

Transformation

Example 1

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} : \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$\mathbf{x} \mapsto \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 3x_1 \\ 4x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Stretching, Squishing, Rotating, Projecting

Rules

Given: $\mathbb{R}_{B_1}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{D_1}^m$ through Φ

Compute: $\mathbb{R}_{B_2}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{D_2}^m$

$$I_{B_1 B_2} : \mathbb{R}_{B_2}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{B_1}^n$$

$$I_{D_2 D_1} : \mathbb{R}_{D_1}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{D_2}^m$$

$$\Phi = A_{AB}$$

Find $A_{D_2 B_2} = \text{Answer}$

Example

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{bmatrix} : \mathbb{R}_{\text{SOB}}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}_{\text{SOB}}^2$$

$$B = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right) = \text{Basis for } \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$D = \left(\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$\mathbf{x} \text{ w.r.t } B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \text{ w.r.t } B$$

$$\mathbf{y} \mapsto A\mathbf{x} \mapsto$$

What is y w.r.t D?

S = Standard Ordered Basis = SOB

$$I_{DS} (A (I_{SB} (x \text{ w.r.t } B))) = y \text{ w.r.t } D$$

$$(I_{DS} A I_{SB}) (x \text{ w.r.t } B) = y \text{ w.r.t } D$$

$$M = I_{DS} A I_{SB}$$

$$I_{SB} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$I_{DS} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Sub in to find y

Example 2

$$A = ([\begin{smallmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}], [\begin{smallmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}])$$

$$B = ([\begin{smallmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{smallmatrix}], [\begin{smallmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{smallmatrix}])$$

$$\text{Start at } [\begin{smallmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}] \text{ WRT } A$$

$$\text{End at } [\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{smallmatrix}] \text{ WRT } B \text{ through transformation } T$$

E = SOB

Determine a possible T

$$T I_{EA} ([\begin{smallmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}] \text{ WRT } A) = I_{EB} ([\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{smallmatrix}] \text{ WRT } B)$$

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = \text{One possible } T$$