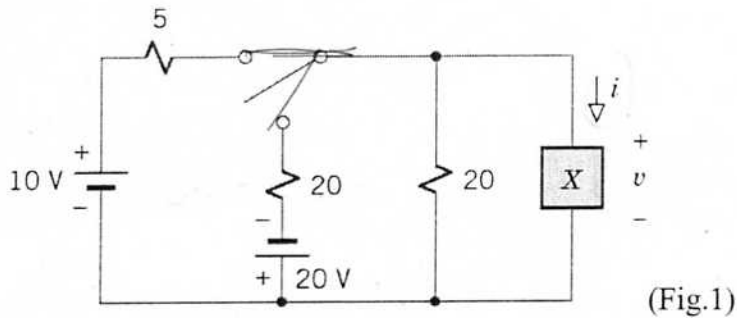
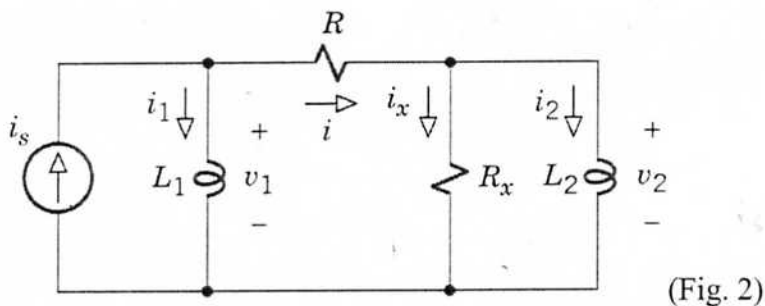


1. (40%) The switch in Fig. 1 has been at the upper position a long time before  $t = 0$ , when it goes to the lower position. The switch returns to the upper position at  $t_0 = 1$  s. The resistance values are in ohms, and element X is a 4-H inductor.
- (a) (20%) Find  $i(t)$  for  $0 < t < t_0$ , and determine when  $i(t) = 0$ .
- (b) (20%) Find  $i(t)$  for  $t > t_0$ , and sketch the waveform for  $0 \leq t \leq 3$ .



2. (20%) Let the circuit in Fig. 2 have  $R_x = R$  and  $L_1 = L_2 = L$ . Derive the differential equation relating  $i$  to  $i_s$ . Show that the circuit is always overdamped, regardless of the values of  $R$  and  $L$ .



3. (40%) In Fig. 3, derive the second-order differential equation for  $i_L$ . Find the  $i_L$  for  $t > 0$  when  $L = 2$  H,  $R = 5$   $\Omega$ ,  $C = 1/50$  F and

$$\begin{aligned} v_s(t) &= -10 \text{ V} & t < 0 \\ &= 30 \text{ V} & t > 0 \end{aligned}$$

