Information Extraction with Wikipedia

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Outline

- Information Extraction
 - Distant Supervision for Relation Extraction
 - Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

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 - Distant Supervision for Relation Extraction
 - Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

Distant Supervision for Relation Extraction

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Assumption

 If two entities have a relationship in a known knowledge base, then all sentences that mention these two entities will express that relationship.

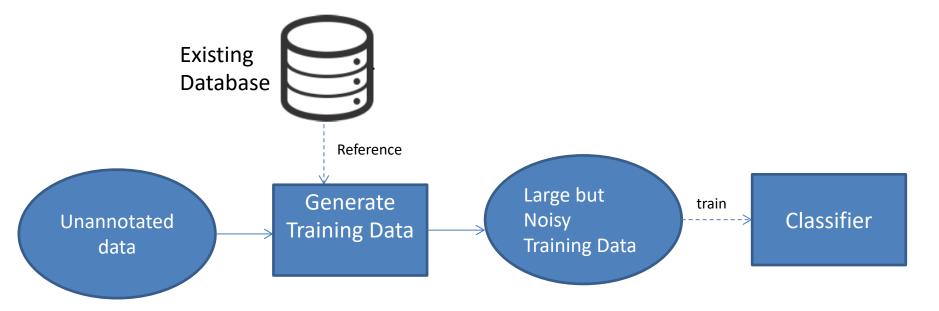
Freebase

Relation	Entity1	Entity2
/business/company/founders	Apple	Steve Jobs

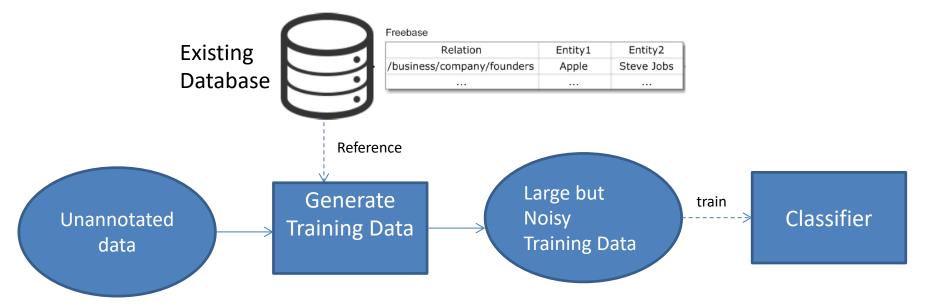
Mentions from free texts

- Steve Jobs was the co-founder and CEO of Apple and formerly Pixar.
- Steve Jobs passed away the day before Apple unveiled iPhone 4S in late 2011.

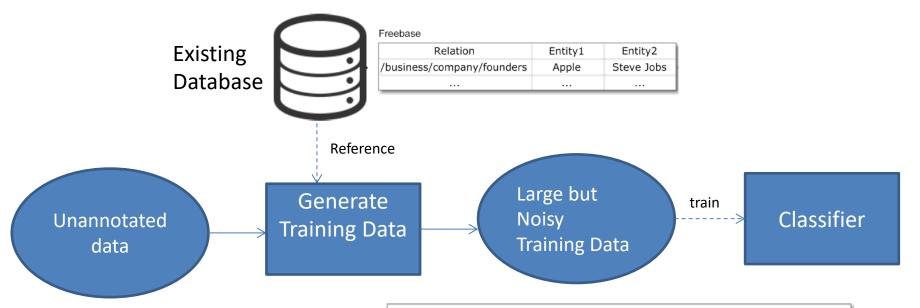
- Obtain Large but Noisy Training Data
 - All sentences that contain the two entities are selected as training instances



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Stephen Curry

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

This article is about the American basketball player. For other pe (disambiguation).

Wardell Stephen "Steph" Curry II / stefen/ STEF-en; born March 14, 1988) is an American professional basketball player for the Golden State Warriors of the National Basketball Association (NBA). A six-time NBA All-Star, he has been named the NBA Most Valuable Player (MVP) twice and won three NBA championships with the Warriors. Many players and analysts have called him the greatest shooter in NBA history. [1] He is credited with revolutionizing the game of basketball by inspiring teams to regularly employ the three-point shot as part of their winning strategy. [2][3][4]

Stephen Curry



Curry with the Warriors in 2017

No. 30 - Golden State Warriors

Position Point guard League NBA

Personal information

Born March 14, 1988 (age 31)

Akron, Ohio

Nationality American

Listed height 6 ft 3 in (1.91 m) Listed weight 190 lb (86 kg)

Career information

High school Charlotte Christian

(Charlotte, North Carolina)

College Davidson (2006–2009)

NBA draft 2009 / Round: 1 / Pick: 7th overall

Selected by the Golden State Warriors

Playing career 2009-present

Career history

2009-present Golden State Warriors



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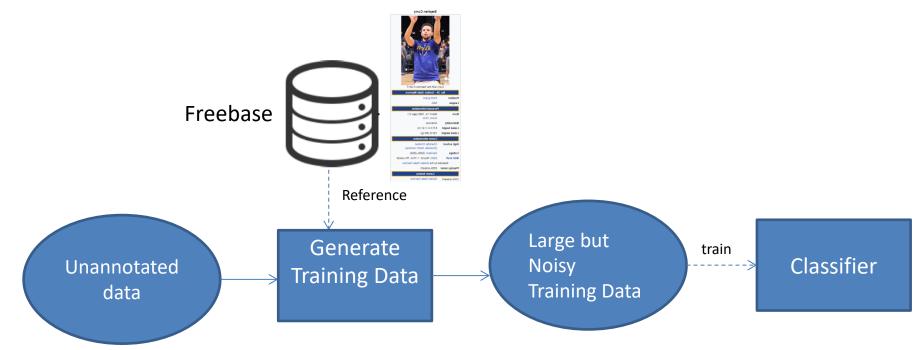
Playing career 2009-present

Career history

2009-present Golder

Golden State Warriors

In this paper





<Entity1, Career History, Entity2>

Entity1 is an American professional basketball player for the Entity2 of the National Basketball Association (NBA).

Freebase

• 102 relations, 940k entities, 1.8M instances.

Relation name	Size	Example
/people/person/nationality	281,107	John Dugard, South Africa
/location/location/contains	253,223	Belgium, Nijlen
/people/person/profession	208,888	Dusa McDuff, Mathematician
/people/person/place_of_birth	105,799	Edwin Hubble, Marshfield
/dining/restaurant/cuisine	86,213	MacAyo's Mexican Kitchen, Mexican
/business/business_chain/location	66,529	Apple Inc., Apple Inc., South Park, NC
/biology/organism_classification_rank	42,806	Scorpaeniformes, Order
/film/film/genre	40,658	Where the Sidewalk Ends, Film noir
/film/film/language	31,103	Enter the Phoenix, Cantonese
/biology/organism_higher_classification	30,052	Calopteryx, Calopterygidae
/film/film/country	27,217	Turtle Diary, United States
/film/writer/film	23,856	Irving Shulman, Rebel Without a Cause
/film/director/film	23,539	Michael Mann, Collateral
/film/producer/film	22,079	Diane Eskenazi, Aladdin
/people/deceased_person/place_of_death	18,814	John W. Kern, Asheville
/music/artist/origin	18,619	The Octopus Project, Austin
/people/person/religion	17,582	Joseph Chartrand, Catholicism
/book/author/works_written	17,278	Paul Auster, Travels in the Scriptorium
/soccer/football_position/players	17,244	Midfielder, Chen Tao
/people/deceased_person/cause_of_death	16,709	Richard Daintree, Tuberculosis
/book/book/genre	16,431	Pony Soldiers, Science fiction
/film/film/music	14,070	Stavisky, Stephen Sondheim
/business/company/industry	13,805	ATS Medical, Health care

Training

- Generate training data
 - Find the sentence that contains two entities.
 - This sentence tends to express the relation.
 - Entities are found by a named entity tagger.

< Stephen Curry, Career History, Golden State Warriors>
Wardell Stephen "Steph" Curry II is an American professional basketball player for the Golden State Warriors of the National Basketball Association (NBA).



<Entity1, Career History, Entity2>

- Traity Lisan American professional basketball player for the Entity 2 of the National Basketball Association (NBA).
 - Features will be explained in the next slides.

Features for Train classifier

- Lexical features
 - specific words(POSs) between and surrounding the two entities in the sentence.
- Syntactic features
 - dependency path

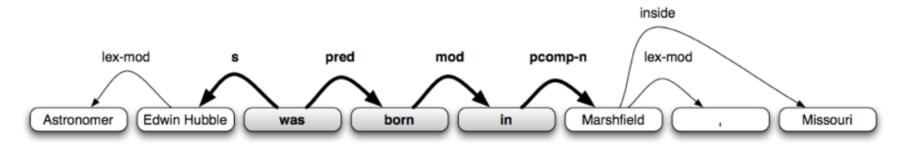


Figure 1: Dependency parse with dependency path from 'Edwin Hubble' to 'Marshfield' highlighted in boldface.

Testing

- Find the sentence that contains two entities.
 - This sentence tends to express the relation.
 - Entities are found by a named entity tagger.
- Using trained classifier, we can know these entities have a relation

Result

Manual Evaluation on Wikipedia articles

Relation name		100 instances		1000 instances		
		Lex	Both	Syn	Lex	Both
/film/director/film		0.43	0.44	0.49	0.41	0.46
/film/writer/film		0.60	0.65	0.71	0.61	0.69
/geography/river/basin_countries	0.65	0.64	0.67	0.73	0.71	0.64
/location/country/administrative_divisions		0.59	0.70	0.72	0.68	0.72
/location/location/contains		0.89	0.84	0.85	0.83	0.84
/location/us_county/county_seat		0.51	0.53	0.47	0.57	0.42
/music/artist/origin		0.66	0.71	0.61	0.63	0.60
/people/deceased_person/place_of_death		0.79	0.81	0.80	0.81	0.78
/people/person/nationality		0.70	0.72	0.56	0.61	0.63
/people/person/place_of_birth		0.77	0.78	0.88	0.85	0.91
Average		0.66	0.69	0.68	0.67	0.67

Problems of Mintz et al ACL 2009

- Feature representation
 - Traditional features (POS, NER, Parsing...) lead to error propagation
- Wrong label problem

Freebase

Relation	Entity1	Entity2
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Mentions from free texts

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Zeng et al's Solutions

- Feature representation
 - Traditional features (POS, NER, Parsing...) lead to error propagation
 - Zeng et al's Solution: PCNN
- Wrong label problem
 - Zeng et al's Solution: Multi-instance learning with PCNN

Automatically Learn Features

- Piecewise Convolutional Neural Networks (PCNNs) is proposed to learn features without complicated NLP preprocessing
- An extension of CNN in COLING 2014

CNN in COLING 2014

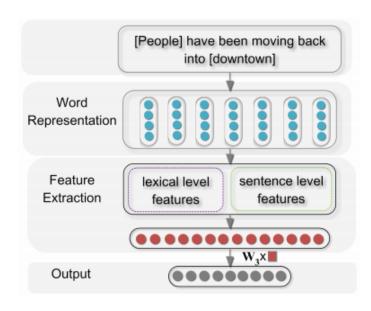


Figure 1: Architecture of the neural network used for relation classification.

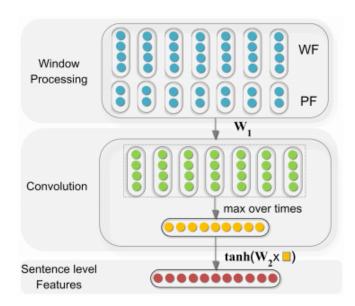
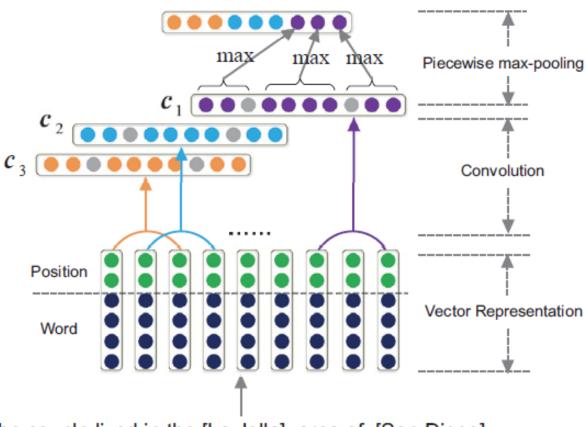


Figure 2: The framework used for extracting sentence level features.

PCNN

sentence feature vector



The couple lived in the [La Jolla] area of [San Diego]

Multi-instance learning with PCNN

The training set consists of many bags

$$\{M_1,M_2,\cdots,M_T\}$$

The labels of the bags are known

Ex: Label(Mi)= <Apple, founder, Steve Jobs>

Each bag contains many instances

$$M_i = \{m_i^1, m_i^2, \cdots, m_i^{q_i}\}$$

The labels of the instances in the bags are unknown

Ex: Mi1="Steve Jobs passed away the day before Apple unveiled..."

Label(Mi1) is unknown

Multi-instance learning with PCNN

 The objective of multi-instance learning is to predict the labels of the bags

> Given all (T) training bags (M_i, y_i) , we can define the objective function using cross-entropy at the bag level as follows:

$$J(\theta) = \sum_{i=1}^{T} \log p(y_i | m_i^j; \theta)$$
 (8)

where j is constrained as follows:

$$j^* = \arg\max_{i} p(y_i | m_i^j; \theta) \quad 1 \le j \le q_i \quad (9)$$

Result

Manual Evaluation on NYT articles

Top N	Mintz	MultiR	MIML	PCNNs+MIL
Top 100	0.77	0.83	0.85	0.86
Top 200	0.71	0.74	0.75	0.80
Top 500	0.55	0.59	0.61	0.69
Average	0.676	0.720	0.737	0.783

Table 2: Precision values for the top 100, top 200, and top 500 extracted relation instances upon manual evaluation.

Problems of Zeng et al EMNLP 2015

 A bag may contain multiple valid sentences, but Zeng et al only selects one sentence

Freebase /location/location/contains (Nevada, Las Vegas)

- S1. [Nevada] then sanctioned the sport, and the U.F.C. held its first show in [Las Vegas] in September 2001.
- S2. Pinnacle owns casinos in [Nevada], Louisiana, Indiana, Argentina and the Bahamas, but not in the top two American casino cities, Atlantic City and [Las Vegas].
- S3. He has retained two of [Nevada] 's most prominent criminal defense lawyers, Scott Freeman of Reno and David Chesnoff of [Las Vegas].
- S4. The state 's population is growing, but not skyrocketing the way it is in Arizona and [Nevada], and with no city larger than 100,000 residents, Montana essentially does not have suburbs or exurbs like those spreading around Phoenix, [Las Vegas] and Denver.

Problems of Zeng et al EMNLP 2015

 Zeng et al did not use background knowledge for the entities

Freebase /location/location/contains (Nevada, Las Vegas)

Descriptions

[Nevada]: Nevada is a state in the Western, Mountain West, and Southwestern regions of the United States.

[Las Vegas]: officially the City of Las Vegas and often known as simply Vegas, is a city in the United States, the most populous city in the state of Nevada, the county seat of Clark County, and the city proper of the Las Vegas Valley.

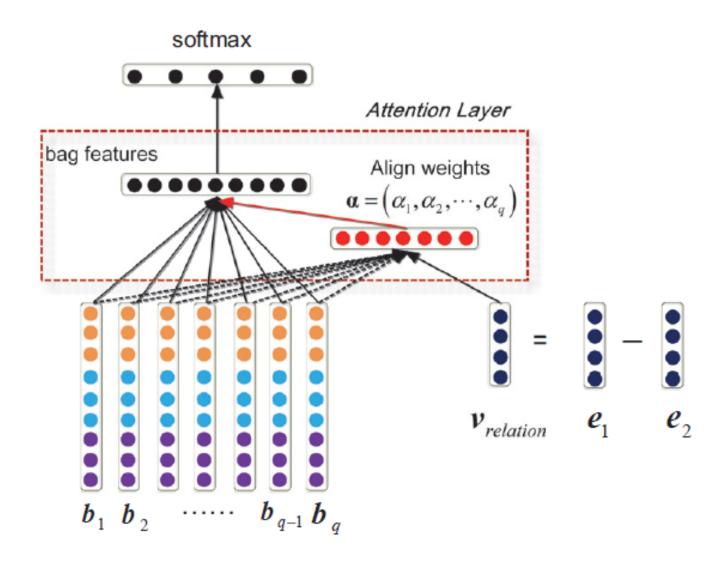
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Ji et al's Solutions

- A bag may contain multiple valid sentences, but
 Zeng et al only selects one sentence
 - Ji et al's Solution: Sentence-level Attention Module
- Zeng et al did not use background knowledge for the entities
 - Ji et al's Solution: Use descriptions for entities from Freebase and Wikipedia pages

Sentence-level Attention Module



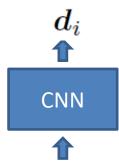
Use descriptions for entities from Freebase and Wikipedia pages

The objective function is

$$\min \mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_A + \lambda \mathcal{L}_e$$

$$\mathcal{L}_A = \sum_{i=1}^N \log p(r_i|B_i, \theta)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_e = \sum_{i=1}^{|\mathcal{D}|} \parallel e_i - d_i \parallel_2^2$$



Descriptions

[Nevada]: Nevada is a state in the Western, Mountain West, and Southwestern regions of the United States.

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 - Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

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Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories are not always IsA relations



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iPhone

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia (Redirected from Iphone)

This article is about the line of smartphones by Apple. For the original iPhone, see iPhone iPhones and other uses, see iPhone (disambiguation).



This article may be too long to read and navigate comfortable 91 kilobytes. Please consider splitting content into sub-articles, subheadings. (February 2019)

Not I

The **iPhone** is a line of smartphones designed and marketed by Apple Inc. All generations of the iPhone use Apple's iOS mobile operating system software. The first-generation iPhone was released on June 29, 2007, and multiple new hardware iterations with new iOS releases have been released since.

Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories/Pages are not always IsA relations

Categories: IPhone | Apple Inc. mobile phones | Computer-related introductions in 2007 | Digital audio players | IOS | ITunes | Mobile phones introduced in 2007 | Smartphones

```
<page, R, category>
<iPhone, IsA, IPhone>
<iPhone, IsA, Apple Inc. mobile phones>
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Category Talk

Category:iPhone

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

The main article for this category is iPhone.

Subcategories

This category has the following 3 subcategories, out of 3 total.

- ▶ IPhone accessories (6 P)
- ▶ IPhone video game engines (15 P)

S

► IOS software (9 C, 767 P)

Pages in category "iPhone"

The following 45 pages are in this category, out of 45 total. This list may not reflect recent changes (learn more).

- IPhone
- IPhone (1st generation)
- IPhone 3G
- IPhone 3GS
- IPhone 4
- IPhone 4S
- IPhone 5
- IPhone 5C

- IPhone XS
- IPhone XS Max

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• 300-page iPhone bill

C

- Imran Chaudhri
- Cocoa Touch

D

Dock connector



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- IPhone (1st generation)
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- IPhone 3GS
- IPhone 4
- IPhone 4S
- IPhone 5
- IPhone 5C

Page

Subcategory

(Hyper) category

Categories: Apple Inc. mobile phones | Touchscreen mobile phones | Smartphones | IOS

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Generate Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

- Goal: Identify IsA relations from wikipedia categoties
- Approach
 - Syntax-based Methods
 - Connectivity-based methods
 - Lexico-syntactic based methods
 - Inference-based methods

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Syntax-based Methods

- Head matching
 - Step1: Parse the category sentence
 - Step2: Find the head using heuristic rules
 - Step3: if head of subcategory is a modifier of category then we have <subcategory, NotIsA, category>

Ex: <Apple Inc. mobile phones, IsA, phones >

Syntax-based Methods

- Modifier matching
 - Step1: Parse the category sentence
 - Step2: Find the head using heuristic rules
 - Step3: if head of subcategory/category is a modifier of its counterpart, then we have <subcategory, NotIsA, category>

Ex: <Basketball equipment, NotIsA, Basketball >

Connectivity-based methods

 For a page and its category, if head(category) is plural, then we have <page, IsA, category>

Ex: <Stephen Curry, IsA, African-American basketball players >

Lexico-syntactic based methods

- Identify <X, IsA, Y> if either the following patterns occur frequently in corpus
 - Y's X
 - Y with X
 - Y such as X

— ...

Inference-based methods

 If <X, IsA, Y> and <Y, IsA, Z> are identified, then we have <X, IsA, Z>

Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

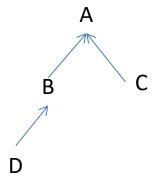
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Use WordNet Hierarchy to help improve Wikipedia Hierarchy

- Approach
 - Step1: Wikipedia Taxonomy is automatically mapped to WordNet (Category disambiguation)
 - Ex: The meaning of Wikipedia category "PLANTS" is the WordNet synset "plant²_n"
 - Step2: Identify links in Wikipedia hierarchy whose corresponding links in WordNet hierarchy are the most inconsistent, and find the alternative categories.

 The disambiguation is based on maximizing the structural overlap between Wikipedia and WordNet Hierarchy

Input



Wikipedia Hierarchy

Output

A refers to a2 out of {a1, a2}

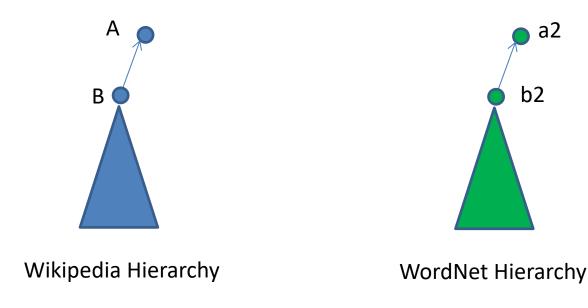
B refers to b2 out of {b1, b2, b3}

C refers to c1 out of {c1}

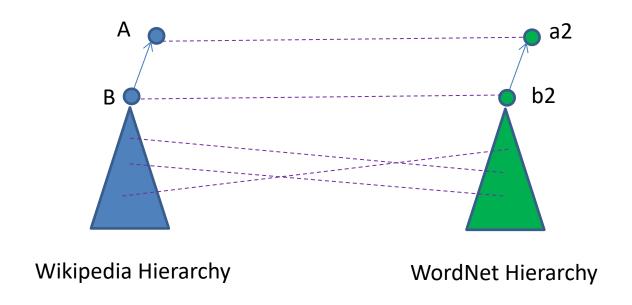
D refers to d1 out of {d1, d2}

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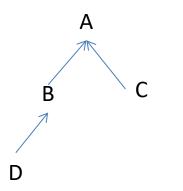
a2



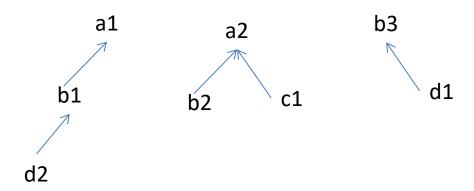
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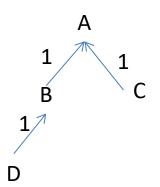


Wikipedia Hierarchy

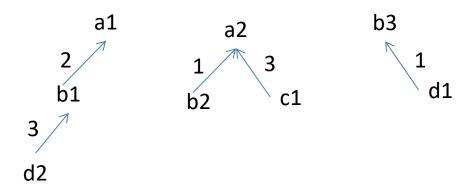


WordNet Hierarchy

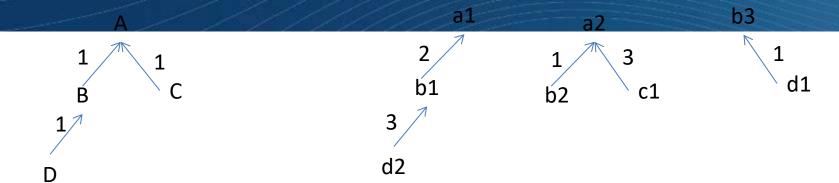
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Wikipedia Hierarchy with distance

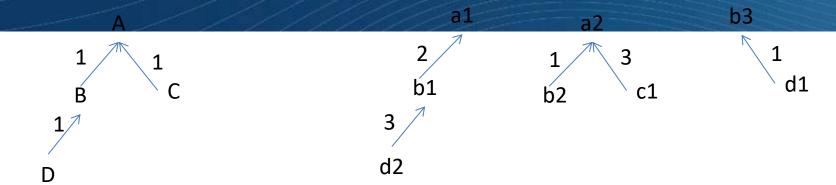


WordNet Hierarchy distance



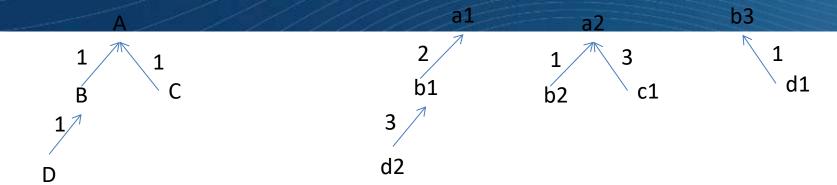
WordNet Hierarchy distance

For each v0
$$w(v,v') = w(v,v') + \frac{1}{2^{d_{WN}(v_0,v')-1} \cdot 2^{d_{Wiki}(c_0,c')-1}}$$



WordNet Hierarchy distance

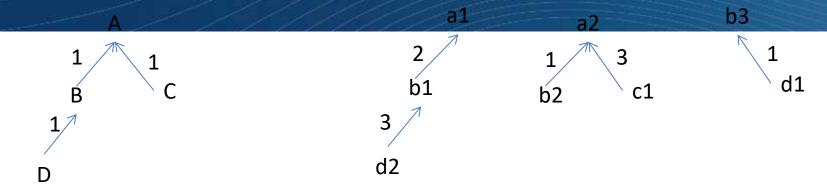
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WordNet Hierarchy distance

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$$w(v,v') = w(v,v') + \frac{1}{2^{d_{WN}(v_0,v')-1} \cdot 2^{d_{Wiki}(c_0,c')-1}}$$



WordNet Hierarchy distance

D refers to d1 out of {d1, d2}

C refers to c1 out of {c1}

For each v0
$$w(v,v') = w(v,v') + \frac{1}{2^{d_{WN}(v_0,v')-1} \cdot 2^{d_{Wiki}(c_0,c')-1}}$$

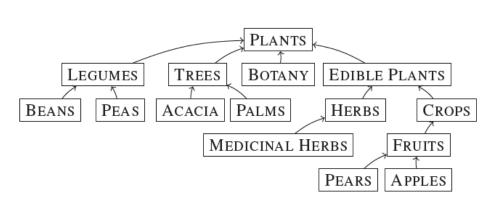


Figure 1: An excerpt of the Wikipedia category tree rooted at PLANTS.

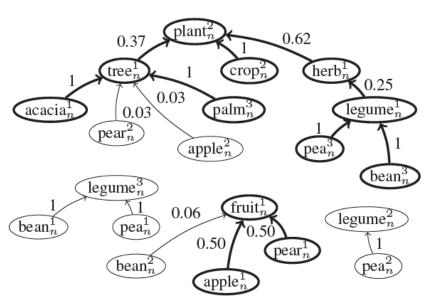


Figure 2: An excerpt of the WordNet graph associated with the category tree rooted at PLANTS. Thick lines correspond to highest-ranking edges and their incident vertices selected as sense interpretations for the corresponding categories. Singleton vertices are not shown.

Hierarchy of Wikipedia Categories

- Ponzetto and Strube. "Deriving a Large Scale Taxonomy from Wikipedia." AAAI 2007
- Ponzetto and Navigli. "Large-Scale Taxonomy Mapping for Restructuring and Integrating Wikipedia". IJCAI 2009
- Nastase and Strube. "Decoding Wikipedia Categories for Knowledge Acquisition". AAAI 2008

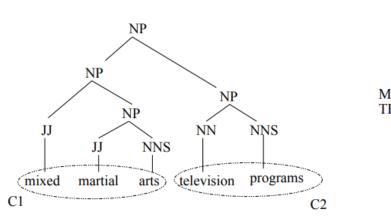
Extraction from Category Names

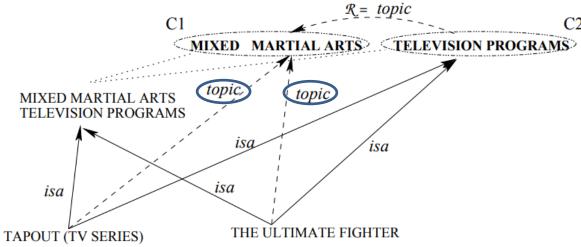
Category type	Category name	Pattern	Relations
explicit relation	QUEEN (BAND)	X members	FREDDY MERCURY member_of QUEEN (BAND)
	MEMBERS	members of X	BRIAN MAY member_of QUEEN (BAND)
explicit relation	Movies	X [VBN IN] Y	Annie Hall directed_by Woody Allen
	DIRECTED BY		ANNIE HALL isa MOVIE
	WOODY ALLEN		DECONSTRUCTING HARRY directed_by WOODY ALLEN
			DECONSTRUCTING HARRY isa MOVIE
partly explicit	VILLAGES IN	X [IN] Y	SIETHEN located_in BRANDENBURG
relation	Brandenburg		SIETHEN isa VILLAGE
implicit relation	MIXED	ΧY	MIXED MARTIAL ARTS ${\cal R}$ TELEVISION PROGRAMS
	MARTIAL ARTS		TAPOUT (TV SERIES) ${\cal R}$ MIXED MARTIAL ARTS
	TELEVISION PROGRAMS		TAPOUT (TV SERIES) isa TELEVISION PROGRAM
class attribute	ALBUMS BY ARTIST	X by Y	ARTIST attribute_of ALBUM
			MILES DAVIS isa ARTIST
			BIG FUN isa ALBUM

Table 1: Examples of information encoded in category names and the knowledge we extract

Extraction from Category Names and Network

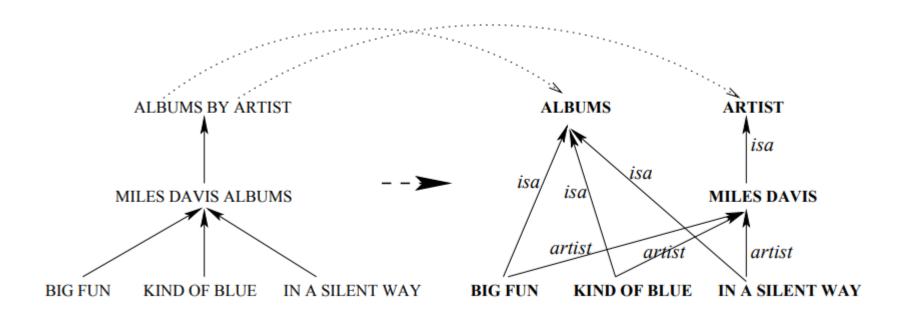
Implicit Relation Categories





Extraction from Category Names and Network

Extract class attribute and attribute values



Thank You! Q/A