Quickstart: Use .NET (C#) to connect and query data in Azure Database for MySQL

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APPLIES TO: Azure Database for MySQL - Single Server

(i) Important

Azure Database for MySQL - Single Server is on the retirement path. We strongly recommend for you to upgrade to Azure Database for MySQL - Flexible Server. For more information about migrating to Azure Database for MySQL - Flexible Server, see What's happening to Azure Database for MySQL Single Server?

This quickstart demonstrates how to connect to an Azure Database for MySQL by using a C# application. It shows how to use SQL statements to query, insert, update, and delete data in the database.

Prerequisites

For this quickstart you need:

- An Azure account with an active subscription. Create an account for free
- Create an Azure Database for MySQL single server using Azure portal or Azure CLI if you do not have one.
- Based on whether you are using public or private access, complete ONE of the actions below to enable connectivity.
- Install the .NET SDK for your platform (Windows, Ubuntu Linux, or macOS) for your platform.

Action	Connectivity method	How-to guide
Configure firewall rules	Public	Portal CLI
Configure Service Endpoint	Public	Portal CLI

Action	Connectivity method	How-to guide
Configure private link	Private	Portal
		CLI

Create a database and non-admin user

Create a C# project

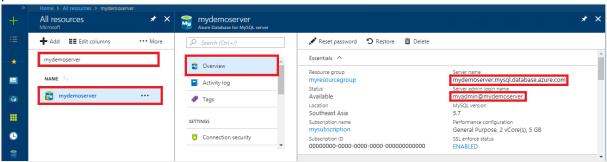
At a command prompt, run:

mkdir AzureMySqlExample
cd AzureMySqlExample
dotnet new console
dotnet add package MySqlConnector

Get connection information

Get the connection information needed to connect to the Azure Database for MySQL. You need the fully qualified server name and login credentials.

- 1. Log in to the Azure portal
- 2. From the left-hand menu in Azure portal, click **All resources**, and then search for the server you have created (such as **mydemoserver**).
- 3. Click the server name.
- 4. From the server's **Overview** panel, make a note of the **Server name** and **Server admin login name**. If you forget your password, you can also reset the password from this panel.



Step 1: Connect and insert data

Use the following code to connect and load the data by using CREATE TABLE and INSERT INTO SQL statements. The code uses the methods of the MySqlConnection class:

- OpenAsync() to establish a connection to MySQL.
- CreateCommand(), sets the CommandText property
- ExecuteNonQueryAsync() to run the database commands.

```
C#
using System;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using MySqlConnector;
namespace AzureMySqlExample
{
    class MySqlCreate
        static async Task Main(string[] args)
            var builder = new MySqlConnectionStringBuilder
            {
                Server = "YOUR-SERVER.mysql.database.azure.com",
                Database = "YOUR-DATABASE",
                UserID = "USER@YOUR-SERVER",
                Password = "PASSWORD",
                SslMode = MySqlSslMode.Required,
            };
            using (var conn = new MySqlConnection(builder.ConnectionString))
                Console.WriteLine("Opening connection");
                await conn.OpenAsync();
                using (var command = conn.CreateCommand())
                    command.CommandText = "DROP TABLE IF EXISTS inventory;";
                    await command.ExecuteNonQueryAsync();
                    Console.WriteLine("Finished dropping table (if existed)");
                    command.CommandText = "CREATE TABLE inventory (id serial
PRIMARY KEY, name VARCHAR(50), quantity INTEGER);";
                    await command.ExecuteNonQueryAsync();
                    Console.WriteLine("Finished creating table");
                    command.CommandText = @"INSERT INTO inventory (name, quan-
```

```
tity) VALUES (@name1, @quantity1),
                        (@name2, @quantity2), (@name3, @quantity3);";
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@name1", "banana");
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@quantity1", 150);
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@name2", "orange");
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@quantity2", 154);
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@name3", "apple");
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@quantity3", 100);
                    int rowCount = await command.ExecuteNonQueryAsync();
                    Console.WriteLine(String.Format("Number of rows inserted=
{0}", rowCount));
                // connection will be closed by the 'using' block
                Console.WriteLine("Closing connection");
            }
            Console.WriteLine("Press RETURN to exit");
            Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }
}
```

Step 2: Read data

Use the following code to connect and read the data by using a SELECT SQL statement. The code uses the MySqlConnection class with methods:

- OpenAsync() to establish a connection to MySQL.
- CreateCommand() to set the CommandText property.
- ExecuteReaderAsync() to run the database commands.
- ReadAsync() to advance to the records in the results. Then the code uses GetInt32
 and GetString to parse the values in the record.

```
using System;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using MySqlConnector;
namespace AzureMySqlExample
```

```
{
    class MySqlRead
        static async Task Main(string[] args)
            var builder = new MySqlConnectionStringBuilder
                Server = "YOUR-SERVER.mysql.database.azure.com",
                Database = "YOUR-DATABASE",
                UserID = "USER@YOUR-SERVER",
                Password = "PASSWORD",
                SslMode = MySqlSslMode.Required,
            };
            using (var conn = new MySqlConnection(builder.ConnectionString))
                Console.WriteLine("Opening connection");
                await conn.OpenAsync();
                using (var command = conn.CreateCommand())
                {
                    command.CommandText = "SELECT * FROM inventory;";
                    using (var reader = await command.ExecuteReaderAsync())
                        while (await reader.ReadAsync())
                        {
                            Console.WriteLine(string.Format(
                                "Reading from table=({0}, {1}, {2})",
                                reader.GetInt32(0),
                                reader.GetString(1),
                                reader.GetInt32(2)));
                    }
                }
                Console.WriteLine("Closing connection");
            }
            Console.WriteLine("Press RETURN to exit");
            Console.ReadLine();
        }
    }
}
```

Step 3: Update data

Use the following code to connect and read the data by using an UPDATE SQL statement.

The code uses the MySqlConnection class with method:

- OpenAsync() to establish a connection to MySQL.
- CreateCommand() to set the CommandText property
- ExecuteNonQueryAsync() to run the database commands.

```
C#
using System;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using MySqlConnector;
namespace AzureMySqlExample
{
    class MySqlUpdate
        static async Task Main(string[] args)
            var builder = new MySqlConnectionStringBuilder
            {
                Server = "YOUR-SERVER.mysql.database.azure.com",
                Database = "YOUR-DATABASE",
                UserID = "USER@YOUR-SERVER",
                Password = "PASSWORD",
                SslMode = MySqlSslMode.Required,
            };
            using (var conn = new MySqlConnection(builder.ConnectionString))
                Console.WriteLine("Opening connection");
                await conn.OpenAsync();
                using (var command = conn.CreateCommand())
                    command.CommandText = "UPDATE inventory SET quantity =
@quantity WHERE name = @name;";
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@quantity", 200);
                    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@name", "banana");
                    int rowCount = await command.ExecuteNonQueryAsync();
                    Console.WriteLine(String.Format("Number of rows updated=
{0}", rowCount));
```

```
Console.WriteLine("Closing connection");
}

Console.WriteLine("Press RETURN to exit");
Console.ReadLine();
}
}
```

Step 4: Delete data

Use the following code to connect and delete the data by using a DELETE SQL statement.

The code uses the MySqlConnection class with method

- OpenAsync() to establish a connection to MySQL.
- CreateCommand() to set the CommandText property.
- ExecuteNonQueryAsync() to run the database commands.

```
C#
using System;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using MySqlConnector;
namespace AzureMySqlExample
{
    class MySqlDelete
        static async Task Main(string[] args)
            var builder = new MySqlConnectionStringBuilder
            {
                Server = "YOUR-SERVER.mysql.database.azure.com",
                Database = "YOUR-DATABASE",
                UserID = "USER@YOUR-SERVER",
                Password = "PASSWORD",
                SslMode = MySqlSslMode.Required,
            };
            using (var conn = new MySqlConnection(builder.ConnectionString))
                Console.WriteLine("Opening connection");
```

```
await conn.OpenAsync();

using (var command = conn.CreateCommand())
{
    command.CommandText = "DELETE FROM inventory WHERE name =
    @name;";
    command.Parameters.AddWithValue("@name", "orange");
    int rowCount = await command.ExecuteNonQueryAsync();
    Console.WriteLine(String.Format("Number of rows deleted=
{0}", rowCount));
}

Console.WriteLine("Closing connection");
}

Console.WriteLine("Press RETURN to exit");
    Console.ReadLine();
}
}
```

Clean up resources

To clean up all resources used during this quickstart, delete the resource group using the following command:

```
Azure CLI

az group delete \
    --name $AZ_RESOURCE_GROUP \
    --yes
```

Next steps

Manage Azure Database for MySQL server using Portal

Manage Azure Database for MySQL server using CLI

Cannot find what you are looking for?Let us know.