### Introduction to Website Building & WordPress

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Digital Integration Teaching Initiative (DITI)
NCHCW627 Final Year Projects and Publishing Horizons

Dr. Sam Kemp Spring 2024



#### **Workshop Agenda**

- Learn how to create a website with WordPress
- Understand best practices in website creation
- Analyze WordPress website examples
- Learn how to wireframe (plan) a website

Handouts and slides are available at:

https://bit.ly/sp24-kemp



#### **Today's Activity: Planning a Website**

- Your goal is to create your own website wireframe and prepare for building your website
- Use this workshop to start planning, wireframing, and building a website on WordPress
- This wireframe will serve as a roadmap and help as you make your WordPress website for this class. Wireframing will remain a useful skill for making professional websites or publishing other public-facing materials in the future



#### What is WordPress?

- WordPress is a professional website-building tool that allows you to build your own website
- It provides a free domain name with "wordpress" in the URL, and also has paid versions
- You can use WordPress themes and widgets to customize your website



#### **Website Building Vocabulary**

- **Pages**: These are the main areas of your website that your audience will be able to navigate in your site's menu
- Posts: These are blog or news posts that show up as you publish them.
- **Domain**: Your domain name is the unique URL that leads to your website
- **Design**: The aesthetic choices for your website, including colors, font, embedded media content, and more.
- Navigation: The way a user moves through your website using menus, buttons, and links
- Menus: The collection of hyperlinked pages used to navigate through a website.
   Menus are usually located at the top of a website or on the left or right side of the webpage.



# Thinking Critically about Website Building



#### Why are you building a website?

- A website is just like a research report or an essay—it needs to clearly communicate its message or purpose to a specific audience.
- Critical first steps in website design are to consider *WHO* your audience is, *WHAT* they will need to be able to find and do on your site, and *HOW* they will move through the site.
- It can be tempting to add media and components to a website that *don't* contribute to the site's message/purpose, but resist this temptation. Going into any site-building platform with a clear idea of what your site needs is essential! Anything unnecessary is likely to be distracting.



#### **Starting Points: Questions to Consider**

- *Who* is this site for?
- Why would your identified audience(s) visit your site?
- How will they find what they need, and navigate around?

#### Starting Points: Questions (cont.)

- What is the purpose of this site?
  - How can you communicate this clearly in the site's content and design?
- Can everyone use your site effectively? Is it accessible on mobile devices, and to people with disabilities?
- How can you make smart design choices to enhance the site's
  - Look
  - Navigability
  - Functionality
  - Accessibility



#### Planning your website (overall considerations)

**Audience** (Message/Purpose)

**Content** (Posts, Bio, Images)

Navigability (Headers, Pages, Menus, Hyperlinks)

**Accessibility** (Color scheme, Readability, Alt text)

**Look** (Color scheme, Font size, Typeface)

Media (Images, Embedded elements)

Other Functionalities (Widgets, Buttons, etc.)



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Feel free to ask questions at any point during the presentation!

#### **WordPress Examples**

Explore and evaluate the following faculty/student/institutional WordPress websites on design, navigation, accessibility, media, content etc.

- https://madisonwaldron.WordPress.com/
- https://jordanwlai.WordPress.com/
- https://juliaflanders.wordpress.com/
- http://www.cameronblevins.org/
- https://dsg.northeastern.edu/



### Wireframing



#### Wireframing: Planning your Site

- Before most people create websites, they create **wireframes**. Wireframes are rough outlines for the design and placement of a website's content. They also help us imagine how we envision users interacting with our site. Some questions to consider as you make a wireframe are:
  - What is the **purpose** of this site?
  - What are the **essential components** I need to get this point across?
  - Who is my **audience**?
  - What **site features** will best support my goals and audience?
  - How can I make my site **easy to use**?



#### **Wireframing Tools**

These are some Wireframing tools/frameworks that help brainstorm and visualize a website

- MockFlow: <a href="https://www.mockflow.com/">https://www.mockflow.com/</a>
- Wireframe CC: <a href="https://wireframe.cc/">https://wireframe.cc/</a>
- DH Wireframing:
   <a href="https://dh.sites.gettysburg.edu/toolkit/design/wireframing/">https://dh.sites.gettysburg.edu/toolkit/design/wireframing/</a>



#### **Wireframe Examples:**

#### Wireframes help us plan and anticipate:

- The Design
  - the *aesthetic choices* (colors, font, etc.)
- Layout of Individual Pages
- Site Navigation
  - The menu organization and hierarchy
- User experience



Wireframe examples sourced from <u>Professor Julia Flanders</u>, Northeastern University; slidedeck: "Wireframing and Project Design Processes"

#### **Both fine!**



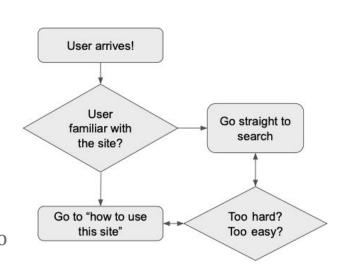


#### **Interpreting Wireframes**

#### Let's Discuss!

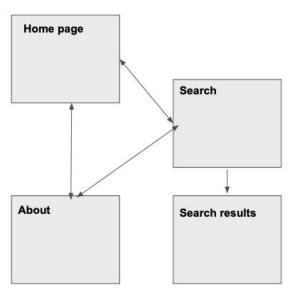
Take a look at the image.

- What's going on here?
- How do these two illustrations relate to one another?
- What do they have to do with design, usability, and user experience?



Flowchart

Wireframe



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#### **Activity: Make a Wireframe!**

Pull out a sheet of paper and a pencil!

Take 5 minutes to draw a quick sketch of what you think your website should look like for this class. Consider:

- How many pages do you need?
- What content will you include on each page? Where on the page?
- How do pages relate to each other?
- What is most important for your viewer (images, media, or text)?
   This will affect the design of your website.



## Building Websites using WordPress



#### **Website Development Best Practices**

- Always remember your audience and think about how you want to represent your identity and your work to that audience.
- Use the "**Preview**" button to see how your site will appear to your audience.
- More isn't necessarily better! You want your website to be easy to navigate, informative, and appealing.
- Pick a theme/format that is **compatible with mobile phones**.
- Design choices should be based on the content you are communicating.
- For maximum readability, **use simple fonts and a high color contrast** between text and background color. This is particularly important for accessibility.











### WordPress Demonstration



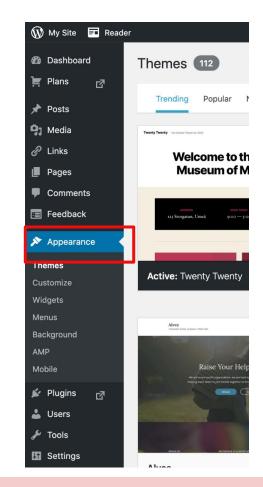
#### Get Started

- Go to <a href="https://wordpress.com/">https://wordpress.com/</a> and click "Get Started" in the upper right corner
- Fill out the "Create a Site" information
- Choose a **domain name**. WordPress provides a free domain with ".wordpress.com" at the end of the URL.
- Use an email that you associate with your professional identity
- Make sure to select the free version of **hosting** (on wordpress.com)
- After adding domain name, WordPress will ask you to select a theme.



#### **Choose a Theme**

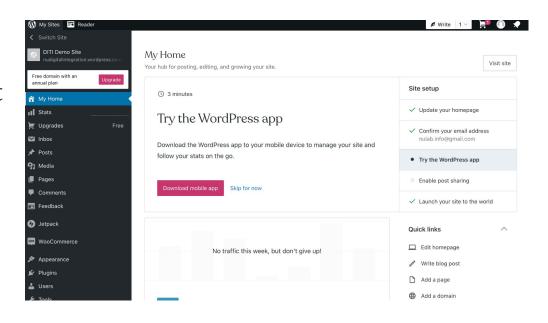
- **Themes** control your WordPress site's appearance and functionality.
- Depending on the content of your website, each theme
  will offer strengths and weaknesses. You can try out
  different options and see what will work for your
  website (you can change your mind later too, but know
  that some site contents might break when you change
  themes).
- In the left-hand column of your homepage/dashboard, scroll to "Appearance" and then click the "Themes".
- Remember the context and audience of the website, and choose a theme accordingly.





#### **Your Homepage**

"My Home" page has navigation links on the left, and a useful "Quick links" section on the right with options for editing your homepage, adding a new page, editing your menus, and more.



#### Website Content: Pages vs. Posts

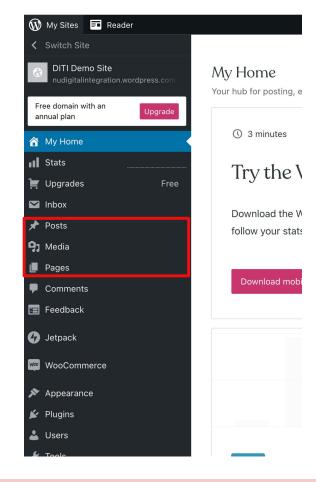
Pages are the static infrastructure of your website, and they appear across your header menu. Pages are content with a fixed location on the site.

Posts are blog or news posts that show up as you publish them, usually in a feed that appears on a page.



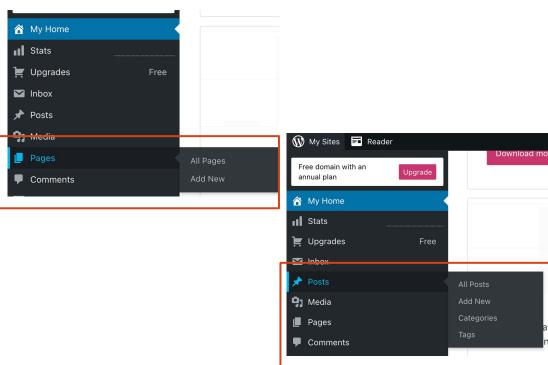
#### **Manage Pages and Posts**

- Go to the left-hand column of your homepage/dashboard.
- Then either click the "Pages" button or "Posts" button. You will navigate through your pages and posts using this side menu.





#### **Create a New Page (or Post)**



To create a new page, go to "Pages" in the left-hand column and click the "Add New Page" button. The same works for **Posts**.

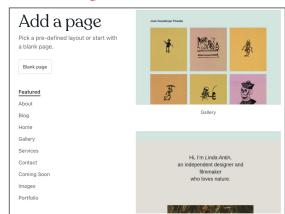


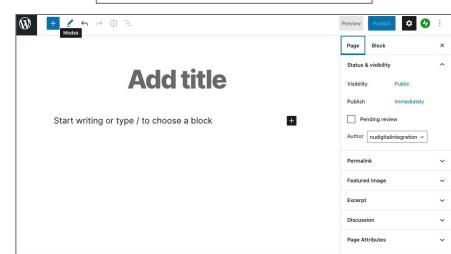
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#### Visual Editor (Pages and Posts)

- Creating a new page will open up the visual editor.
- You can pick a predefined layout or start with a blank page.
- This is where you fill in your content!
- You have options to style your content (font size, styles, colors, add images, add links, bullet points, etc).
- You can also use HTML, if you know that.
   Note that some themes have back-end
   HTML/CSS that may not allow you to make certain changes.

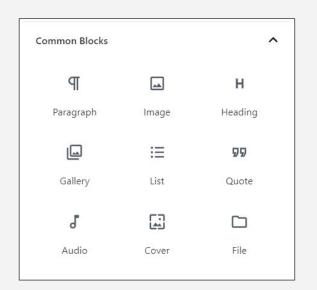


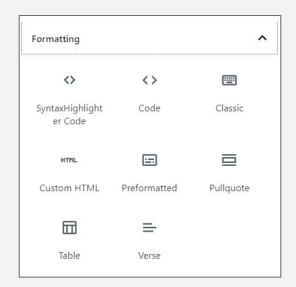


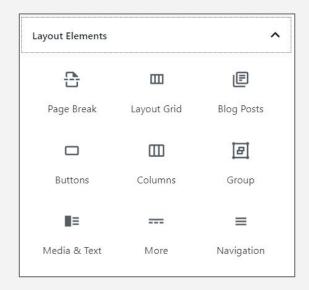


#### **About WordPress Blocks**

WordPress pages are organized into pre-formatted sections called **"blocks."** Blocks allow you to manipulate the layout of the page. These include:



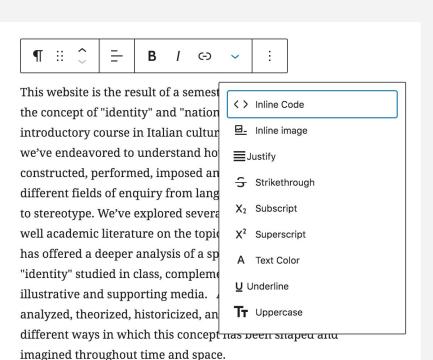






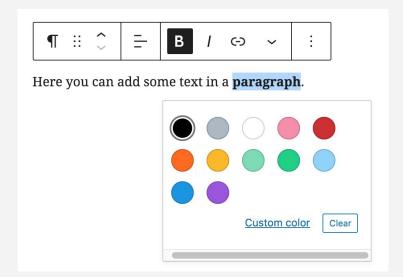
#### Add text

The default type of block is a paragraph. When you add a new paragraph, you will be taken to the editor interface, which allows you to add and edit text in a variety of ways. It looks similar to a word processor, complete with a **menu bar** allowing you to italicize, bold, or otherwise format the text.



#### **Format**

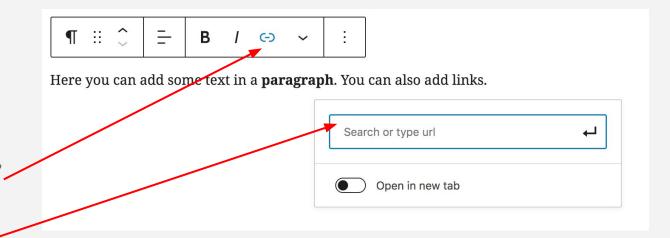
Here are some examples of things that you can format with your blocks. This includes choosing text staples and changing the color of your text. The formatting options available will depend on the type of block you are working on.



#### **Add Links**

If you are interested in adding **links** to your page, you can easily do that by:

- 1. Selecting the text you wish to add a link to.
- Click the "Insert link". button in the menu.
- 3. Adding the URL in the link window.

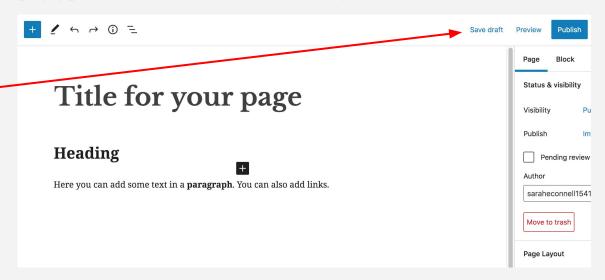


#### **Save Draft**

When you are working, it is very important to save your changes. It is generally best practice to have only one person working on a page/post at a time to ensure all changes are saved.

To save your draft, click the "Save Draft" button on the right-hand side of the screen.

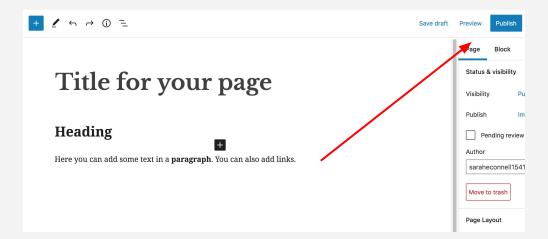
Saving your page as a draft does not mean that it is visible on the website. Only publishing the page will make it available online.





#### Preview and publish

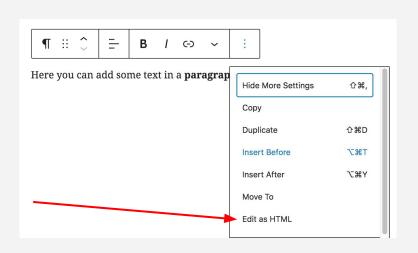
As you are editing your page, it is useful to see how your changes will look on the website itself. You can preview any changes you make with the "**Preview**" button on the right-hand side. This will open a new tab in your web browser, showing the page. When you are ready to publish, hit the "**Publish**" button.





#### **HTML Editor**

When you are editing blocks, you can toggle between the **Visual and HTML editors** with the "View HTML" button under the three dots for "more options". The HTML editor is the "back end" version of the website. To switch back, go to the same menu and pick "edit visually."



Here is the same paragraph in HTML:

Here you can add some text in a <strong>paragraph</strong>. You can also
add <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/URL">links</a>.

You can access our <u>handout on</u> <u>HTML</u> for more information.

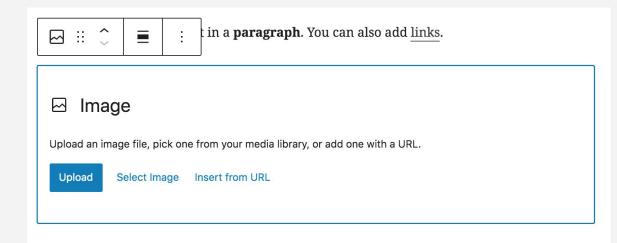


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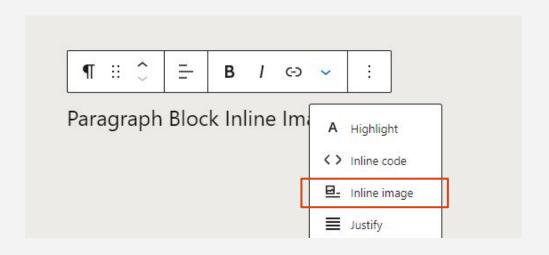
#### **Add Images**

If you want to add images in your document, you can do so by adding a new block of the type "Image." Then, you can either upload a new image or select one from the library of media files already uploaded to the site. Once you have added images, you can then edit and format them.

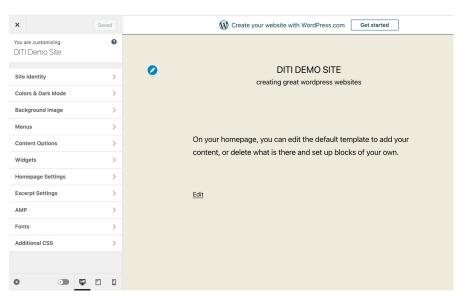


#### **Add Inline Images to Paragraphs**

If you want to add images in your paragraph block, you can do so by adding a new block of the type "Paragraph." Then, you can click the down arrow on the block toolbar and select "Inline Image." You can either upload a new image or select one from the library of media files already uploaded to the site. Once you have added images, you can then edit and format them.



#### **Customize your Theme**



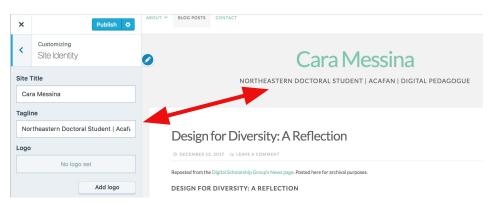
- The Customizer is where you will go to take your site's Theme to the next level.
- From this section, you can change your Site Title and Tagline, add Widgets to a Sidebar or Footer, create Menus, change your Homepage Settings, and more.
- In the left-hand column of your homepage/dashboard, scroll to "Appearance" and then click the "Customize"
- More Info:

https://wordpress.com/support/custo
mizer/



#### **Customize Header**

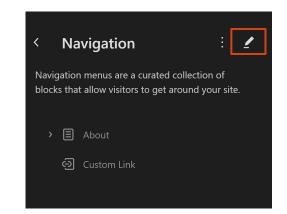
- Your website, like all websites, should have a clear identity. The **header** and **subheader** can help with this. The header is the phrase/name that appears at the top of each page (the subheader, if applicable in your theme, appears below)
- You can change your header in "Site Identity" under the "Customize" menu.

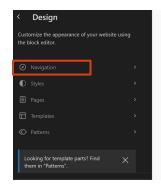


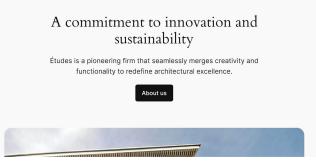


#### **Edit Site Menu**

- In the left-hand column of your homepage/dashboard, scroll to "Appearance" and then click the "Site Editor"
- Then click on "Navigation," which will bring you to a preview of the menu functions of your website.
  - To change the menu of your
    website and embed pages within
    one another, click on the edit
    draw tool in the top left hand
    corner of the left-hand column.







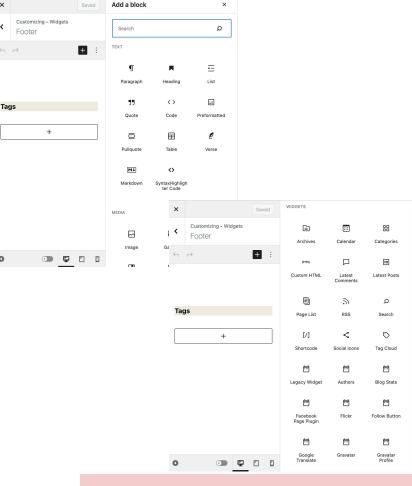


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#### **Add & Customize Widgets**

- Widgets are small applications and components that appear in different places on your WordPress site
  - For example, a "Footer" widget will appear at the bottom of your website across the different pages. The widgets you put in "Sidebar" will appear in the sidebar.
- You can add any block to your site's widget areas or use the classic Widget options.
- Add widgets by clicking the button under "Appearance" on the homepage or on the "Customize" page.
- More Info: <a href="https://wordpress.com/support/widgets/">https://wordpress.com/support/widgets/</a>





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## Activity: Your Turn to Explore WordPress



#### **Activity: Build a Website!**

- Login and create a profile for yourself on <a href="https://wordpress.com/">https://wordpress.com/</a>
- Experiment with picking a theme, adding widgets, adding pages/posts, text formatting, adding and moving blocks around, and uploading images.
- Share screen and your work [if time permits]

#### Thank you!

If you have any questions, contact DITI at <a href="mailto:nullab.info@gmail.com">nullab.info@gmail.com</a> Sign up for DITI office hours! <a href="https://calendly.com/diti-nu">https://calendly.com/diti-nu</a>

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**Developed by Vaishali Kushwaha, Tieanna Graphenreed, Claire Tratnyek, Colleen Nugent, Talia Brenner**Digital Integration Teaching Initiative

A special thanks to Professor Julia Flanders for the wireframe examples used in this presentation.

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