Priority Queues

A Java PriorityQueue<T> works for any type T that has a *natural ordering*.

Any type T that implements the Comparable<T> interface has a natural ordering.

Java's PriorityQueue prioritises values that are lower in the natural ordering.

Kotlin's PriorityQueue class can optionally be constructed with a Comparator object, i.e. an object that implements the Comparator interface. If provided, this ordering will be used for prioritisation.

If the type T already has a natural ordering and a custom ordering is provided via a comparator, the custom ordering will be used.

If null is passed as the optional comparator argument, then T's natural ordering (if it exists) will be used, just as if no comparator argument had been provided to the PriorityQueue constructor.