
Web-Based Tools for Text Analysis and Exploration

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Tools for Uploading/Pasting & Analyzing Texts

- **Word Counter:** This is a user-friendly basic word counting tool; it allows you to count single words, bigrams, and trigrams in plain text files and to download spreadsheets with your results. The max file upload is 10MB. [Click here to navigate to Word Counter](#)
- **Same Diff:** With this tool, you can upload two files to see which words appear in both, as well as which words are unique to each file; you can download spreadsheets with the counts for each text. Max file upload is 10MB. [Click here to navigate to Same Diff](#)
- **Word Trees:** This is a good way to see patterns in word usage, based on words that appear before and after a term or terms of interest. There are some restrictions in size; fewer than 1 million words should work, but loading that much text in might be slow. [Click here to navigate to Word Trees](#)
- **Lexos:** This is a tool for preparing and analyzing digital texts; it offers several options for text preparation, and a wide range of different analytical possibilities. Importantly, Lexos also preserves all the changes that are made to a text, so that any results can be reproduced. [Click here to navigate to Lexos](#)
- **Drag-and-Drop Sentiment Analysis:** This is an exploratory tool that lets you see the top negative and positive words, as well as common bigrams and trigrams. [Click here to navigate to Drag-and-Drop Sentiment Analysis](#). For more on how sentiment analysis works, [click here to navigate to a lesson on sentiment analysis](#)
- **Plot Mapper:** This is an experimental tool for exploring the shapes of plots. [Click here to navigate to Plot Mapper](#)
- **Voyant:** This suite of tools gives you counts of words and lets you compare patterns in word locations and frequencies, or examine keywords in context, along with a few other options. Voyant will let you upload larger files than most other interfaces (up to as many as 4 million words, though it may take more than one try to successfully upload very large files). [Click here to navigate to Voyant](#)

Additional Tools and Resources

- **Serendip:** This is a tool that supports topic modeling, which is a method that uses machine learning to discover "topics," or sets of related terms, in collections of texts. [Click here to navigate to Serendip](#)
- **Women Writers Vector Toolkit:** This is a resource developed by the [Women Writers Project](#) that lets you explore word embedding models, which are a machine-learning based method for discovering relationships between words in large collections of texts. [Click here to navigate to the Women Writers Vector Toolkit](#)
- **NULab for Digital Humanities and Computational Social Science Resources:** This page contains a wide range of resources and datasets. [Click here to navigate to the NULab's resources page](#)
- **Programming Historian:** This site includes many different tutorials for a broad range of methods of digital analysis; it is not exclusively focused on history and includes materials that are useful for literary studies as well. [Click here to navigate to Programming Historian](#)

Northeastern-specific resources

The resources below are available through the Northeastern University Library.

- **Constellate:** This is a platform for learning and performing text analysis, with both code notebooks and a web-based interface. A [free JSTOR account](#) is needed for Northeastern users to log in to Constellate. To access Constellate, [Click here for the Library's list of databases](#) and log in with your Northeastern credentials. [Click here to navigate to Constellate](#)
- **ProQuest TDM Studio:** This resource provides both web-based and code-based options for exploring textual analyses with ProQuest datasets. To get started, [create an account](#) with your Northeastern email. Click here to navigate to [ProQuest TDM Studio](#)
- **Library guides:** The Library also offers guides and links to resources for text analysis; [click here for a guide to getting started](#), and [click here for a guide on vendor policies](#).