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# How to Communicate with its USB **Devices using HID Protocol**





This article will help you to understand how to communicate with the USB devices using WinAPI in C#.

This article shows you how to use the USB/HID protocol under Windows to be able to send/receive USB packets from any USB devices connected to the PC. And without using DLL, just an application is needed.



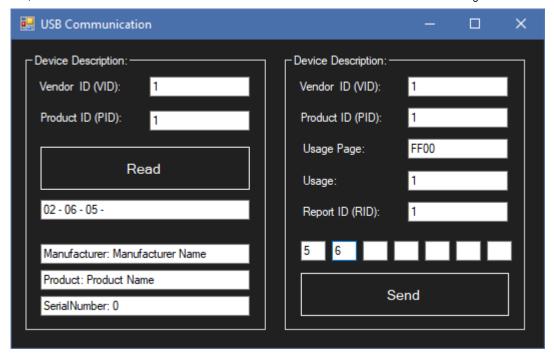
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(Visual Studio 2022 project)

# Warning

This USB sniffer, because of its user mode method access to hardware, cannot read HID packets with RID at 0, it's due to Windows protection level to prevent keyloggers/spying software.



(Do not add 0x, else the application will crash, I haven't added 0x prefix support)

### Introduction

This article shows you how to use the USB/HID protocol under Windows to be able to send/receive USB packets from any USB devices connected to the PC.

And without using DLL, just an application is needed.

# Background

This article was possible with this WDK sample:

https://github.com/Microsoft/Windows-driver-samples/tree/master/hid/hclient

Basically, it's just a rewrite of this sample, but in a simple form.

# Using the Code

Main code:

```
void Update()
{
   while (true)
```

```
{
    CheckHIDRead();
    CheckHIDWrite();

    Thread.Sleep(1);
}
```

CheckHIDRead() and CheckHIDWrite() are checking if we have press Read or Start button and if entered data (VID-PID-Usa\*\*\*) correspond to a connected USB Device.

This function returns the number of USB devices in order to scan them.

```
Shrink ▲ 🗇
C#
       FindDeviceNumber()
Int32
{
   var hidGuid
                       = new Guid();
   var deviceInfoData = new SP DEVICE INTERFACE DATA();
   HidD GetHidGuid(ref hidGuid);
   // Open a handle to the plug and play dev node.
   SetupDiDestroyDeviceInfoList(hardwareDeviceInfo);
                          = SetupDiGetClassDevs(ref hidGuid, IntPtr.Zero, IntPtr.Zero,
   hardwareDeviceInfo
DIGCF PRESENT | DIGCF DEVICEINTERFACE);
    deviceInfoData.cbSize = Marshal.SizeOf(typeof(SP DEVICE INTERFACE DATA));
   var Index = 0;
   while (SetupDiEnumDeviceInterfaces(hardwareDeviceInfo, IntPtr.Zero, ref hidGuid, Index,
ref deviceInfoData))
    {
        Index++;
    }
   return (Index);
}
```

This function returns a data structure of each USB device needed for Read() and Write().

```
SetupDiDestroyDeviceInfoList(hardwareDeviceInfo);
                          = SetupDiGetClassDevs(ref hidGuid, IntPtr.Zero, IntPtr.Zero,
   hardwareDeviceInfo
DIGCF PRESENT | DIGCF DEVICEINTERFACE);
    deviceInfoData.cbSize = Marshal.SizeOf(typeof(SP DEVICE INTERFACE DATA));
   var iHIDD = 0;
   while (SetupDiEnumDeviceInterfaces(hardwareDeviceInfo, IntPtr.Zero, ref hidGuid, iHIDD,
ref deviceInfoData))
   {
        var RequiredLength = 0;
       //
        // Allocate a function class device data structure to receive the
        // goods about this particular device.
       //
        SetupDiGetDeviceInterfaceDetail(hardwareDeviceInfo, ref deviceInfoData,
IntPtr.Zero, 0, ref RequiredLength, IntPtr.Zero);
        if (IntPtr.Size == 8)
            functionClassDeviceData.cbSize = 8;
        else if (IntPtr.Size == 4)
            functionClassDeviceData.cbSize = 5;
        }
       // Retrieve the information from Plug and Play.
        SetupDiGetDeviceInterfaceDetail(hardwareDeviceInfo, ref deviceInfoData, ref
functionClassDeviceData, RequiredLength, ref RequiredLength, IntPtr.Zero);
        // Open device with just generic query abilities to begin with
        OpenHidDevice(functionClassDeviceData.DevicePath, ref HID Devices, iHIDD);
        iHIDD++;
    }
   return iHIDD;
}
```

This function extend FindKnownHIDDevices().

```
Void OpenHIDDevice(String DevicePath, ref HID_DEVICE[] HID_Device, Int32 iHIDD)

{

// RoutineDescription:

// Given the HardwareDeviceInfo, representing a handle to the plug and

// play information, and deviceInfoData, representing a specific hid device,

// open that device and fill in all the relivant information in the given

// HID_DEVICE structure.
```

```
HID Device[iHIDD].DevicePath = DevicePath;
   //
   // The hid.dll api's do not pass the overlapped structure into deviceiocontrol
   // so to use them we must have a non overlapped device. If the request is for
   // an overlapped device we will close the device below and get a handle to an
   // overlapped device
   CloseHandle(HID Device[iHIDD].Pointer);
   HID Device[iHIDD].Pointer = CreateFile(HID Device[iHIDD].DevicePath, GENERIC READ |
GENERIC_WRITE, FILE_SHARE_READ | FILE_SHARE_WRITE, 0, OPEN_EXISTING, 0, IntPtr.Zero);
                           = new HIDP_CAPS();
   HID Device[iHIDD].Caps
   HID Device[iHIDD].Attributes = new HIDD ATTRIBUTES();
   // If the device was not opened as overlapped, then fill in the rest of the
   // HID Device structure. However, if opened as overlapped, this handle cannot
   // be used in the calls to the HidD exported functions since each of these
   // functions does synchronous I/O.
   HidD FreePreparsedData(ref HID Device[iHIDD].Ppd);
   HID Device[iHIDD].Ppd = IntPtr.Zero;
   HidD_GetPreparsedData(HID_Device[iHIDD].Pointer, ref HID_Device[iHIDD].Ppd);
   HidD GetAttributes(HID Device[iHIDD].Pointer, ref HID Device[iHIDD].Attributes);
   HidP GetCaps(HID Device[iHIDD].Ppd, ref HID Device[iHIDD].Caps);
   var Buffer = Marshal.AllocHGlobal(126);
       if (HidD_GetManufacturerString(HID_Device[iHIDD].Pointer, Buffer, 126))
           HID Device[iHIDD].Manufacturer = Marshal.PtrToStringAuto(Buffer);
       if (HidD GetProductString(HID Device[iHIDD].Pointer, Buffer, 126))
           HID Device[iHIDD].Product = Marshal.PtrToStringAuto(Buffer);
       if (HidD GetSerialNumberString(HID Device[iHIDD].Pointer, Buffer, 126))
            Int32.TryParse(Marshal.PtrToStringAuto(Buffer), out
HID Device[iHIDD].SerialNumber);
       }
    }
   Marshal.FreeHGlobal(Buffer);
   //
   // At this point the client has a choice. It may chose to look at the
   // Usage and Page of the top level collection found in the HIDP CAPS
   // structure. In this way -----*it could just use the usages it knows about.
   // If either HidP_GetUsages or HidP_GetUsageValue return an error then
   // that particular usage does not exist in the report.
   // This is most likely the preferred method as the application can only
   // use usages of which it already knows.
   // In this case the app need not even call GetButtonCaps or GetValueCaps.
   //
   // In this example, however, wSendHID PIDe will call FillDeviceInfo to look for all
```

```
// of the usages in the device.
//
//FillDeviceInfo(ref HID_Device, iHIDD);
}
```

Then come the two important functions that will make you able to read or write USB packets between a USB device and a PC.

C# Shrink ▲ □

```
void
        HIDRead(HID DEVICE HID Device)
    ManufacturerName.Text = "Manufacturer: " + HID Device.Manufacturer;
                                              + HID Device.Product;
    ProductName.Text
                          = "Product: "
    SerialNumber.Text
                          = "SerialNumber: " + HID Device.SerialNumber.ToString();
    //
   // Read what the USB device has sent to the PC and store the result into HID_Report[]
    var HID Report = new Byte[HID Device.Caps.InputReportByteLength];
    if (HID Report.Length > 0)
        var varA = 0U;
        ReadFile(HID_Device.Pointer, HID_Report, HID_Device.Caps.InputReportByteLength, ref
varA, IntPtr.Zero);
        Read Output.Clear();
        for (var Index = 0; Index < HID Device.Caps.InputReportByteLength; Index++)</pre>
            Read Output.Text += HID Report[Index].ToString("X2");
            Read Output.Text += " - ";
        }
    }
void
        HIDWrite(HID DEVICE HID Device)
{
    //
    // Sent to the USB device what is stored in WriteData[]
    var HID Report = new Byte[HID Device.Caps.OutputReportByteLength];
    if (HID Report.Length > 0)
    {
        HID Report[0] = HIDWriteData.ReportID;
        for (var Index = 0; Index < WriteData.Length; Index++)</pre>
            if (Index + 1 < HID Report.Length)</pre>
                // Start at 1, as the first byte must be zero for HID report
                HID_Report[Index + 1] = WriteData[Index];
            }
        }
```

```
var varA = 0U;
    WriteFile(HID_Device.Pointer, HID_Report, HID_Device.Caps.OutputReportByteLength,
ref varA, IntPtr.Zero);
    }
}
```

To be able to do that, you'd need to set following data before:

- VendorID
- ProductID
- UsagePage
- Usage
- ReportID

But be careful, you'd need to set the correct values for all those parameters, if one is false, you will not be able to send HID packets.

To read HID packets, you just need:

- VendorID
- ProductID

Also, you cannot read if the device cannot send data and you cannot write if the device cannot read data (defined by the HID Report Descriptor).

A device is defined by its VendorID:ProductID but shrunk into several functions defined by its UsagePage, Usage and ReportID.

As an example, the first function of a mouse is to send coordinate data, so you can read data from PC and the second function is to receive mouse button customization data, so you can send data from PC.

And to set those variables, you need to read the HID Descriptor of the USB devices that you target, it can be retrieved with a USB sniffer as

https://github.com/djpnewton/busdog or http://www.usblyzer.com/usb-analysis-features.htm

The HID Descriptor usually start with 0x05, 0x01.

And to learn to read HID Descriptor, use this tool: http://www.usb.org/developers/hidpage#HID Descriptor Tool

Because this code is just a rewrite of an old C code from the 90s, it works on all Windows Versions.

# History

- 2<sup>nd</sup> October, 2019: Initial version
- 5<sup>nd</sup> January, 2022: Improved version

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Written By

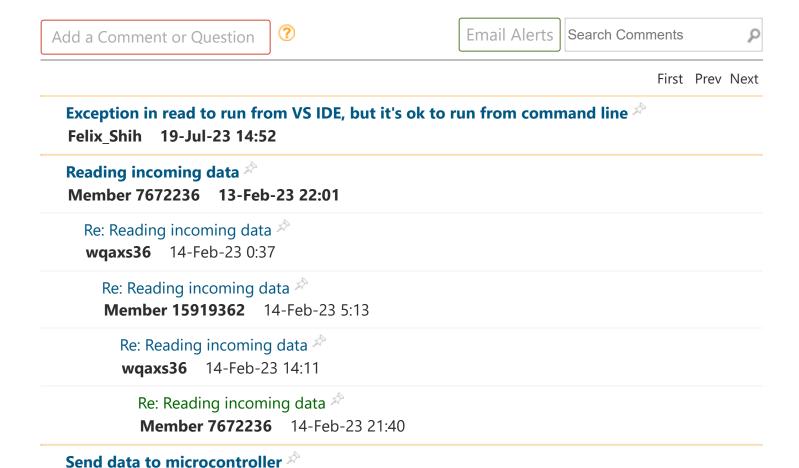
# wqaxs36

France

This member has not yet provided a Biography. Assume it's interesting and varied, and probably something to do with programming.

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### Comments and Discussions



#### Eduard Bumbu 12-Mar-22 15:09

Re: Send data to microcontroller 🏄

wqaxs36 12-Mar-22 22:55

Re: Send data to microcontroller 🎢

**don\_ucw** 13-May-22 20:56

Re: Send data to microcontroller 🖄

**wqaxs36** 13-May-22 23:45

#### what is Report ID (RID) A

AliAhmadSabir 6-Jun-21 20:54

Re: what is Report ID (RID) **wqaxs36** 6-Jun-21 22:35

It does not work with HID barcode reader A

Member 14635039 5-Oct-20 11:33

Re: It does not work with HID barcode reader

wqaxs36 5-Oct-20 22:25

Great tutorial about USB HID

Potter68 31-Aug-20 0:24

Controlling serial and keyboard emulated devices 🖄

uzayim 28-Jul-20 5:24

Re: Controlling serial and keyboard emulated devices \*\*

wqaxs36 28-Jul-20 15:48

Thank you for this +5 \*

honey the codewitch 24-Jul-20 14:12

I think that I'm running into "cannot read HID packets with RID at 0"... can you please elaborate...?

crn114 8-Jun-20 0:34

Re: I think that I'm running into "cannot read HID packets with RID at 0"... can you please elaborate...?

**wqaxs36** 15-Jun-20 15:34

Re: I think that I'm running into "cannot read HID packets with RID at 0"... can you please elaborate...?

**wgaxs36** 15-Jun-20 15:52

I have a VID and a PID, I enter it and hit submit to read... only see zeros in window... what am I doing wrong?

#### crn114 6-Jun-20 20:00

Re: I have a VID and a PID, I enter it and hit submit to read... only see zeros in window... what am I doing wrong?  $^{\wedge}$ 

**wqaxs36** 15-Jun-20 15:29

#### Comminucate with KVM A

vjaggi 12-May-20 22:33

Re: Comminucate with KVM wqaxs36 15-May-20 10:36

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