

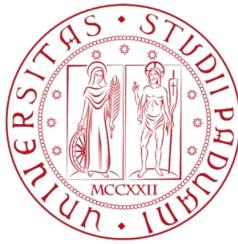
# WHSS: Charge flip study

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Latino meeting

17th December 2020

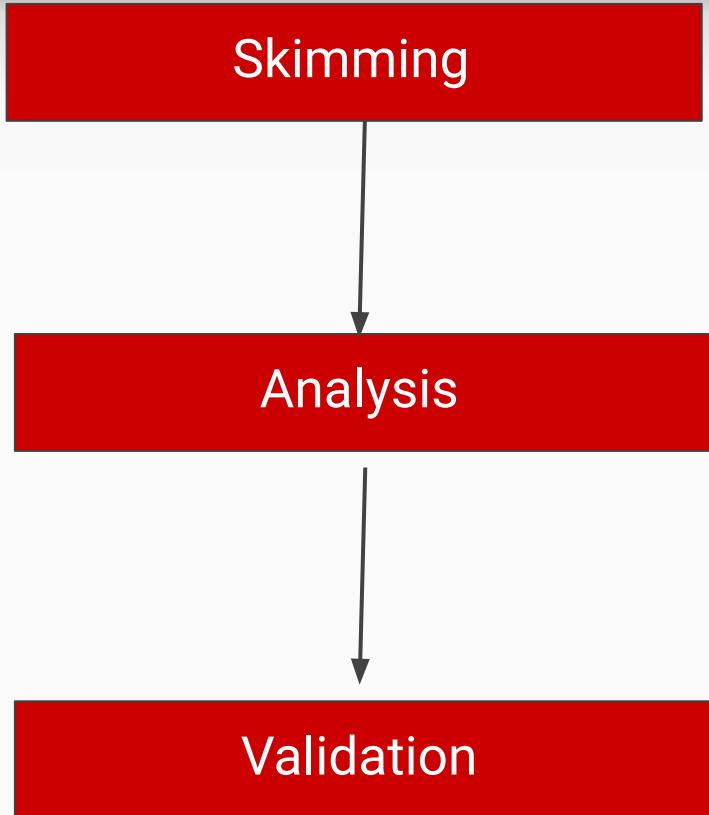


# Introduction

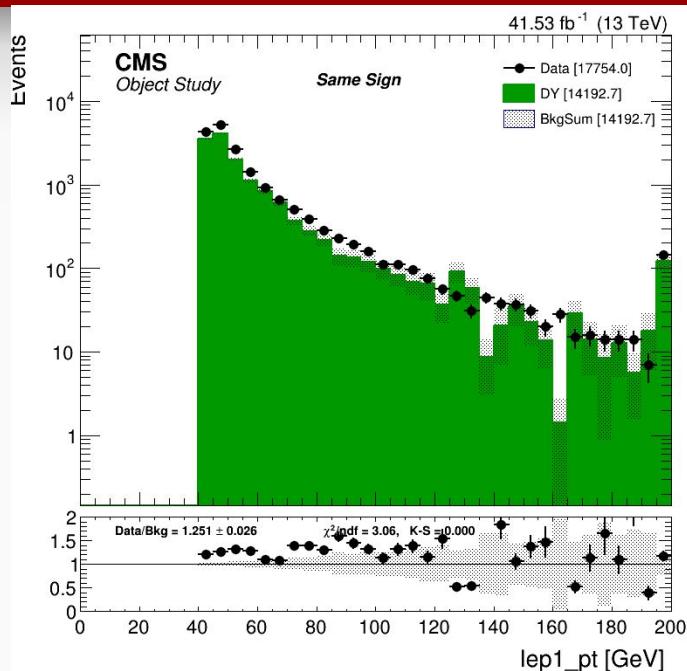
- The electron charge measurement is biased by presence of bremsstrahlung process within the tracker.
- Final state contains electron will be affected by charged flip effect. Expected size of effect  $\sim 1.3, 1.4$  for 2017 and 2018 dataset.
- In WHSS analysis is covering e-mu final state, the mis-charged effect can be accounted by including a correction factor, computed from dedicated measurement.
- The mis-charged rate study is performed on 3 years , using nanov5 (latinov6) dataset, with the baseline lepton working points (HWW + ttHMVA).
- Study performed in RDataframe , [nanoFlipper](#), with condor submission capability.

# NanoFlipper : Workflow

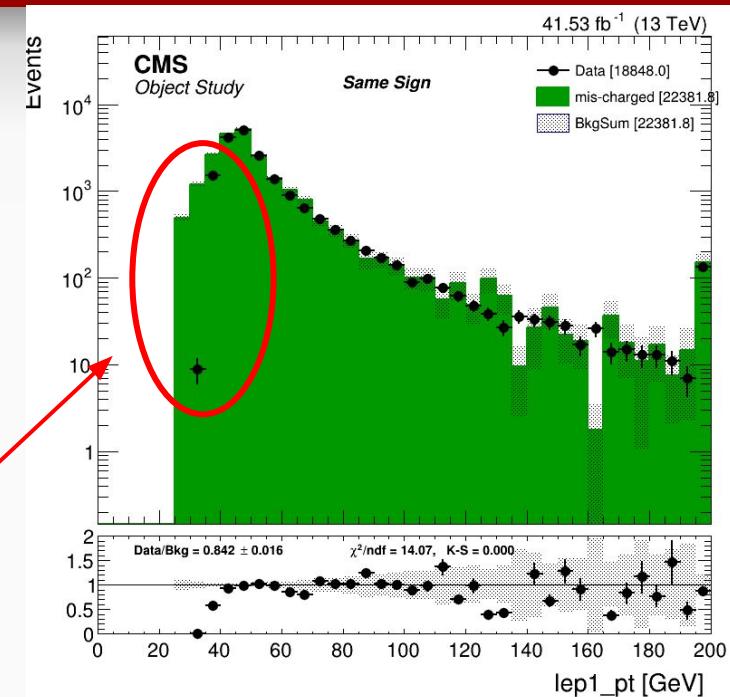
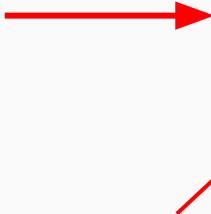
- Dataset Nanov5 for three years:
  - DoubleEG
  - DY (M-50) (DY ptll correction)
- Lepton WP = HWW + ttHMVA (Roberto's macro)
- Checking dependency on pt
- Eliminates EWK background with fit (Jie's code)
- Extracting charge flip and compute scale factor (Guillelmo's code)
- Validating scale factor application
- Using pyroot , RDataframe is buggy.



# Validation using SF from SingleElectron (2017)



x SF(pt,eta)



Before

→ Using DoubleEG for SF derivation

After

# Study setup

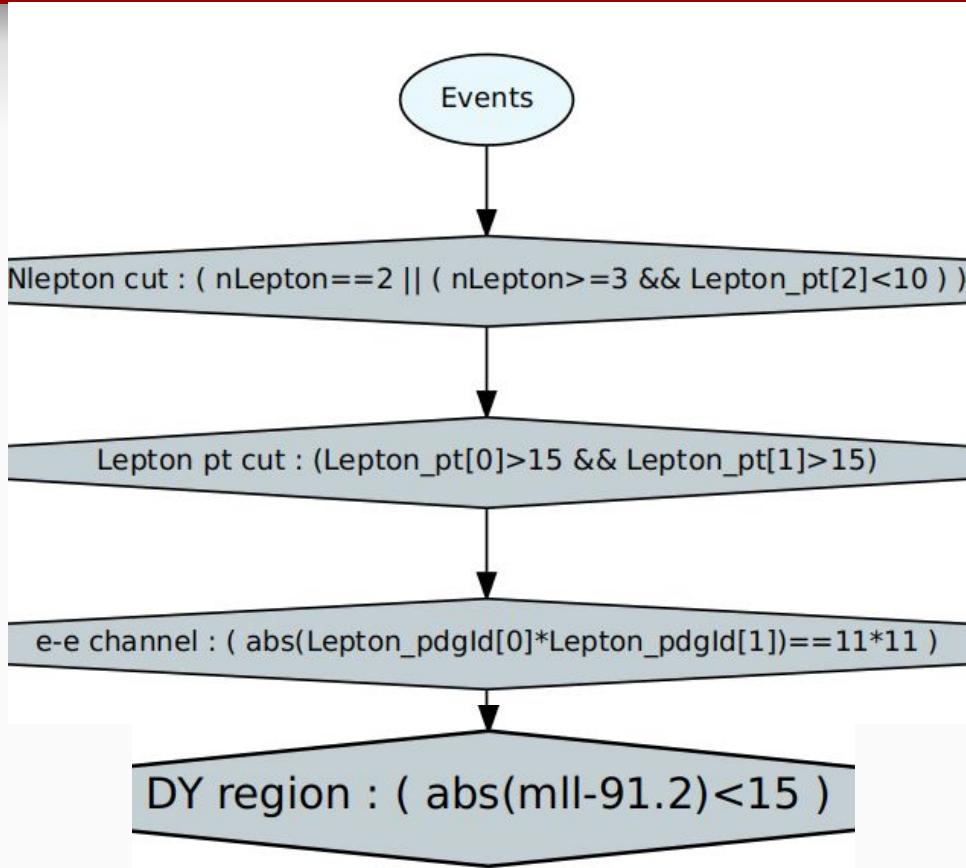
- Dataset Nanov5 for three years:
  - DoubleEG
  - DY (M-50)
- Lepton working points:
  - Baseline HWW WP : Latinov6 embedded
  - ttHMVA WP : derived from Nanov7
- MC : DY ptll correction.
- Measurement:
  - `lowpt = [ $trig1 , 200 ] ; [ $trig2 , 20 ]`
  - `highpt = [ $trig1 , 200 ] ; [ 20 , 200 ]`
  - Eta bin [ 0 , 1.4 , 2.5 ]
- Zmass fit:
  - Signal pdf = Breit Wigner x Gaussian
  - Background pdf = Exponential

```
triggers = {
    'Trigger_db1El' : {
        "2016" : [ "28" , "17" ] , # 23+5 ; 12+5
        "2017" : [ "28" , "17" ] , # 23+5 ; 12+5
        "2018" : [ "28" , "17" ] # 23+5 ; 12+5
    },
    'Trigger_sngEl' : {
        "2016" : [ "32" , "15" ] , # 27+5
        "2017" : [ "40" , "15" ] , # 35+5
        "2018" : [ "40" , "15" ] # 35+5
    }
}

tname : SingleMuon
three leptons final state: pass=78677      all=29875395 --
Lepton pt cut : (Lepton_pt[0]>15 && Lepton_pt[1]>5): pass=78
abs(Lepton_pdgId[0])==13: pass=74186      all=78677   --
abs(Lepton_pdgId[1])==11: pass=4731       all=74186   --
abs(Lepton_pdgId[2])==11: pass=564        all=4731   --
DY region : ( abs(mll-91.2)<15 ): pass=248      all=564
```

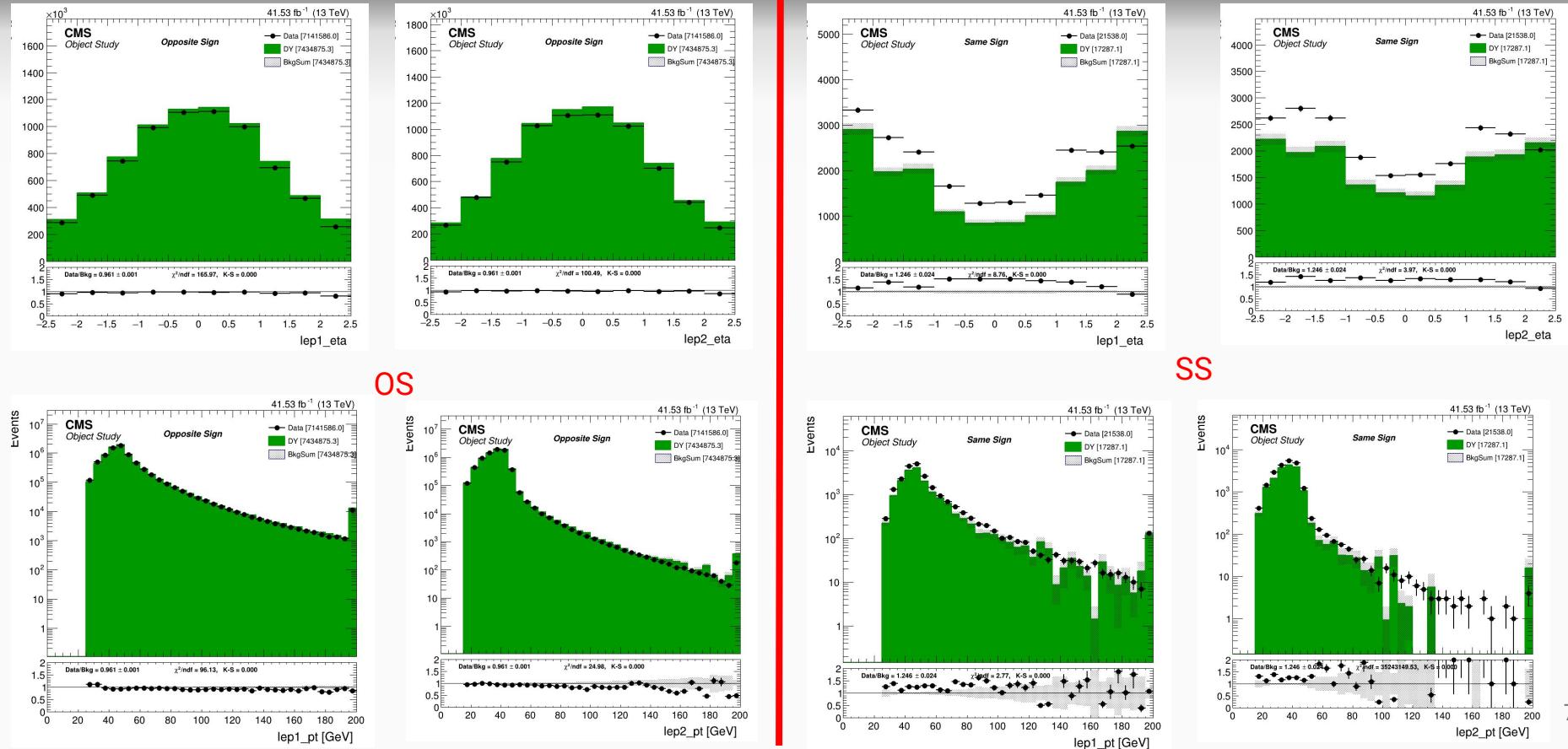
Limited statistics in “WZ” final state.

# Skimming

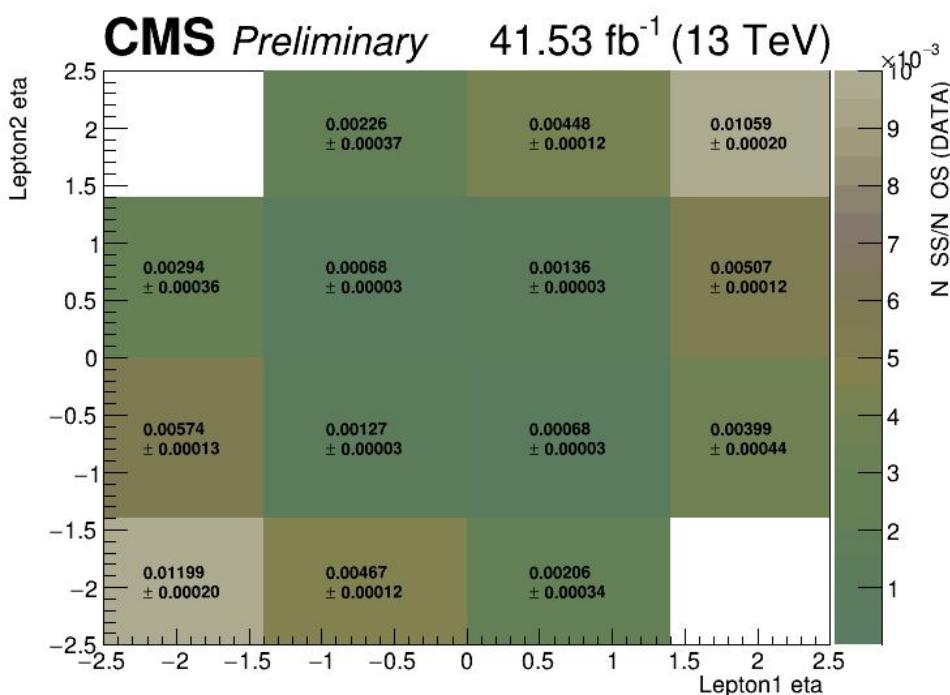


Drell-Yan (e+e-) CR  
skimming

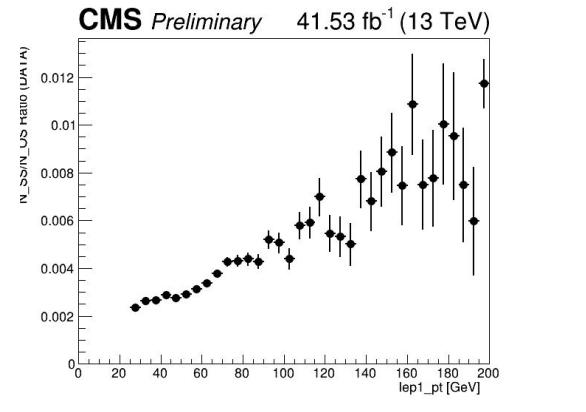
# Drell-Yan CR OS and SS modeling (2017)



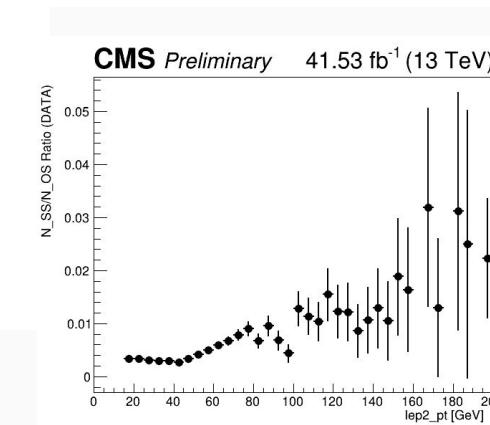
# Drell-Yan CR Pt and Eta dependency (2017)



Charge flip probabilities are symmetric in eta  
(In DATA and MC)



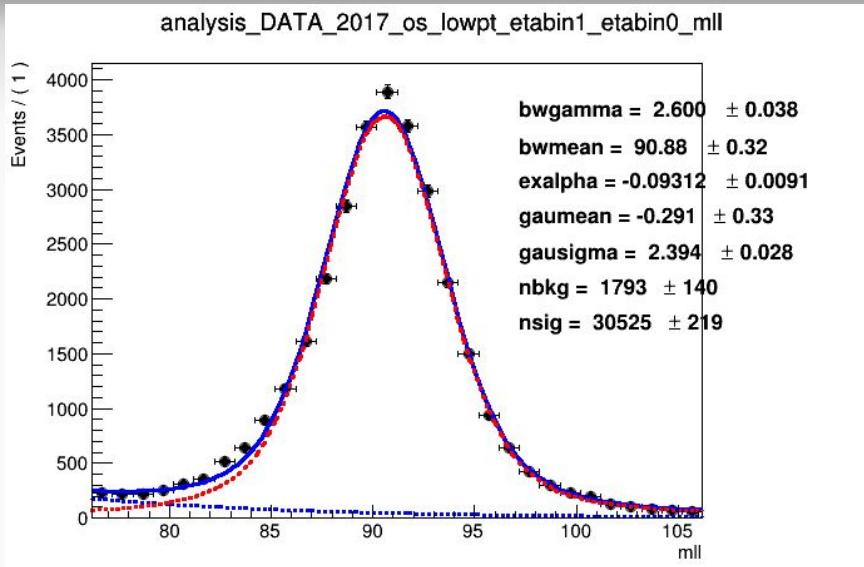
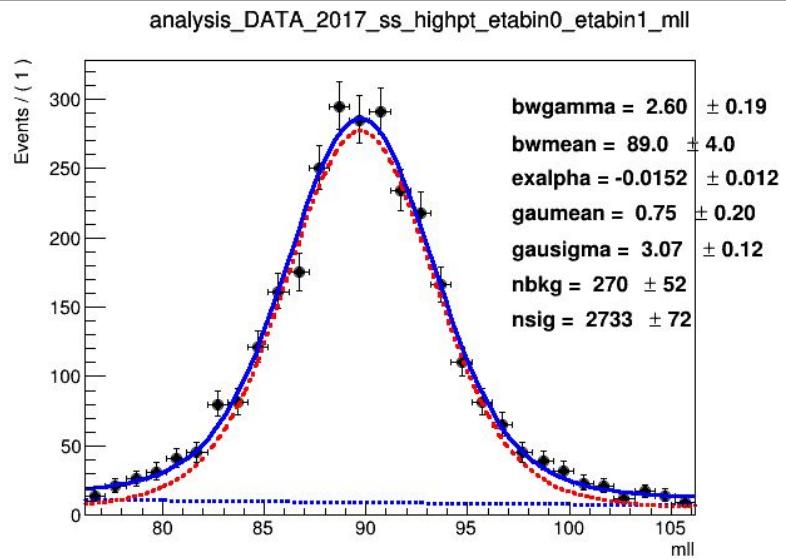
Probabilities shows upward trend in Lepton1 pt



Probability definition:  
 $N_{SS} / N_{OS}$

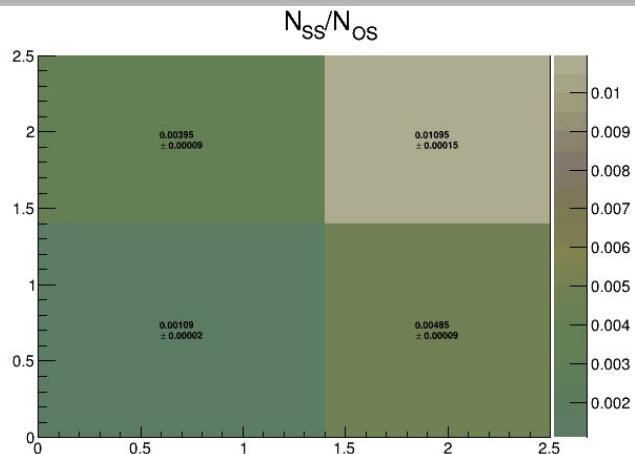
Probabilities does not depend on Lepton2 pt

# Zmass fit (2017)

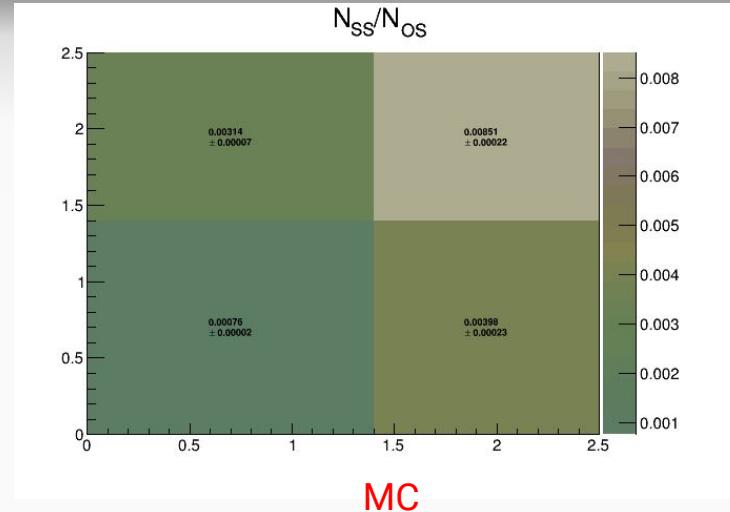


The number of signal and background events (in **SS**, **OS** categories) were extracted from the Z mass fit, both for **lowpt** and **highpt** bins.

# Computes charge flip probabilities (2017)



Recomputes  
probabilities, using  
extracted number of  
signal events



DATA

The total charge flip probability was fitted to extract individual electron charge flip probabilities.

$$\frac{N_{ss}}{N_{os}} = \frac{\epsilon(p_T^{(1)}, |\eta^{(1)}|) \cdot (1 - \epsilon(p_T^{(2)}, |\eta^{(2)}|)) + \epsilon(p_T^{(2)}, |\eta^{(2)}|) \cdot (1 - \epsilon(p_T^{(1)}, |\eta^{(1)}|))}{1 - [\epsilon(p_T^{(1)}, |\eta^{(1)}|) \cdot (1 - \epsilon(p_T^{(2)}, |\eta^{(2)}|)) + \epsilon(p_T^{(2)}, |\eta^{(2)}|) \cdot (1 - \epsilon(p_T^{(1)}, |\eta^{(1)}|))]}$$

Then, the scale factor is calculated by taking the ratio between DATA and MC.

# Flip probabilities and SF (SingleElectron)

High pt bins : [ 40 , 200 ]

SingleElectron

Error is statistical only.

====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2016		
q0 data : 5.480e-04 +/- 1.101e-05	mc : 5.772e-04 +/- 1.233e-05 ; SF : 9.495e-01 +/- 2.934e-02 ( rel.error : 3.09 % )	
q1 data : 8.081e-03 +/- 8.669e-05	mc : 7.596e-03 +/- 7.512e-05 ; SF : 1.064e+00 +/- 1.459e-02 ( rel.error : 1.37 % )	
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2017		
q0 data : 5.030e-04 +/- 9.487e-06	mc : 3.606e-04 +/- 7.616e-07 ; SF : 1.395e+00 +/- 1.898e-02 ( rel.error : 1.36 % )	
q1 data : 4.668e-03 +/- 5.940e-05	mc : 3.782e-03 +/- 4.595e-05 ; SF : 1.234e+00 +/- 1.759e-02 ( rel.error : 1.43 % )	
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2018		
q0 data : 5.630e-04 +/- 7.718e-06	mc : 3.955e-04 +/- 7.007e-06 ; SF : 1.423e+00 +/- 2.240e-02 ( rel.error : 1.57 % )	
q1 data : 5.102e-03 +/- 4.846e-05	mc : 3.903e-03 +/- 5.194e-05 ; SF : 1.307e+00 +/- 1.635e-02 ( rel.error : 1.25 % )	

Low pt bins : [ 15 , 200 ]

2016 : sf ~ 1 ; 2017,2018 : sf ~ 1.3 / 1.4

====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2016		
q0 data : 9.704e-04 +/- 1.295e-04 ;	mc : 1.141e-03 +/- 1.509e-04 ; SF : 8.504e-01 +/- 1.879e-01 ( rel.error : 22.10 % )	
q1 data : 2.513e-03 +/- 3.173e-04 ;	mc : 2.854e-03 +/- 3.554e-04 ; SF : 8.808e-01 +/- 1.774e-01 ( rel.error : 20.14 % )	
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2017		
q0 data : 7.758e-04 +/- 1.453e-04 ;	mc : 5.173e-04 +/- 2.616e-06 ; SF : 1.500e+00 +/- 1.874e-01 ( rel.error : 12.50 % )	
q1 data : 2.291e-03 +/- 3.306e-04 ;	mc : 7.370e-04 +/- 1.457e-04 ; SF : 3.109e+00 +/- 2.448e-01 ( rel.error : 7.87 % )	
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2018		
q0 data : 6.937e-04 +/- 1.023e-04 ;	mc : 5.533e-04 +/- 6.624e-05 ; SF : 1.254e+00 +/- 1.900e-01 ( rel.error : 15.15 % )	
q1 data : 2.910e-03 +/- 3.332e-04 ;	mc : 9.980e-04 +/- 2.386e-04 ; SF : 2.916e+00 +/- 2.651e-01 ( rel.error : 9.09 % )	

# Flip probabilities and SF (DoubleEG)

High pt bins : [ 28 , 200 ]

DoubleEG

Error is statistical only.

```
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2016
q0 data : 5.594e-04 +/- 1.121e-05 ; mc : 5.815e-04 +/- 1.232e-05 ; SF : 9.619e-01 +/- 2.916e-02 ( rel.error : 3.03 % )
q1 data : 8.444e-03 +/- 9.775e-05 ; mc : 7.521e-03 +/- 7.554e-05 ; SF : 1.123e+00 +/- 1.533e-02 ( rel.error : 1.37 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2017
q0 data : 5.288e-04 +/- 9.882e-06 ; mc : 3.691e-04 +/- 1.036e-05 ; SF : 1.433e+00 +/- 3.371e-02 ( rel.error : 2.35 % )
q1 data : 4.522e-03 +/- 4.846e-05 ; mc : 3.219e-03 +/- 5.720e-05 ; SF : 1.405e+00 +/- 2.075e-02 ( rel.error : 1.48 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2018
q0 data : 5.632e-04 +/- 8.855e-06 ; mc : 3.862e-04 +/- 7.435e-06 ; SF : 1.458e+00 +/- 2.486e-02 ( rel.error : 1.70 % )
q1 data : 4.848e-03 +/- 4.267e-05 ; mc : 3.767e-03 +/- 3.875e-05 ; SF : 1.287e+00 +/- 1.354e-02 ( rel.error : 1.05 % )
.
```

Low pt bins : [ 15 , 200 ]

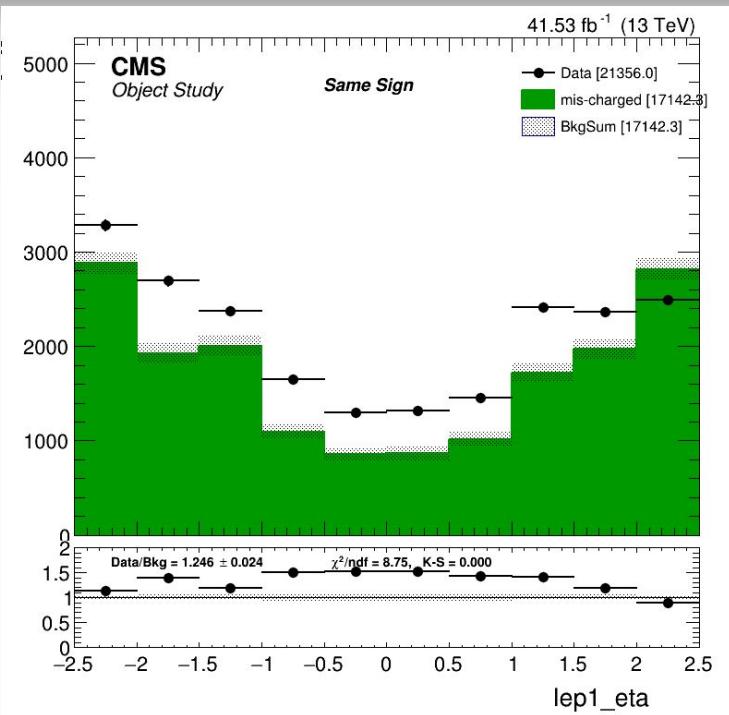
2016 : sf ~ 1 ; 2017,2018 : sf ~ 1.4

```
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2016
q0 data : 1.010e-03 +/- 1.377e-04 ; mc : 1.074e-03 +/- 1.602e-04 ; SF : 9.408e-01 +/- 2.021e-01 ( rel.error : 21.48 % )
q1 data : 9.187e-03 +/- 6.839e-04 ; mc : 2.515e-03 +/- 3.864e-04 ; SF : 3.653e+00 +/- 1.707e-01 ( rel.error : 4.67 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2017
q0 data : 7.730e-04 +/- 1.332e-04 ; mc : 5.168e-04 +/- 7.426e-05 ; SF : 1.496e+00 +/- 2.244e-01 ( rel.error : 15.00 % )
q1 data : 1.860e-03 +/- 2.919e-04 ; mc : 1.859e-03 +/- 4.456e-04 ; SF : 1.001e+00 +/- 2.865e-01 ( rel.error : 28.63 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2018
q0 data : 7.699e-04 +/- 1.176e-04 ; mc : 4.354e-04 +/- 6.604e-05 ; SF : 1.768e+00 +/- 2.152e-01 ( rel.error : 12.17 % )
q1 data : 2.540e-03 +/- 2.030e-04 ; mc : 9.668e-04 +/- 2.723e-04 ; SF : 2.627e+00 +/- 2.927e-01 ( rel.error : 11.14 % )
.
```

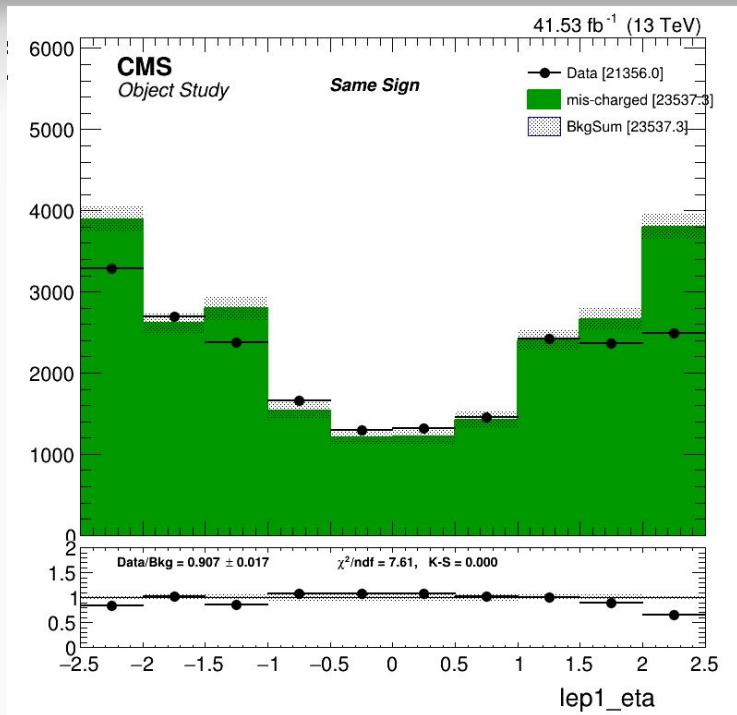
# Validation

1. The scale factors obtained from the measurements (  $q_0$  ,  $q_1$  ) is (  $sf_1$  ,  $sf_2$  ). They represent the global correction between distributions, independent of number of electrons.
2. Therefore, the SF applied to MC is taken as  $(sf_1 + sf_2)/2$  ( or either one?).
3. Validation method:  $SF(pt,eta) \times MC\_SS \neq DATA\_SS$
4. Validation phase space (SS):  $lep1\_pt > 25 ; lep2\_pt > 20$ ; 2 same sign electron. (WHSS selection).

# SF Validation (2017)



x SF(pt,eta)

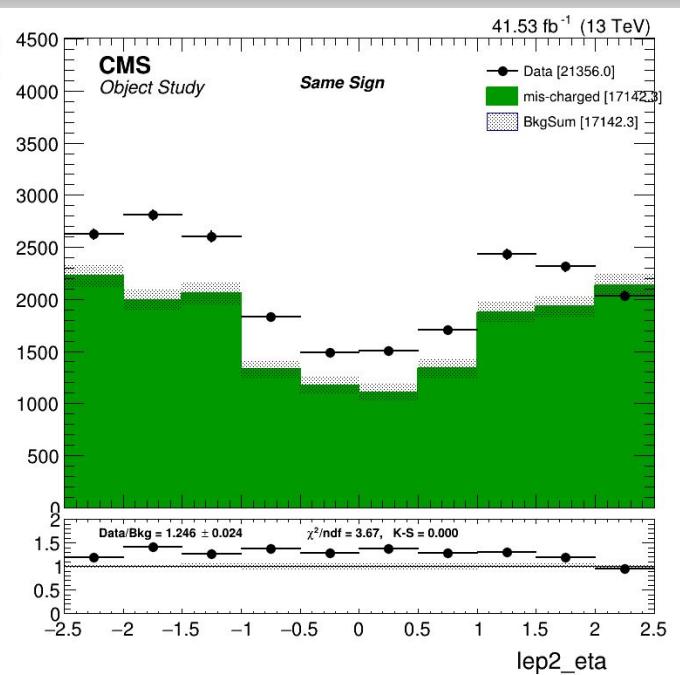


Before

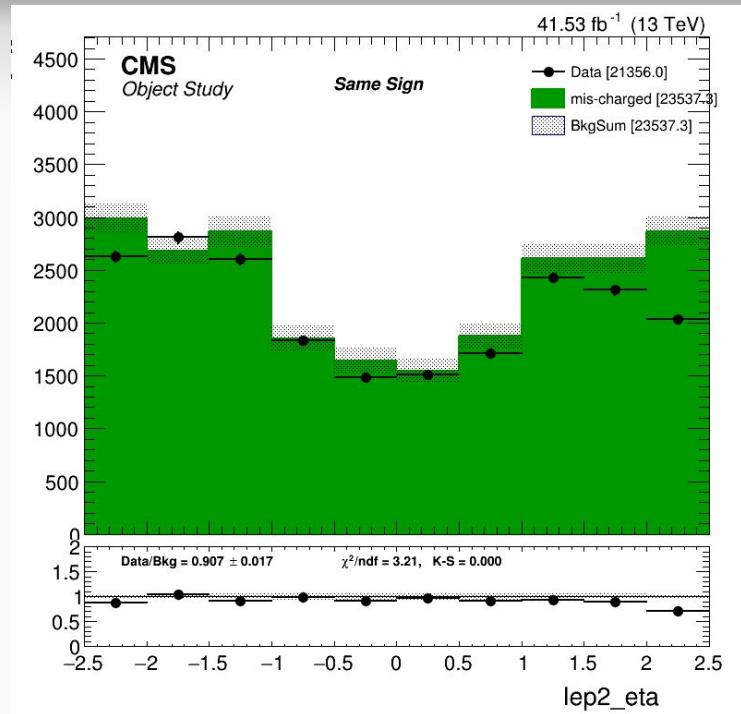
SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

After

# SF Validation (2017)



x SF(pt,eta)



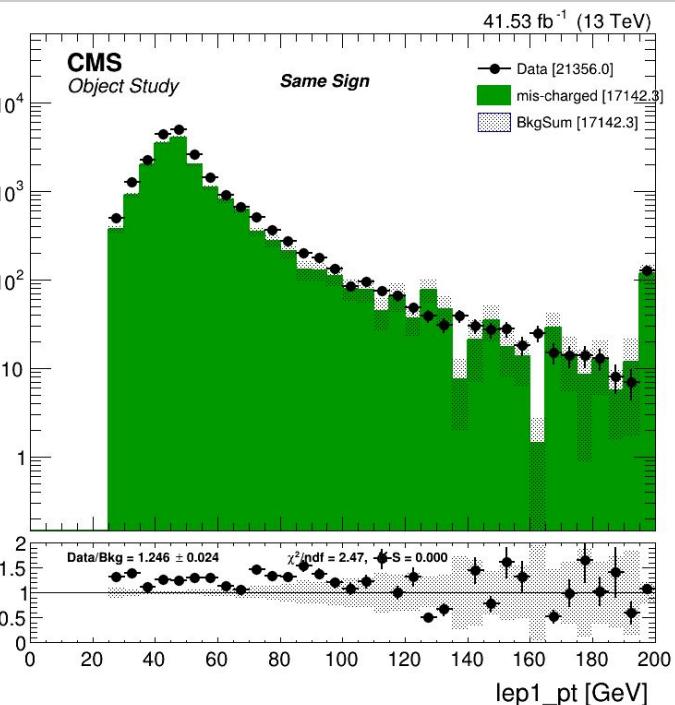
Before

SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

After

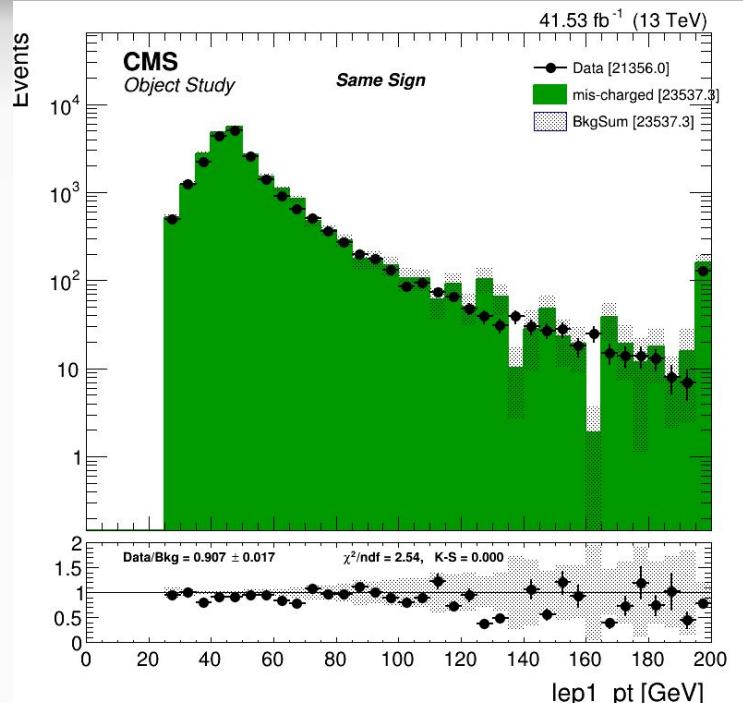
# SF Validation (2017)

Events



Before

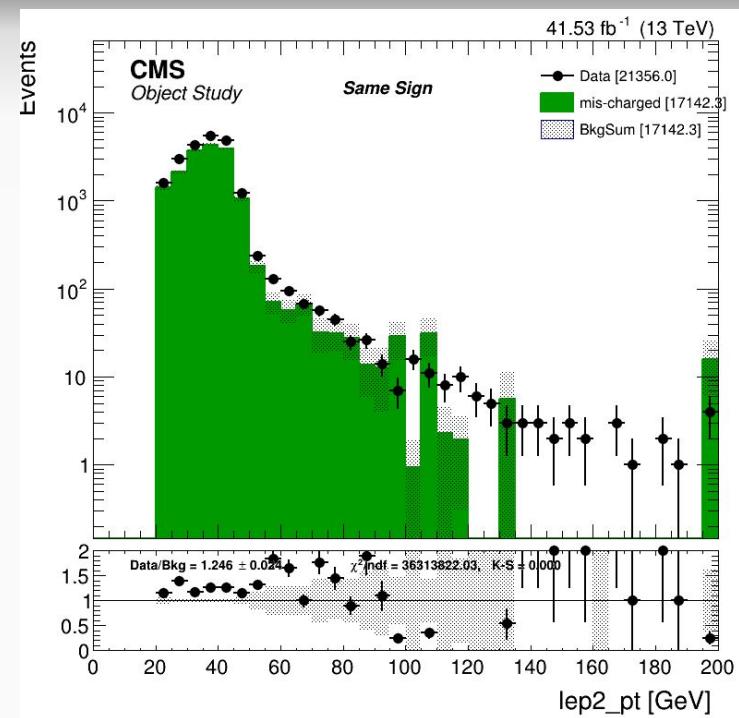
x SF(pt,eta)



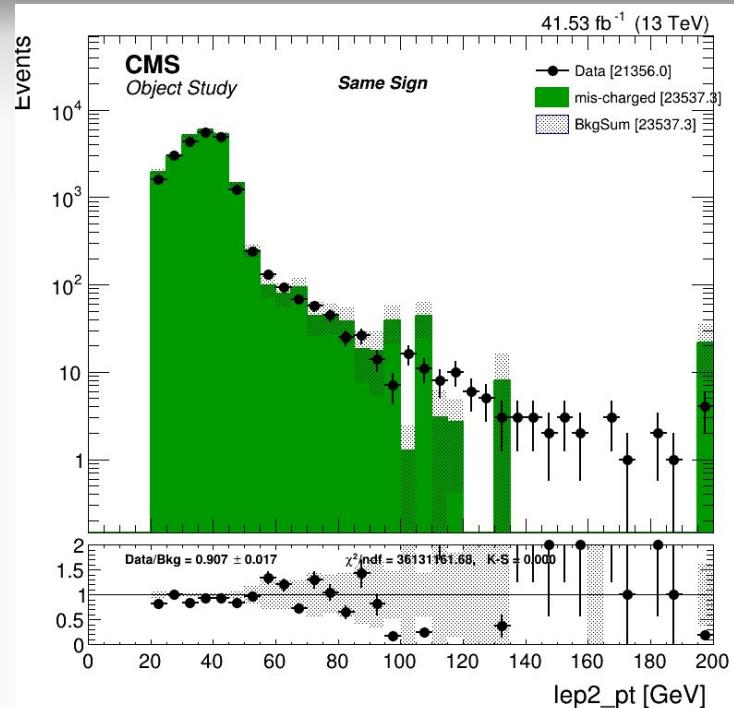
After

SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

# SF Validation (2017)



x SF(pt,eta)



Before

SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

After

# Summary

- 1.) The charge flip assessment is performed , and the size of the effect is consistent with expected values.
- 2.) Potential baise in lowpt bin measurement due to trigger threshold.
- 3.) Validation on scale factor application, show good agreement between MC and DATA, and ready for analysis consumption.
- 4.) Systematics inclusion:
  - a.) Alternative MC sample
  - b.) Alternative signal and background Pdf in fitting.
  - c.) Different Zmass window during fitting.
- 5.) The (nominal) scale factor is ready. On-fly-macro is fixed. (Thanks Susan!) and its ready to use.

# Backup

# Overview study

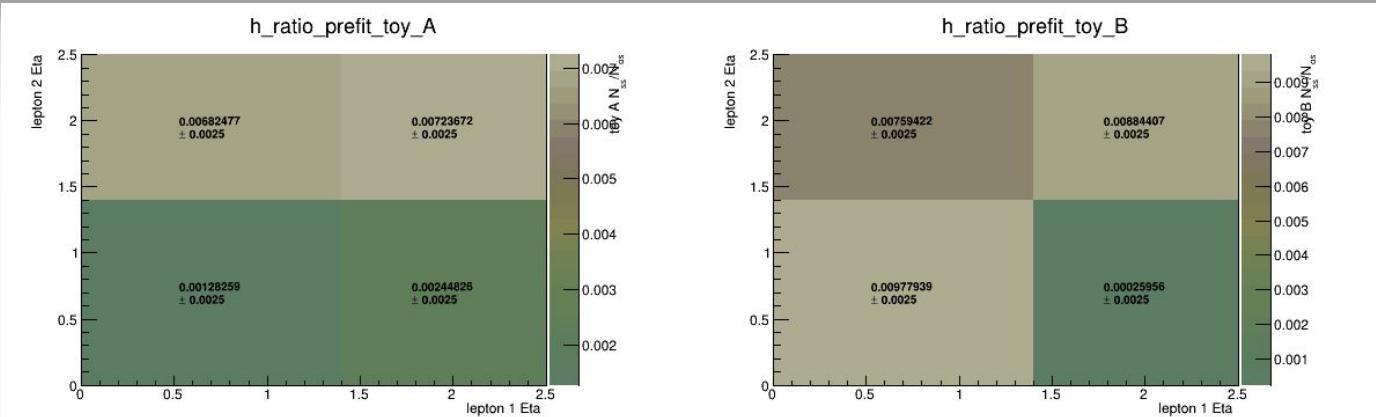
- Charge flip study workflow:
  - Derivation:
    - Devises e-e enriched DY control region.
    - Remove other EWK backgrounds, elimination by fitting under Z mass peak.
  - Measurement:
    - Taking ratio of SS/OS, assessing Pt/ Eta dependency.
    - Measures ratio of SS/OS in Pt / Eta by fitting to a charge flip probability formula.
  - Validation:
    - Testing on three closure tests. (1 test for now)
  - Application:
    - Applying scale factor on same sign MC.

# Charge flip probability model

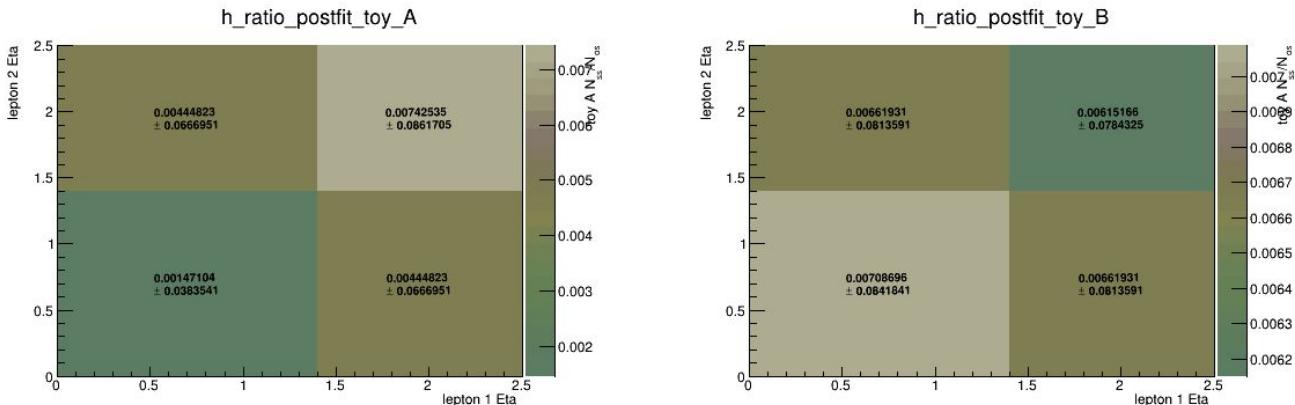
```
def model_2x2( i , par ):  
  
    if   i == 0:  value = ( par[0] * (1-par[ 0]) + (1-par[ 0]) * par[ 0] ) / ( 1 - ( par[0] * (1-par[ 0]) + (1-par[ 0]) * par[ 0] ) )  
    elif i == 1:  value = ( par[0] * (1-par[ 1]) + (1-par[ 0]) * par[ 1] ) / ( 1 - ( par[0] * (1-par[ 1]) + (1-par[ 0]) * par[ 1] ) )  
  
    elif i == 2:  value = ( par[1] * (1-par[ 0]) + (1-par[ 1]) * par[ 0] ) / ( 1 - ( par[1] * (1-par[ 0]) + (1-par[ 1]) * par[ 0] ) )  
    elif i == 3:  value = ( par[1] * (1-par[ 1]) + (1-par[ 1]) * par[ 1] ) / ( 1 - ( par[1] * (1-par[ 1]) + (1-par[ 1]) * par[ 1] ) )  
  
    return value  
nass
```

# Charge flip probability model (Toy)

Toy data A &  
Toy data B



FITTED:  
Toy data A &  
Toy data B



# Charge flip probability and SF (previous)

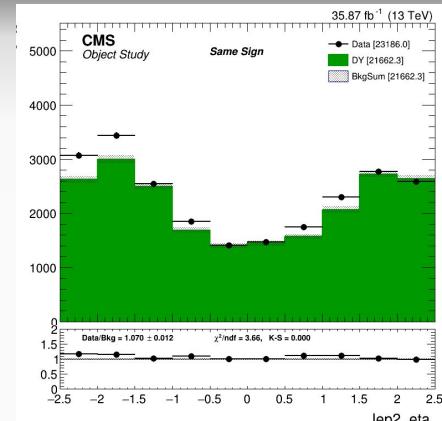
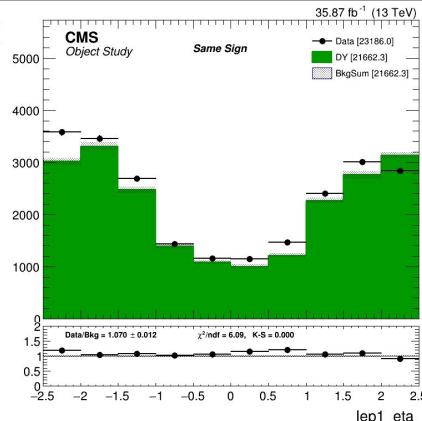
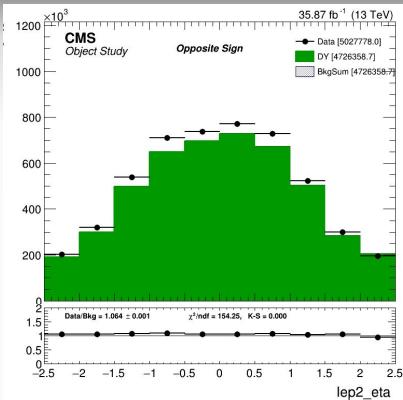
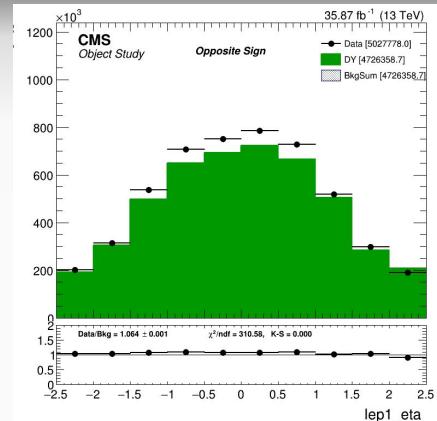
High pt

```
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2016
q0 data : 6.316e-04 +/- 1.189e-05 ; mc : 6.473e-04 +/- 1.275e-05 ; SF : 9.757e-01 +/- 2.724e-02 ( rel.error : 2.79 % )
q1 data : 8.716e-03 +/- 1.042e-04 ; mc : 7.753e-03 +/- 7.931e-05 ; SF : 1.124e+00 +/- 1.573e-02 ( rel.error : 1.40 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2017
q0 data : 5.686e-04 +/- 1.026e-05 ; mc : 4.069e-04 +/- 6.365e-06 ; SF : 1.397e+00 +/- 2.388e-02 ( rel.error : 1.71 % )
q1 data : 4.749e-03 +/- 5.935e-05 ; mc : 3.508e-03 +/- 5.777e-05 ; SF : 1.354e+00 +/- 2.067e-02 ( rel.error : 1.53 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2018
q0 data : 6.131e-04 +/- 8.171e-06 ; mc : 4.112e-04 +/- 1.433e-05 ; SF : 1.491e+00 +/- 3.732e-02 ( rel.error : 2.50 % )
q1 data : 4.951e-03 +/- 4.348e-05 ; mc : 4.197e-03 +/- 4.626e-05 ; SF : 1.180e+00 +/- 1.409e-02 ( rel.error : 1.19 % )
```

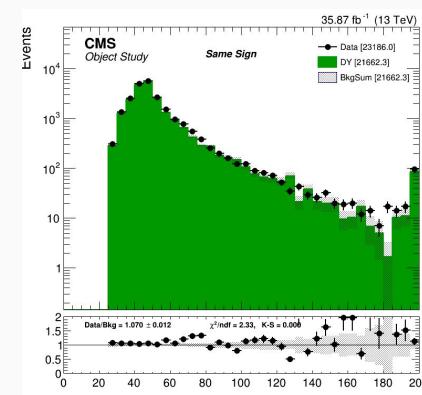
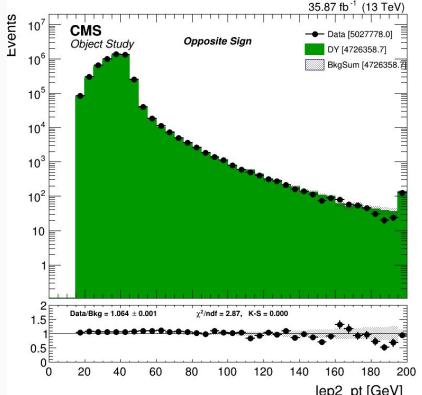
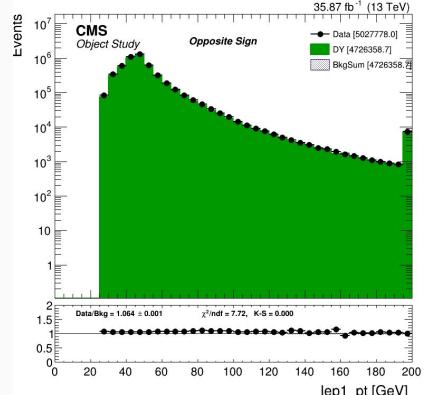
Low pt

```
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2016
q0 data : 1.114e-03 +/- 1.386e-04 ; mc : 1.216e-03 +/- 1.447e-04 ; SF : 9.158e-01 +/- 1.722e-01 ( rel.error : 18.80 % )
q1 data : 9.033e-03 +/- 6.305e-04 ; mc : 2.567e-03 +/- 3.129e-04 ; SF : 3.519e+00 +/- 1.405e-01 ( rel.error : 3.99 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2017
q0 data : 9.134e-04 +/- 1.308e-04 ; mc : 2.302e-04 +/- 2.966e-04 ; SF : 3.968e+00 +/- 1.297e+00 ( rel.error : 32.67 % )
q1 data : 1.572e-03 +/- 2.801e-04 ; mc : 1.884e-03 +/- 3.392e-04 ; SF : 8.343e-01 +/- 2.533e-01 ( rel.error : 30.36 % )
====> scale factor DATA/MC for 2018
q0 data : 8.488e-04 +/- 1.015e-04 ; mc : 6.600e-04 +/- 6.098e-05 ; SF : 1.286e+00 +/- 1.511e-01 ( rel.error : 11.75 % )
q1 data : 1.931e-03 +/- 2.109e-04 ; mc : 2.478e-03 +/- 2.575e-04 ; SF : 7.791e-01 +/- 1.508e-01 ( rel.error : 19.35 % )
```

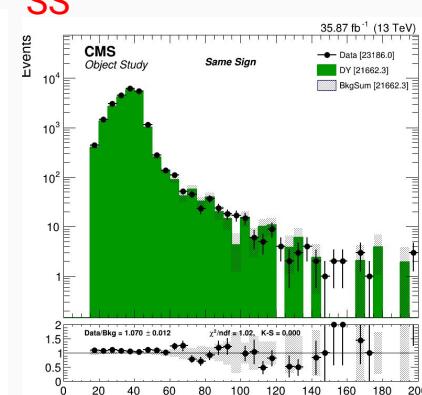
# Drell-Yan CR OS and SS modeling (2016)



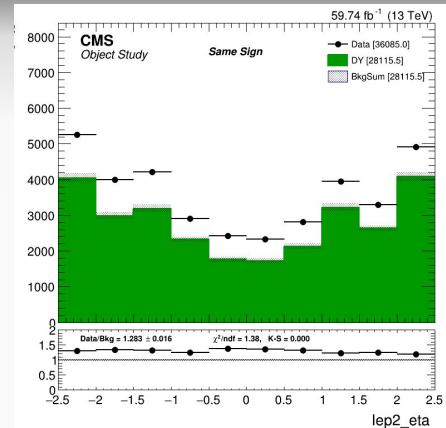
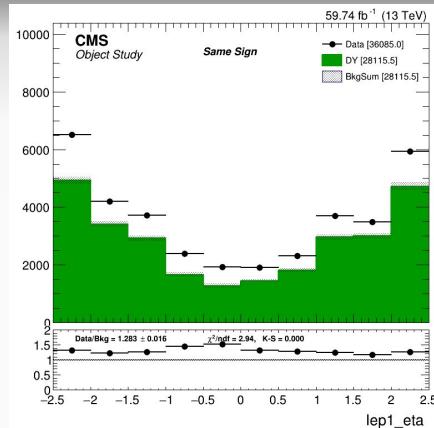
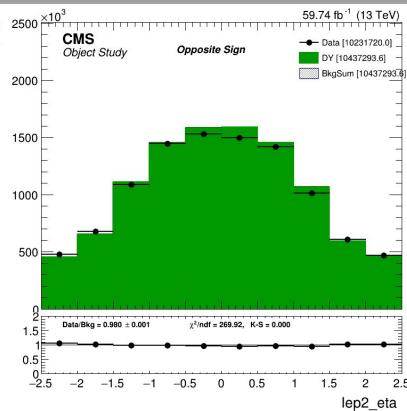
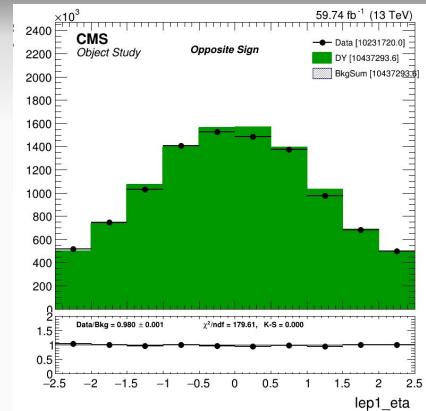
**OS**



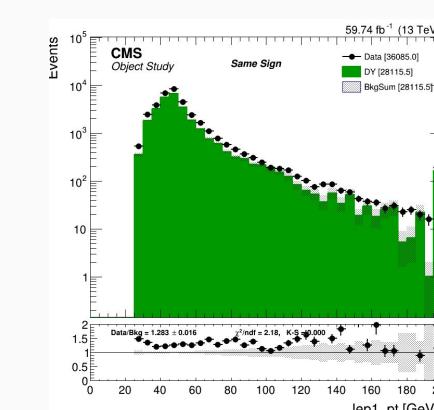
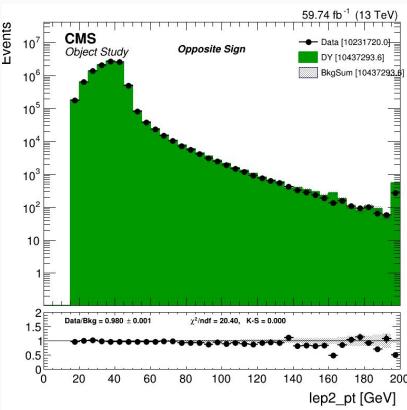
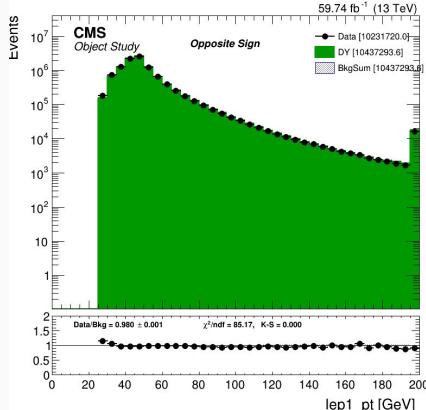
**SS**



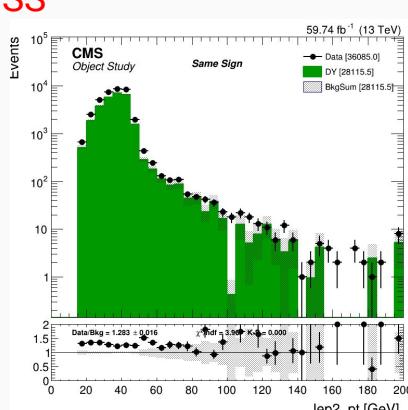
# Drell-Yan CR OS and SS modeling (2018)



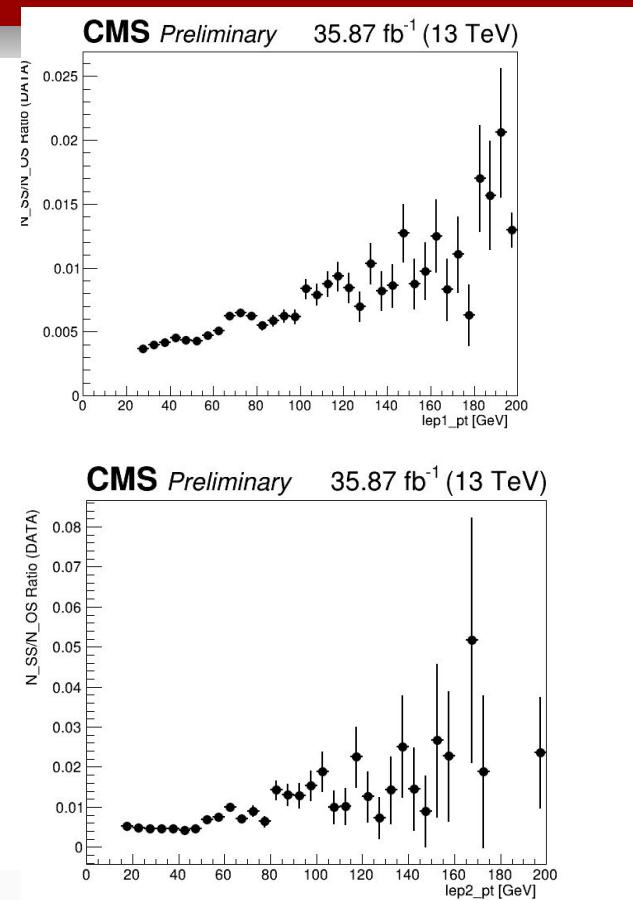
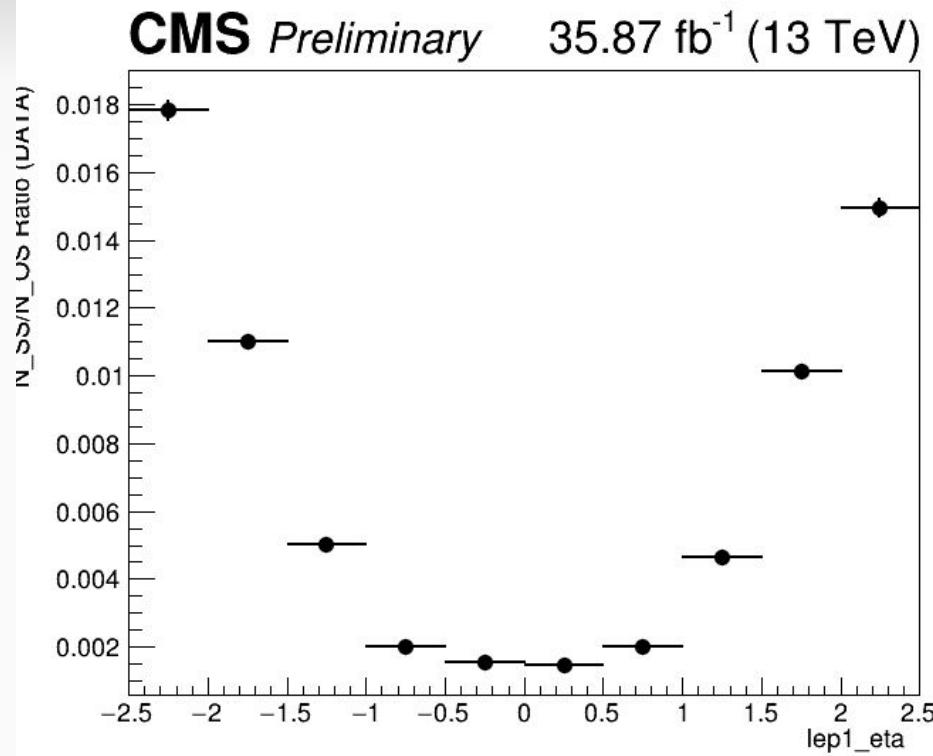
**OS**



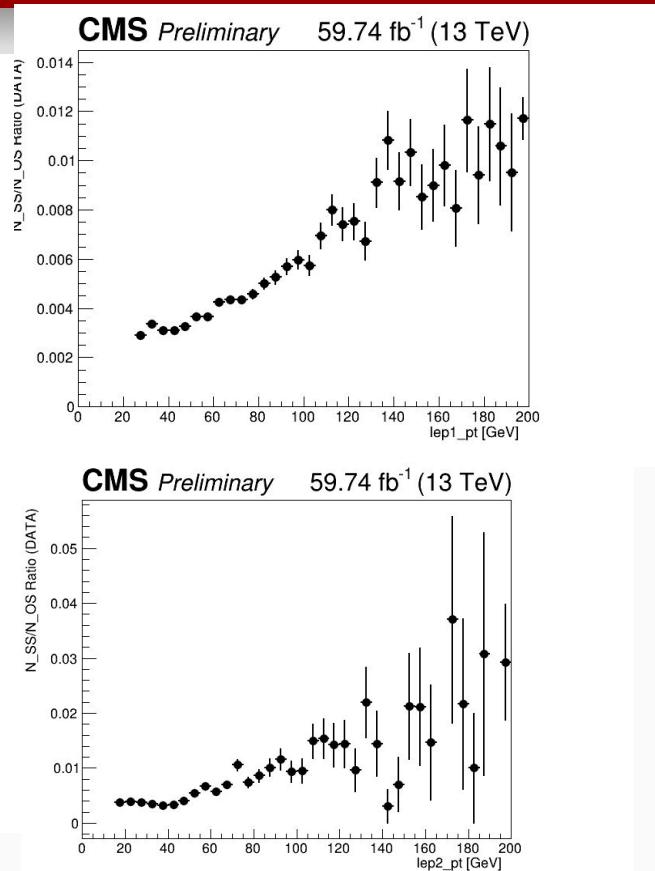
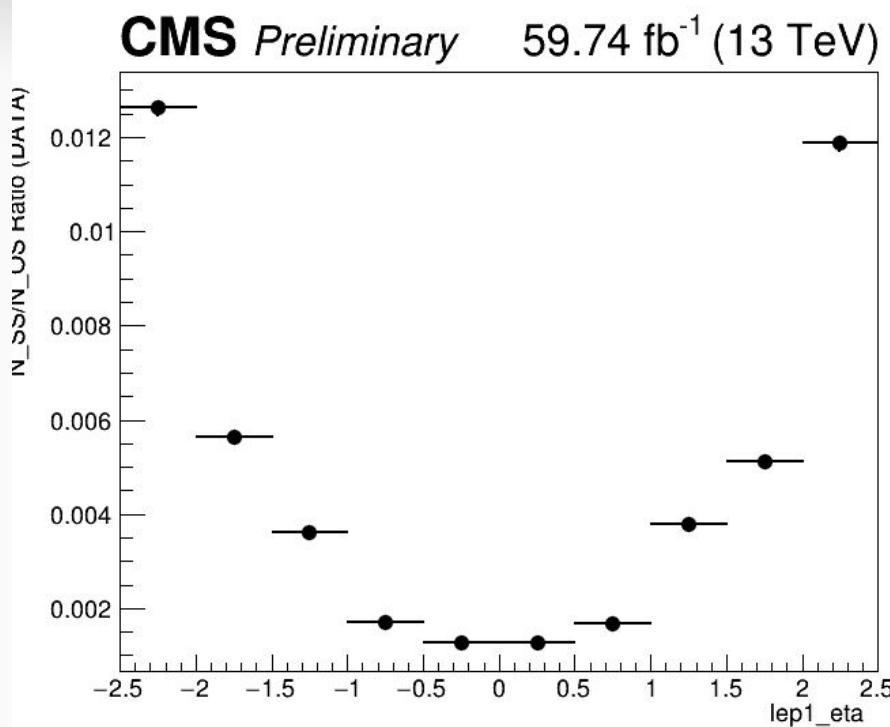
**SS**



# Drell-Yan CR Pt and Eta dependency (2016)

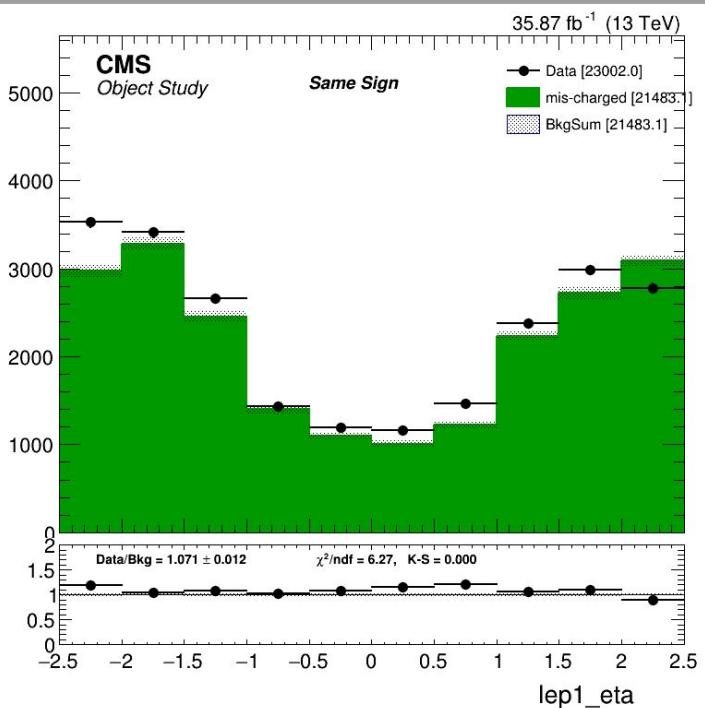


# Drell-Yan CR Pt and Eta dependency (2018)

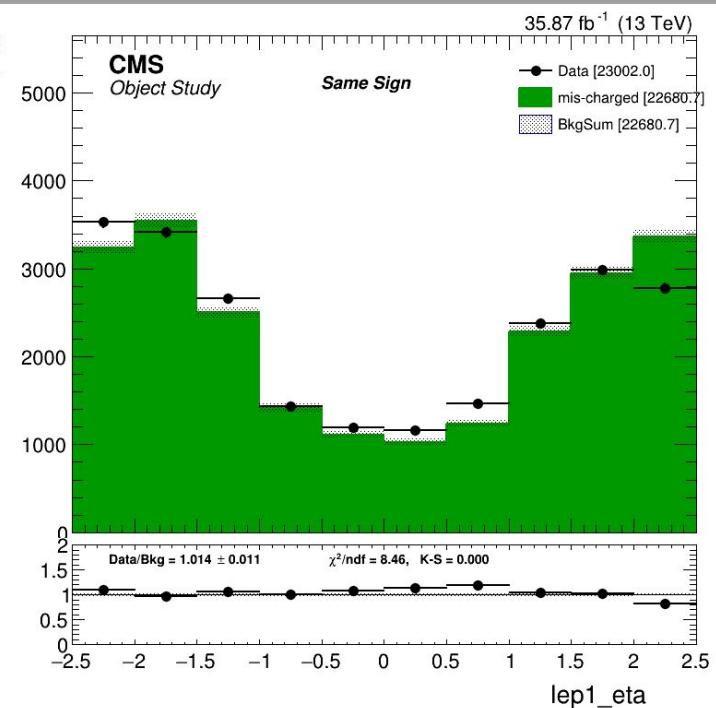


# Validation 2016

# SF Validation (2016)



x SF(pt,eta)

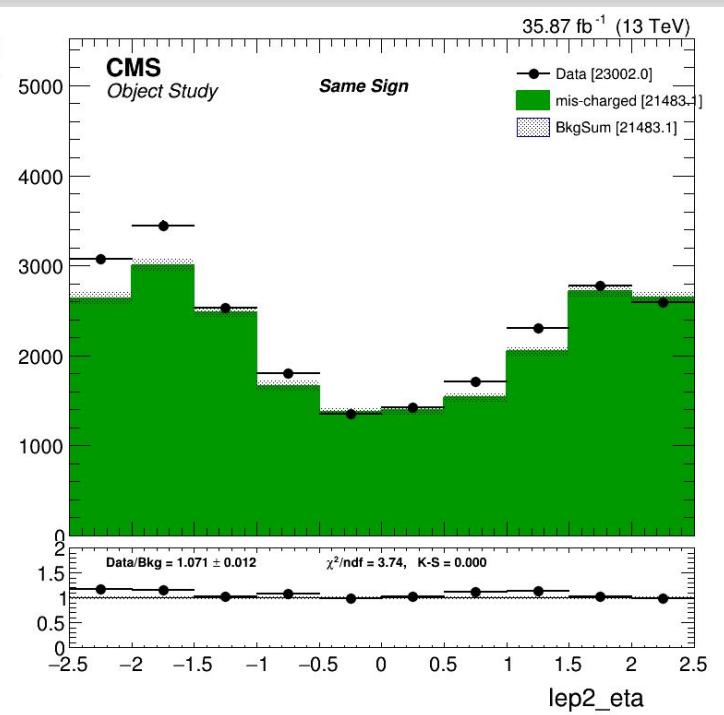


Before

SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

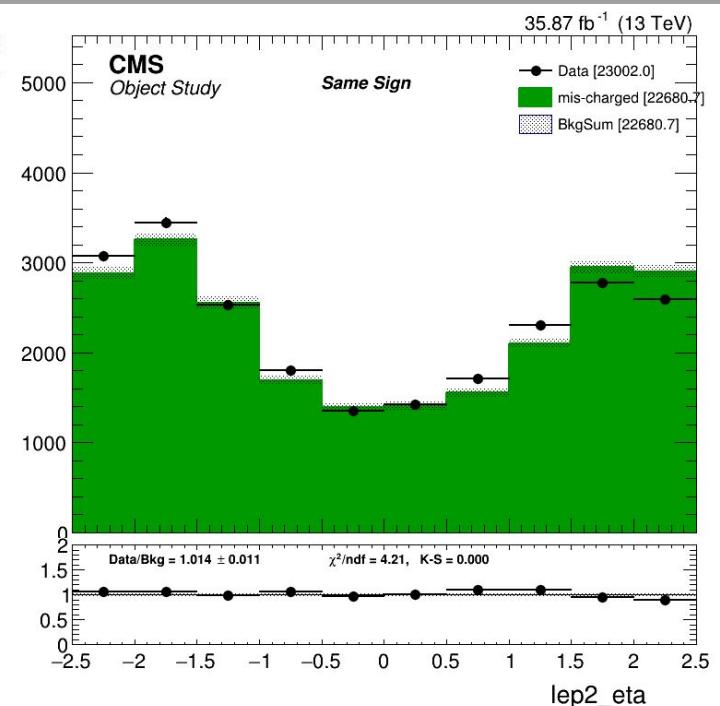
After

# SF Validation (2016)



Before

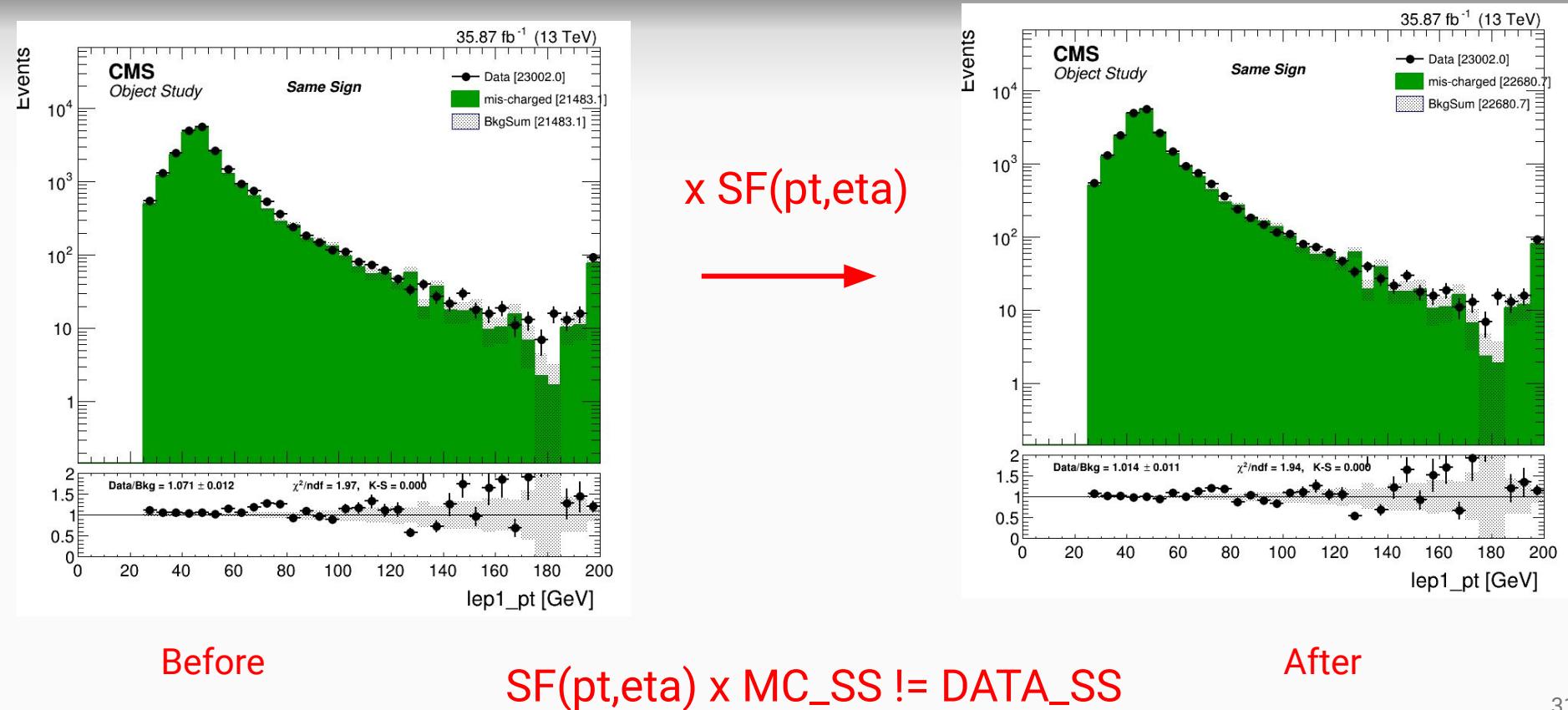
$\times \text{SF(pt,eta)}$



After

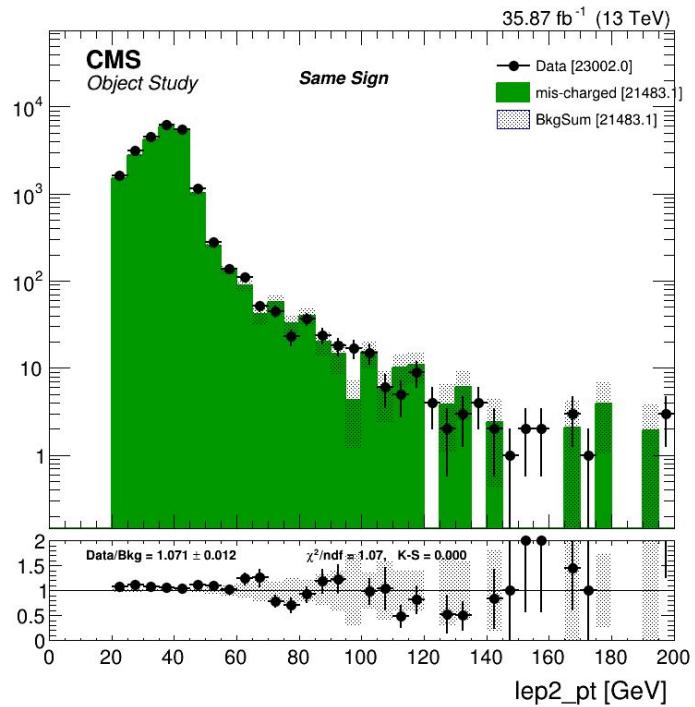
$\text{SF(pt,eta)} \times \text{MC_SS} \neq \text{DATA_SS}$

# SF Validation (2016)



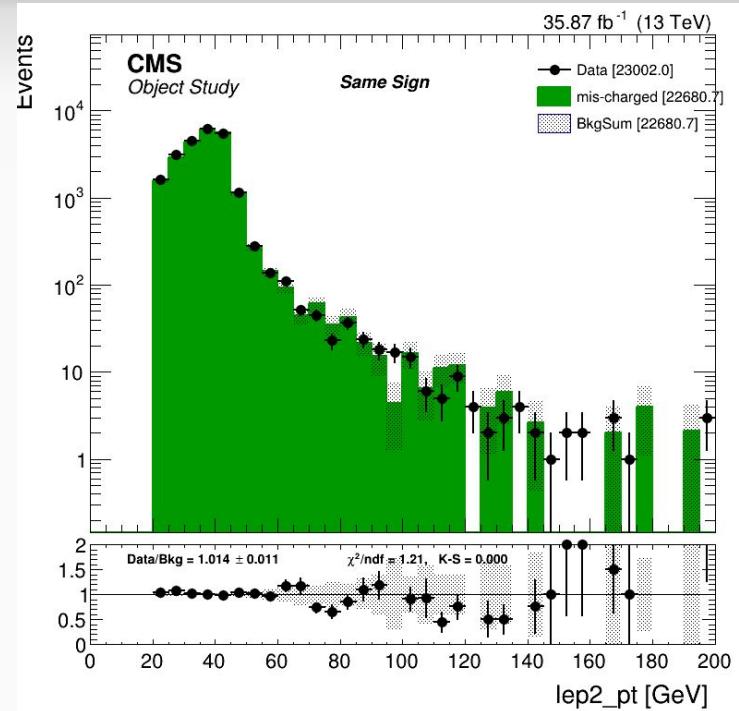
# SF Validation (2016)

Events



Before

x SF(pt,eta)

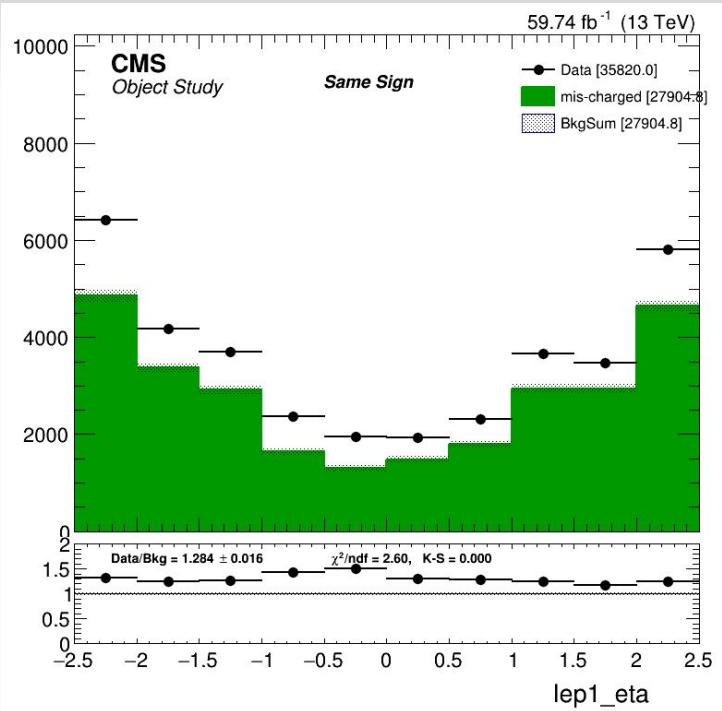


After

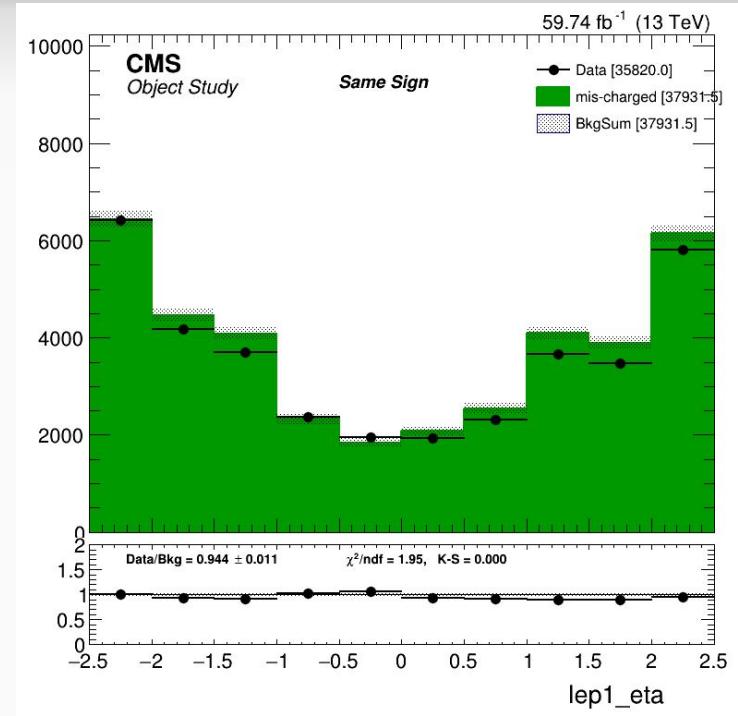
SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

# Validation 2018

# SF Validation (2018)



x SF(pt,eta)

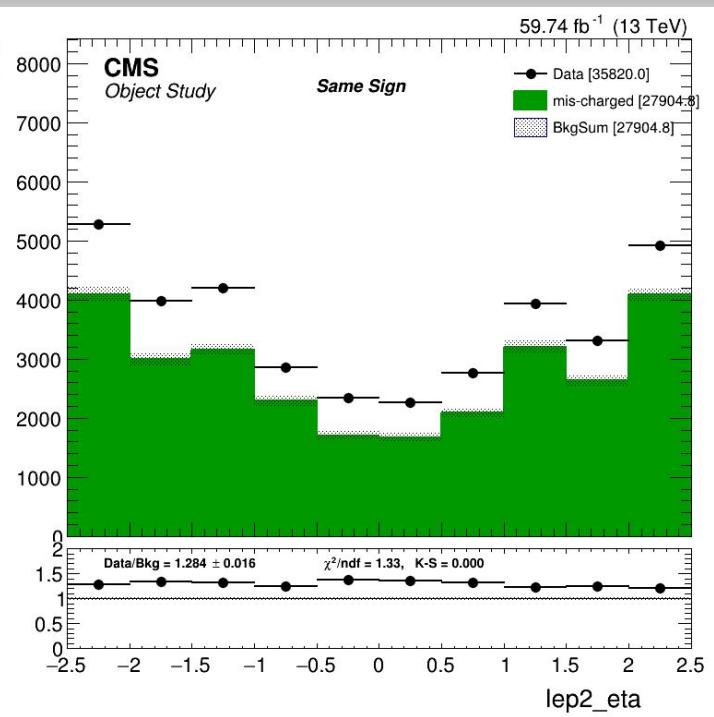


Before

SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

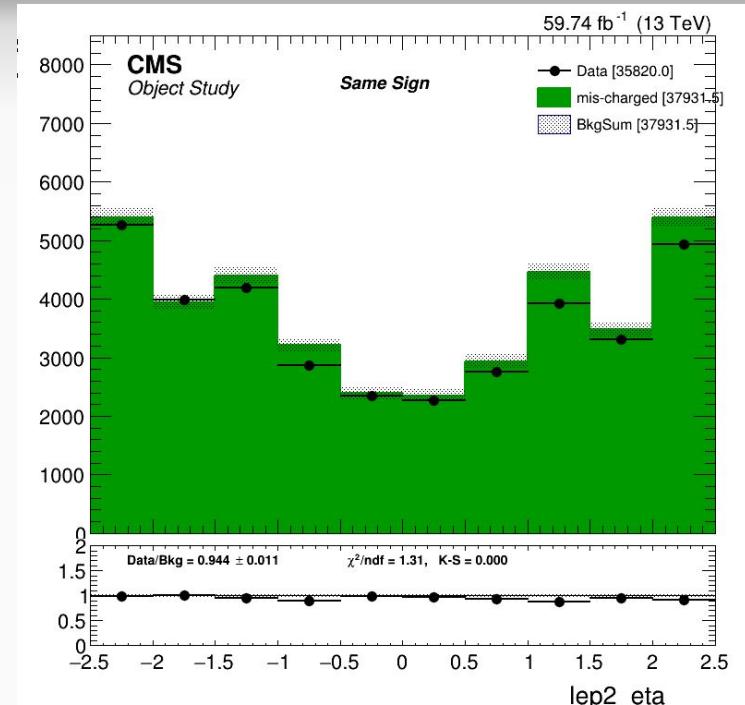
After

# SF Validation (2018)



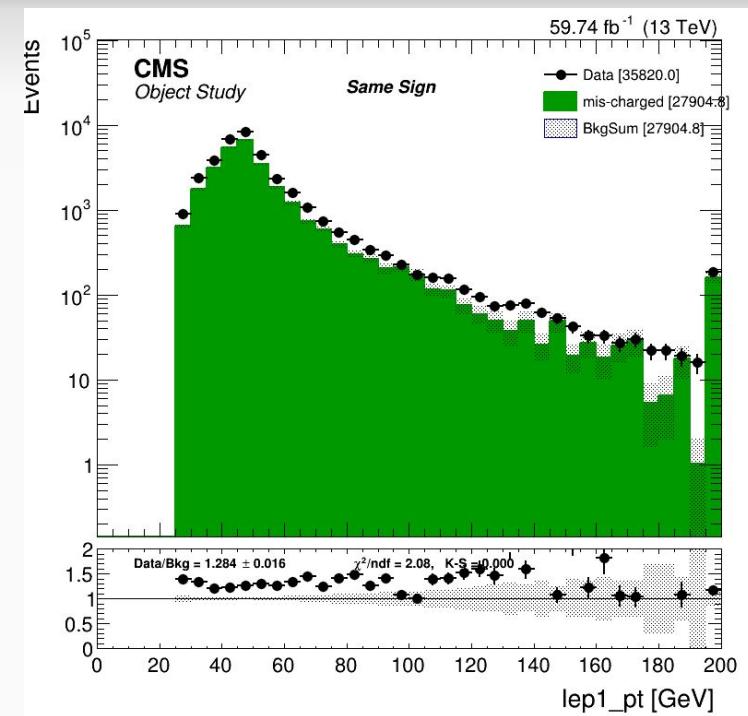
Before

SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS



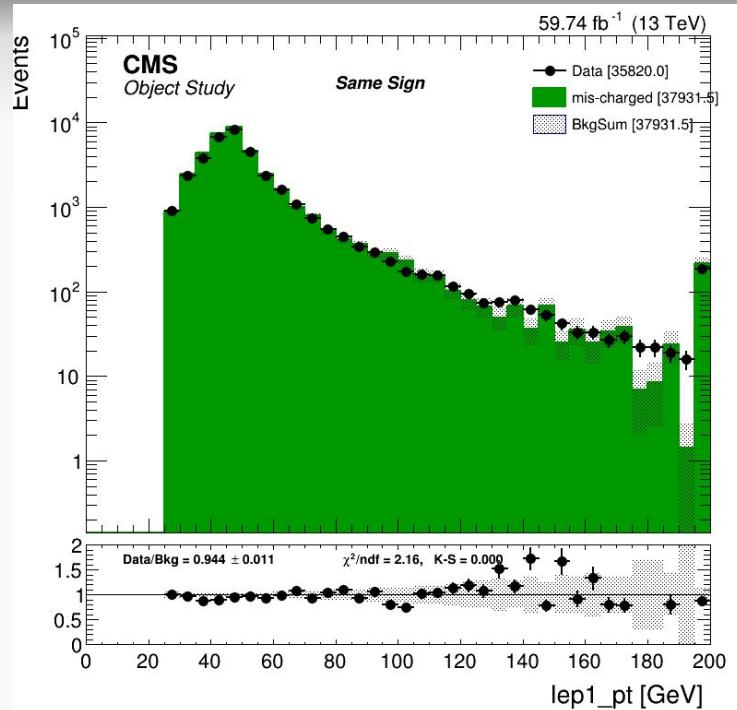
After

# SF Validation (2018)



Before

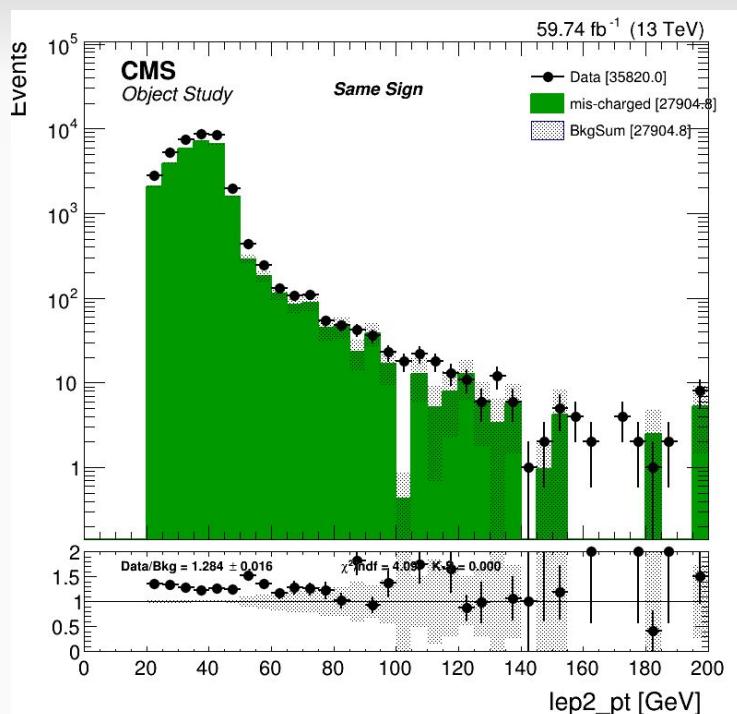
x SF(pt,eta)



After

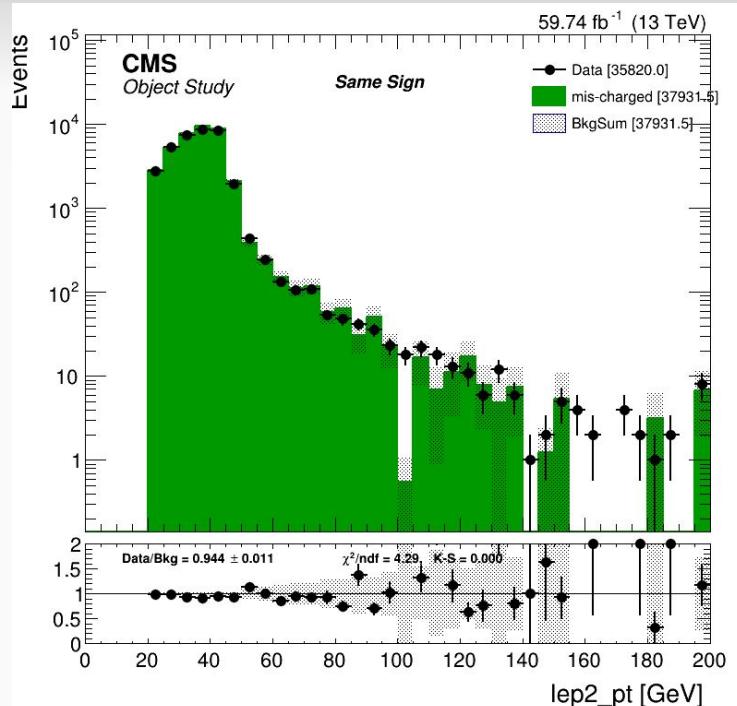
SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS

# SF Validation (2018)



Before

x SF(pt,eta)



After

SF(pt,eta) x MC\_SS != DATA\_SS