Introduction to Recording and Editing Audio with Audacity

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Prof. Kemp

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Objectives

- Understand podcast anatomy
- Learn best practices for audio recording
- Learn about and explore Audacity as a podcast editing tool
- Learn how to:
 - Record audio
 - Clip audio
 - Add/move/delete tracks
 - Add sound effects and/or background music
 - Save and export projects

Slides and handouts available at: https://bit.ly/fa22-kemp-audacity



Podcast Anatomy



Podcasts

Podcasts typically begin with an **opening segment** of 10–30 seconds of music* and audio wherein the creator identifies the **podcast title**, **host**, and **episode topic**—this creates a trademark/signature and indicates to the listener that the podcast is about to begin. **Be as creative as you want!**

A strong intro can hook listeners into your story.



Podcast Anatomy: Intro/Opening Segment

Intros/Opening segments are listeners' **first impressions** of a podcast. From the opening segment alone, listeners make assumptions about the podcast's **Audience**, **Genre**, **Style**, and overall **Structure**.

This means that within a short timespan, the podcast's opening segment must successfully:

- Grab attention: several successful podcasts set the tone using **Media** (e.g., theme song music, sound effects, archival audio clips)
- Identify an audience: Acknowledging/naming people who might be interested
- Establish listener expectations: Explaining the goal and theme of the podcast



Podcast Anatomy: The Body

Your podcast is an opportunity to tell an engaging story with words and sounds. Think about the tone of voice and sound effects to convey the mood of your story. Like any good piece of storytelling, your podcast should be organized and rehearsed ahead of time.

Do your research and have your script written **before** you start recording; know how your show is laid out and how much time you have.

- Write out large numbers and/or complicated words/names out phonetically (twenty-two thousand and thirty-four vs. 22,034)
- Mark out spaces in the script for pauses, sound clips/effects, transitions between stories, etc.



Podcast Anatomy: The Outro

Podcasts typically end with a **closing segment** of 10–30 seconds of music and audio acknowledging the **creator(s)**, **institutional affiliation**, **audio/production credits**, and **acknowledgments** including people whose work or advice has significantly influenced or contributed to the episode.

An outro script for your class might sound something like "This podcast was made by [student name]...opening music created by [artist name], sound effects taken from [repository name]... with special thanks to [name] for their contribution." It may also include outro music.

As in your opening segment, you can use music and sound effects to make your closing segment dynamic and interesting.



Best Practices for Podcasting



Making a Public-facing Podcast

Before you get started, spend some time considering the following questions:

- 1. Who is your audience? How can your podcast engage them?
- 2. What sounds and media would help to immerse your listener in the podcast story?
- 3. How many voices/perspectives are included in your podcast? Is it easy to keep these perspectives separate with sound only?
- 4. What is the pace of your fiction podcast?



General Best Practices

- Test your mic and technology before you start.
 - Record some test audio and play it back before you begin.
- **Have a plan** for the conversation and transitions.
 - Give yourself a script. As you record, mark out spaces for transitions in the recording (topic-to-topic, parts of the episode).
- **Don't panic** over filler words (e.g., um, uh, yeah, like). Edit these out later.
- Prepare phonetic pronunciations for names, long numbers, and complicated terminology.
- Include transcripts for accessibility (use software like Otter AI).
- Use **open access media/music** (<u>Free Music Archive</u>, <u>YouTube</u>)



Environmental Considerations

- Ideally, find a room with good sound absorption to prevent the "echo effect"
 - Yes: carpet, cushions, bookshelves, clothes (bedrooms, closets)
 - **No:** larger spaces with hard, smooth surfaces (kitchens, bathrooms)
 - Consider: Does the room have an echo? Hard floors/countertops/stainless steel surfaces?
- Put some distance between yourself and the microphone.
 - Being too close can make the audio too loud or garble sound as you speak. If you are positioned too far away the audio will be too quiet or too muffled to salvage.
- Stay hydrated!
 - Keep a drink nearby (water, juice, etc.) to soothe your throat and keep it relaxed.



Recording Considerations for Interviews

- Record remotely (via Skype, Zoom).
 - If you record via Zoom, save your recording to your computer, not the cloud.
- **Ease in to recording** with low-stakes conversation
 - Interviews are like playing catch. Start with questions that allow everyone to get comfortable. Be yourself!
- Don't rush, and know you can start over
 - You don't need to get everything in a single take, and you won't use all the audio that you record. So don't be afraid to pause frequently and remember you can start over (or cut something altogether!)



Making Podcasts: Audacity

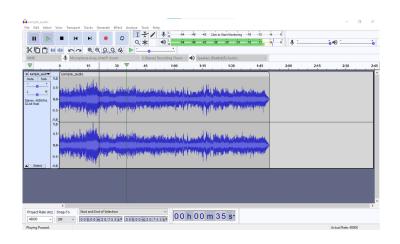


What is Audacity?

An open source, multi-track audio recorder and editor.

Multi-track: the ability to have different layers of audio in one clip.



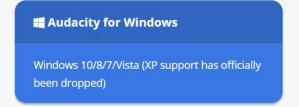




Downloading Audacity

<u>https://www.audacityteam.org/</u> --- Audacity is platform-agnostic!
Choose if you want it for Windows, Mac, or Linux.

Audacity is free software and developed by volunteers.

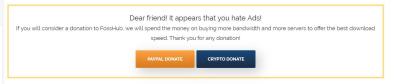






For PC users: download **Windows Installer**For Mac users: download **MacOS.dmg**





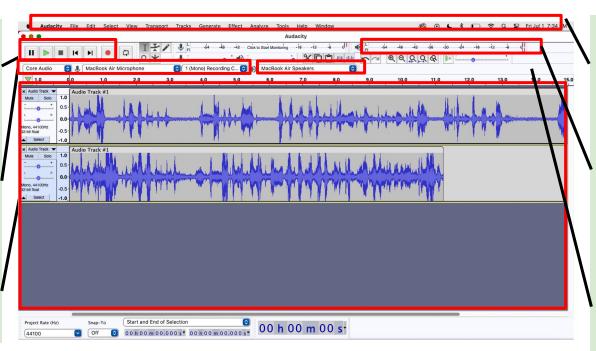
DOWNLOAD Audacity Windows Installer	FILE Signature	SIZE 26.6 MB	VERSION 2.3.2	ANTIVIRUS 0 /15
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Anatomy of Audacity

Main buttons (L-R): pause, play, stop, fast-forward/ backward, record

Microphone, volume (the "input")

Recordings will appear here.

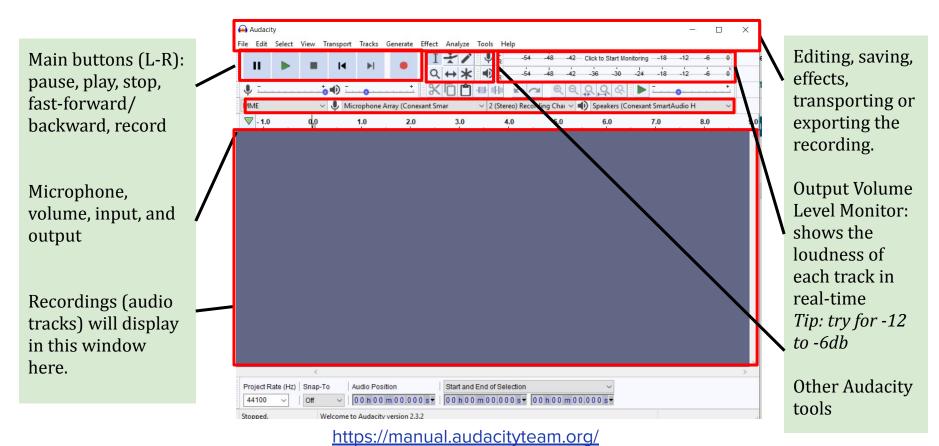


Editing, saving, effects, transporting or exporting the recording.

Monitor: shows the loudness of each track in real-time

Stereo adjustments (the "output")

Anatomy of Audacity



Key Terms

- **Track:** a single audio channel or stream.
 - Multi-track: an audio recording or chanel with more than one track or recording of sound.
- Clipping: splitting audio into separate sections—that is, making "clips"
- **Waveform:** the curve within a track showing the duration and volume of individual sounds
- Mixing: the process of audio production, or mixing tracks of recordings, music, and other desired media.
- **MP3 File:** the most generally used audio file format. Others include .wav and .mp4.



Basics: Audacity & Recording Audio



Getting Started: Tips for Recording Audio

- Know where your microphone is located and keep it clear of papers/other objects
- Use headphones when recording and editing
 - After you finish editing, listen to the file without headphones to see where the audio is too loud/quiet when played in a space.
- Take ambient noise into consideration
 - A/C units, refrigerators, traffic, pets, roommates, loud clothing, etc.
- Save frequently. Audacity does not autosave.



Recording Audio cont'd.

- Record test audio and adjust mic volume if necessary
- Record a few seconds of silence at the start and end of each track
- Begin way in advance, and do several takes
 - Editing often takes much longer than the recording itself!
- Speak slowly, clearly, and conversationally
 - If you use too many "filler words" (um, like, so) you can always edit them out later. Stop recording and start again at the top of the sentence to avoid jarring sound cuts in post-production



Recording

Make sure your **microphone** is working by checking to see that it's selected in the microphone section of the screen. Each computer will have different microphones, so check your sound settings for your model.

Microphone Array (Conexant Smar 2)



To **record**, click the button with the **red circle**.



Hit the **pause** button to pause a recording.



Hit the **stop** button to stop recording.



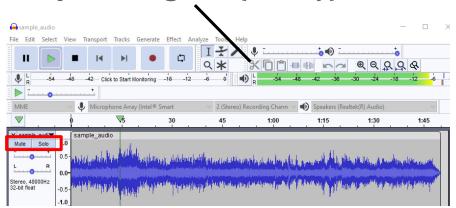
Use **Re-play** to verify that the recording is the quality/volume that you want.



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Checking volume

Keep an eye on the **monitor** when recording and playing back your audio—try to keep it in the **green** (literally).



If your volume is too loud, the monitor levels will turn yellow and red. Tracks that are too loud will have a blown-out effect when played back.

If one of your tracks is louder or softer than the others, you can adjust the volume on each track.

Tip: to hear one track without the others, you can **mute** the other tracks or click **"solo"**

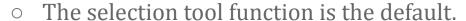


Basics: Audacity & Editing Audio

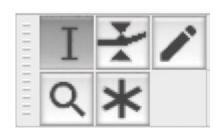


The Audacity Toolbar

- I The **selection tool** will be selected automatically when you open Audacity.
- * The most useful tool is the **multitool**, which allows you to use all the functions of the other tools without switching to them.

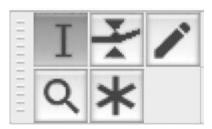


- Hover over the waveform borders to use the envelope tool function.
- Use your trackpad to zoom.
- Zoom in and left click to use the draw tool function.



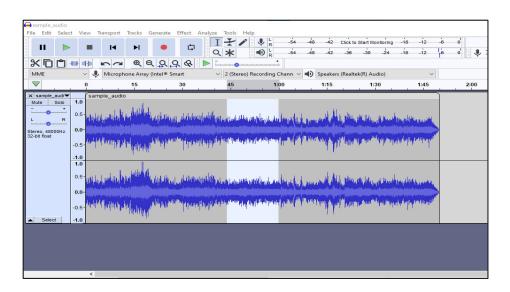
The Audacity Toolbar (Cont'd.)

- The **envelope tool** allows you to smooth changes in volume by using control points at the top and bottom of the waveform.
 - Clicking on the blue border will create control points, which you can then move around to adjust the waveform envelope.
- **Q** The **zoom tool** lets you zoom in and out of the waveform in order to make adjustments.
- The draw tool allows you to manually redraw the waveform to change the volume or correct background noise.
 - You can only use the draw tool if you've zoomed into the waveform.



Moving Tracks

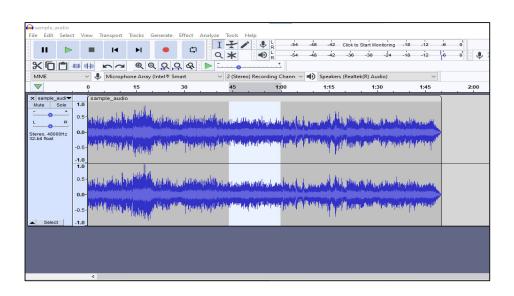
To move entire tracks or audio around in Audacity, you can click and drag them by hovering your mouse over the top of the clip.



Once you have selected the clip, click whatever clip or track you want to move and drag it into position.

Removing Parts of Tracks

Once you have recorded audio in Audacity, you can easily edit it. Here is how to remove sections using the **Selection Tool (F1)**:



Click and drag with your cursor to select the portion your wish to remove.

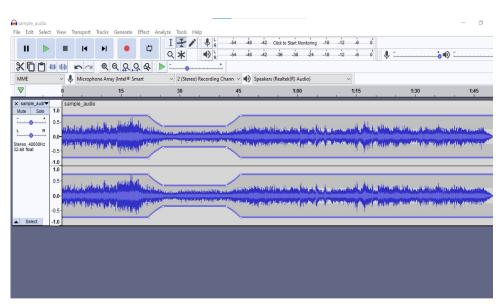
Then, hit backspace or delete on your keyboard.

Tip: you can zoom in and out with the **Zoom Tool (F4)** to better see what you're trying to delete.



Fading In/Out

To fade music in and out on Audacity, use the **Envelope Tool (F2)**. Two yellow bars will show up on each track.



Click to add **control points** (little white dots) on the track you want to fade in.

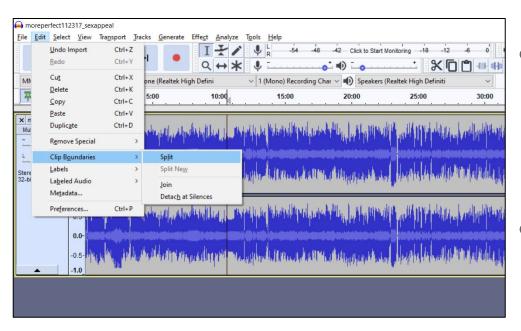
Drag and move the nodes to up and down and side to side to change the volume and how gradual the volume fade is.

Add and adjust nodes at the end of the track to fade the music back in.



Splitting Tracks

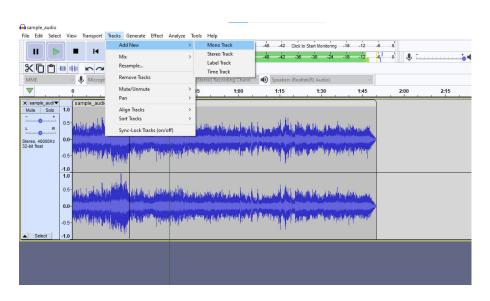
To split a track in Audacity, follow these steps to make shorter clips:



- With the Selection Tool (F1), place your cursor over the section where you want to split your track.
- Navigate to the Edit section, click under "Clip Boundaries" and select "Split", or press Ctrl+I.

Adding Tracks

To create additional tracks in Audacity for a **new recording**, hit the record button and it will start a new track. Another option is:



Navigate to the "Tracks" menu option and select "Add New." This will open a list of options. Select the "Mono Track." You can also add a new mono track by pressing **Ctrl+Shift+N**.



Basics: Saving, Exporting, and Sharing



Saving

Audacity does not auto-save! Save your recording, early and often!

Try and save after each major edit/input of a recording, just to be safe.

Save in multiple places. Always have backup.

File > Save Project > Save Project As> "Name of your podcast"

And once your project is saved...

File > Save Project > Save Project > [saves the updates to your file]



About File Formats

- Lossless Audio File Formats: better than or equal to CD-quality
 - WAV: uncompressed file, meaning huge file size. The best for editing raw audio files in Audacity.
 - **AIFF**: Apple's alternative to WAV. Uncompressed, not widely used
- *MP3/MP4: compressed audio file, ensures small file size. Best for exporting and distributing from Audacity.
- **Ogg Vorbis**: Open-source alternative to MP3. Used in Spotify streaming

*Note: The DITI typically recommends you save files as mp3 (sometimes mp4, if you use a PC).



Exporting and Sharing

Finished with your recording?

Make sure you **export your project as an MP3** before you send or share it! This will ensure that other people are able to listen to it; anyone who does not have Audacity downloaded will not be able to open your project file otherwise.

File > Export > Export as MP3

Select "best quality"



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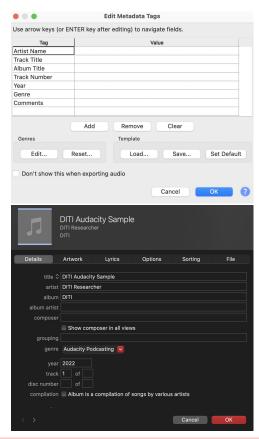
Select "best quality"



Exporting Metadata Tagging

When you export your file, Audacity will prompt you to add metadata tags to identify it.

In order to add artwork, you should import your file to an Apple Music library, right click on it and click "Get info." You will see the metadata tags you entered in Audacity, and will be able to upload artwork for your podcast.





Thank you!

If you have any questions, contact us at: nulab.info@gmail.com

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