6.033 Spring 2019

Lecture #18

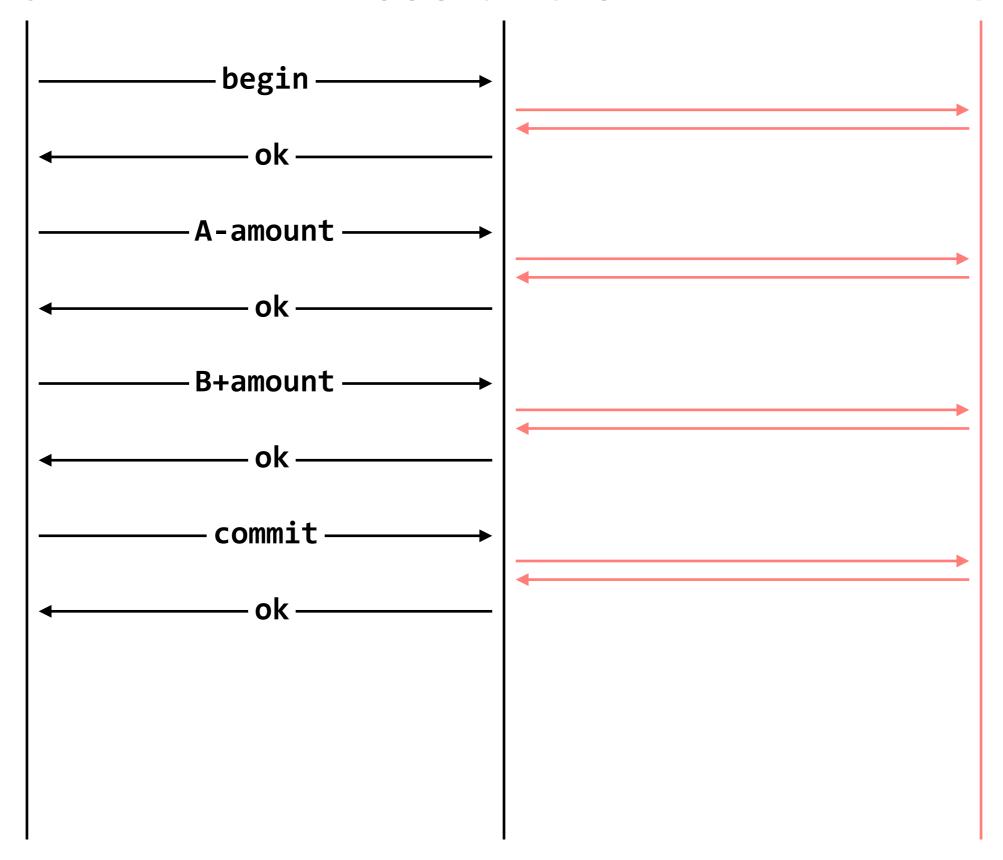
- Distributed transactions
 - Multi-site atomicity
 - Two-phase commit

goal: build reliable systems from unreliable components the abstraction that makes that easier is

transactions, which provide atomicity and isolation, while not hindering performance

atomicity — shadow copies (simple, poor performance) or logs (better performance, a bit more complex)
isolation — two-phase locking

eventually, we also want transaction-based systems to be distributed: to run across multiple machines



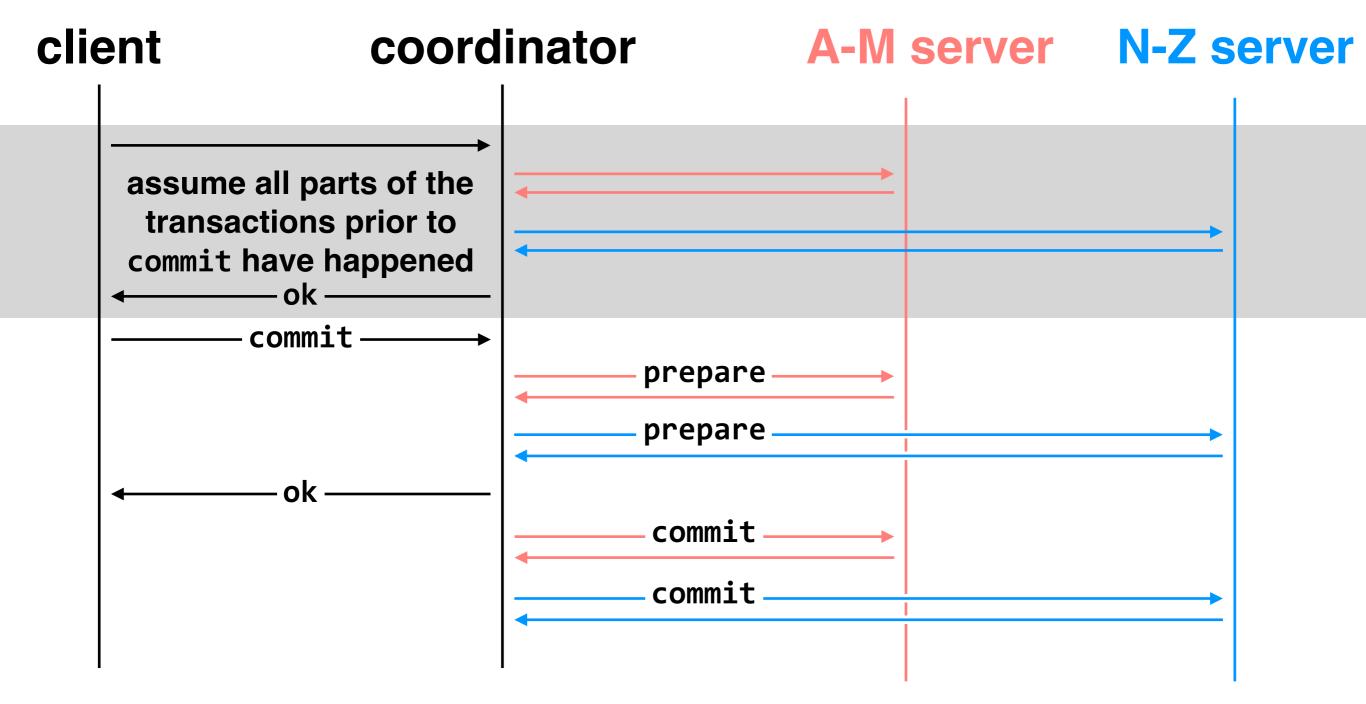
goal: develop a protocol that can provide **multi-site atomicity** in the face of all sorts of failures

(message loss, message reordering, worker failure, coordinator failure)

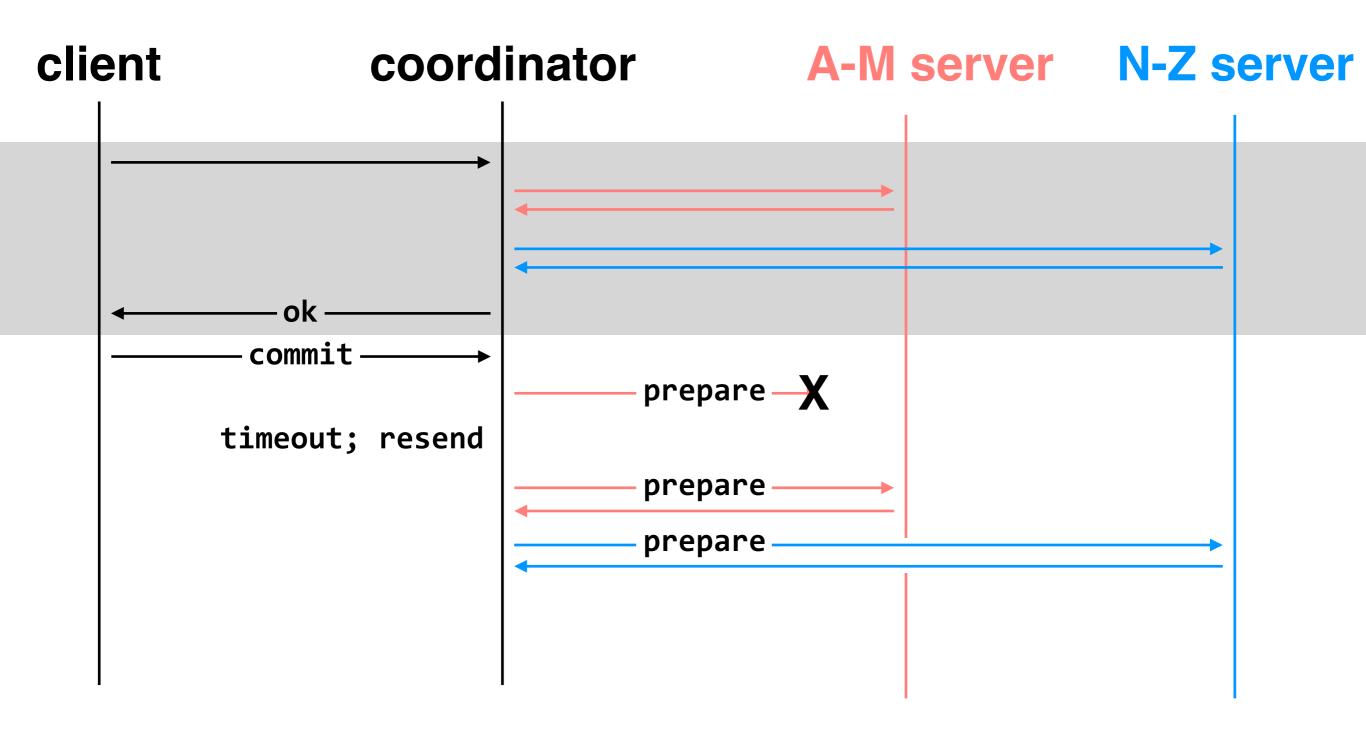
goal: develop a protocol that can provide **multi-site atomicity** in the face of all sorts of failures

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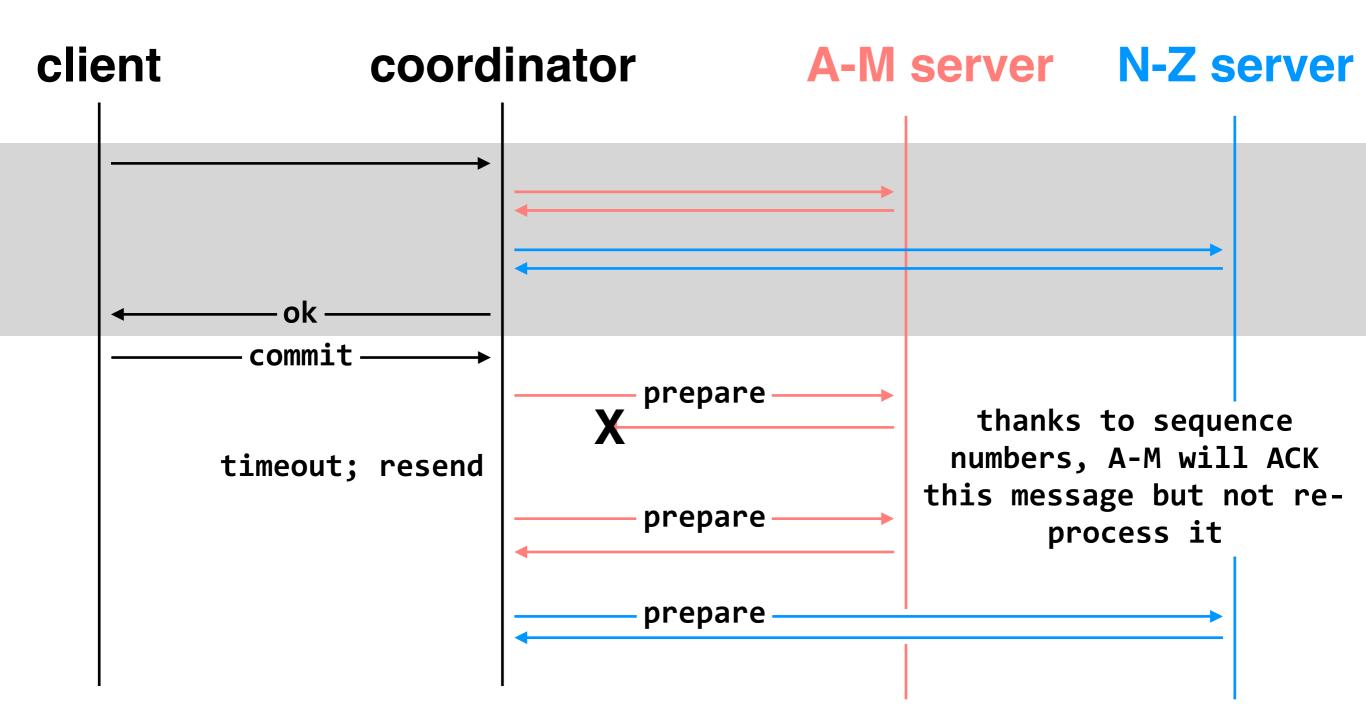
message failures solved with reliable transport protocol (sequence numbers + ACKs)



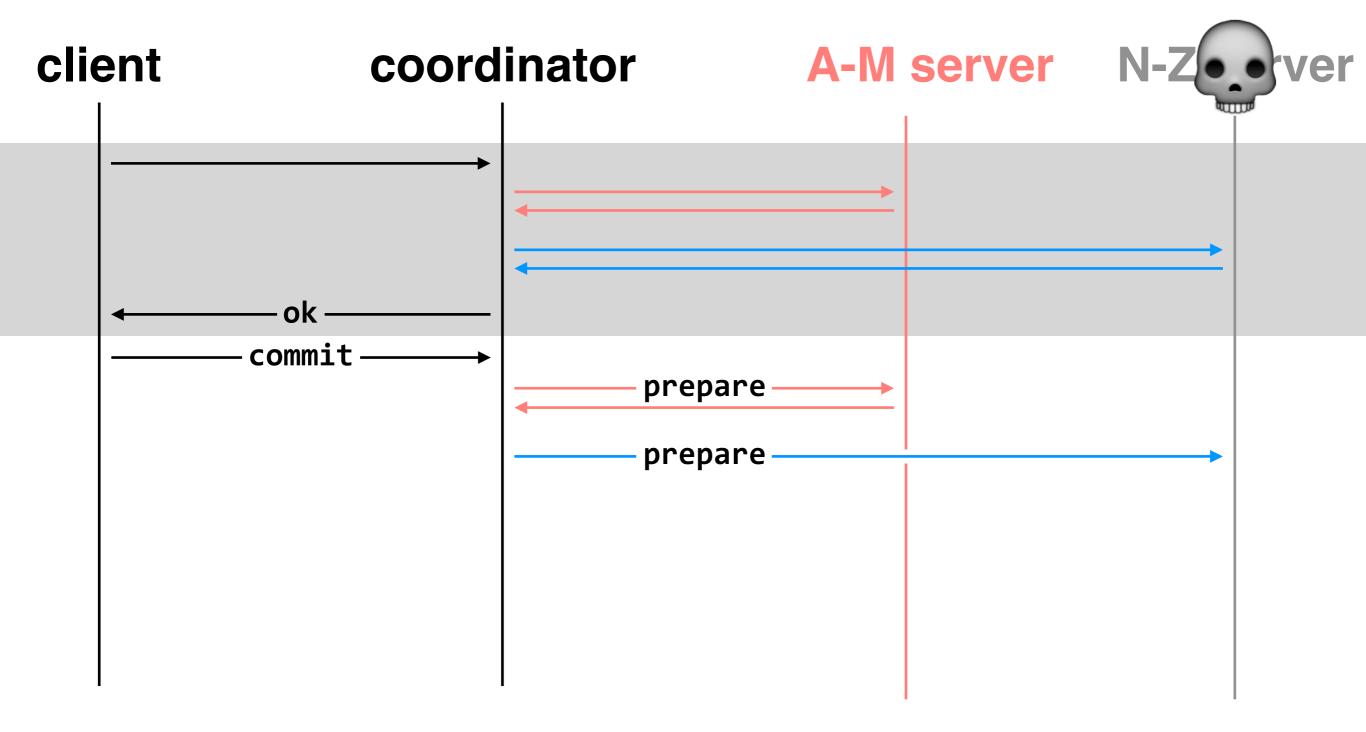
two-phase commit: nodes agree that they're ready to commit before committing



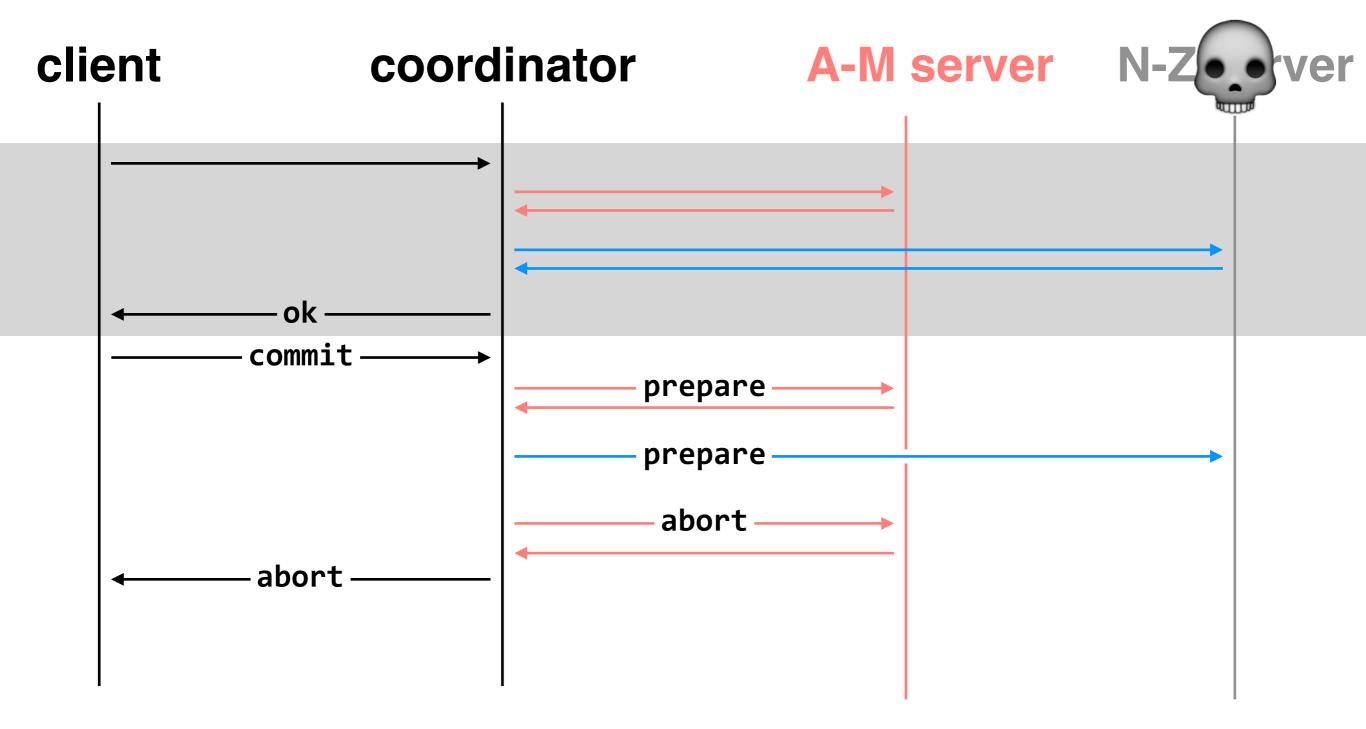
failure: lost prepare



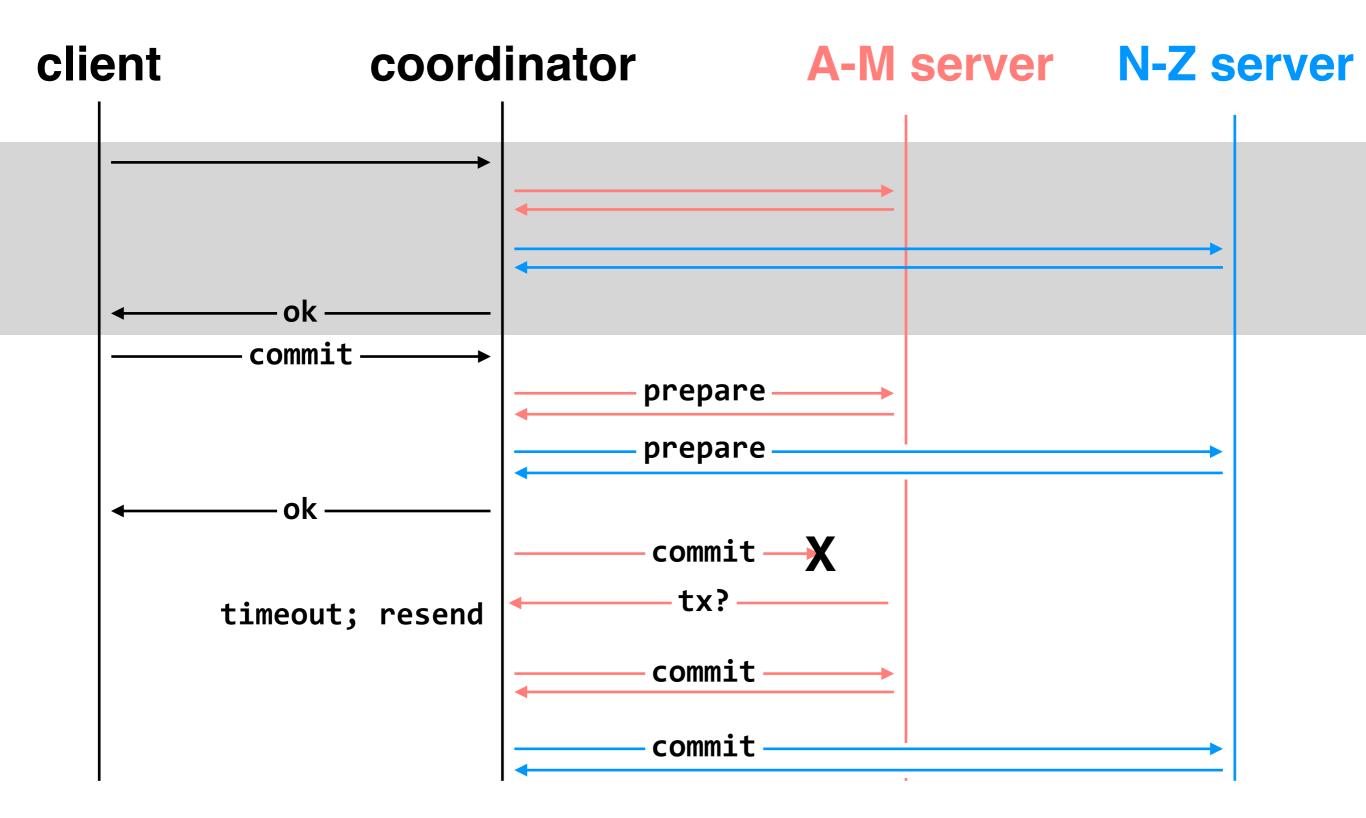
failure: lost ACK for prepare



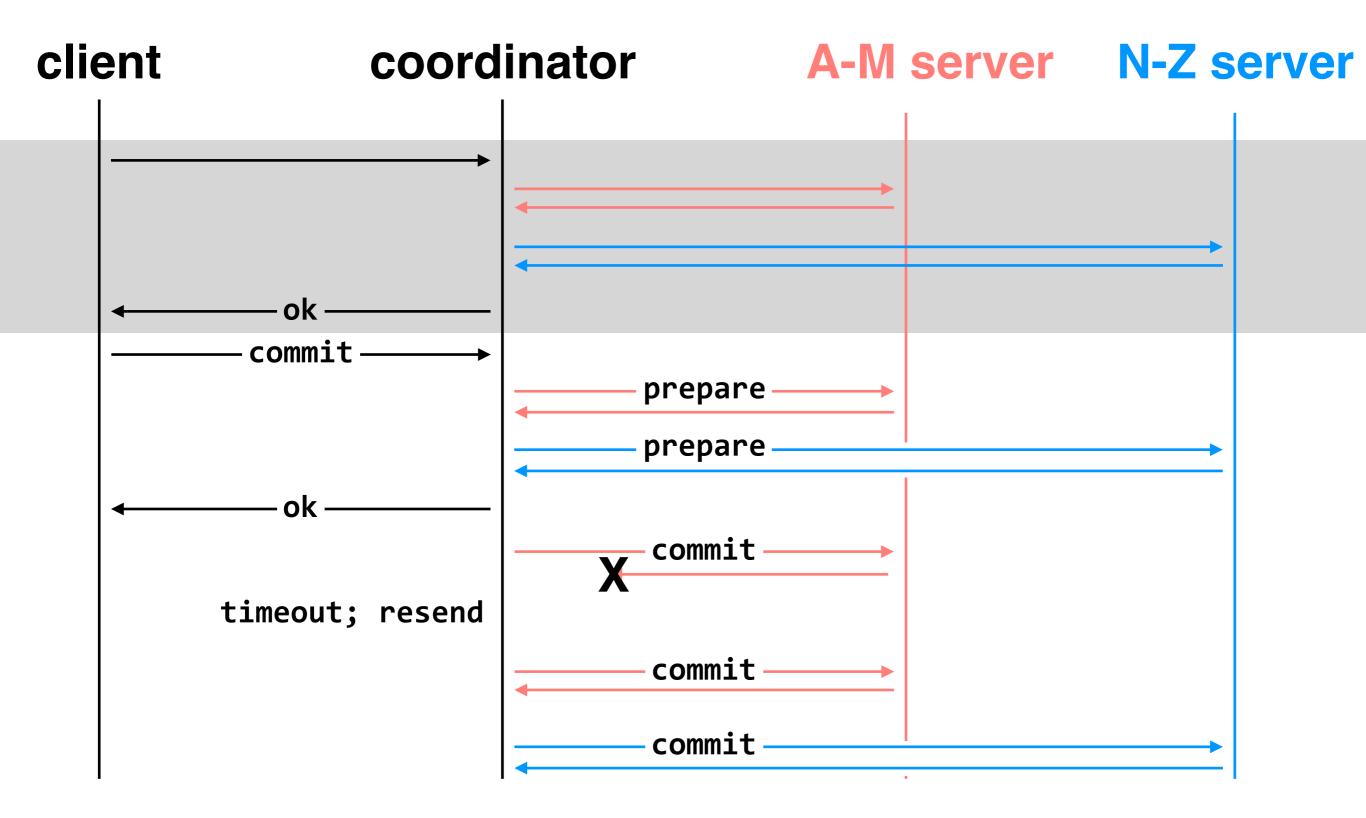
failure: worker failure while preparing



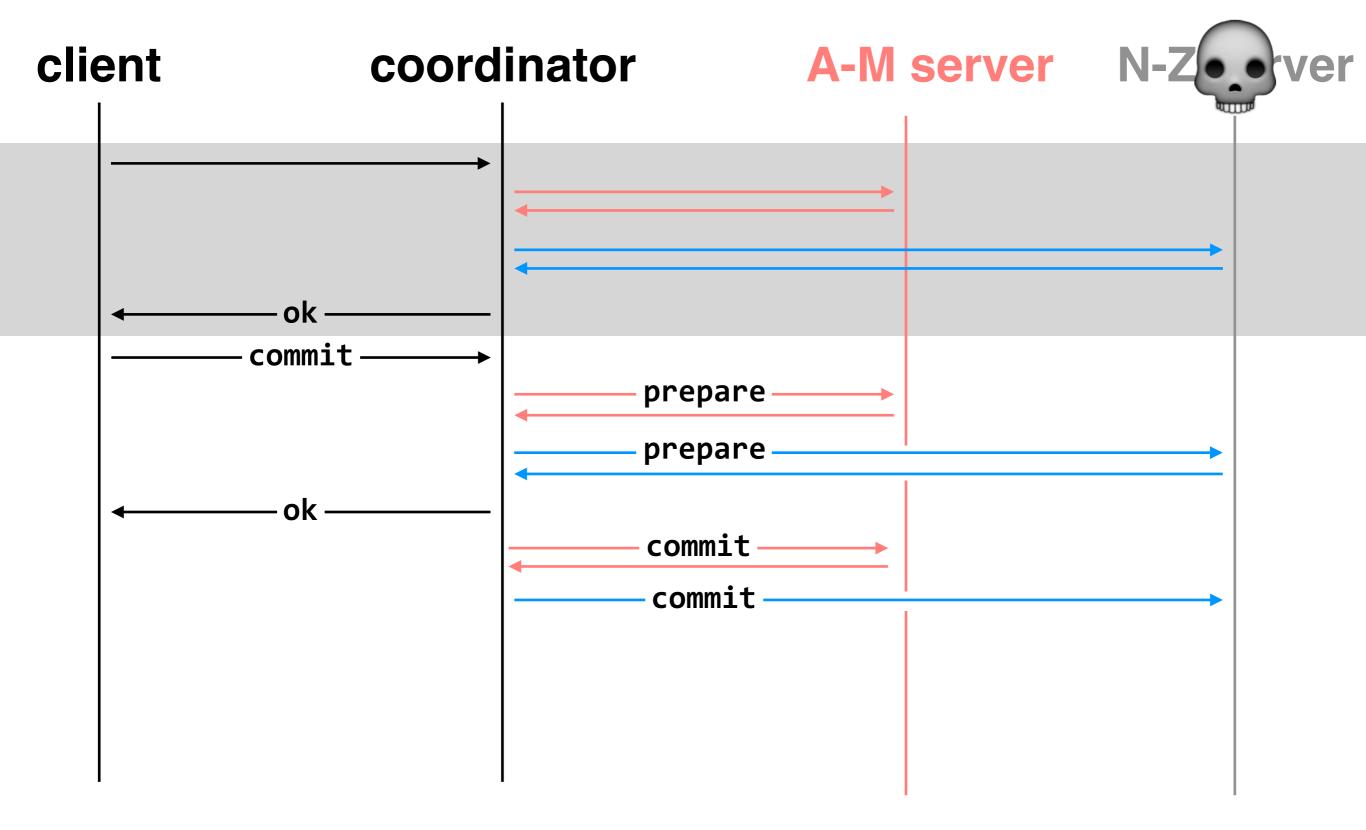
failure: worker failure while preparing



failure: lost commit message



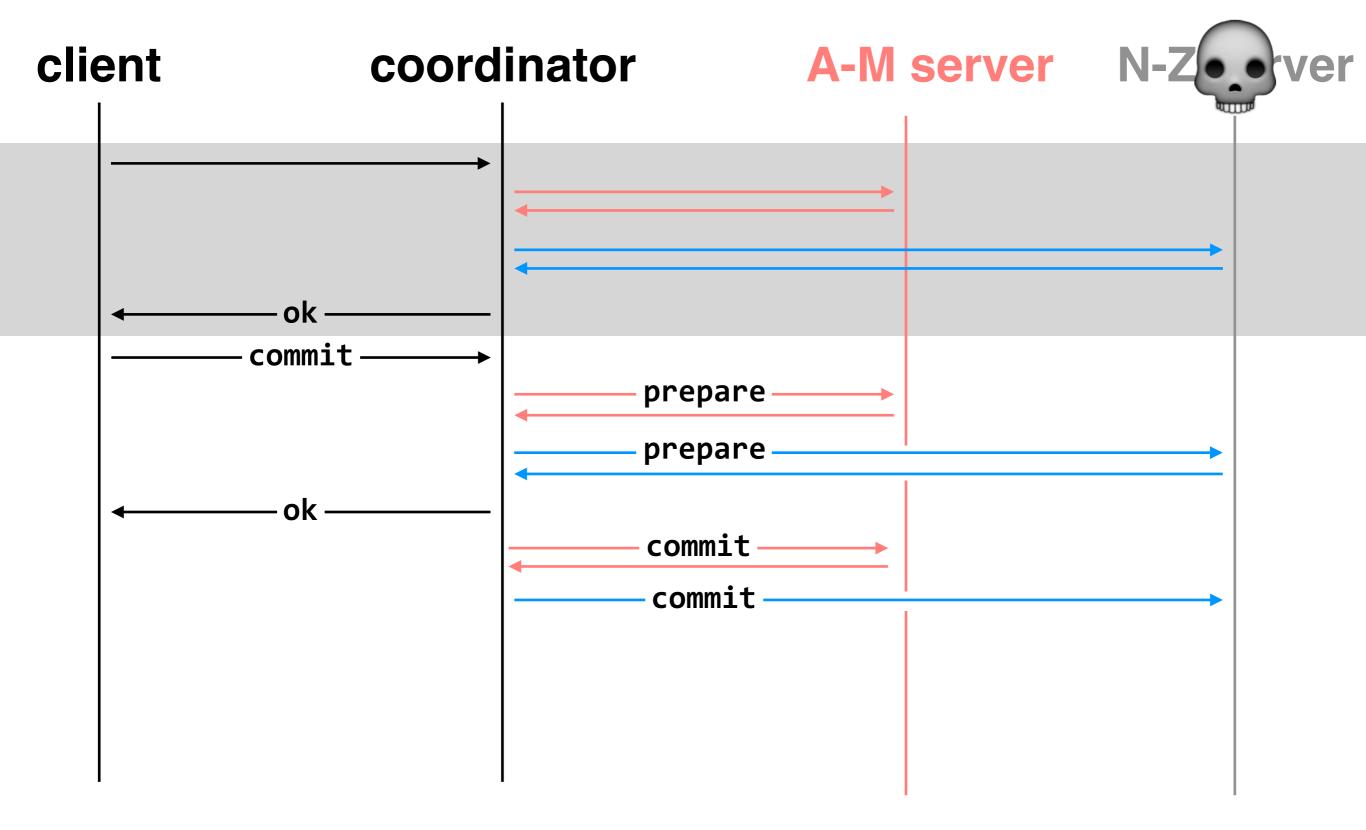
failure: lost ACK for commit message



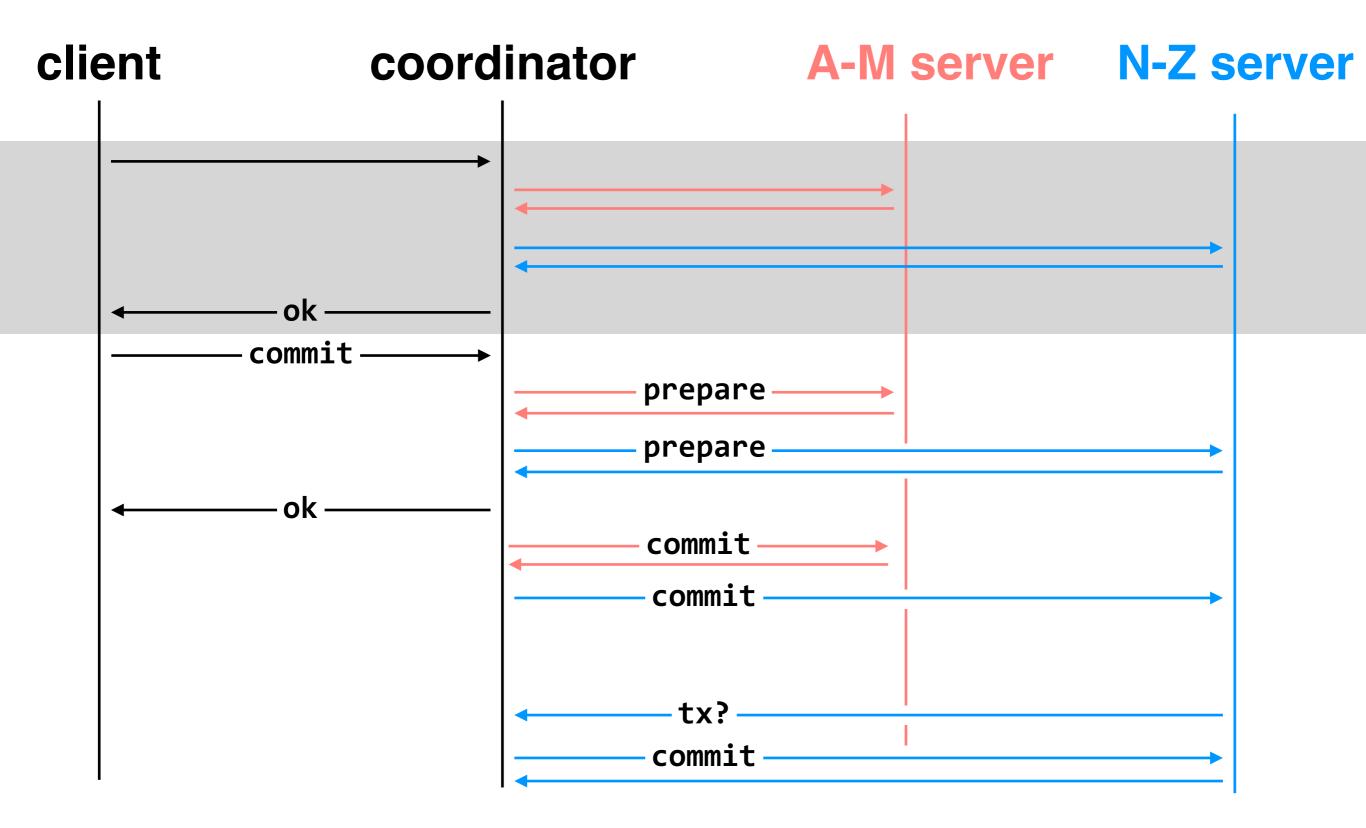
failure: worker failure during commit

if workers fail after the commit point, we cannot abort the transaction. workers must be able to recover into a prepared state

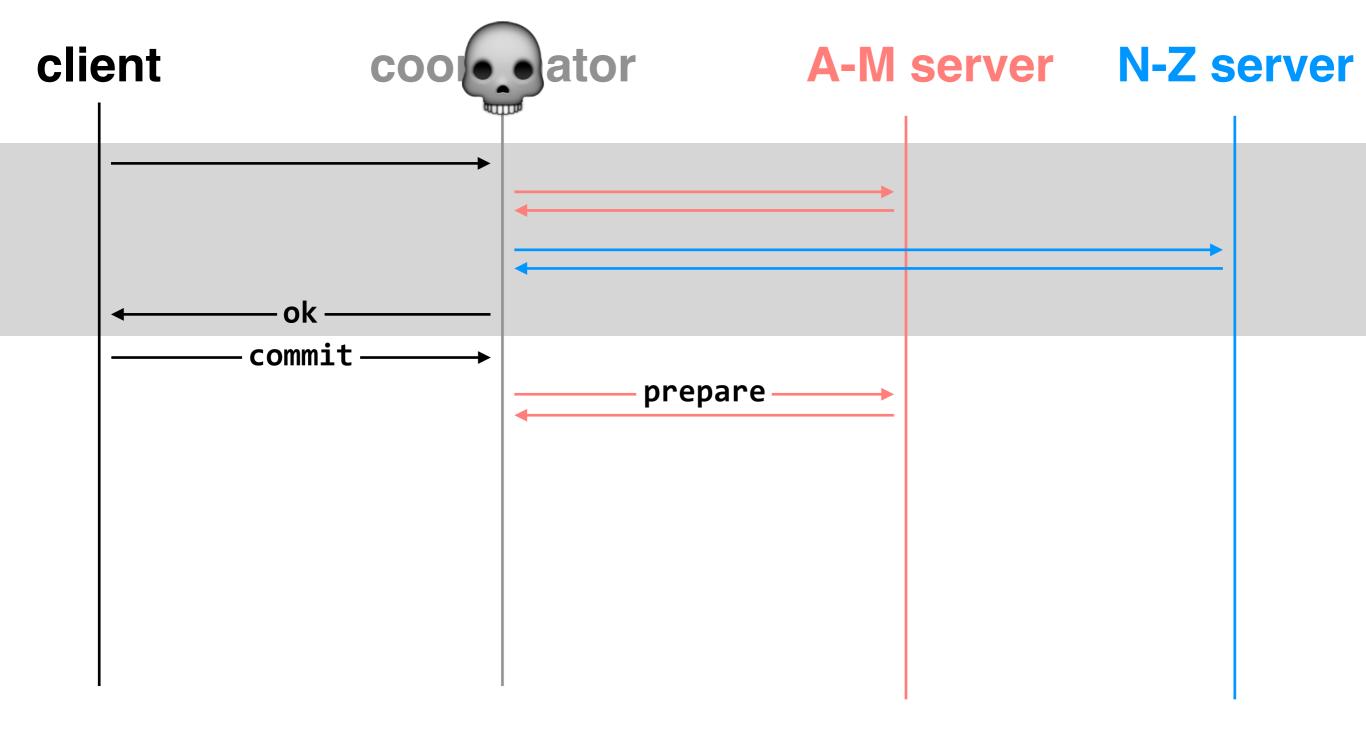
workers write **PREPARE** records once prepared. the recovery process — reading through the log — will indicate which transactions are prepared but not committed



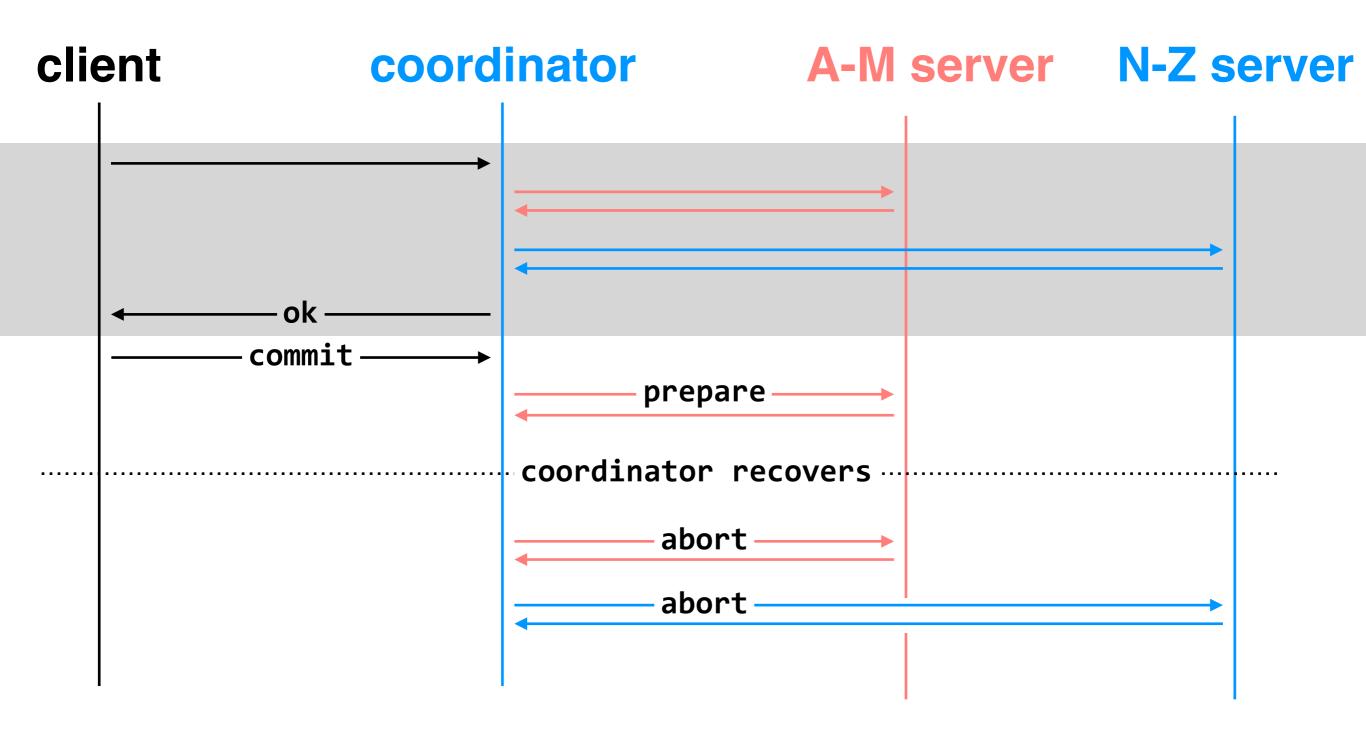
failure: worker failure during commit



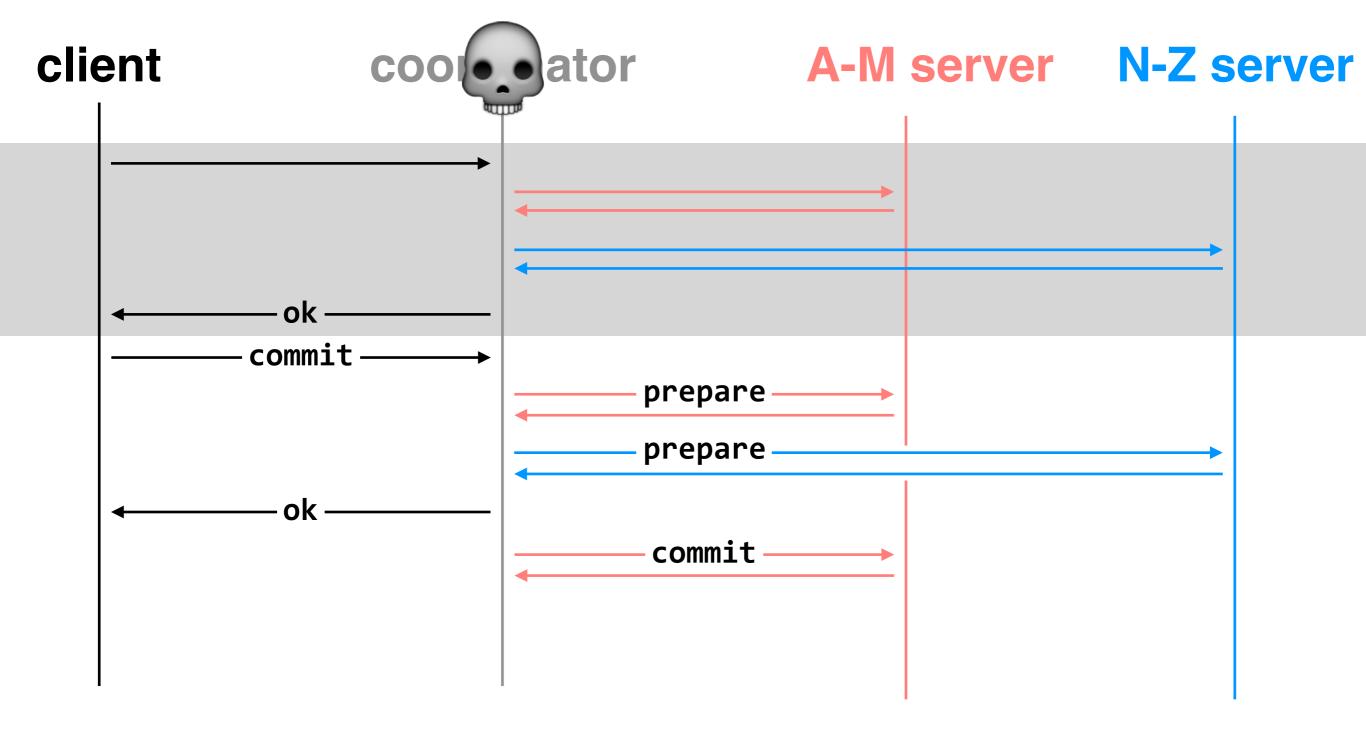
failure: worker failure during commit



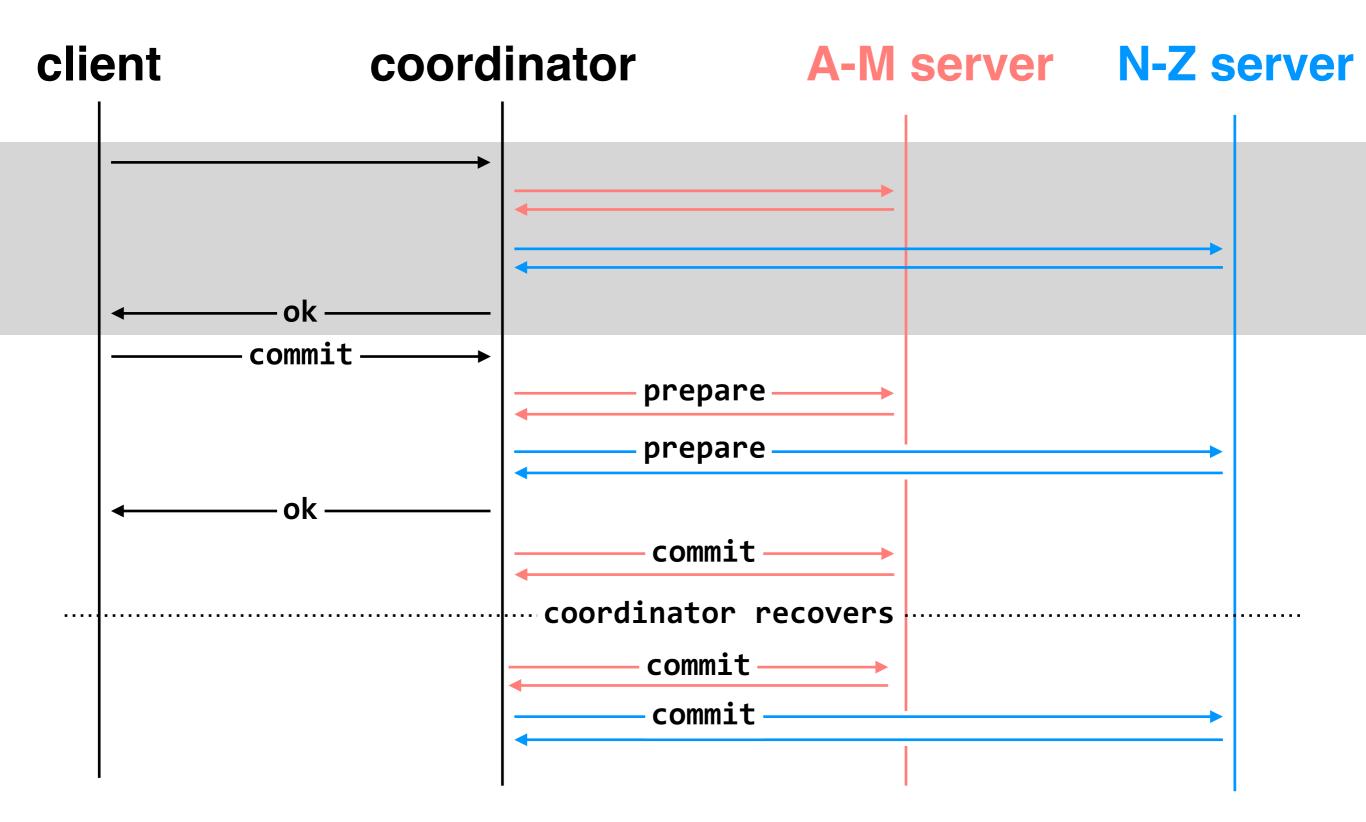
failure: coordinator failure during prepare



failure: coordinator failure during prepare



failure: coordinator failure during commit



failure: coordinator failure during commit

problem: in our example, when workers fail, some of the data (e.g., accounts A-M) is completely unavailable

solution: replicate data

but! how will we keep multiple copies of the data **consistent**? what type of consistency do we want?

- Two-phase commit allows us to achieve multi-site atomicity: transactions remain atomic even when they require communication with multiple machine.
- In two-phase commit, failures prior to the commit point can be aborted. If workers (or the coordinator) fail after the commit point, they recover into the prepared state, and complete the transaction.
- Our remaining issue deals with availability and replication: we will replicate data across sites to improve availability, but must deal with keeping multiple copies of the data consistent.