CCA Run Time Analysis

By Mike Wang

Part I. Python-based CCA (Based on main mike.py)

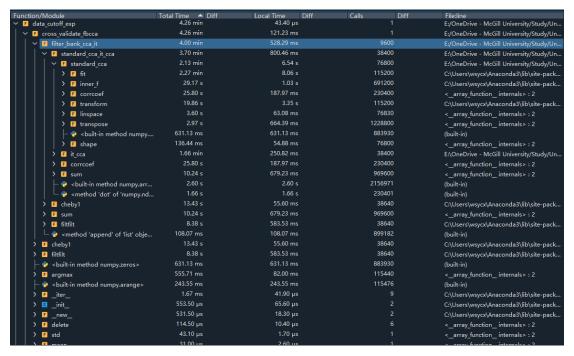


Figure 1. Major components time occupation with 1 iteration based on dataset s2. (a complete time profile file has been stored in directory McGill_NeuroTech_Signal\run_time_analysis\python\mathrm{main mike runtime.Result)}

The major time-consuming functions are the CCA algorithms. One of the reasons why is they have been called for a large amount of time. For example, *filter_bank_cca_it* has been called 9600 times. Therefore, to find out the real time for each function running once, we need to divide their total occupation time by the number of calls. Thus, a detailed run time map for each function has been summarized in Table I.

Table I. Function occupation time for each call

Function names	Runtime for each Call (seconds)
filter_bank_cca_it()	0.025
standard_cca_it_cca()	0.00578125
Standard_cca()	0.0016640625
It_cca()	0.0025937499999999997
Cheby1()	0.0003475672877846791
Filtfilt()	0.0002427536231884058
Corroef()	0.00011197916666666667

Therefore, the time need to run 1 40-fundation-frequency-*filter_bank_cca_it* is 1 second. Which means in a real word situation, when analyzing 9-channels, 500-samples, 1 target data's filter bank

CCA requires 1 seconds. For a real-world spelling implementation, it is too slow.

Part II. Matlab-based CCA (Based on FBCCA_experiments_tun_time.m)

• Flame Graph					
Generated 14-Feb-2022 15 53:18 using performance time.					
Calls	Total Time (s) +	Self Time* (s)	Total Time Plot (dark band = self time)		
1	47.875	0.690			
1	47.186	0.107			
9600	46.969	0.266			
38400	23.969	1.111			
38401	16.932	1.938			
115200	15.633	14.144			
76800	15.561	4.689			
38400	5.897	0.192			
38400	5.576	0.571	-		
38401	5.439	1.786	-		
38400	4.898	0.137	_		
38400	3.646	3.646	_		
153603	3.498	3.498	_		
38401	2.409	1.821	-		
115200	2.400	0.378	-		
115200	2.022	1.134			
38401	1.882	1.101			
76802	1.675	1.550	-		
230641	1.500	1.199	-		
	1 1 1 900 900 38400 38400 38400 38400 38400 38400 38400 38400 38400 38400 38400 115200 153603 38400 115200 115200 115200 115200 38400 1	1 47 876 1 47 876 1 47 186 9600 46 959 38400 23 9599 38401 16 932 115200 15 591 38400 5 597 38400 5 597 38400 4 898 38400 4 489 38400 3 466 153603 3 488 38401 2 489 115200 2 400 115200 2 202 78002 1 165	1 47.875 0.699 1 1 47.876 0.699 1 1 47.186 0.197 1 9600 46.999 0.256 1 34400 25.999 1.1111 1 34401 16.532 1.538 1 115200 15.633 1.14.144 1 76000 5.997 0.192 1 34400 5.997 0.192 1 34400 5.997 0.192 1 34400 5.997 0.192 1 34400 3.646 0.567 0.571 1 34400 4.999 0.1377 1 34400 4.999 0.1377 1 34400 1.546 0.546 1 15.563 3.486 3.486 1 15.563 3.486 3.486 1 15.563 1.1144 1 115200 2.400 0.378 1 115200 2.400 0.378 1 115200 2.022 1.1134 1 76002 1.675 1.550 1		

Figure 2. Major components time occupation with 1 iteration based on dataset s2. (a complete time profile file has been stored in directory

McGill_NeuroTech_Signal\run_time_analysis\MATLAB\ Matlab-based CCA Run time analysis.pdf)

A detailed run time map for each function has been summarized in Table II. From above we can tell that MATLAB requires much less time to run a filter bank CCA algorithm.

Table II. Function occupation time for each call

Function names	Runtime for each Call (seconds)
FBCCA_IT()	0.0049
standardCCA_ITCCA ()	6.2419e-04
Standard_cca()	2.0262e-04
It_cca()	1.2755e-04
Cheby1()	4.4093e-04
Filtfilt()	1.5357e-04
Canoncorr()	1.3570e-04

Therefore, the time need to run 1 40-fundation-frequency-*filter_bank_cca_it* is **0.1960 second**. Which means in a real word situation, when analyzing 9-channels, 500-samples, 1 target data's filter bank CCA requires 0.1960 seconds. For a real-world spelling implementation, it is Ok.