

# Project Report

Creating a Neural Network to Classify Indoor Corridors

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# Overview

- ❖ Related Literature
  - ❖ End-To-End Navigation with Branch Turning Support Using Convolutional Neural Networks
  - ❖ Have I Reached the Intersection
- ❖ Tutorial Projects
  - ❖ Classify Movie Reviews
  - ❖ Classify Newswire Topics
  - ❖ Classify Dog & Cat Images
- ❖ IntersectNet
  - ❖ CG Dataset
  - ❖ Network Structure, Training, and Results
- ❖ Results and Future Work

# Related Literature

## *End-To-End Navigation with Branch Turning Support Using Convolutional Neural Network*

- ❖ Development of a navigation system based on end-to-end learning
  - ❖ Branch detection and behavior change to reach different destinations
- ❖ Frontal camera images input & Vector to next target introduced after convolutional layers
- ❖ Pure pursuit algorithm to follow planned trajectory
  
- ❖ Mobile robot capable to follow different trajectories on unknown routes
- ❖ Mobile robot learned to navigate locally only with current target direction

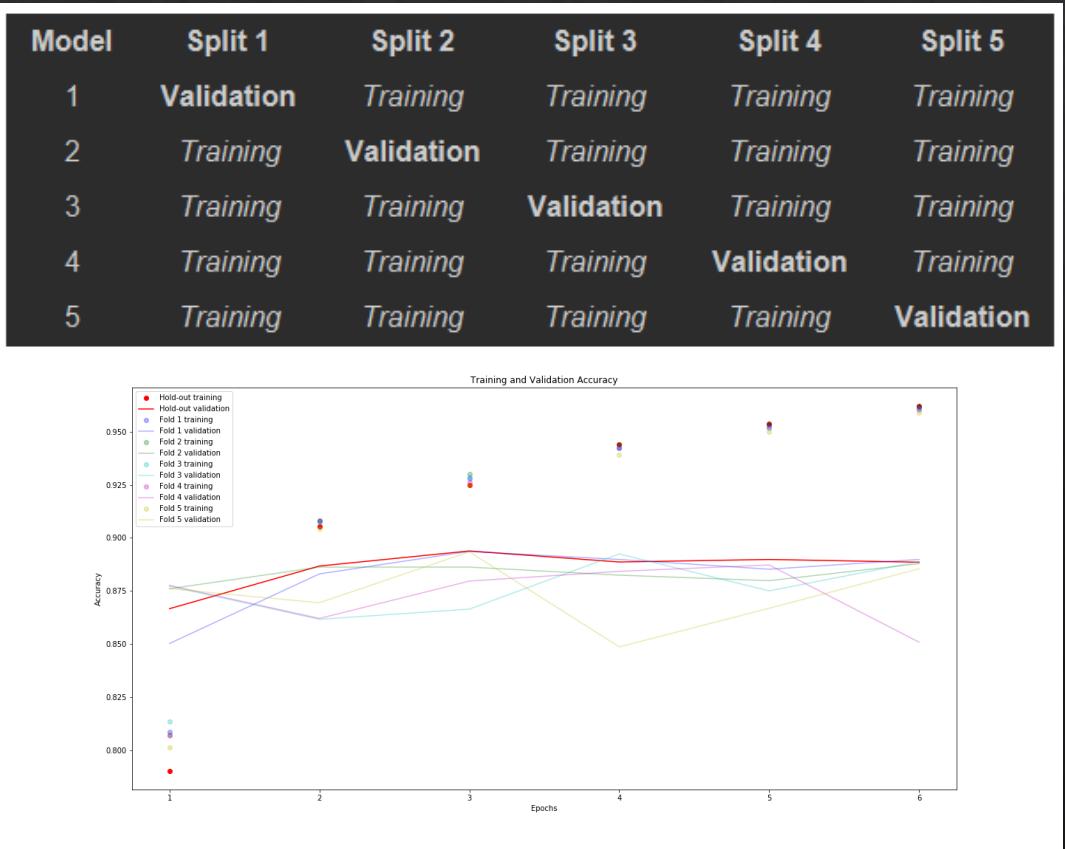
# Related Literature

*Have I Reached the Intersection:  
A Deep Learning-based Approach for Intersection Detection from Monocular Cameras*

- ❖ Compound network of CNN and RNN: Long-Term Recurrent Convolutional Network
  - ❖ Convolutional Neural Network for special feature encoding
  - ❖ Recurrent Neural Network for temporal connection between sequence frames
- ❖ Trained on sequences from Oxford RobotCar & LARA traffic-light detection datasets
  
- ❖ Resulting network achieves ~92% accuracy and temporal connection leads to 2.5-5.5% improvement compared to single-frame networks

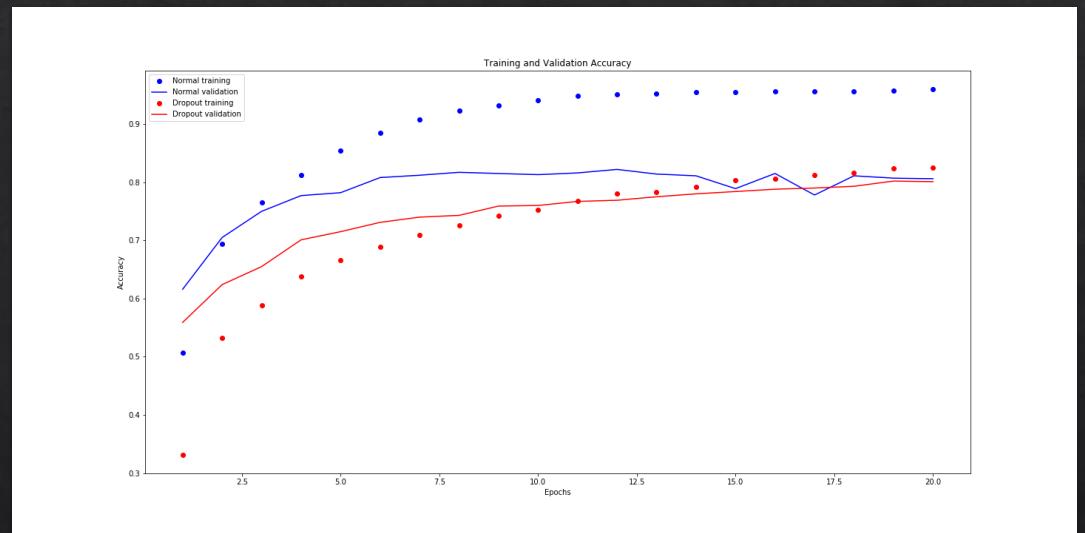
# Tutorial Project – Classify Movie Reviews

- ❖ Dataset of 50.000 positive & negative movie reviews (binary classification)
- ❖ Simple network with 3 fully connected layers (16x16x1) is trained using hold-out and k-fold cross-validation (6 epochs)
- ❖ Network Accuracy:
  - ❖ Hold-Out Model: 87,70%
  - ❖ K-Fold Model: 86,82%
- ❖ Models perform similarly. However, k-fold cross-validation is more robust with small datasets



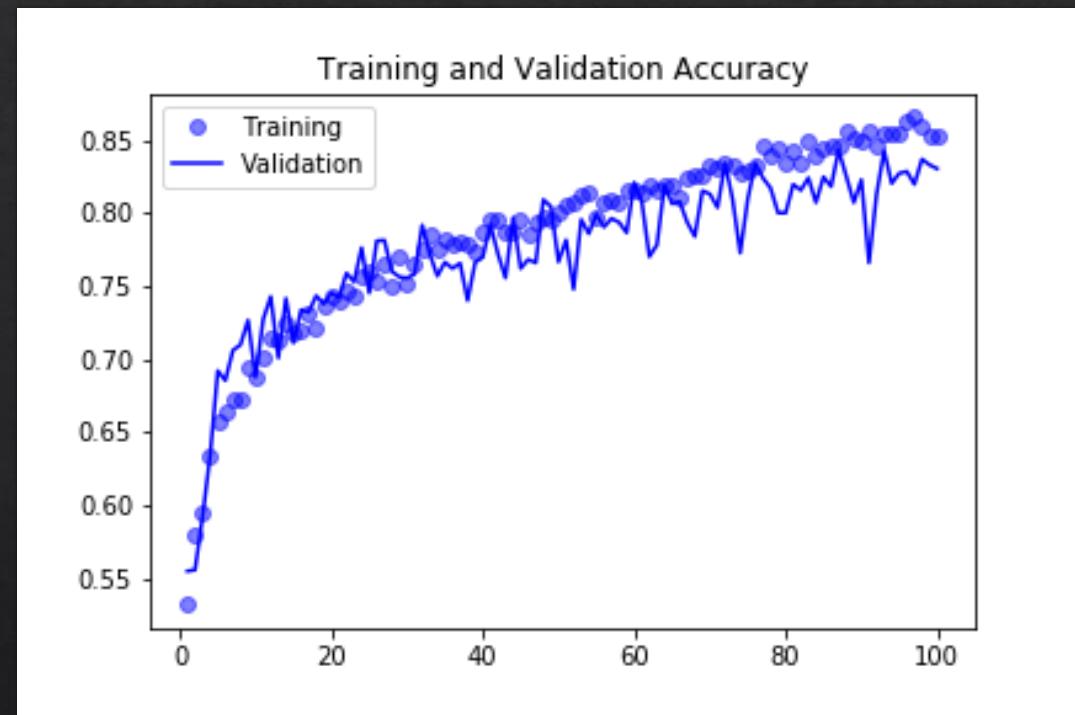
# Tutorial Project – Classify Newswire Topics

- ❖ Dataset of 11.228 newswire articles in 46 topics (multiclass classification)
- ❖ Simple network with 3 fully connected layers ( $64 \times 64 \times 46$ ) is trained with 50% dropout after each layer (20 epochs)
- ❖ Network Accuracy:
  - ❖ No-Dropout Model: 77,91%
  - ❖ Dropout Model: 77,07%
- ❖ Models perform similarly. However, the no-dropout model achieves peak performance faster, but is less resistant to overfitting



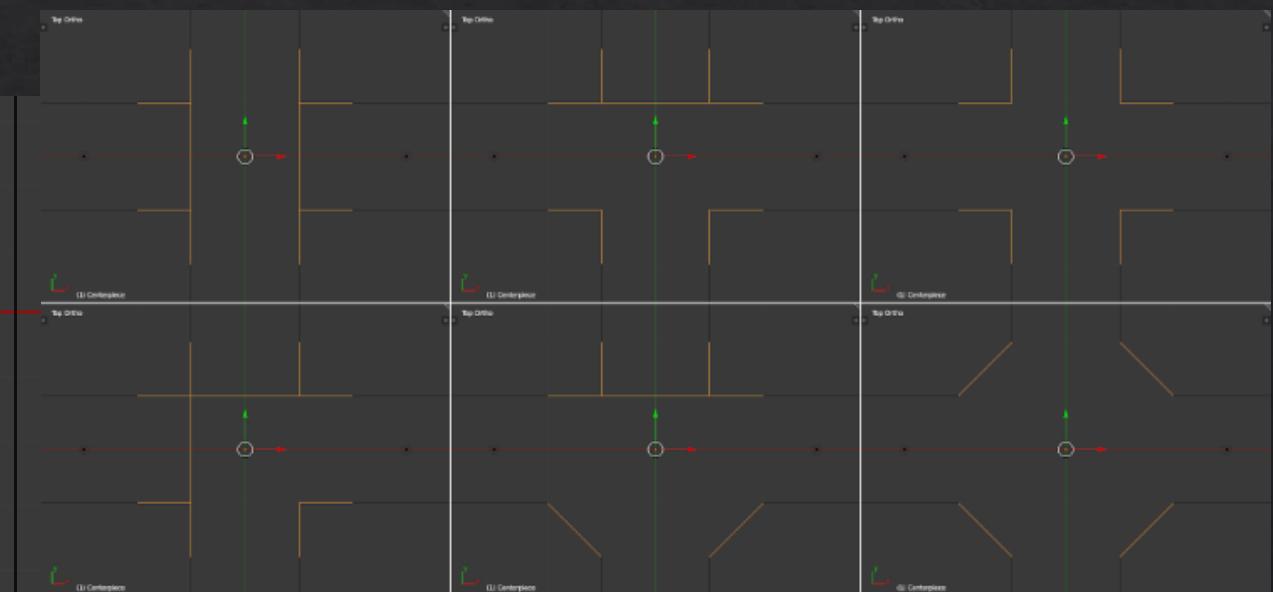
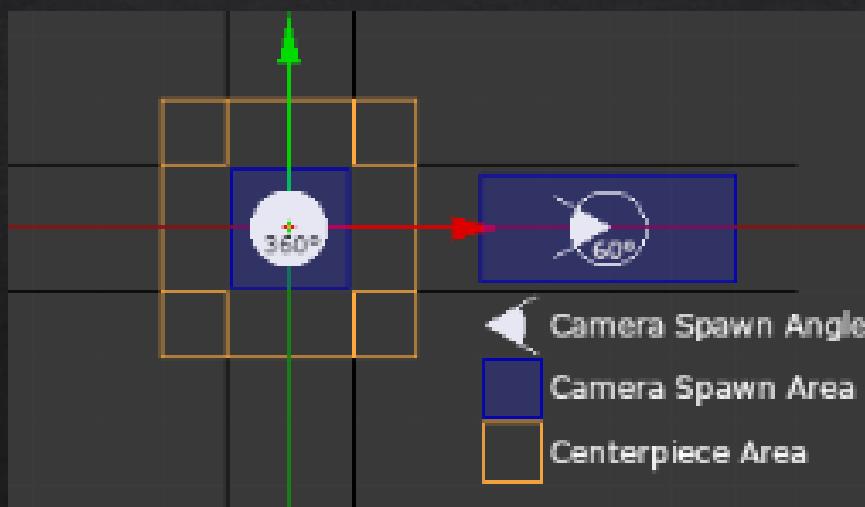
# Tutorial Project – Classify Dog & Cat Images

- ❖ Dataset of 4.000 images of dogs and cats (binary classification)
- ❖ Simple Convolutional network with 4 convolutional layers and 2 fully connected layers is trained with pooling layers after each convolutional layer and 50% dropout after the fully connected layer (100 epochs)
- ❖ Network Accuracy: 81%
- ❖ Model performs adequate considering the heavily reduced dataset (originally 25.000 images). Dataset preprocessing and augmentation through random permutation very beneficial for limited datasets

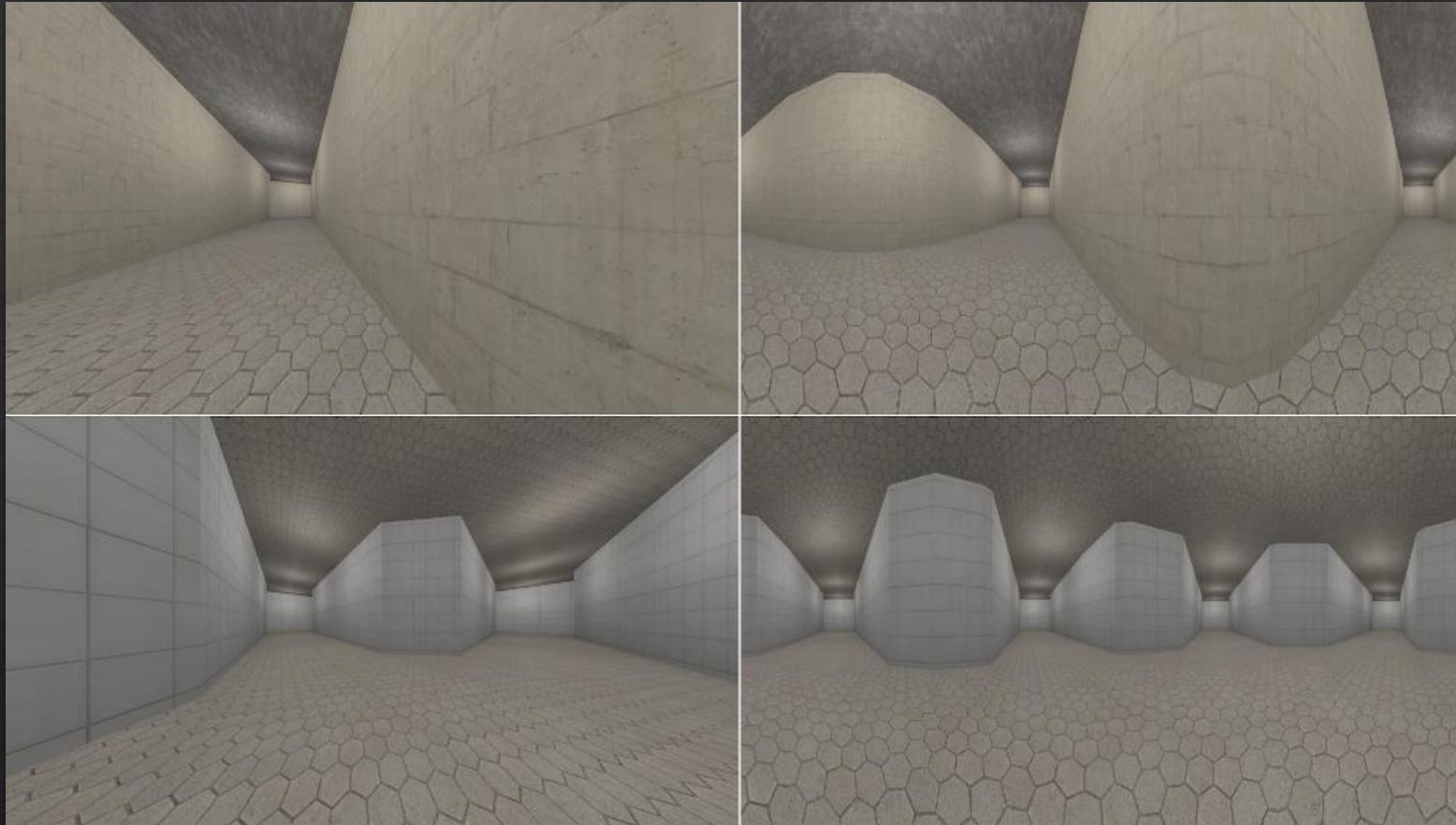


# IntersectNet – CG Dataset

- ❖ No datasets available. Lack of time and resources to record real data => render CG Dataset
- ❖ Fixed layout with randomized centerpiece (random amount of connections rotated randomly)
- ❖ Camera created at semi-random location and rotation
- ❖ Layout textured with random textures

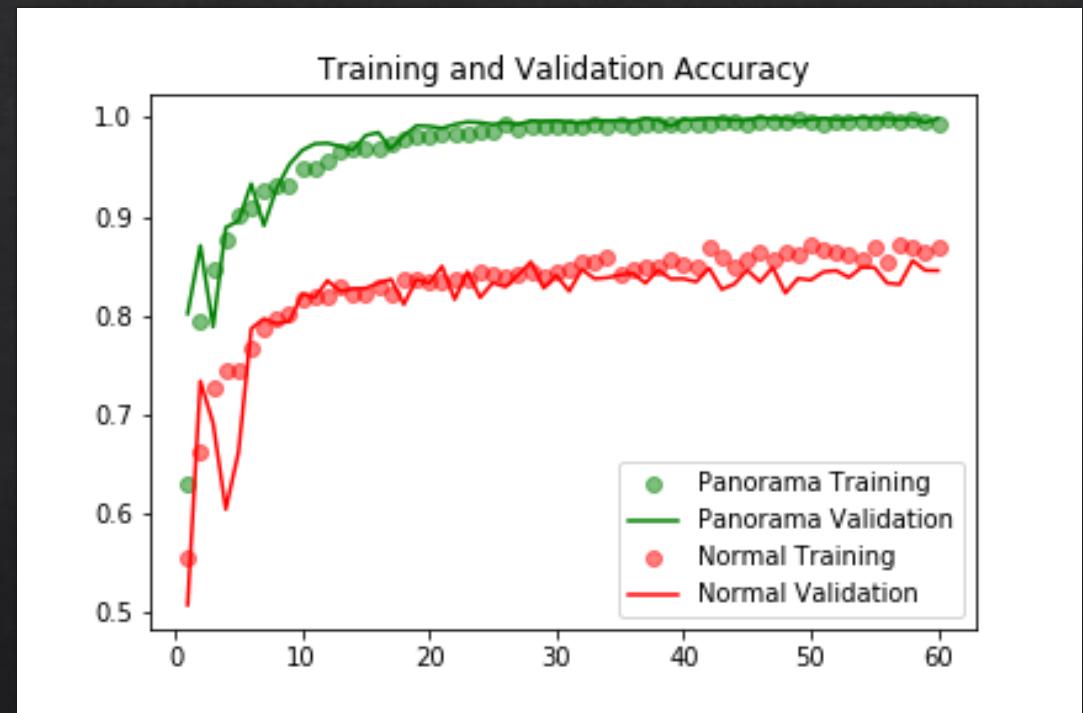


# IntersectNet – CG Dataset



# IntersectNet – Network Structure & Training

- ❖ Dataset of 9.000 images of corridors and intersections (binary classification)
- ❖ Simple Convolutional network with 4 convolutional layers and 2 fully connected layers is trained with pooling layers after each convolutional layer and 50% dropout after the fully connected layer (60 epochs)
- ❖ Accuracy Results:
  - ❖ Normal Images: 84.2%
  - ❖ Spherical Images: 99.9%
- ❖ The model trained with spherical images significantly outperforms the model trained with normal images.



# IntersectNet – Results

- ❖ Model also tested with real images (12 corridors, 12 intersections, 6 other locations)
  - ❖ Only predicts 14/24 correct (58%)
  - ❖ Over-prediction of intersections
  - ❖ Possible reasons:
    - ❖ Not enough variety/quality in dataset
    - ❖ Wide open spaces/corridors (trained with 2m wide corridors)
    - ❖ Bright light sources and reflections
  - ❖ Fix: Improve CG image variety/quality or retrain with real image dataset
- ❖ Spherical imaging for autonomous navigation advantageous
  - ❖ Single sensor needed & no reliance on image sequences => faster detection/decision time

# Thank You For Your Attention!