

B.N.Choukimath

This blog is a step in the ladder to get 25% of knowledge by own

- Home
- Electromagnetics
- Python Application Programming

Saturday, March 5, 2016

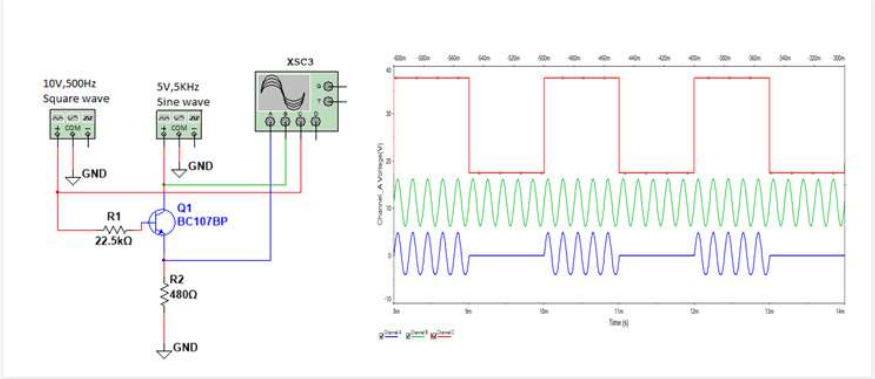
ASK Modulation Simulation in Multisim

What is ASK modulation?

Amplitude shift keying refer to a type of amplitude modulation in which the amplitude of carrier sinusoidal is modified according to binary input data.

Design of ASK modulation

Transistor is need to be operate as a switch hence choose saturation values from data sheet
i.e $V_{CE(sat)} = 200mV$ $V_{BE(on)} = 700mV$ $h_{FE} = \beta = 50$, $I_c=10mA$ and assuming that $I_c=I_E$.



Calculation of RE	Calculation of RB
$V_{peak} = V_{cc} = V_{CE} + I_E R_E$	$V_B = I_B R_B + V_{BE} + I_E R_E$
$5V = 200m + 10m R_E$	$10 = (10m / 50) R_B + 700m + 10m \times 480$
$R_E = R_2 = 480 \Omega$	$R_B = R_2 = 22.5K\Omega$

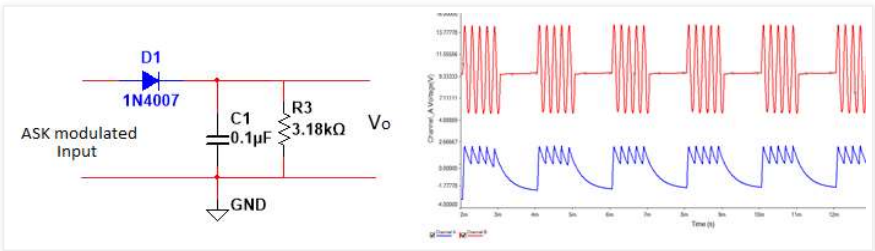
Like Amplitude modulation, an ASK is also linear and sensitive to atmospheric noise, distortions,propagation conditions on different routes in PSTN, etc.

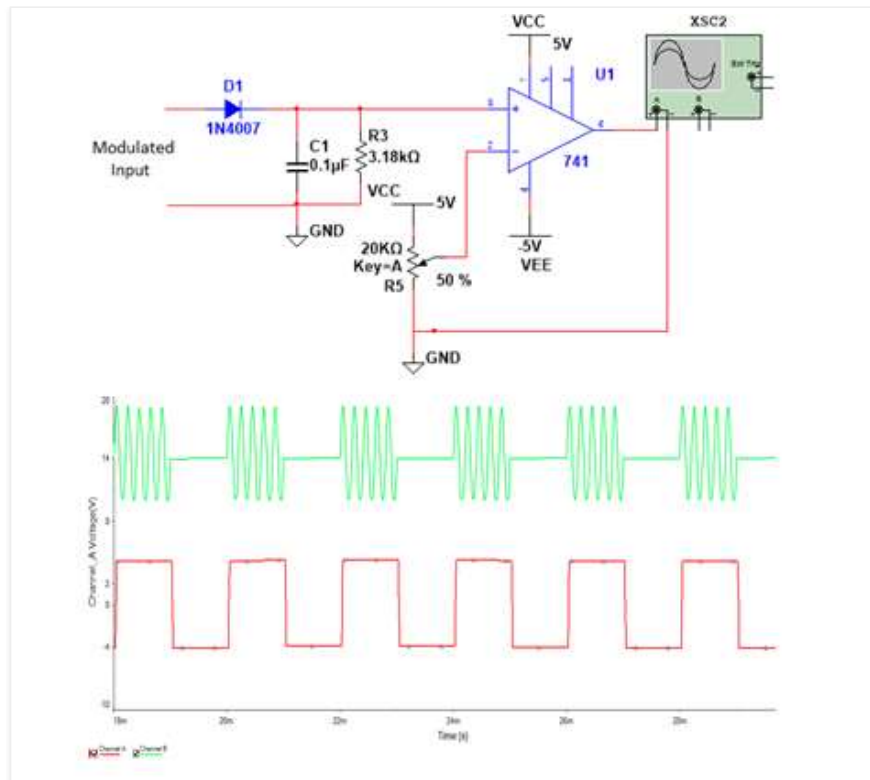
- The ASK technique is also commonly used to transmit digital data over optical fiber. For LED transmitters, binary 1 is represented by a short pulse of light and binary 0 by the absence of light.
- In case of Laser transmitters normally have a fixed "bias" current that causes the device to emit a low light level. This low level represents binary 0, while a higher-amplitude light wave represents binary 1.
- The ASK operates as a switch, using the presence of a carrier wave as a binary one and its absence/-ve to indicate a binary zero. This type of modulation is called **on-off keying** (OOK), and is used at radio frequencies to transmit Morse code

Design of Demodulation

The demodulator circuit works as a low pass filter, it allows low frequency signal source 500Hz and filter out carrier frequency 5KHz. Hence assume $X_c=R$ and $C=0.1\mu F$ corner frequency $f_c=500Hz$

$$X_c = R = \frac{1}{(2\pi \times 500 \times 0.1\mu)} = 3.18K\Omega$$





Original message signals is recovered form demodulator by using opamp.

Posted by choukimath at 10:43:00 AM

3 comments:



TECH UPDATE August 4, 2018 at 3:15 AM

[multisim software](#)

[Reply](#)



TECH UPDATE August 4, 2018 at 3:15 AM

[multisim software](#)

[Reply](#)



TECH UPDATE August 4, 2018 at 3:16 AM

[Download multisim software](#)

[Reply](#)

To leave a comment, click the button below to sign in with Blogger.

[SIGN IN WITH BLOGGER](#)

Subscribe to: [Post Comments \(Atom\)](#)

This blog is powered to use only for students, not for any other commercial uses. Simple theme. Powered by [Blogger](#).