## ME 7112: FINITE ELEMENT METHOD - Fall 2023

## Assignment 6 (Due by 11:59 pm on 2023/12/11 Mon.)

#### Problem 1

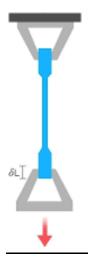
Please write your own program for solving the following system of nonlinear equations for  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  by the Newton-Raphson method:

$$egin{cases} x_1(x_1^2+x_2^2+1)^{1/3} = rac{9}{2} \ x_2(x_1^2+x_2^2+1)^{1/4} = -rac{5}{2} \end{cases}$$

### Problem 2

Please consider a long bar with its cross section h by h and length L. The bar is fully fixed at one of its ends and subjected to the displacement bondary condition at the other end for tensile testing with a maximum applied strain of +5%. Assume that the material with Poisson's ratio of 0.33 has a hypoelastic constitutive equation, so that the stress-strain relation has the form as described in our class.

- 1. While h = 0.5 cm and L = 10 cm, calculate the tensile stress curve versus strains of the bar with material properties:  $\sigma_0 = 5$  MPa, n = 2, and  $\epsilon_0 = 0.1$ .
- 2. Following 1., calculate the stress curve versus strains of the bar with material properties:  $\sigma_0 = 5$  MPa, n = 10, and  $\epsilon_0 = 0.1$ .
- 3. Following 1., calculate the stress curve versus strains of the bar with material properties:  $\sigma_0 = 12.5$  MPa, n = 2, and  $\epsilon_0 = 0.1$ .
- 4. Compare the stress curves versus strains obtained in 1, 2, and 3. Provide your comments on the material parameters of  $\sigma_0$  and n.
- 5. Pick up one representive element in your mesh model of the bar. Compare the numerical stress values of the bar with the exact stress evaluation of the hypoelastic materials under various levels of applied strains.



# Problem 3

Similar to Problem 2, please consider a long bar with its cross section h by h and length L. The bar is fully fixed at one of its ends and subjected to the displacement bondary condition at the other end for tensile testing with a maximum applied strain of +80%. Assume that the material has a hyperelastic constitutive equation, so that the stress-strain relation has the form as described in our class.

- 1. While h=0.5 cm and L=10 cm, calculate the tensile stress curve versus strains of the bar with material properties:  $\mu_1=4.285714$  MPa and  $K_1=20$  MPa.
- 2. Following 1., calculate the tensile stress curve versus strains of the bar with material properties:  $\mu_1$  = 6.428571 MPa and  $K_1$  = 30 MPa.
- 3. Following 1., calculate the stress curve versus strains of the bar with material properties:  $\mu_1$  = 4.137931 MPa and  $K_1$  = 40 MPa.
- 4. Compare the stress curves versus strains obtained in 1, 2, and 3. Provide your comments on the material parameters of  $\mu_1$  and  $K_1$ .
- 5. Pick up one representive element in your mesh model of the bar. Compare the numerical stress values of the bar with the exact stress evaluation of the hyperelastic materials under various levels of applied strains.