its first release in 2007. At the bottom, there's a categories bar with links like "Categories: iPhone | Apple Inc. mobile phones | Computer-related introductions in 2007 | Digital audio players | iOS | iTunes | Mobile phones introduced in 2007 | Smartphones".

Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories/Pages are not always IsA relations

Categories: iPhone | Apple Inc. mobile phones | Computer-related introductions in 2007 | Digital audio players | IOS | iTunes
| Mobile phones introduced in 2007 | Smartphones

<page, R, category>

<iPhone, IsA, iPhone>

<iPhone, IsA, Apple Inc. mobile phones>

<iPhone, IsA, Computer-related introductions in 2007>

<iPhone, IsA, Digital audio players>

<iPhone, OperationSystem, IOS>

<iPhone, App, iTunes>

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Category Talk

Category:iPhone

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The main article for this category is [iPhone](#).

Subcategories

This category has the following 3 subcategories, out of 3 total.

I

- ▶ iPhone accessories (6 P)
- ▶ iPhone video game engines (15 P)

S

- ▶ IOS software (9 C, 767 P)

Pages in category "iPhone"

The following 45 pages are in this category, out of 45 total. This list may not reflect recent changes ([learn more](#)).

- iPhone

*

- iPhone (1st generation)
- iPhone 3G
- iPhone 3GS
- iPhone 4
- iPhone 4S
- iPhone 5
- iPhone 5C

- iPhone XS
- iPhone XS Max

0–9

- 300-page iPhone bill

C

- Imran Chaudhri
- Cocoa Touch

D

- Dock connector

Categories: [Apple Inc. mobile phones](#) | [Touchscreen mobile phones](#) | [Smartphones](#) | [IOS](#)



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Page

(Hyper)category

Categories: [Apple Inc. mobile phones](#) | [Touchscreen mobile phones](#) | [Smartphones](#) | [IOS](#)

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Generate Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

- Goal: Identify IsA relations from wikipedia categories
- Approach: Pipelining Filters
 - Syntax-based Methods
 - Connectivity-based methods
 - Lexico-syntactic based methods
 - Inference-based methods

Syntax-based Methods

- Head matching
 - Step1: Parse the category sentence
 - Step2: Find the head using heuristic rules
 - Step3: if head of subcategory is a head of category
then we have <subcategory, IsA, category>

Ex: <Apple Inc. mobile phones, IsA, phones >

Syntax-based Methods

- Modifier matching
 - Step1: Parse the category sentence
 - Step2: Find the head using heuristic rules
 - Step3: if head of subcategory/category is a modifier of its counterpart, then we have <subcategory, NotIsA, category>

Ex: <Basketball equipment, NotIsA, Basketball >

Connectivity-based methods

- For a page and its category, if `head(category)` is plural, then we have `<page, IsA, category>`

Ex: `<Stephen Curry, IsA, African-American basketball players >`

Lexico-syntactic based methods

- Identify <X, IsA, Y> if either the following patterns occur frequently in corpus
 - Y's X
 - Y with X
 - Y such as X
 - ...

Inference-based methods

- If $\langle X, \text{IsA}, Y \rangle$ and $\langle Y, \text{IsA}, Z \rangle$ are identified, then we have $\langle X, \text{IsA}, Z \rangle$

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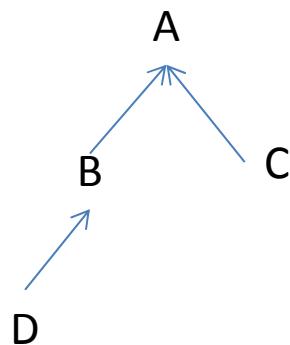
Use WordNet Hierarchy to help improve Wikipedia Hierarchy

- Approach
 - Step1: Wikipedia Taxonomy is automatically mapped to WordNet (Category disambiguation)
Ex: The meaning of Wikipedia category - “PLANTS” is the WordNet synset – “plant²_n”
 - Step2: Identify links in Wikipedia hierarchy whose corresponding links in WordNet hierarchy are the most inconsistent, and find the alternative categories.

Category Disambiguation

- The disambiguation is based on maximizing the structural overlap between Wikipedia and WordNet Hierarchy

Input



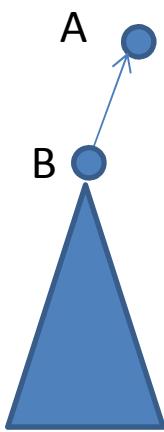
Wikipedia Hierarchy

Output

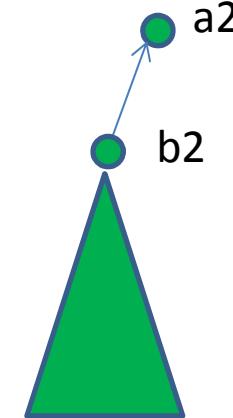
A refers to a₂ out of {a₁, a₂}
B refers to b₂ out of {b₁, b₂, b₃}
C refers to c₁ out of {c₁}
D refers to d₁ out of {d₁, d₂}

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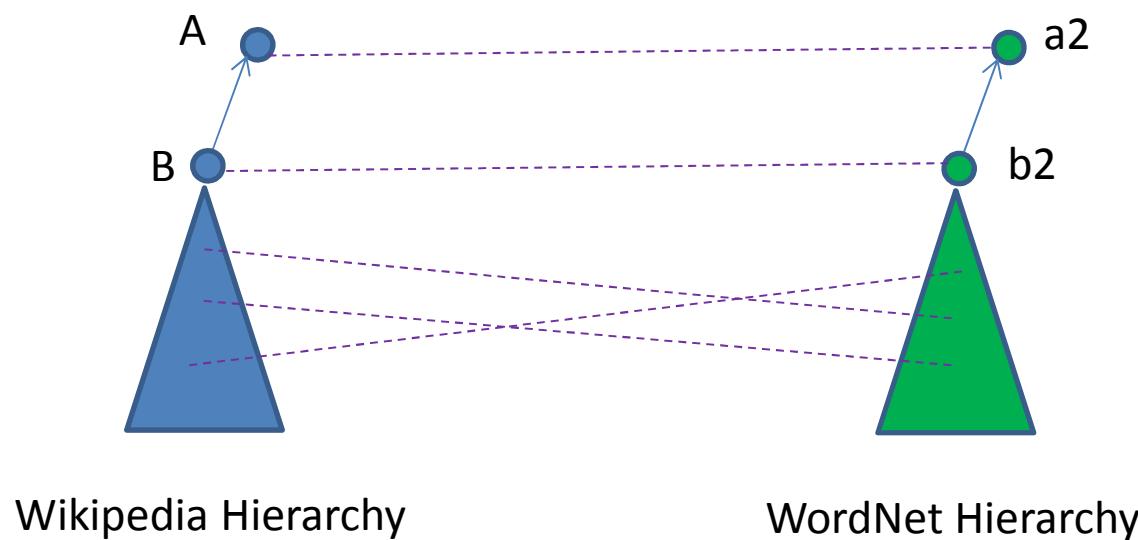
Wikipedia Hierarchy



WordNet Hierarchy

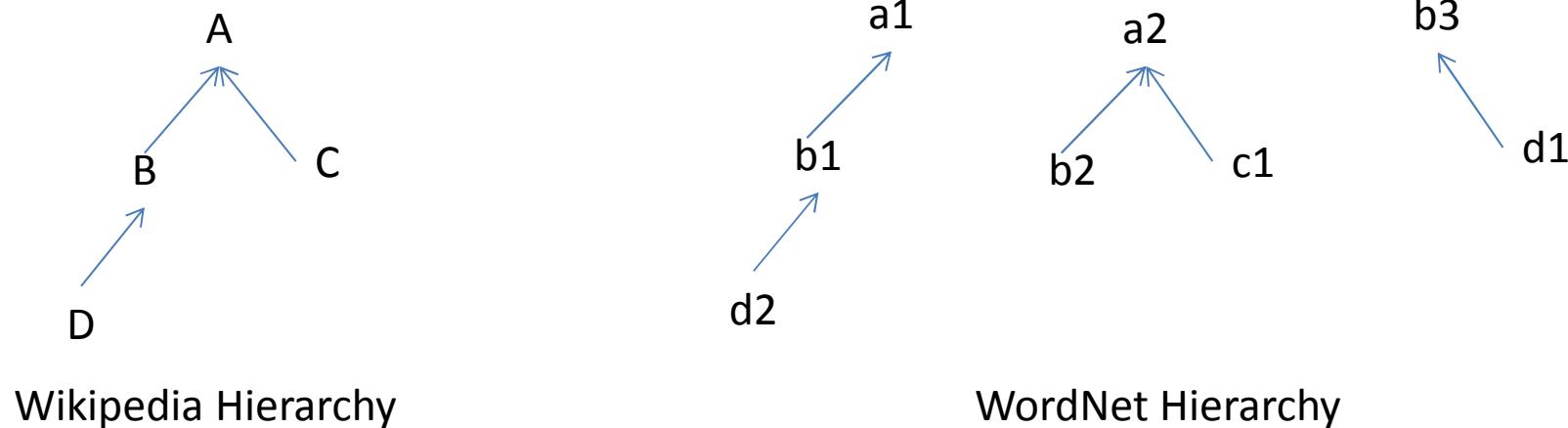
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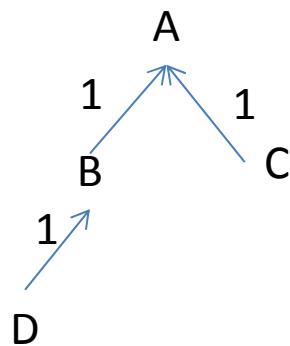
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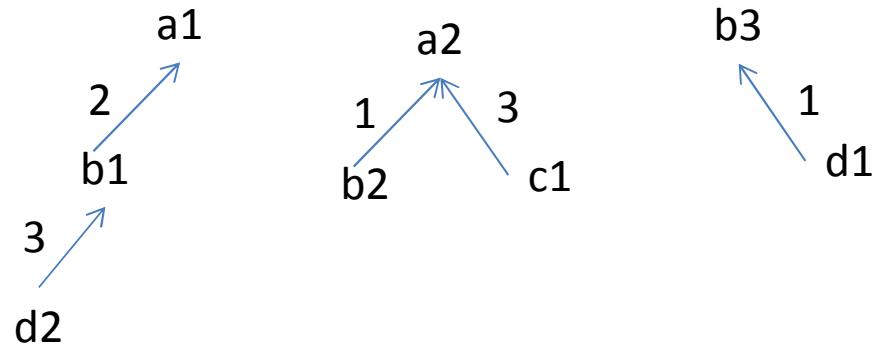


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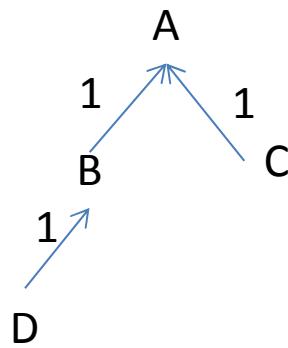
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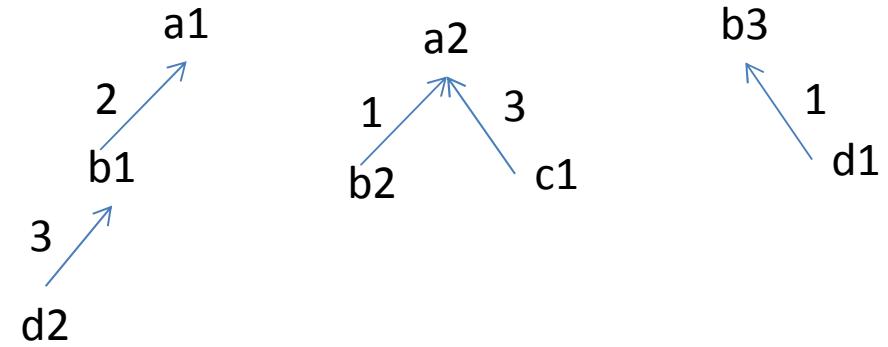
Wikipedia Hierarchy with
distance



WordNet Hierarchy
distance



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$$\text{For each } v_0 \quad w(v, v') = w(v, v') + \frac{1}{2^{d_{WN}(v_0, v')} - 1 \cdot 2^{d_{Wiki}(c_0, c') - 1}}$$

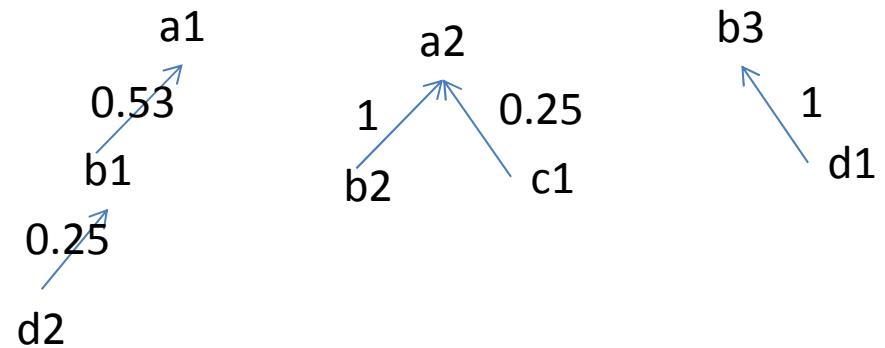
$$w(b1, d2) = 1/4 = 0.25$$

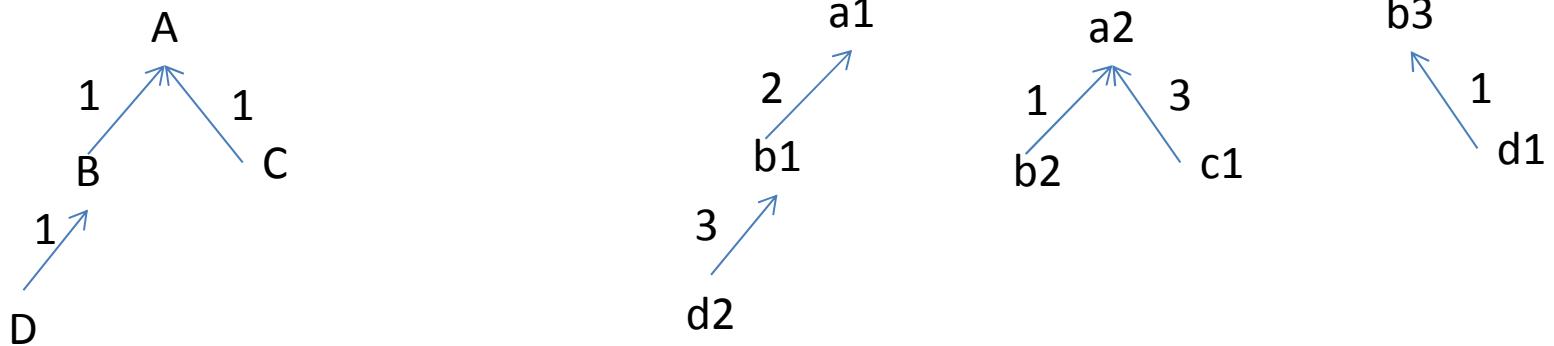
$$w(a1, b1) = 1/2 + 1/32 = 0.53$$

$$w(a2, b2) = 1$$

$$w(a2, c1) = 1/4 = 0.25$$

$$w(b3, d1) = 1$$





For each v_0

$$w(v, v') = w(v, v') + \frac{1}{2^{d_{WN}(v_0, v')} - 1} \cdot \frac{1}{2^{d_{Wiki}(c_0, c')} - 1}$$

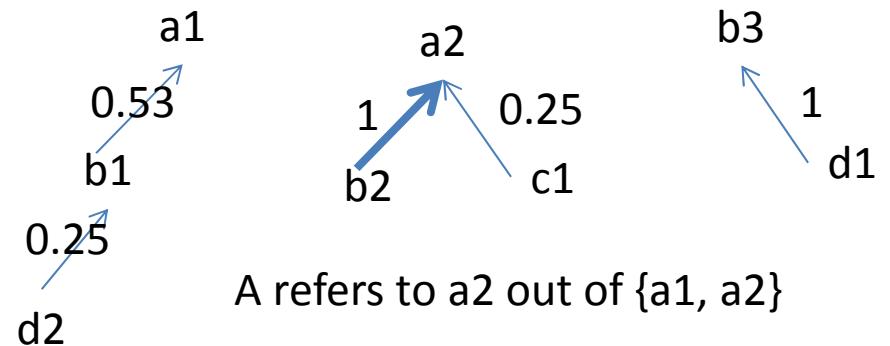
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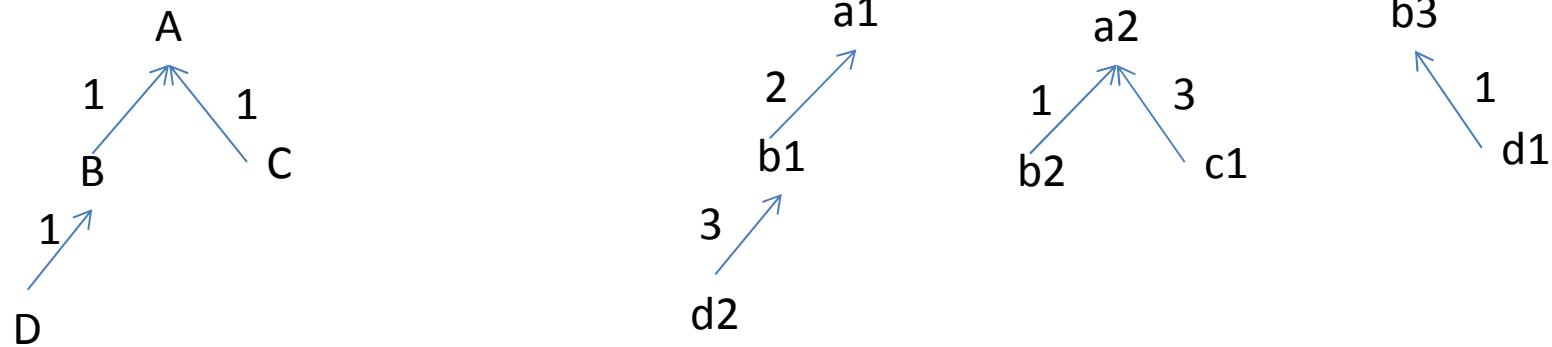
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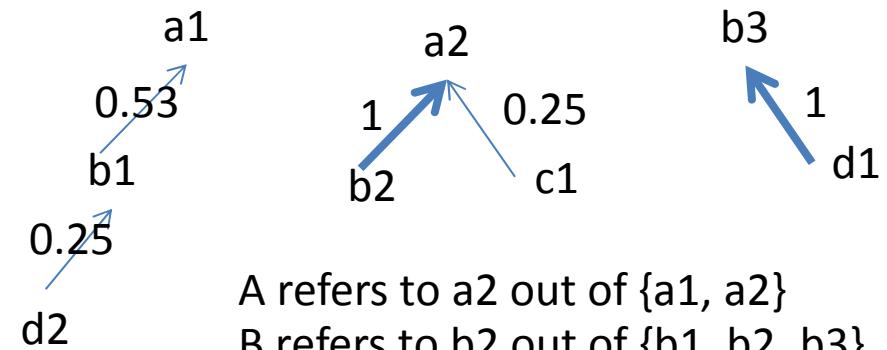
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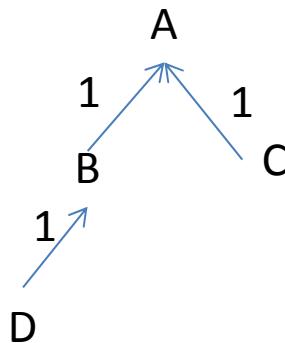
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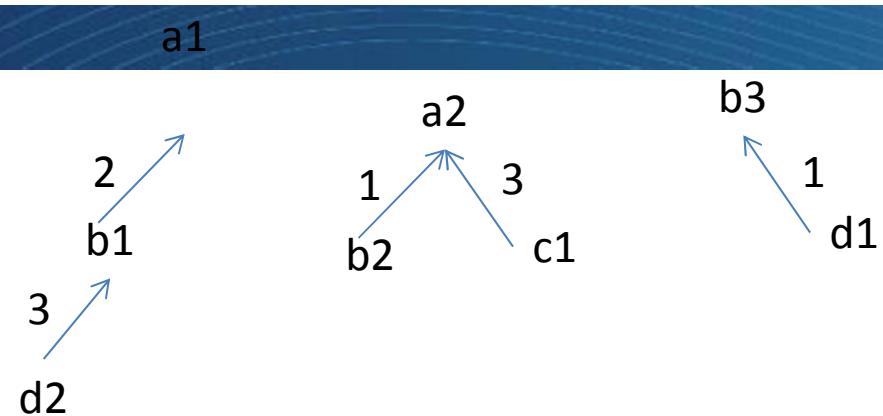
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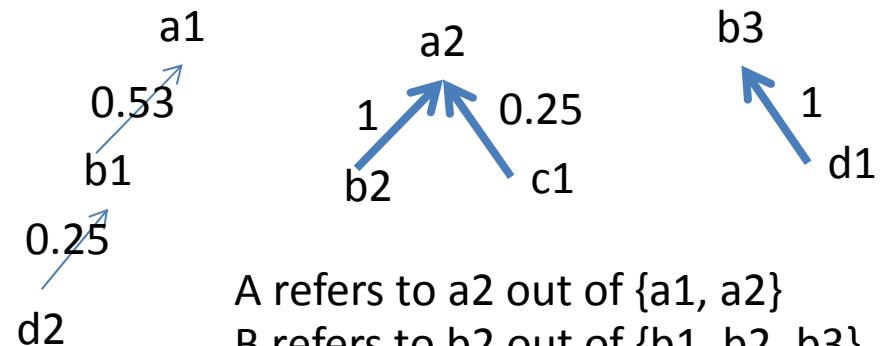
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$$w(a2, b2) = 1$$

$$w(a2, c1) = 1/4 = 0.25$$

$$w(b3, d1) = 1$$



A refers to a2 out of {a1, a2}
B refers to b2 out of {b1, b2, b3}
D refers to d1 out of {d1, d2}
C refers to c1 out of {c1}

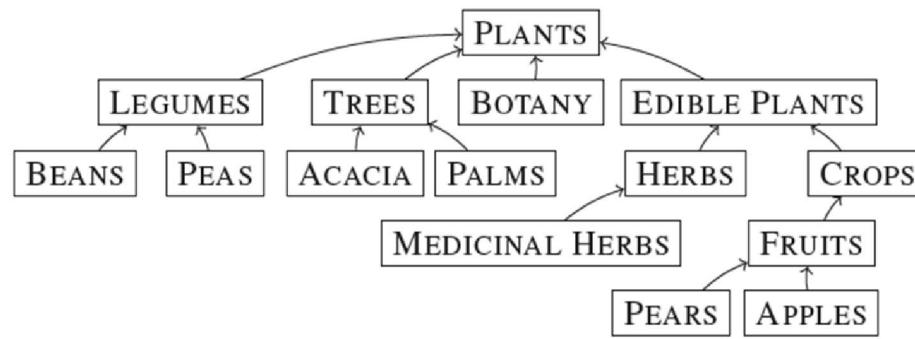


Figure 1: An excerpt of the Wikipedia category tree rooted at PLANTS.

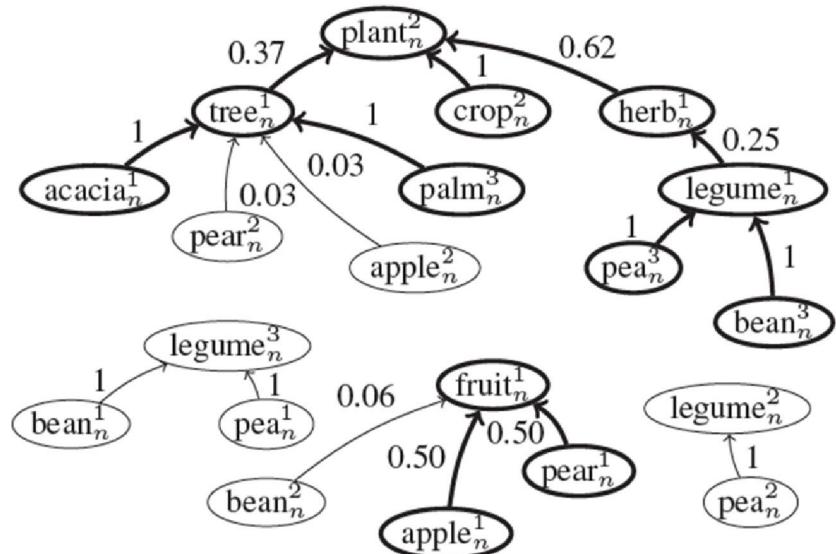


Figure 2: An excerpt of the WordNet graph associated with the category tree rooted at PLANTS. Thick lines correspond to highest-ranking edges and their incident vertices selected as sense interpretations for the corresponding categories. Singleton vertices are not shown.

Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

- Ponzetto and Strube. “Deriving a Large Scale Taxonomy from Wikipedia.” AAAI 2007
- Ponzetto and Navigli. “Large-Scale Taxonomy Mapping for Restructuring and Integrating Wikipedia”. IJCAI 2009
- Nastase and Strube. “Decoding Wikipedia Categories for Knowledge Acquisition”. AAAI 2008

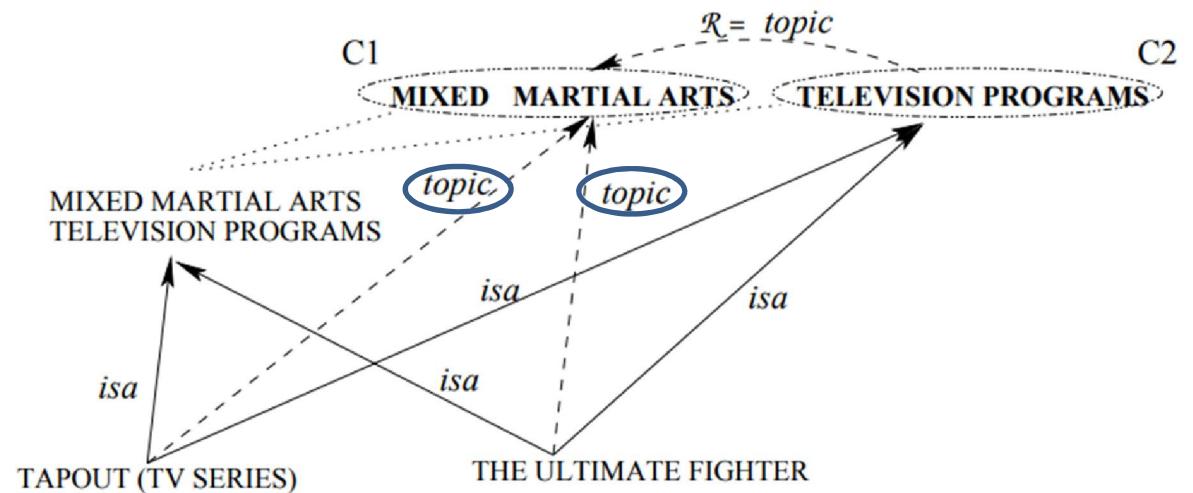
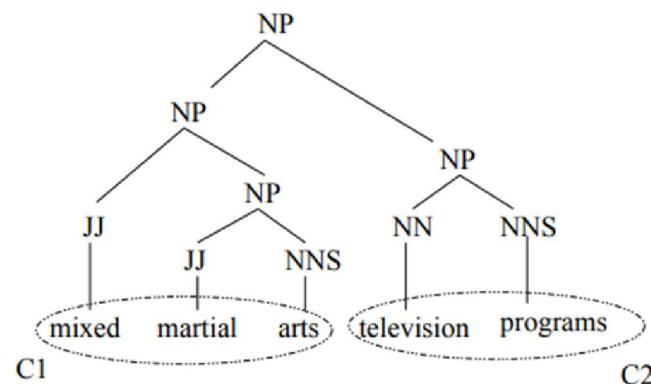
Extraction from Category Names

Category type	Category name	Pattern	Relations
explicit relation	QUEEN (BAND)	X members	FREDDY MERCURY <i>member_of</i> QUEEN (BAND)
	MEMBERS	members of X	BRIAN MAY <i>member_of</i> QUEEN (BAND) ...
explicit relation	MOVIES	X [VBN IN] Y	ANNIE HALL <i>directed_by</i> WOODY ALLEN
	DIRECTED BY WOODY ALLEN		ANNIE HALL <i>isa</i> MOVIE
			DECONSTRUCTING HARRY <i>directed_by</i> WOODY ALLEN
			DECONSTRUCTING HARRY <i>isa</i> MOVIE ...
partly explicit relation	VILLAGES IN BRANDENBURG	X [IN] Y	SIETHEN <i>located_in</i> BRANDENBURG
			SIETHEN <i>isa</i> VILLAGE ...
implicit relation	MIXED MARTIAL ARTS	X Y	MIXED MARTIAL ARTS \mathcal{R} TELEVISION PROGRAMS
	TELEVISION PROGRAMS		TAPOUT (TV SERIES) \mathcal{R} MIXED MARTIAL ARTS
			TAPOUT (TV SERIES) <i>isa</i> TELEVISION PROGRAM ...
class attribute	ALBUMS BY ARTIST	X by Y	ARTIST <i>attribute_of</i> ALBUM
			MILES DAVIS <i>isa</i> ARTIST
			BIG FUN <i>isa</i> ALBUM ...

Table 1: Examples of information encoded in category names and the knowledge we extract

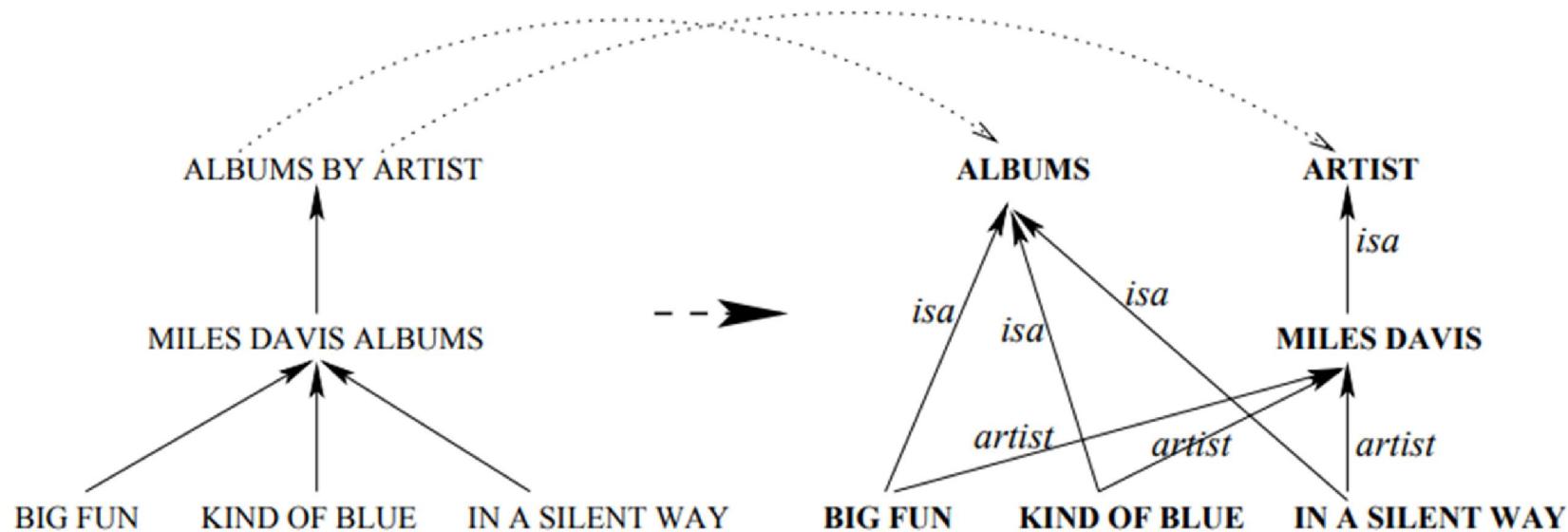
Extraction from Category Names and Network

- Implicit Relation Categories



Extraction from Category Names and Network

- Extract class attribute and attribute values





Thank You!
Q/A