Learning Abstract:

This assignment involves various computations in the functional programming language Haskell. It includes making use of common programming paradigms such as list comprehensions, recursion, string processing and high order functions. It also includes a program that encodes phrases to classical morse code and a breakdown of a complex statistics formula through functional means.

Task 1: Mindfully Mimicking the Demo

```
$ ghci
GHCi, version 8.10.7: https://www.haskell.org/ghc/ :? for h
elp
Prelude> :set prompt ">>>> "
>>>> words "need more coffee"
["need", "more", "coffee"]
>>>> unwords ["need", "more", "coffee"]
"need more coffee"
>>>> reverse "need more coffee"
"eeffoc erom deen"
>>>> reverse "need more coffee"
"eeffoc erom deen"
>>>> head ["need", "more", "coffee"]
"need"
>>> reverse ["need","more","coffee"]
["coffee", "more", "need"]
>>>> tail ["need", "more", "coffee"]
["more", "coffee"]
>>>> last ["need","more","coffee"]
"coffee"
>>>> init ["need", "more", "coffee"]
["need","more"]
>>>> take 7 "need more coffee"
"need mo"
>>>> drop 7 "need more coffee"
"re coffee"
>>>> ( \x -> length x > 5 ) "Friday"
>>>> ( \x -> length x > 5 ) "uhoh"
False
>>>> ( \x -> x /= ' ' ) '0'
True
False
>>>> filter ( \x -> x /= ' ' ) "Is Haskell Fun Yet"
"IsHaskellFunYet"
>>>> :quit
Leaving GHCi.
```

Task 2 - Numeric Function Definitions

Demo

```
$ ghci
GHCi, version 8.10.7: <a href="https://www.haskell.org/ghc/">https://www.haskell.org/ghc/</a> :? for help
Prelude> :load task2.hs
[1 of 1] Compiling Main
                                      ( task2.hs, interpreted )
Ok, one module loaded.
*Main> :set prompt ">>>> "
>>>> squareArea 10
100.0
>>>> squareArea 12
144.0
>>>> circleArea 10
314.1592653589793
>>>> circleArea 12
452.3893421169302
>>>> blueAreaOfCube 10
482.19027549038276
>>>> blueAreaOfCube 12
694.3539967061512
>>>> blueAreaOfCube 1
4.821902754903828
>>>> map blueAreaOfCube [1..3]
[4.821902754903828,19.287611019615312,43.39712479413445]
>>>> paintedCube1 1
0
>>>> paintedCube1 2
>>>> paintedCube1 3
6
>>>> map paintedCube1 [1..10]
[0,0,6,24,54,96,150,216,294,384]
>>>> paintedCube2 1
>>>> paintedCube2 2
>>>> paintedCube2 3
12
>>>> map paintedCube2 [1..10]
[0,0,12,24,36,48,60,72,84,96]
```

```
squareArea :: Floating a => a -> a
    squareArea x = x * x
    circleArea :: Floating a => a -> a
    circleArea r = (pi * (r ^2))
11
12
13
    -- Part 3 - blueAreaOfCube -----
15
    blueAreaOfCube :: Floating a => a -> a
17
    blueAreaOfCube x = (6 * s) - (6 * c)
       where s = squareArea x
      c = circleArea (0.25 * x)
    -- Part 4 - paintedCube1 ------
23
    paintedCube1 :: (Num p, Eq p) => p -> p
    paintedCube1 n =
       if (n == 1) then 0
       else (6 * (n - 2) ^ 2)
    -- Part 5 - paintedCube2 -----
    paintedCube2 :: (Eq p, Num p) => p -> p
     paintedCube2 n =
34
        if (n == 1) then 0
        else ( 12 * ( n - 2 ) )
```

Task 3 – Puzzlers

Demo

```
*Main> :set prompt ">>>> "
>>>> reverseWords "appa and baby yoda are the best"
["best", "the", "are", "yoda", "baby", "and", "appa"]
>>>> reverseWords "want me some coffee"
["coffee", "some", "me", "want"]
>>>> averageWordLength "appa and baby yoda are the best"
3.5714285714285716
>>>> averageWordLength "want me some coffee"
4.0
>>>> reverseWords "My favourite language is Java"
["Java", "is", "language", "favourite", "My"]
>>>> reverseWords "I think python is a computationally inefficient language"
["language", "inefficient", "computationally", "a", "is", "python", "think", "I"]
>>>> averageWordLength "My favourite language is Java"
5.0
>>>> averageWordLength "I think python is a computationally inefficient language"
6.125
>>>> ■
```

Task 4 -- Recursive List Processors

Demo

```
[1 of 1] Compiling Main
Ok, one module loaded.
                                      ( task4.hs, interpreted )
*Main> :set prompt ">>>> "
>>>> list2set [1,2,3,2,3,4,3,4,5]
[1,2,3,4,5]
>>>> list2set "need more coffee"
"ndmr cofe"
>>>> isPalindrome ["coffee","latte","coffee"]
True
>>>> isPalindrome ["coffee","latte","espresso","coffee"]
<interactive>:24:55: error:
  lexical error in string/character literal at end of input
>>>> isPalindrome ["coffee","latte","espresso","coffee"]
False
>>>> isPalindrome [1,2,5,7,11,13,11,7,5,3,2]
False
>>>> isPalindrome [2,3,5,7,11,13,11,7,5,3,2]
True
>>>> collatz 10
[10,5,16,8,4,2,1]
>>>> [11,34,17,52,26,13,40,20,10,5,16,8,4,2,1]
[11,34,17,52,26,13,40,20,10,5,16,8,4,2,1]
>>>> collatz 100
[100,50,25,76,38,19,58,29,88,44,22,11,34,17,52,26,13,40,20,10,5,16,8,4,2,1]
>>>>
```

```
-- Part 1 - list2set -----
     list2set :: Eq a => [a] -> [a]
     list2set [] = []
    list2set (x:xs) = if (elem x xs )
         then list2set(xs)
        else x:(list2set(xs))
13 isPalindrome :: Eq a => [a] -> Bool
     isPalindrome [] = True
     isPalindrome (x:[]) = True
     isPalindrome 1 = if (head 1 == last 1)
         then isPalindrome (tail(init 1))
        else False
     -- Part 3 - collatz -----
     collatz :: Integral a => a -> [a]
     collatz n =
         if ((n `mod` 2 ) == 0) then n:(collatz ( n `div` 2) ) else
         if n == 1 then [1] else
27
         n:(collatz ( 3 * n + 1) )
```

Task 5 – List Comprehensions

Demo

```
*Main> count 'e' "need more coffee"
*Main> count 4 [1,2,3,2,3,4,3,4,5,4,5,6]
*Main> freqTable "need more coffee"
<interactive>:20:1: error:
     * Variable not in scope: freqTable :: [Char] -> t
     * Perhaps you meant `freqTables' (line 12)
*Main> :r
[1 of 1] Compiling Main
                                            ( task5.hs, interpreted )
Ok, one module loaded.
*Main> freqTable "need more coffee"
[('n',1),('d',1),('m',1),('r',1),(' ',2),('c',1),('o',2),('f',2),('e',5)]
*Main> freqTable [1,2,3,2,3,4,3,4,5,4,5,6]
[(1,1),(2,2),(3,3),(4,3),(5,2),(6,1)]
*Main> count 't' "Ten Arguments for Deleting Your Social Media Account Right Now"
*Main> count 'e' "The Elder Scrolls V Skyrim: Special Edition VR Anniversey Edition Deluxe"
*Main> freqTable "Ten Arguments for Deleting Your Social Media Account Right Now"
[('T',1),('m',1),('s',1),('f',1),('D',1),('Y',1),('r',3),('S',1),('1',2),('M',1),('e',5),('d',1),('a',2),('A',2),('c',3),('u',3),('n',4),('R',1),('i',4),('g',3),('h',1),('t',4),('',9),('N',1),('o',
5),('w',1)]
*Main> freqTable "The Elder Scrolls V Skyrim: Special Edition VR Anniversey Edition Deluxe"
[('T',1),('h',1),('k',1),('m',1),(':',1),('S',3),('p',1),('c',2),('a',1),('V',2),('R',1),('A',1),('v',1),('r',4),('s',2),('y',2),('E',3),('d',3),('t',2),('i',7),('o',3),('n',4),('',10),('D',1),('l',5),('u',1),('x',1),('e',7)]
```

Task 6 – High Order Functions

Demo

```
*Main> :set prompt ">>>> "
>>>> tgl 5
15
>>>> tgl 10
55
>>>> tgl 200
20100
>>>> tgl 25
325
>>>> triangleSequence 10
[1,3,6,10,15,21,28,36,45,55]
>>>> triangleSequence 20 [1,3,6,10,15,21,28,36,45,55,66,78,91,105,120,136,153,171,190,210]
>>>> triangleSequence 7
[1,3,6,10,15,21,28]
>>>> triangleSequence 11
[1,3,6,10,15,21,28,36,45,55,66] >>>> vowelCount "cat"
>>>> vowelCount "mouse"
>>>> vowelCount "winnie the pooh"
>>>> vowelCount "t i double get r"
>>>> lcsim tgl odd [1..15]
[1,6,15,28,45,66,91,120]
>>>> animals = ["elephant","lion","tiger","orangatan","jaguar"]
>>>> lcsim length (\w -> elem ( head w ) "aeiou") animals
[8,9]
>>>> lcsim tgl even [1..20]
[3,10,21,36,55,78,105,136,171,210]
>>>> harryPotter = ["sorcerrer", "witch", "wand", "nimbus 2000", "sorting hat", "he who must not be named"]
```

```
>>>> lcsim vowelCount (\x -> ( length x ) > 2 ) harryPotter [3,1,1,2,3,7] >>>>
```

Demo

Task 7 – An Interesting Statistic: nPVI

Demos

pairwiseValues

```
*Main> pairwiseValues a

[(2,5),(5,1),(1,3)]

*Main> pairwiseValues b

[(1,3),(3,6),(6,2),(2,5)]

*Main> pairwiseValues c

[(4,4),(4,2),(2,1),(1,1),(1,2),(2,2),(2,4),(4,4),(4,8)]

*Main> pairwiseValues u

[(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2),(2,2)]

*Main> pairwiseValues x

[(1,9),(9,2),(2,8),(8,3),(3,7),(7,2),(2,8),(8,1),(1,9)]

*Main>
```

pairwiseDifferences

```
*Main> pairwiseDifferences a
[-3,4,-2]
*Main> pairwiseDifferences b
[-2,-3,4,-3]
*Main> pairwiseDifferences c
[0,2,1,0,-1,0,-2,0,-4]
*Main> pairwiseDifferences u
[0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0]
*Main> pairwiseDifferences x
[-8,7,-6,5,-4,5,-6,7,-8]
*Main>
```

pairwiseSums

```
*Main> pairwiseSums a
[7,6,4]

*Main> pairwiseSums b
[4,9,8,7]

*Main> pairwiseSums c
[8,6,3,2,3,4,6,8,12]

*Main> pairwiseSums u
[4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4]

*Main> pairwiseSums x
[10,11,10,11,10,9,10,9,10]

*Main>
```

pairwiseHalves

```
*Main> pairwiseHalves [1..10]

[0.5,1.0,1.5,2.0,2.5,3.0,3.5,4.0,4.5,5.0]

*Main> pairwiseHalves u

[1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0]

*Main> pairwiseHalves x

[0.5,4.5,1.0,4.0,1.5,3.5,1.0,4.0,0.5,4.5]
```

pairwiseHalfSums

```
*Main> pairwiseHalfSums a
[3.5,3.0,2.0]

*Main> pairwiseHalfSums b
[2.0,4.5,4.0,3.5]

*Main> pairwiseHalfSums c
[4.0,3.0,1.5,1.0,1.5,2.0,3.0,4.0,6.0]

*Main> pairwiseHalfSums u
[2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0,2.0]

*Main> pairwiseHalfSums x
[5.0,5.5,5.0,5.5,5.0,4.5,5.0,4.5,5.0]
```

pairwiseTermPairs

```
*Main> pairwiseTermPairs a

[(-3,3.5),(4,3.0),(-2,2.0)]

*Main> pairwiseTermPairs b

[(-2,2.0),(-3,4.5),(4,4.0),(-3,3.5)]

*Main> pairwiseTermPairs c

[(0,4.0),(2,3.0),(1,1.5),(0,1.0),(-1,1.5),(0,2.0),(-2,3.0),(0,4.0),(-4,6.0)]

*Main> pairwiseTermPairs u

[(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0),(0,2.0)]

*Main> pairwiseTermPairs x

[(-8,5.0),(7,5.5),(-6,5.0),(5,5.5),(-4,5.0),(5,4.5),(-6,5.0),(7,4.5),(-8,5.0)]

*Main>
```

pairwiseTerms

nPVI

```
*Main> nPVI a

106.34920634920636

*Main> nPVI b

88.09523809523809

*Main> nPVI c

37.03703703703703

*Main> nPVI u

0.0

*Main> nPVI x

124.98316498316497
```

Demos

```
a = [2,5,1,3]
     b :: [Int]
     b = [1,3,6,2,5]
     c :: [Int]
     c = [\overline{4}, 4, \overline{2}, 1, 1, 2, 2, 4, 4, 8]
     u :: [Int]
    u = [2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,2]
     x = [1,9,2,8,3,7,2,8,1,9]
     ---- Pairwise Functions -----
     pairwiseValues :: [Int] -> [(Int,Int)]
     pairwiseValues l = zip (init 1) (tail 1)
     pairwiseDifferences :: [Int] -> [Int]
     pairwiseDifferences l = map((x, y) \rightarrow x - y)  pairwiseValues l
     pairwiseSums :: [Int] -> [Int]
     pairwiseSums 1 = map ((x, y) \rightarrow x + y) $ pairwiseValues 1
     half :: Int -> Double
     half number = ( fromIntegral number ) / 2
     pairwiseHalves :: [Int] -> [Double]
     pairwiseHalves = map (\xspace x -> half x)
     pairwiseHalfSums :: [Int] -> [Double]
     pairwiseHalfSums = pairwiseHalves . pairwiseSums
     pairwiseTermPairs :: [Int] -> [(Int,Double)]
     pairwiseTermPairs l = zip (pairwiseDifferences l) (pairwiseHalfSums l)
     term :: (Int, Double) -> Double
     term ndPair = abs (fromIntegral (fst ndPair) / snd ndPair)
     pairwiseTerms :: [Int] -> [Double]
     pairwiseTerms 1 = map term (pairwiseTermPairs 1)
     nPVI :: [Int] -> Double
49 \vee nPVI 1 = normalizer 1 * sum (pairwiseTerms 1)
         where normalizer l = 100 / fromIntegral ((length 1) - 1)
```

Task 8 – Historic Code: The Dit Dah Code

Subtask 8a, 8b, 8c, 8d

```
| 200 | Alt | 200
```