

Machine Program: Arithmetic and Control

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Some are based on Tiger Wang's slides

What we've learnt so far

- Basic hardware organization
 - CPU (PC/RIP, general-purpose registers)
 - Memory (byte-addressable)
- x86 ISA
 - b, w, l, q suffix
- **mov** instruction
 - register to register, memory to register, register to memory
 - Addressing modes: D(Rb, Ri, S)
- **leaq** instruction
- arithmetic instructions (**add**, **sub**, ...)

Today's lesson plan

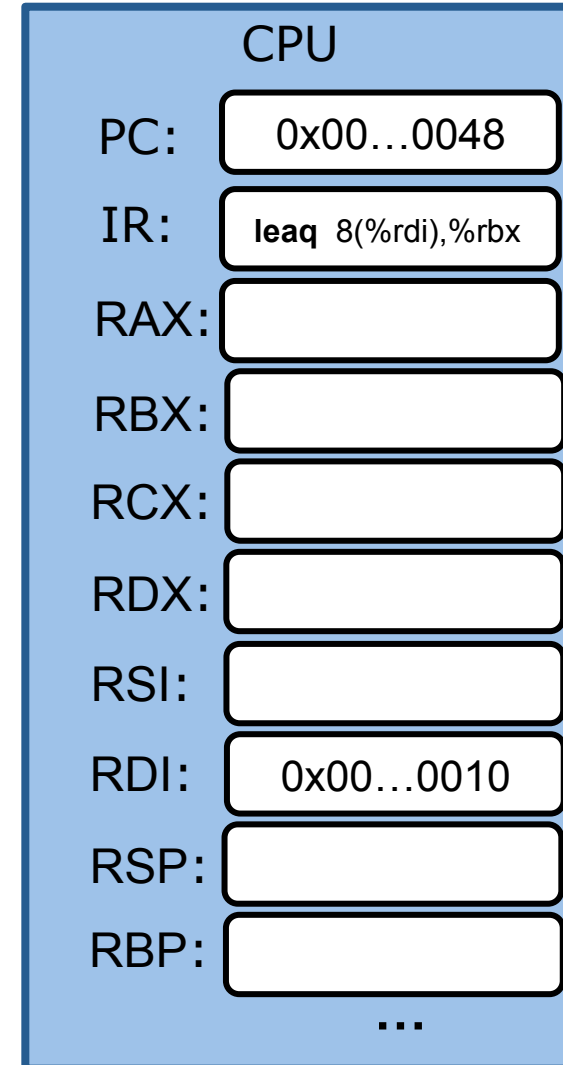
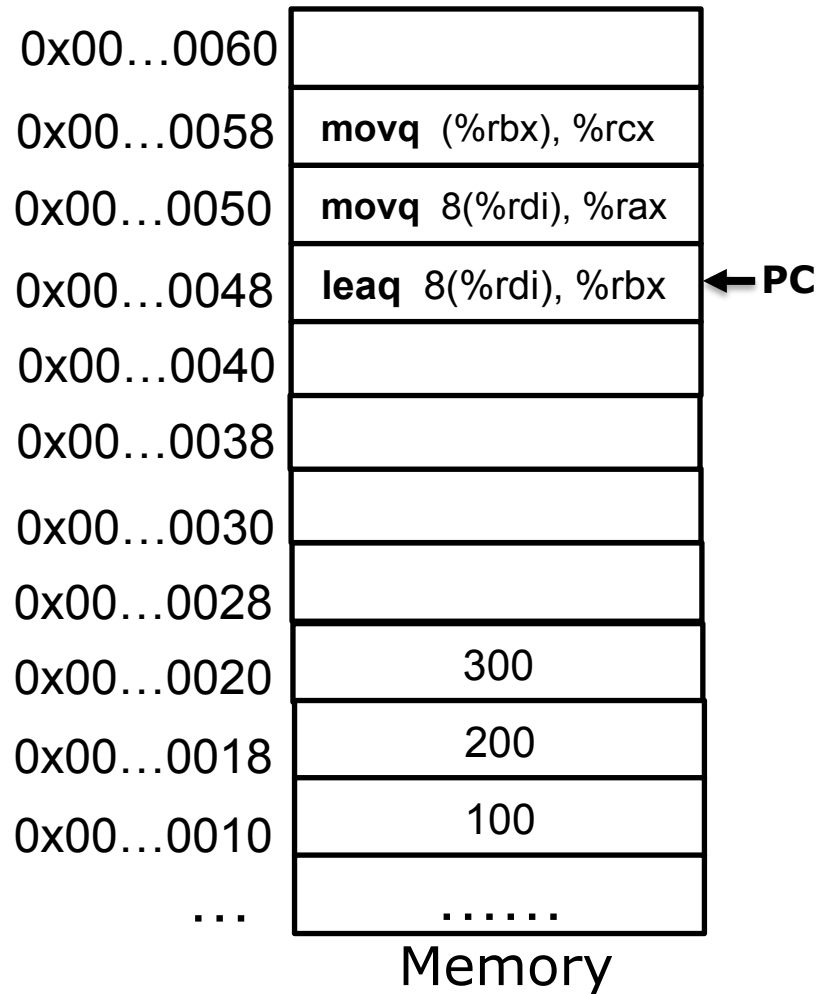
- Control instructions

The lea instruction

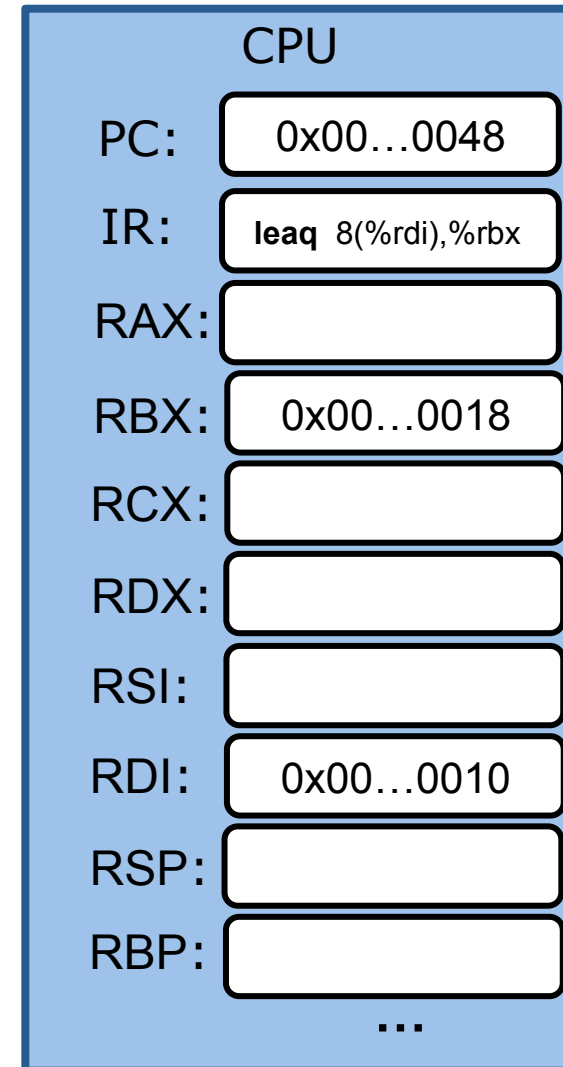
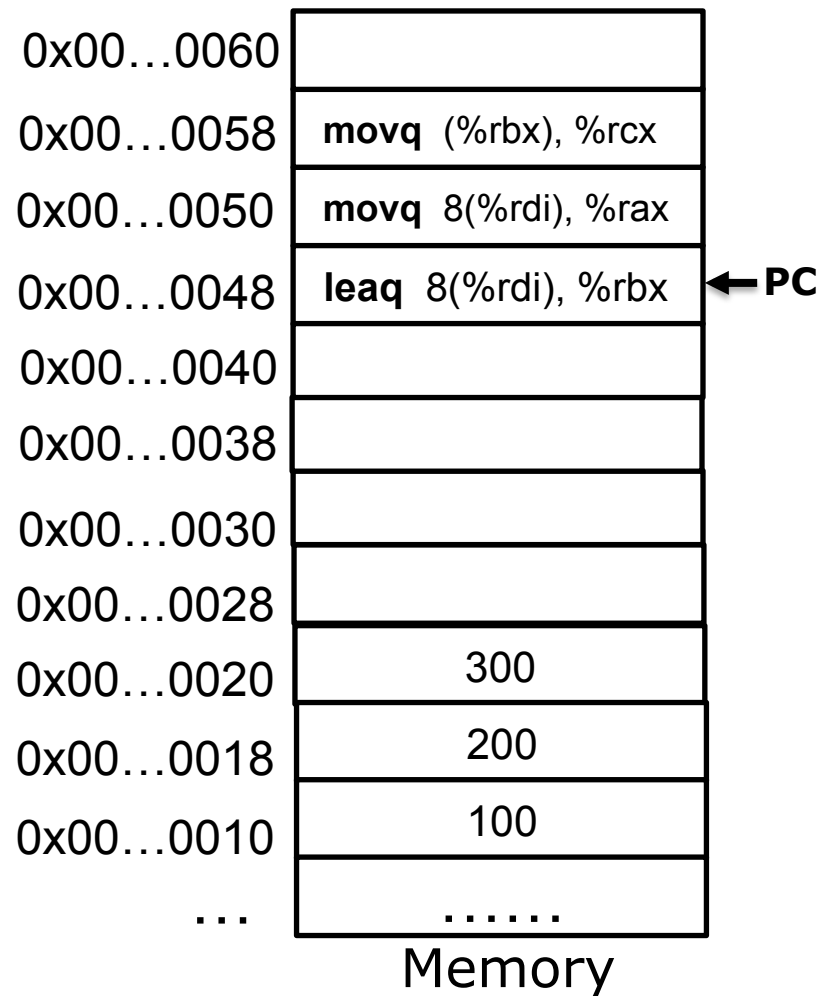
leaq *Source*, *Dest*

- load effective address: set *Dest* to the address denoted by *Source* address mode expression

Example



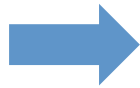
Example



A common usage of leaq

Compute expressions: $x + K*y + d$ ($K=1, 2, 4, \text{ or } 8$)

```
long m3(long x)
{
    return x*3;
}
```



```
leaq (%rdi, %rdi,2), %rax
```

Assume %rdi has the value of x

Arithmetic Expression Puzzle

Suppose %rdi, %rsi, %rax contains variable x, y, s respectively

```
long f(long x, long y)
{
    long s = 5*(x+2y);
    return s;
}
```



```
leaq    (%rdi,%rsi,2), %rax
leaq    (%rax,%rax,4), %rax
```


Basic Arithmetic Operations

addq Src, Dest $\text{Dest} = \text{Dest} + \text{Src}$

subq Src, Dest $\text{Dest} = \text{Dest} - \text{Src}$

imulq Src, Dest $\text{Dest} = \text{Dest} * \text{Src}$

incq Dest $\text{Dest} = \text{Dest} + 1$

decq Dest $\text{Dest} = \text{Dest} - 1$

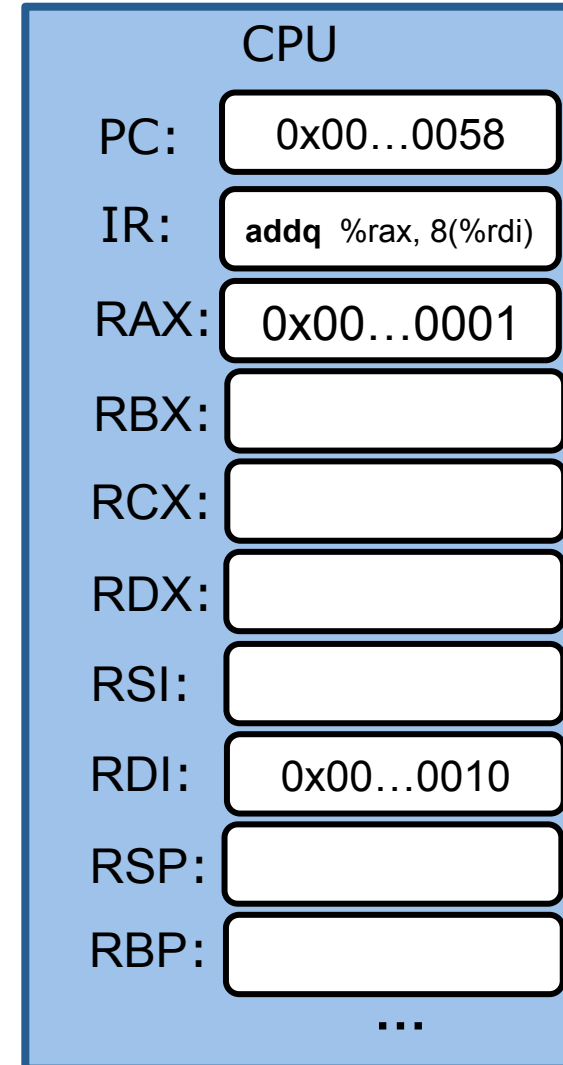
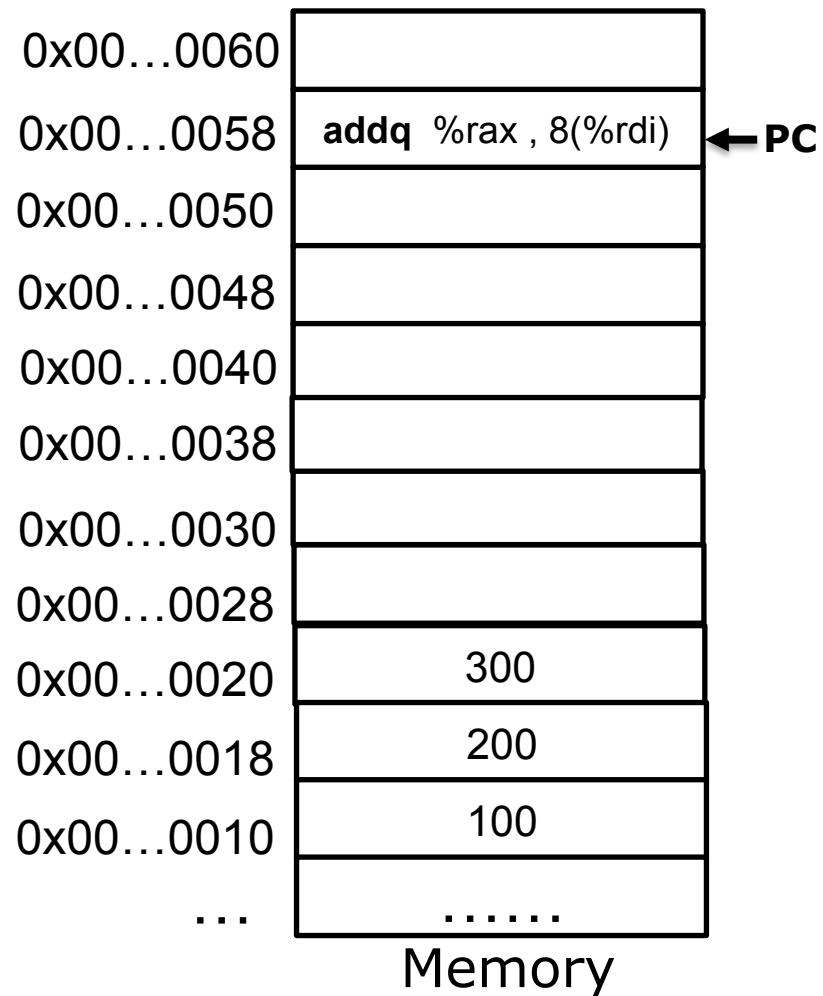
negq Dest $\text{Dest} = - \text{Dest}$

Bitwise Operations

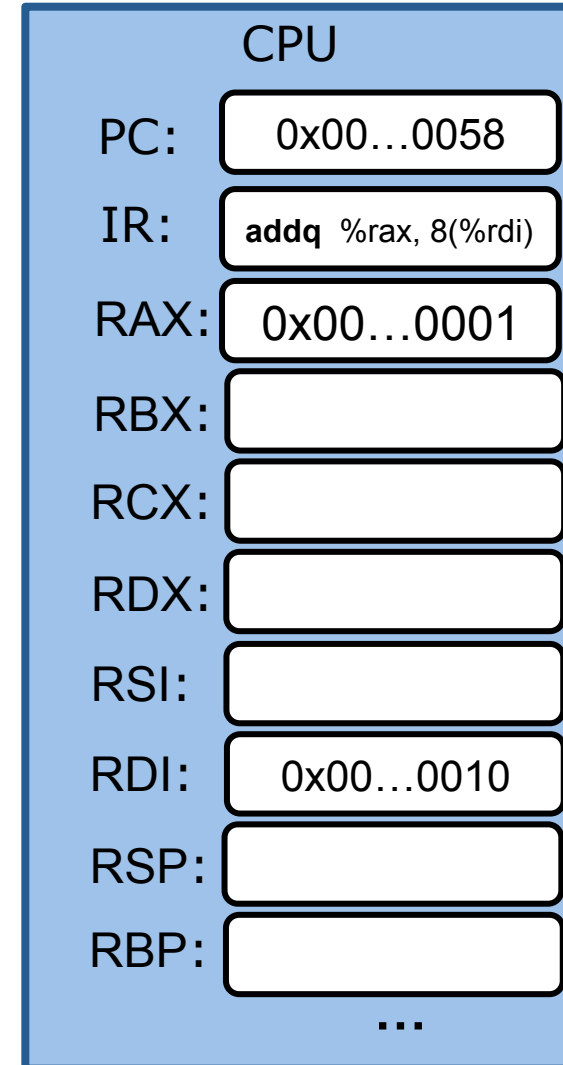
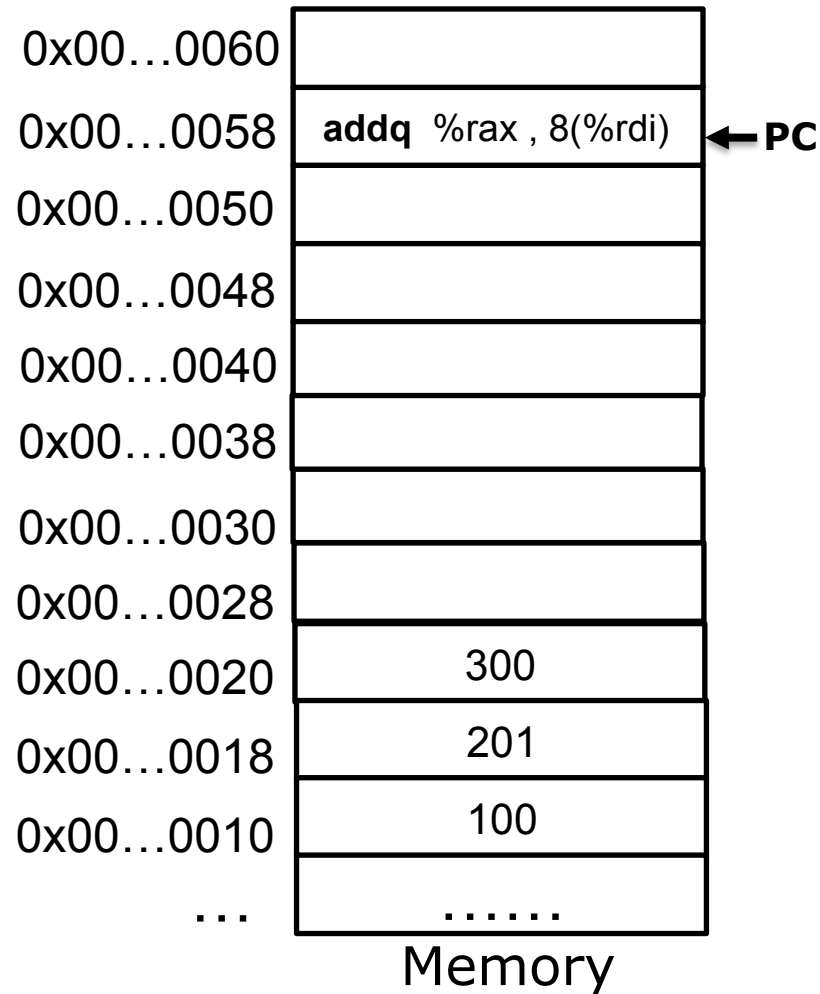
salq	Src, Dest	Dest = Dest << Src	Arithmetic left shift
sarq	Src, Dest	Dest = Dest >> Src	Arithmetic right shift
shlq	Src, Dest	Dest = Dest << Src	Logical left shift
shrq	Src, Dest	Dest = Dest >> Src	Logical right shift
xorq	Src, Dest	Dest = Dest ^ Src	
andq	Src, Dest	Dest = Dest & Src	
orq	Src, Dest	Dest = Dest Src	
notq	Dest	Dest = ~Dest	



Example



Example



Control instructions

How is control flow realized?

```
if (a > 0)  
  a--;
```



???

Control flow uses EFLAGS register

PC: Program counter

- Store memory address of next instruction
- Also called “RIP” in x86_64

IR: instruction register

- Store the fetched instruction

General purpose registers:

- Store operands and pointers used by program

Program status and control register:

- Contain status of the instruction executed
- All called “**EFLAGS**” in x86_64

EFLAGS register overview

- EFLAGS is a special purpose register
- Different bits represent different status flags
- Various instructions may set certain flags
 - regular arithmetic instructions
 - **cmp**, **test**, **set** instructions
- Control instructions use flags to determine control flow

EFLAGS register: ZF

- ZF (Zero Flag):
 - Set if the result of the instruction is zero; cleared otherwise.

```
movq $2, %rax  
subq $2, %rax
```

EFLAGS register: SF

- SF (Sign Flag):
 - Set to be the most-significant bit of the result.

```
movq $2, %rax  
subq $10, %rax
```

EFLAGS register: CF

- CF (Carry Flag):
 1. Set if adding two numbers carries out of the most significant bit
 2. Set if subtracting one number from the other borrows out of the most significant bit

```
movq $0xffffffffffffffff, %rax  
addq $2, %rax
```

```
movq $0, %rax  
subq $1, %rax
```

EFLAGS register: OF

- OF (Overflow Flag):
 - Overflow for signed integer (2's complement) arithmetic.

```
movq $0x7fffffffffffffffff, %rax  
addq $1, %rax
```

```
movq $0x8000000000000000, %rax  
subq $1, %rax
```

CF and OF are different flags

- There is no type associated with registers or memory locations.
- Same instructions (add, sub) to compute signed or unsigned integers
 - CPU sets OF and CF by examining carry/borrow and MSB (sign bit).
- Up to programmer/compiler to check the right flag

CF and OF are different flags

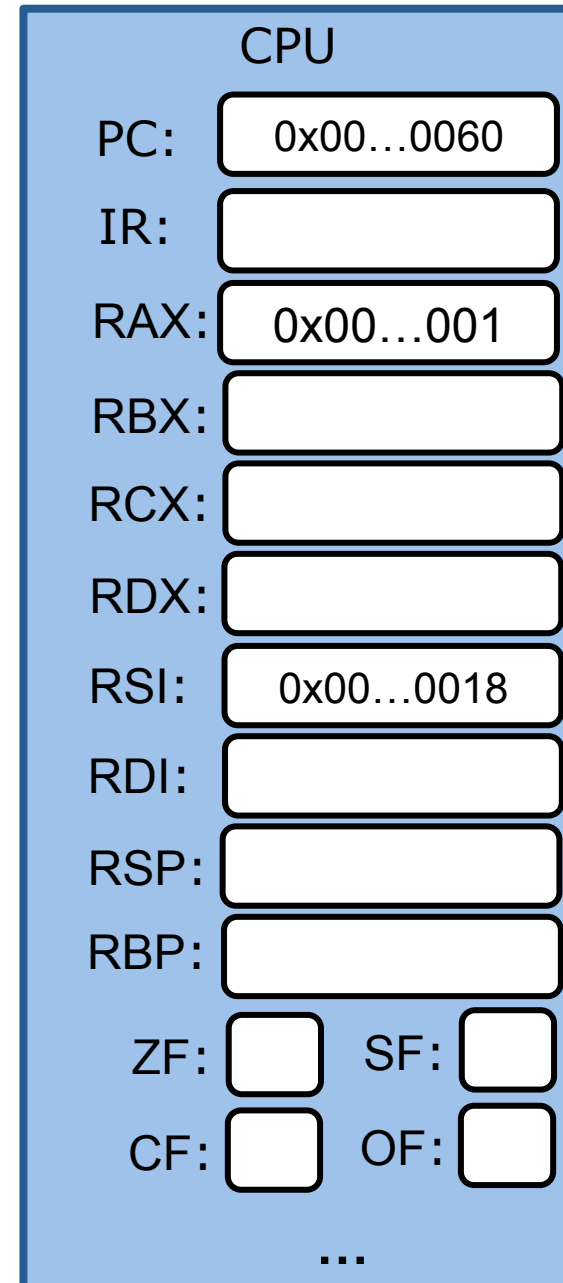
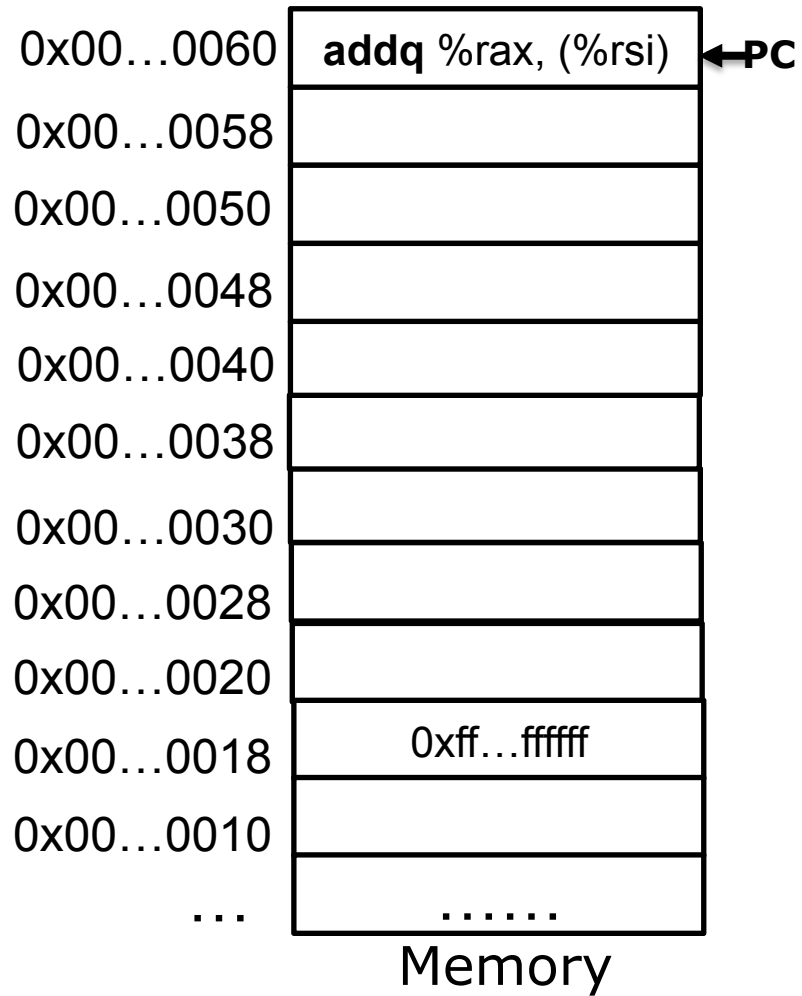
	CF	OF
<pre>movq \$0xffffffffffffffff, %rax addq \$2, %rax</pre>	1	0
<pre>movq \$0, %rax subq \$1, %rax</pre>	1	0
<pre>movq \$0x7fffffffffffffffff, %rax addq \$1, %rax</pre>	0	1
<pre>movq \$0x8000000000000000, %rax subq \$1, %rax</pre>	0	1

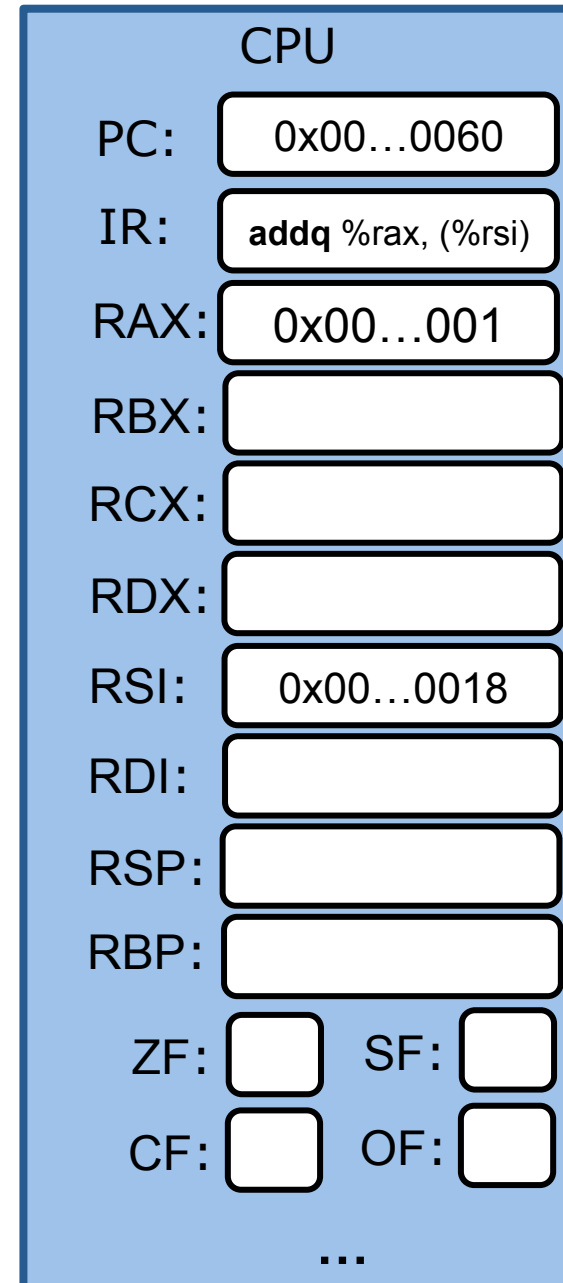
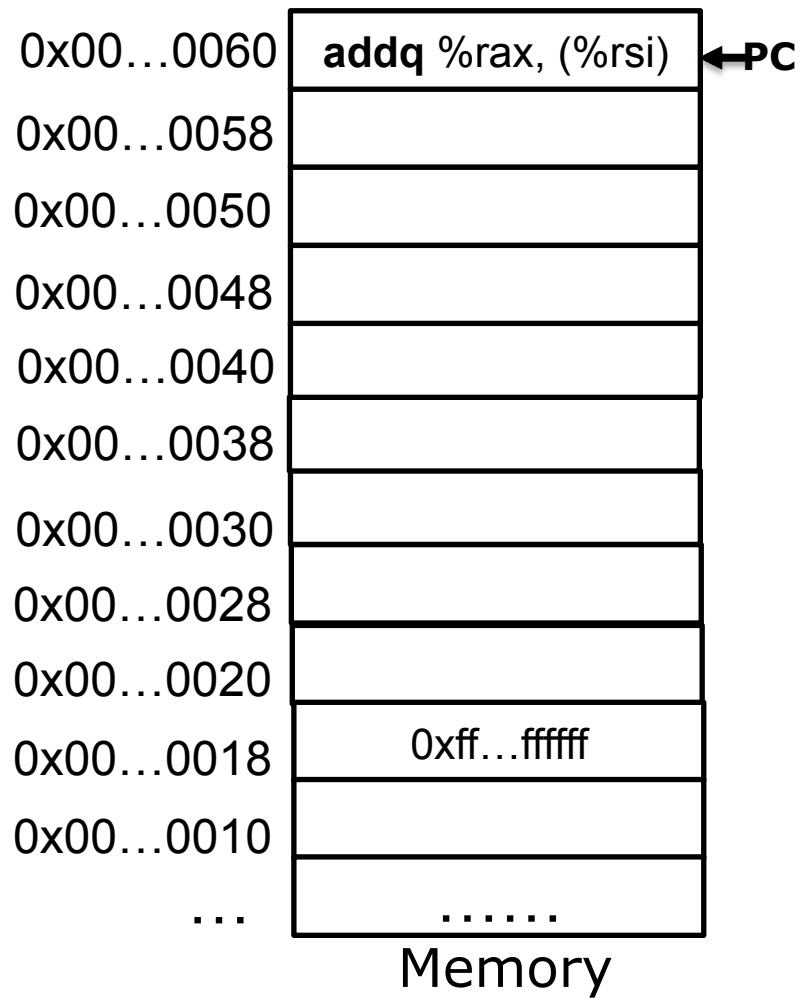
Status flags summary

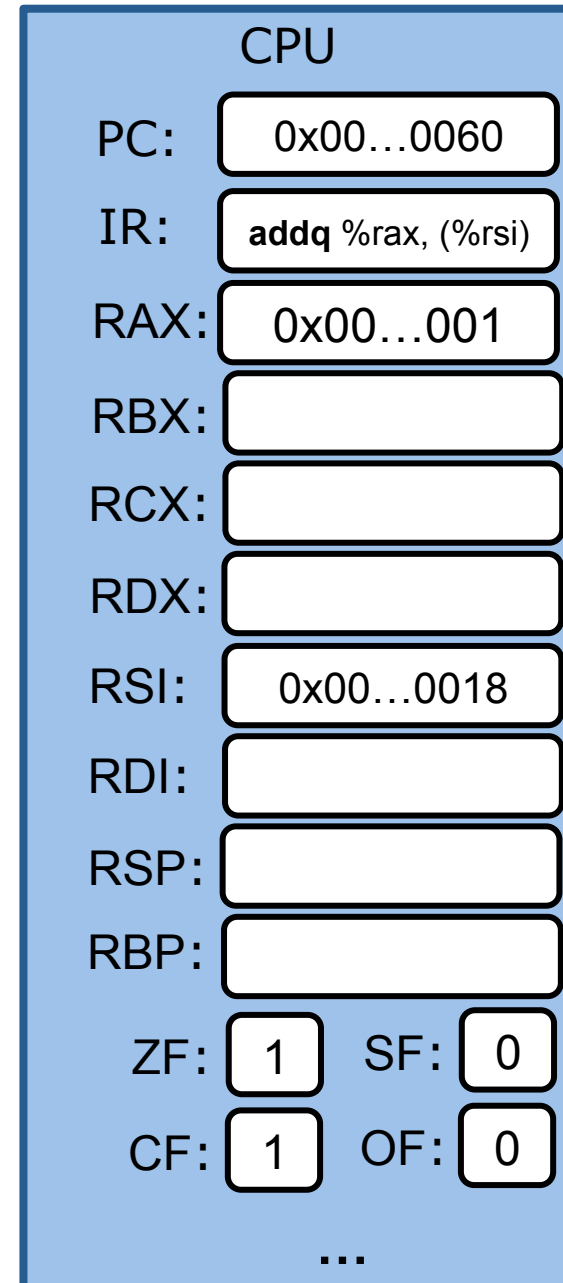
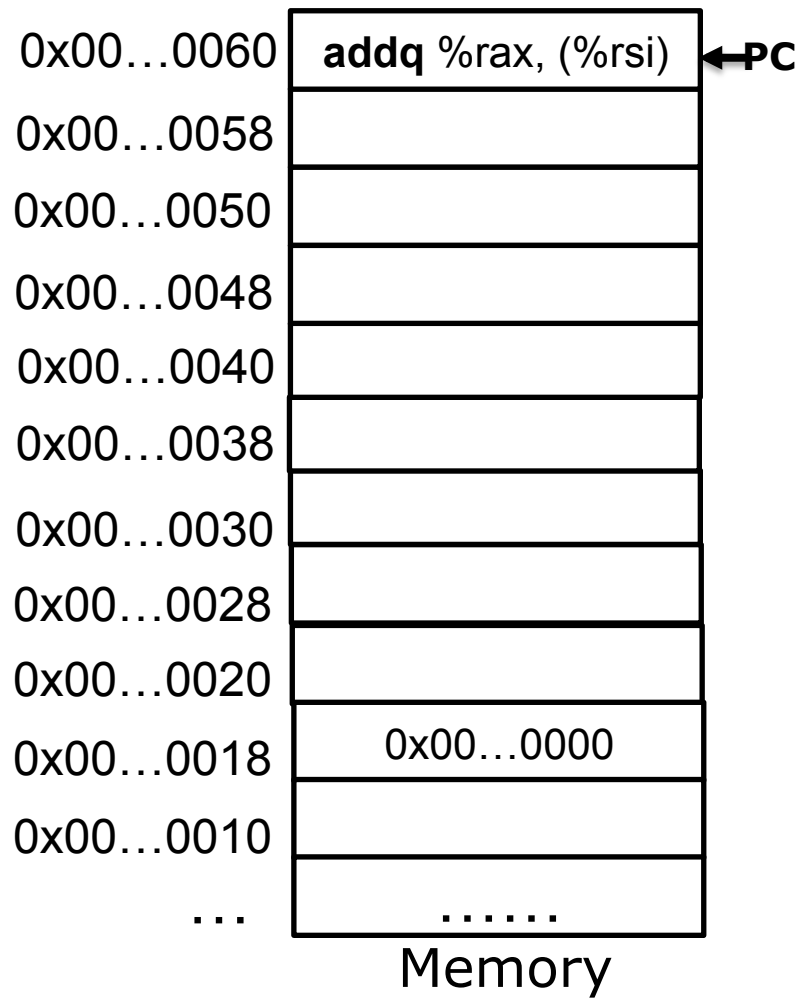
flag	status
ZF (Zero Flag)	set if the result is zero.
SF (Sign Flag)	set if the result is negative.
CF (Carry Flag)	Overflow for unsigned-integer arithmetic
OF (Overflow Flag)	Overflow for signed-integer arithmetic

Set by arithmetic instructions, e.g. add, inc, and, sal

Not set by **lea**, **mov**







Exercises

src	dest	operation	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0xffffffff	0x1	addl				
0xffffffff						
0xffffffff						
0xffffffff						

Exercises

src	dest	operation	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0xffffffff	0x1	addl	1	0	1	0
0xffffffff	0x80000000	addl				
0xffffffff						
0xffffffff						

Exercises

src	dest	operation	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0xffffffff	0x1	addl	1	0	1	0
0xffffffff	0x80000000	addl	0	0	1	1
0xffffffff	0x80000000	subl				
0xffffffff						

Exercises

src	dest	operation	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0xffffffff	0x1	addl	1	0	1	0
0xffffffff	0x80000000	addl	0	0	1	1
0xffffffff	0x80000000	subl	0	1	1	0
0xffffffff	0x1	subl				

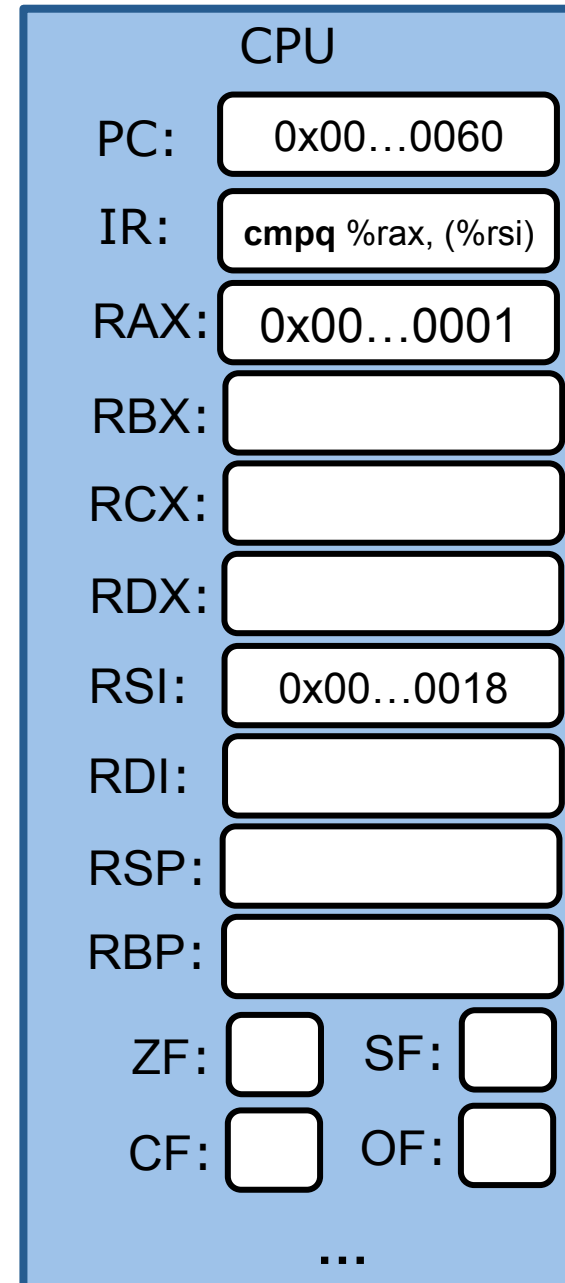
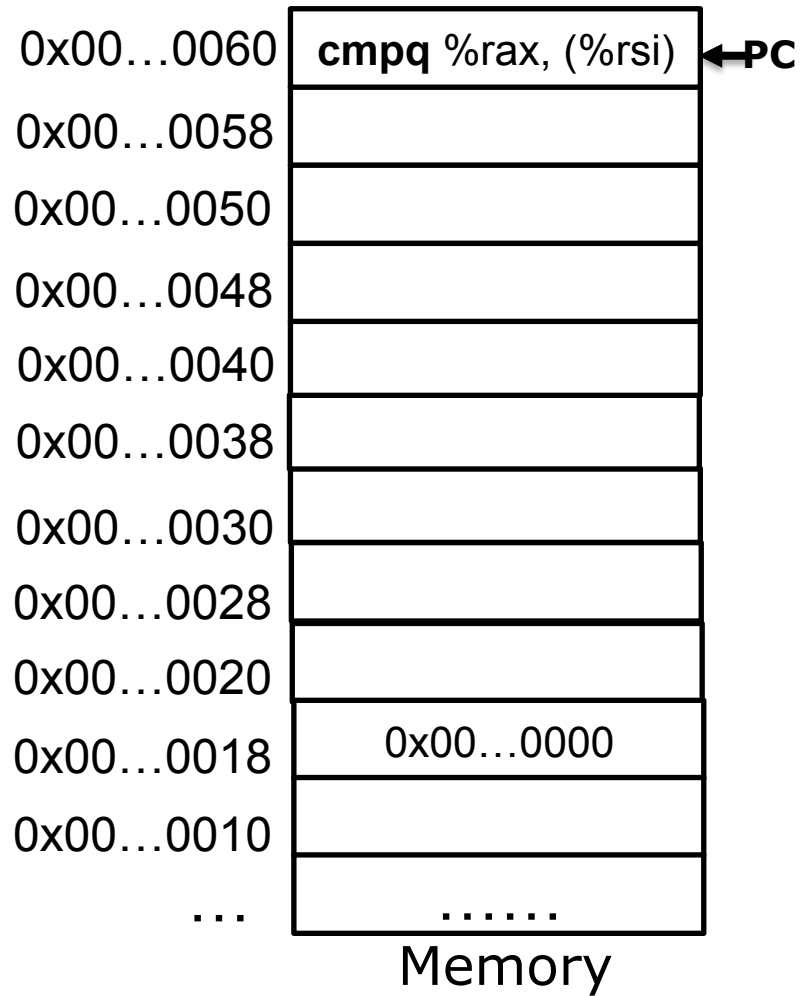
Exercises

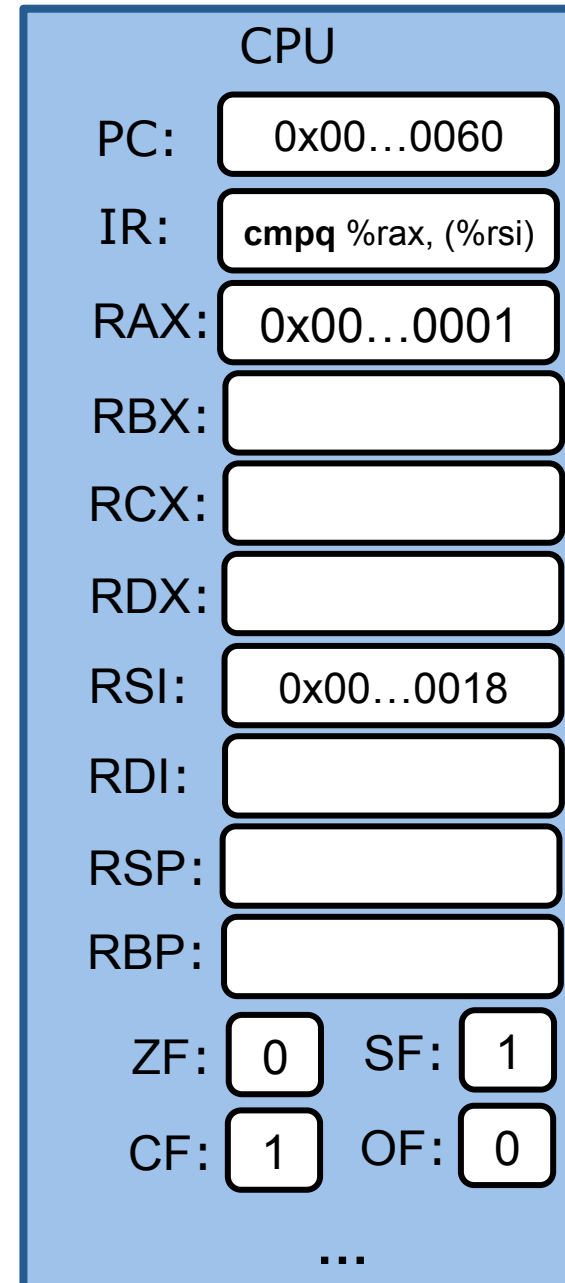
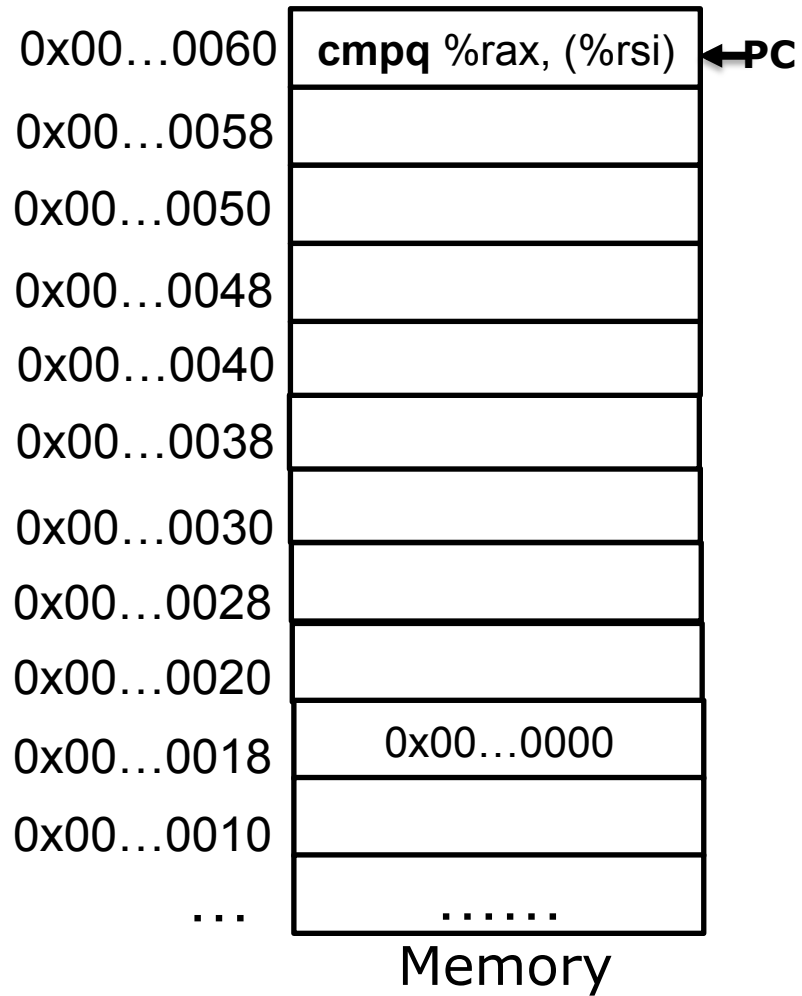
src	dest	operation	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0xffffffff	0x1	addl	1	0	1	0
0xffffffff	0x80000000	addl	0	0	1	1
0xffffffff	0x80000000	subl	0	1	1	0
0xffffffff	0x1	subl	0	0	1	0

Compare two numbers

cmpq a, b

- Like `subq a, b`, except destination (b) unchanged
- Set CF, ZF, SF and OF appropriately





Exercises

`cmpq $0x10, %rax`

%rax	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0x10				
0x20				
0x0				
0x8000000000000000				

Exercises

`cmpq $0x10, %rax`

%rax	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0x10	1	0	0`	0
0x20				
0x0				
0x8000000000000000				

Exercises

`cmpq $0x10, %rax`

%rax	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0x10	1	0	0	0
0x20	0	0	0	0
0x0				
0x8000000000000000				

Exercises

`cmpq $0x10, %rax`

%rax	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0x10	1	0	0	0
0x20	0	0	0	0
0x0	0	1	1	0
0x8000000000000000				

Exercises

`cmpq $0x10, %rax`

%rax	ZF	SF	CF	OF
0x10	1	0	0	0
0x20	0	0	0	0
0x0	0	1	1	0
0x8000000000000000	0	0	0	1

Test: logical compare

testq a, b

- Like `andq a, b`, except destination(b) unchanged
- Set ZF, SF appropriately

Questions

testq %rax, %rax

- When is ZF set?
- When is SF set?

Questions

testq %rax, %rax

- When is ZF set? `0x0`
- When is SF set? `val(%rax) < 0`

Read status flags

set**X** dest

- set dest to 0 or 1 depending on the status flag (CF, SF, OF and ZF) in the EFLAGS register.
- dest is either a (1-byte) register or a byte in memory.
- Condition code suffix (**X**) indicates the condition being tested for.

setX dest


cmpq a, b
setX c

setX	Condition	Description
sete	ZF	Equal / Zero
setne	$\sim ZF$	Not Equal / Not Zero
sets	SF	Negative
setns	$\sim SF$	Nonnegative
setg	$\sim (SF \wedge OF) \ \& \ \sim ZF$	Greater (Signed)
setge	$\sim (SF \wedge OF)$	Greater or Equal (Signed)
setl	$(SF \wedge OF)$	Less (Signed)
setle	$(SF \wedge OF) \mid ZF$	Less or Equal (Signed)
seta	$\sim CF \ \& \ \sim ZF$	Above (unsigned)
setb	CF	Below (unsigned)

Dest is greater than source (aka b is greater than a)

1 byte register

%rax	%al
%rbx	%bl
%rcx	%cl
%rdx	%dl
%rsi	%sil
%rdi	%dil
%rsp	%spl
%rbp	%bpl


1 byte

%r8	%r8b
%r9	%r9b
%r10	%r10b
%r11	%r11b
%r12	%r12b
%r13	%r13b
%r14	%r14b
%r15	%r15b


1 byte

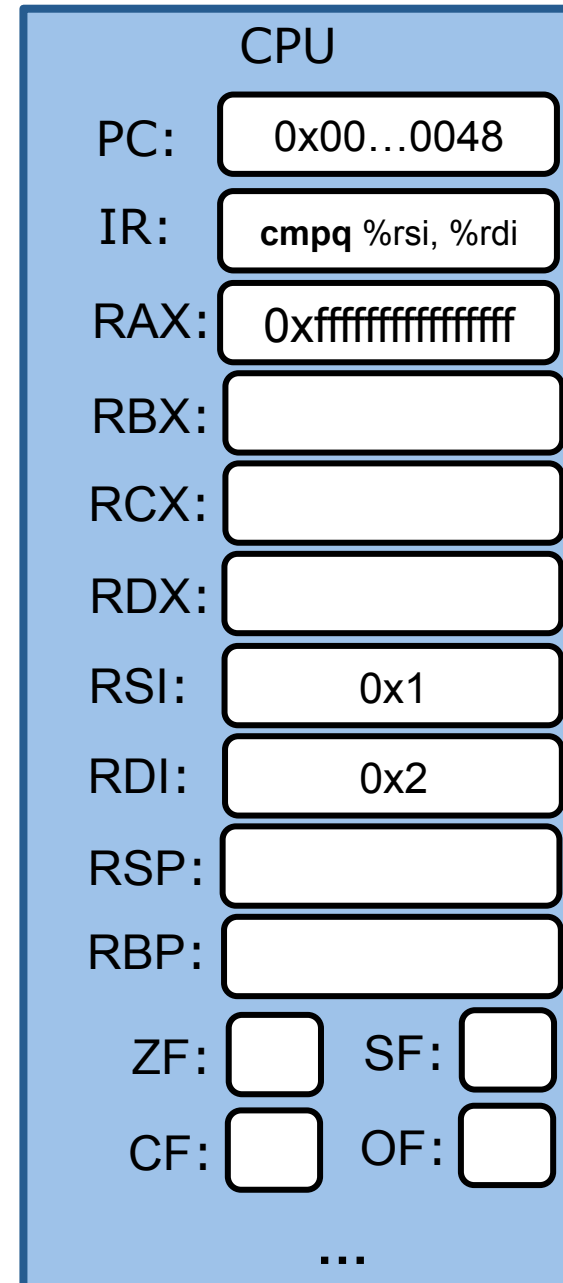
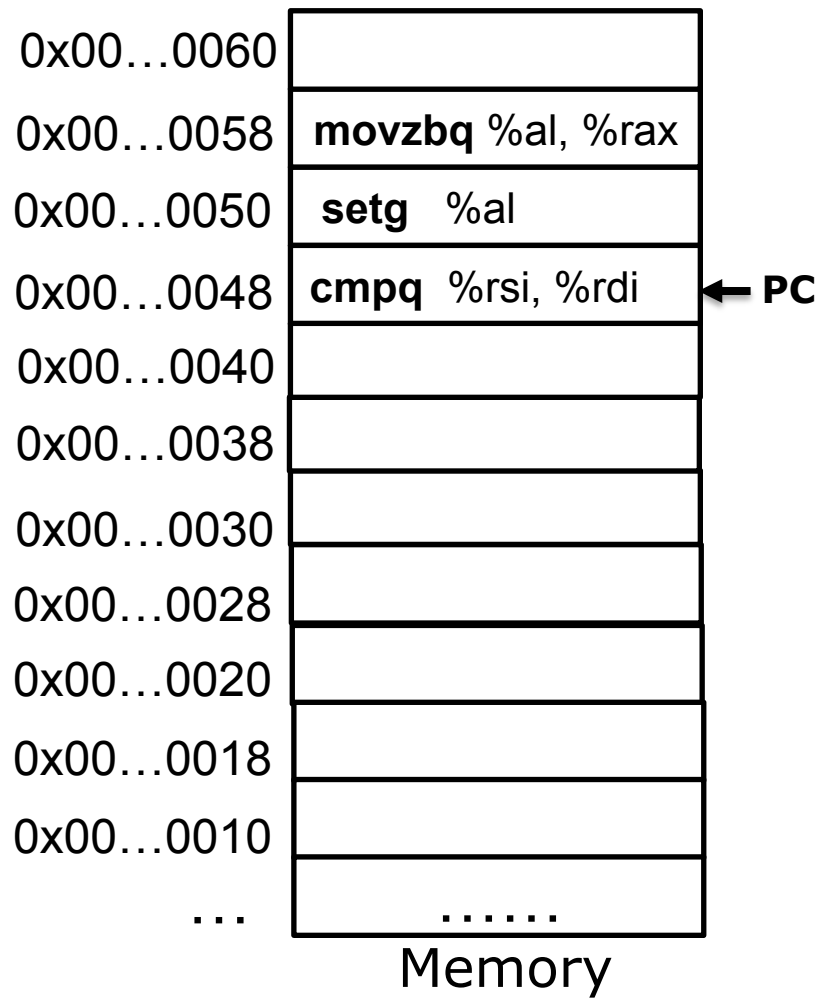
Example

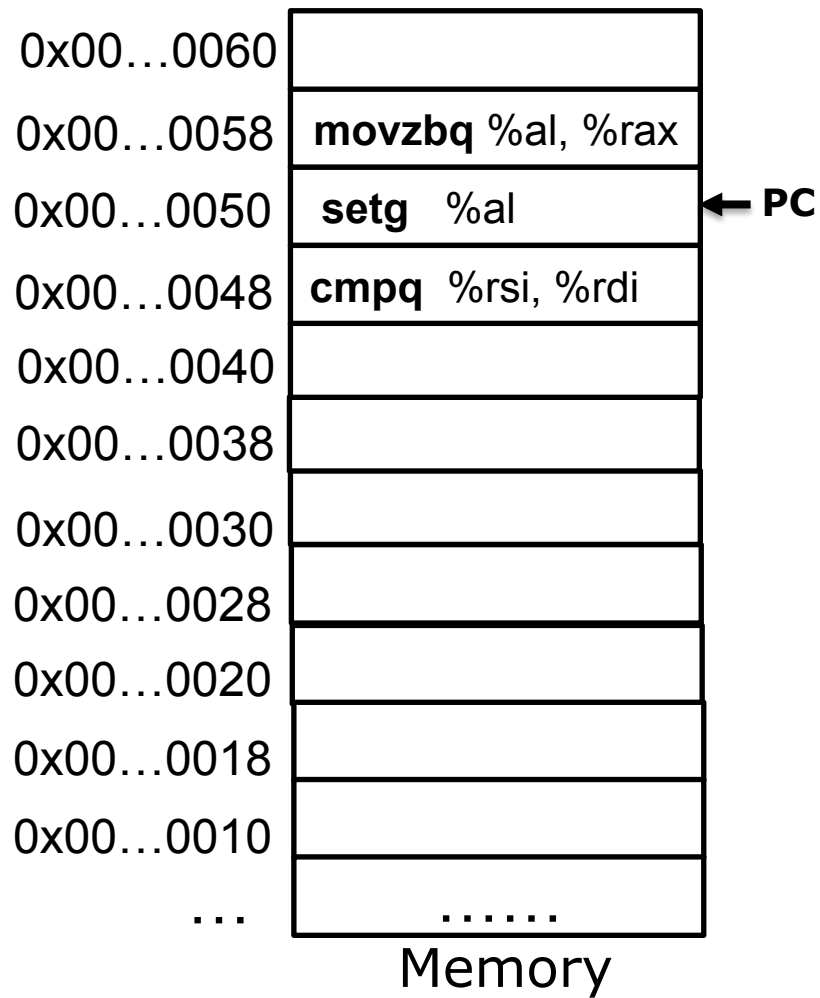
```
int gt (long x, long y)
{
    return x > y;
}
```



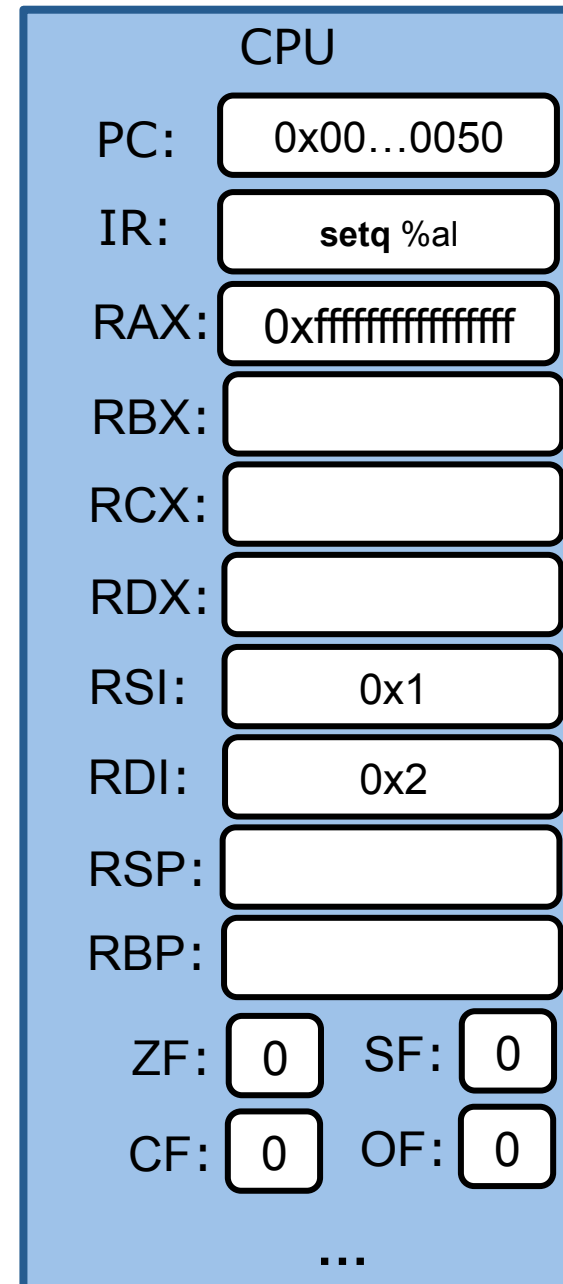
```
cmpq    %rsi, %rdi    # cmpq y x
setg    %al            # set when >
movzbq  %al, %rax      # zero extend %rax
```

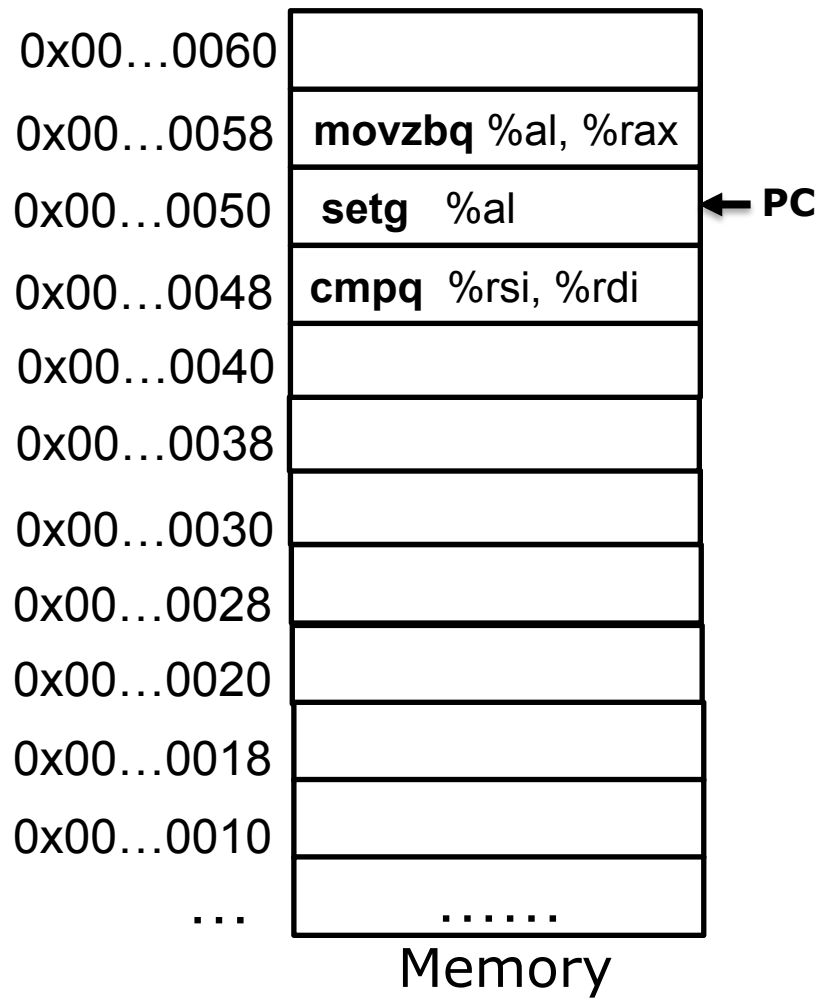
Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument x
%rsi	Argument y
%rax	Return value



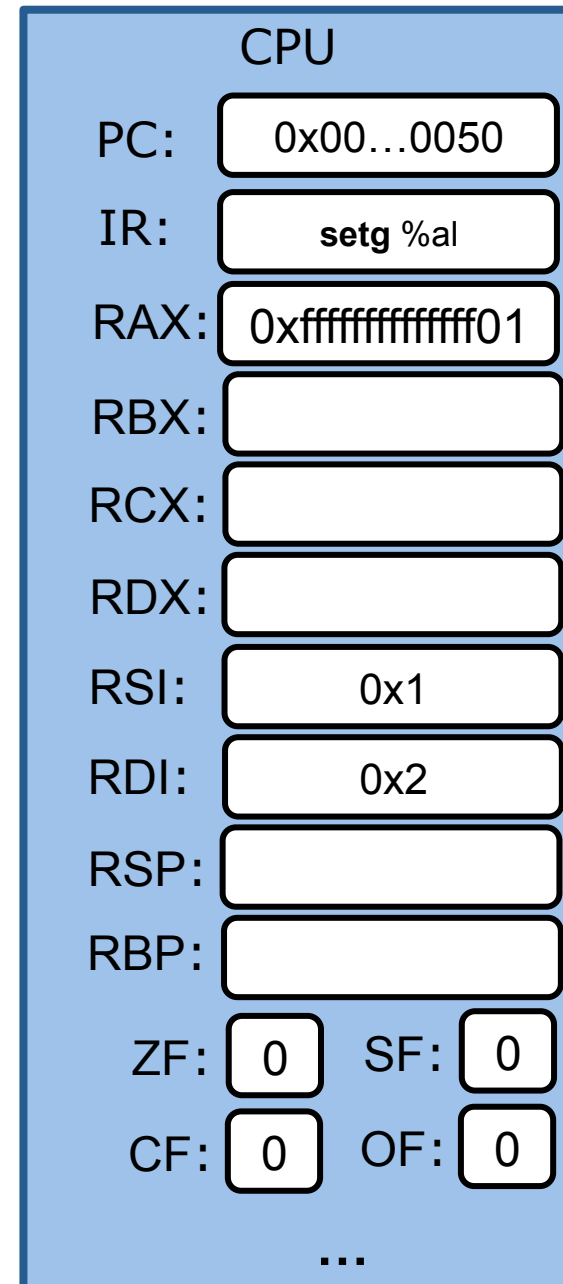


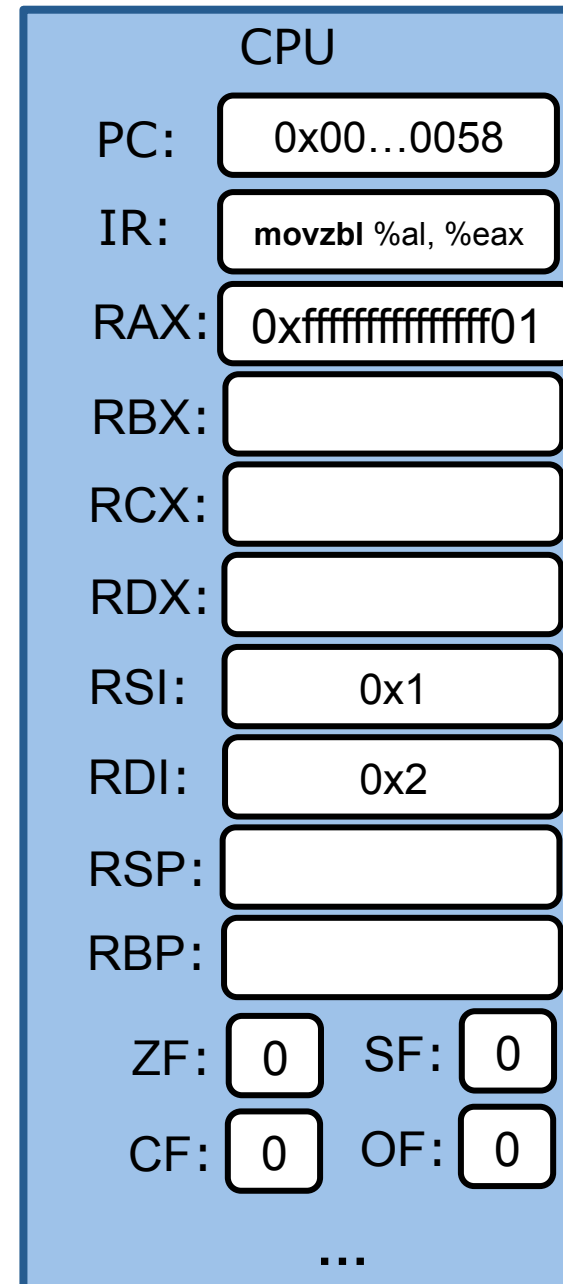
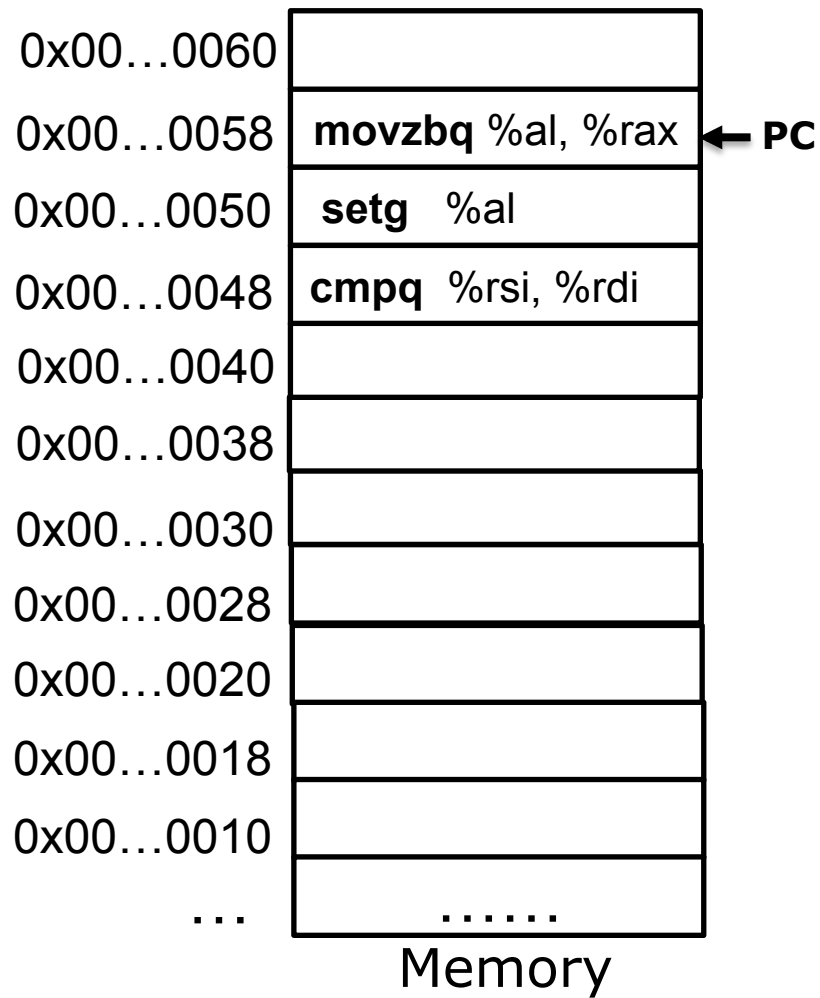
setg	$\sim (SF \wedge OF) \ \& \ \sim ZF$
------	--------------------------------------

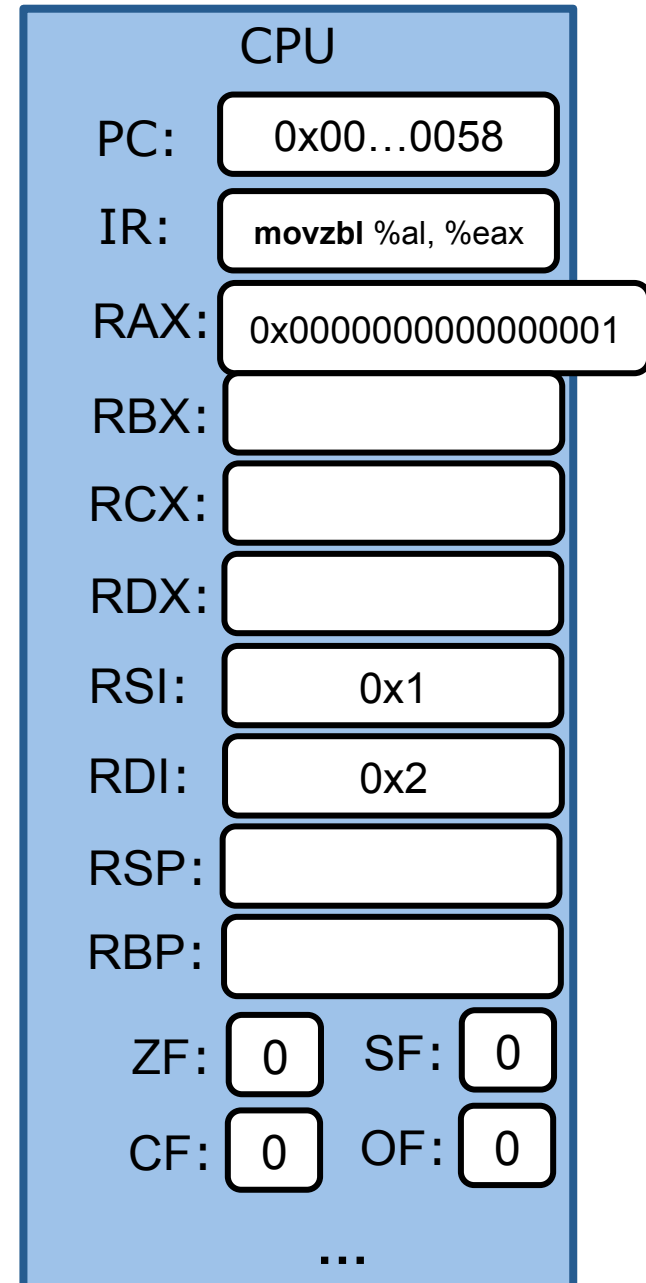
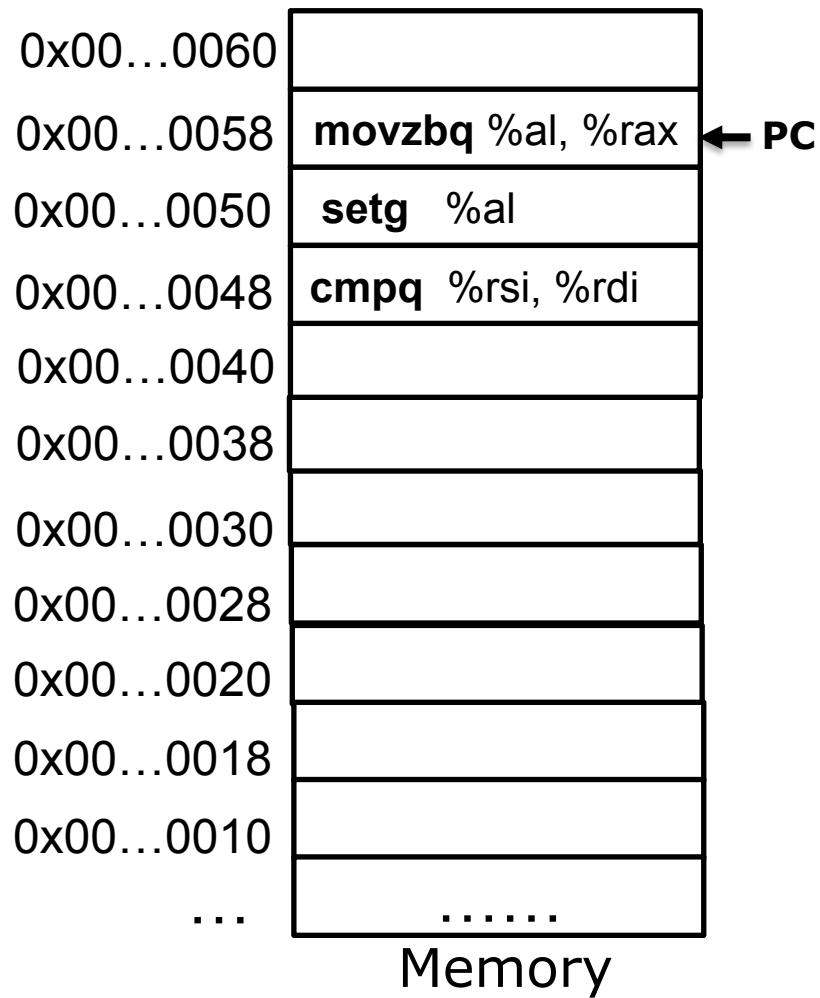




setg	$\sim (SF \wedge OF) \ \& \ \sim ZF$
------	--------------------------------------





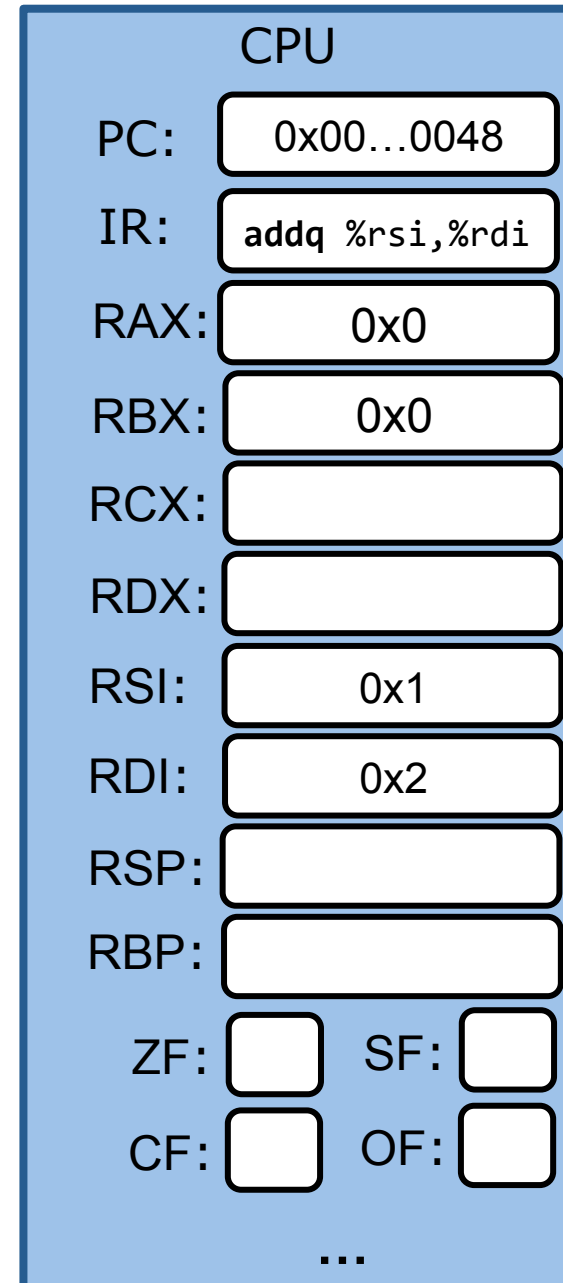
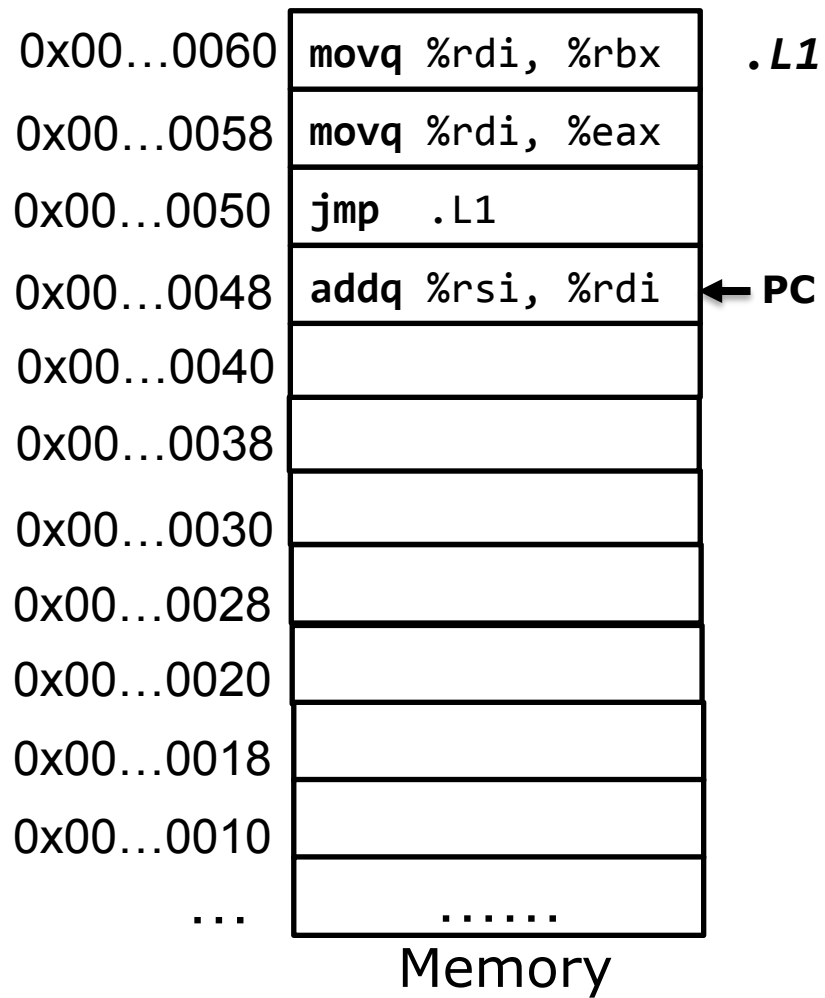


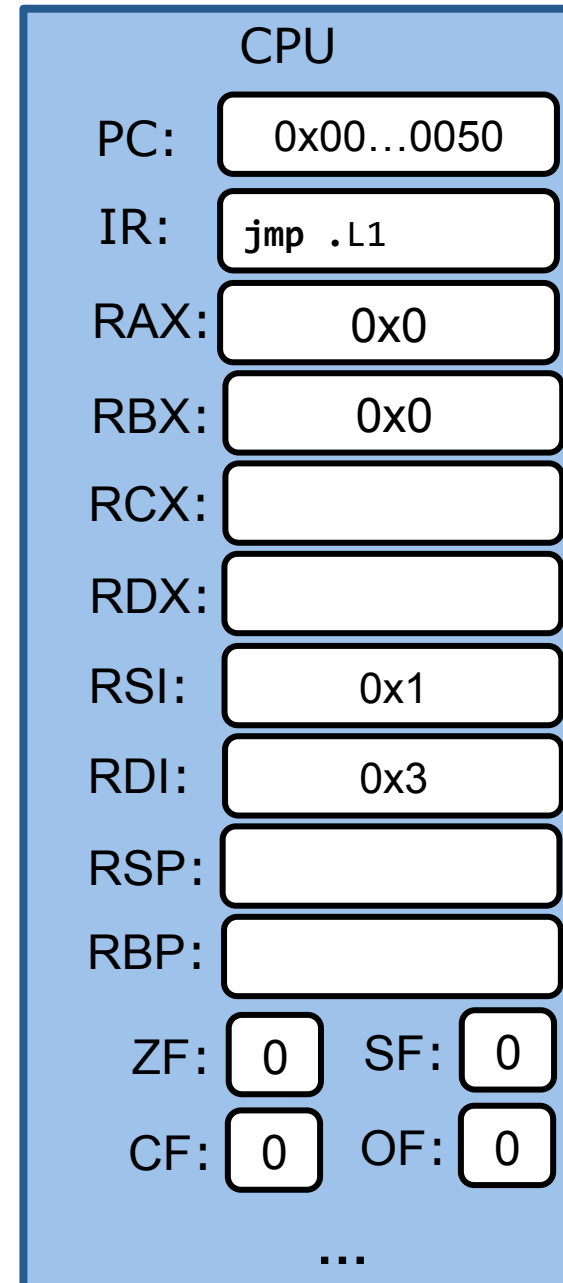
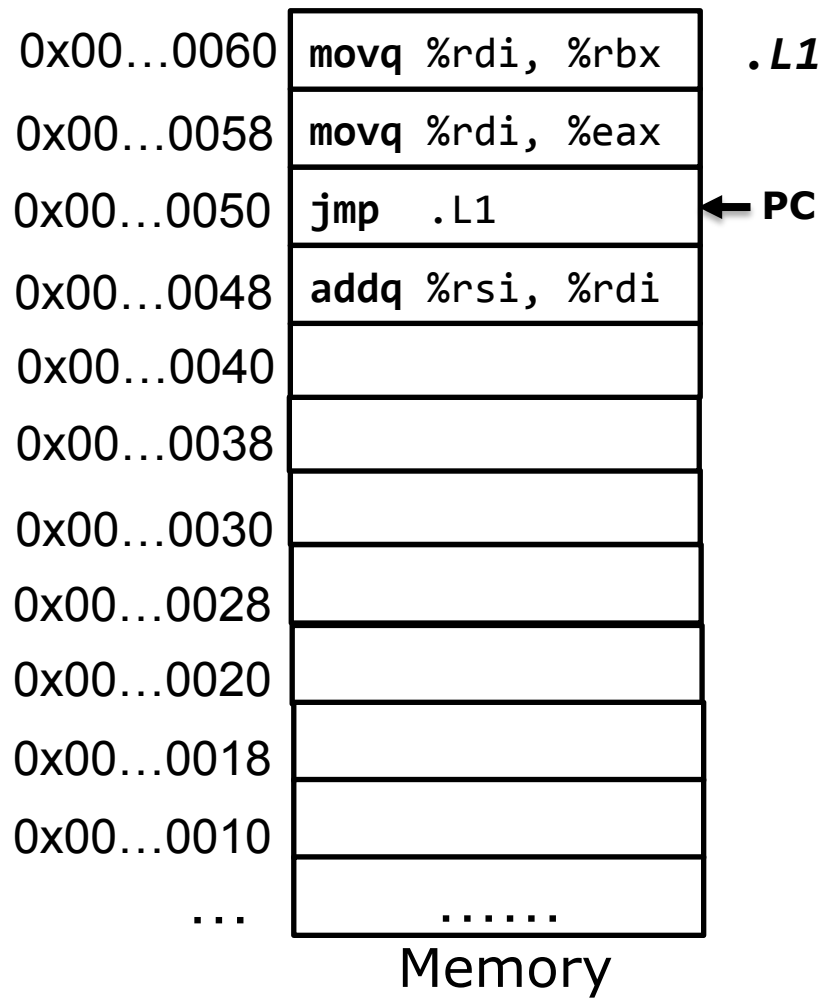
Jump instruction

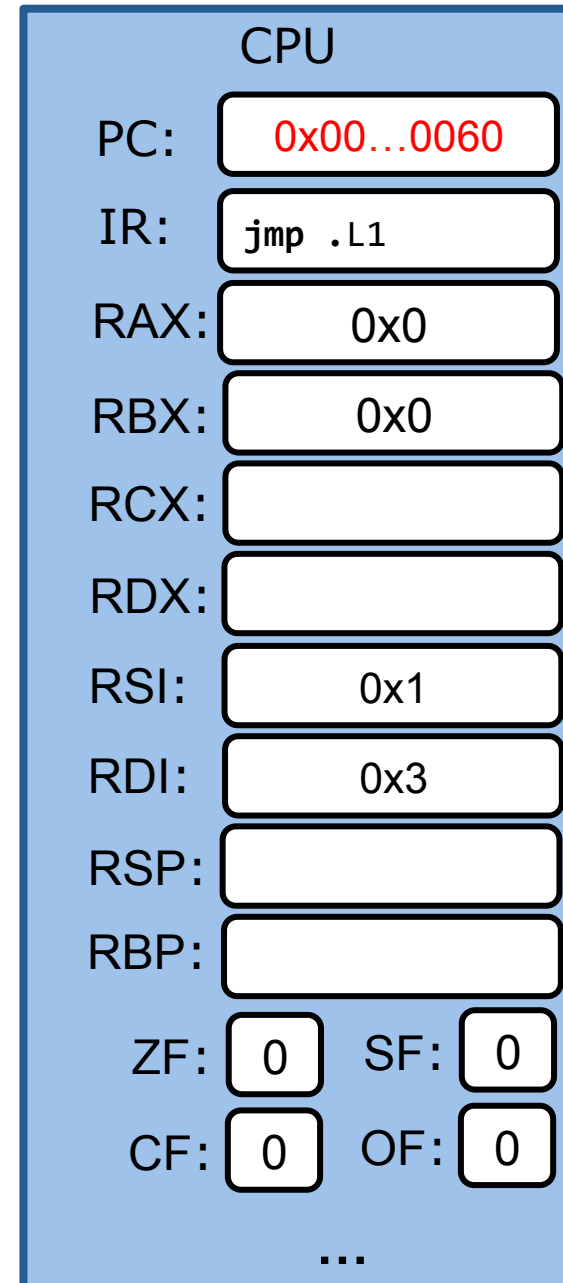
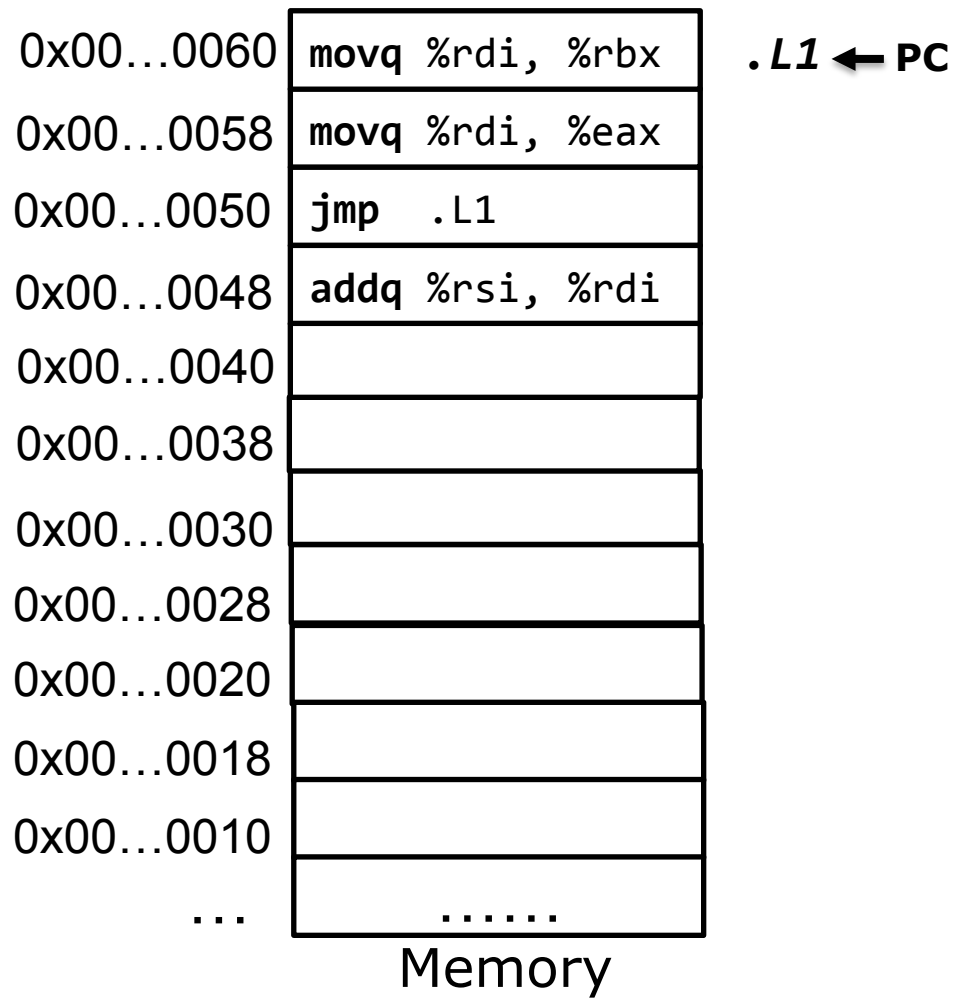
jmp label

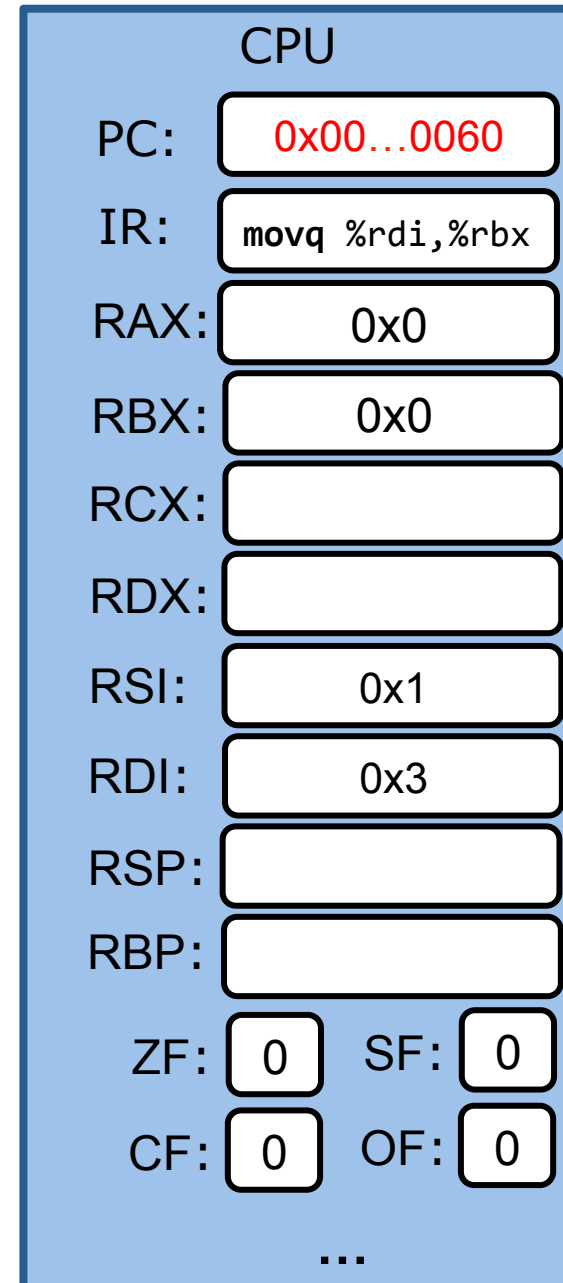
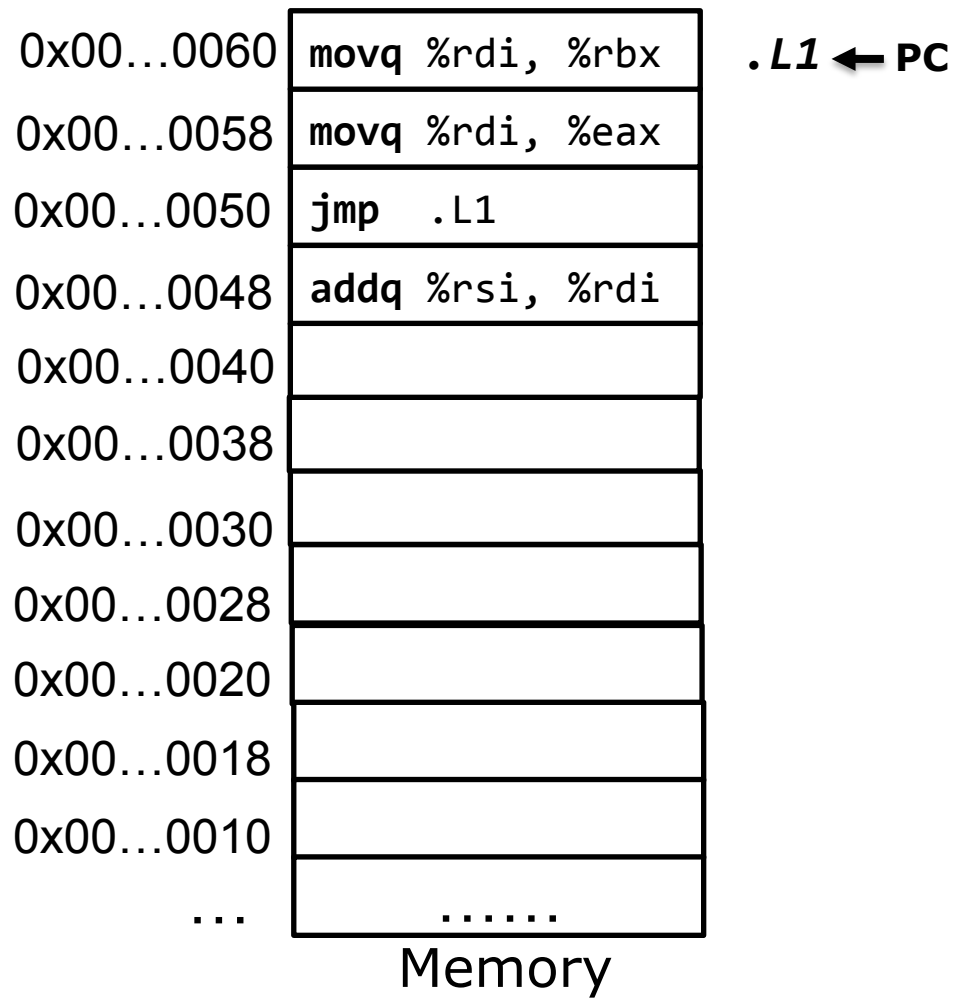
- Transfer control to a different point in the instruction stream by changing %rip
- Label specifies the address to jump to
- jmp is like *goto*

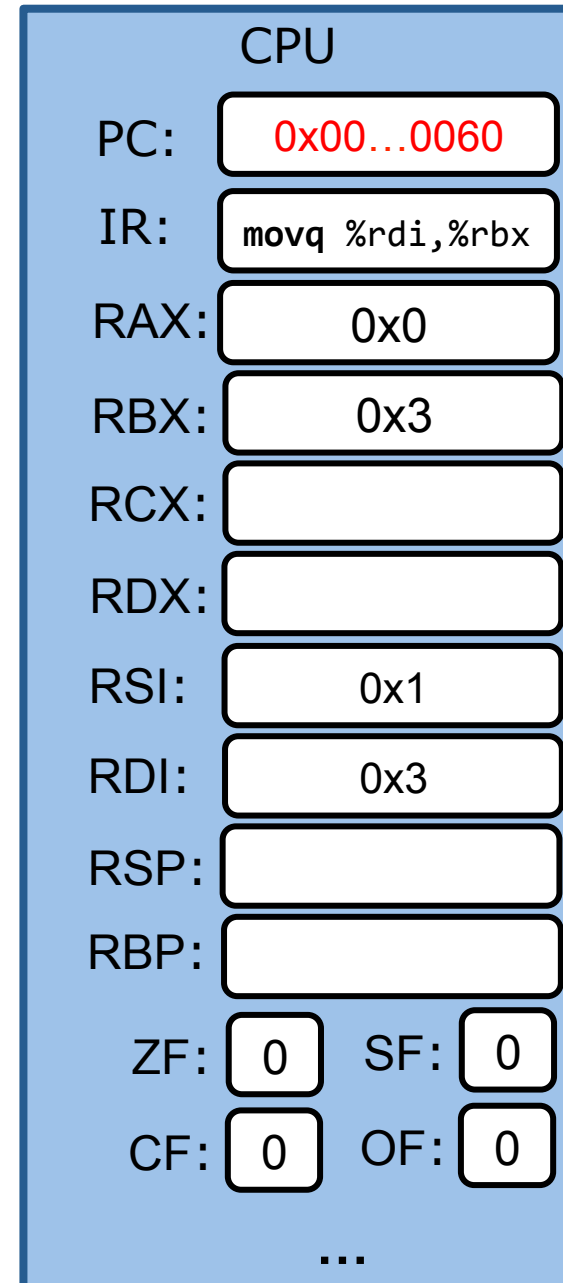
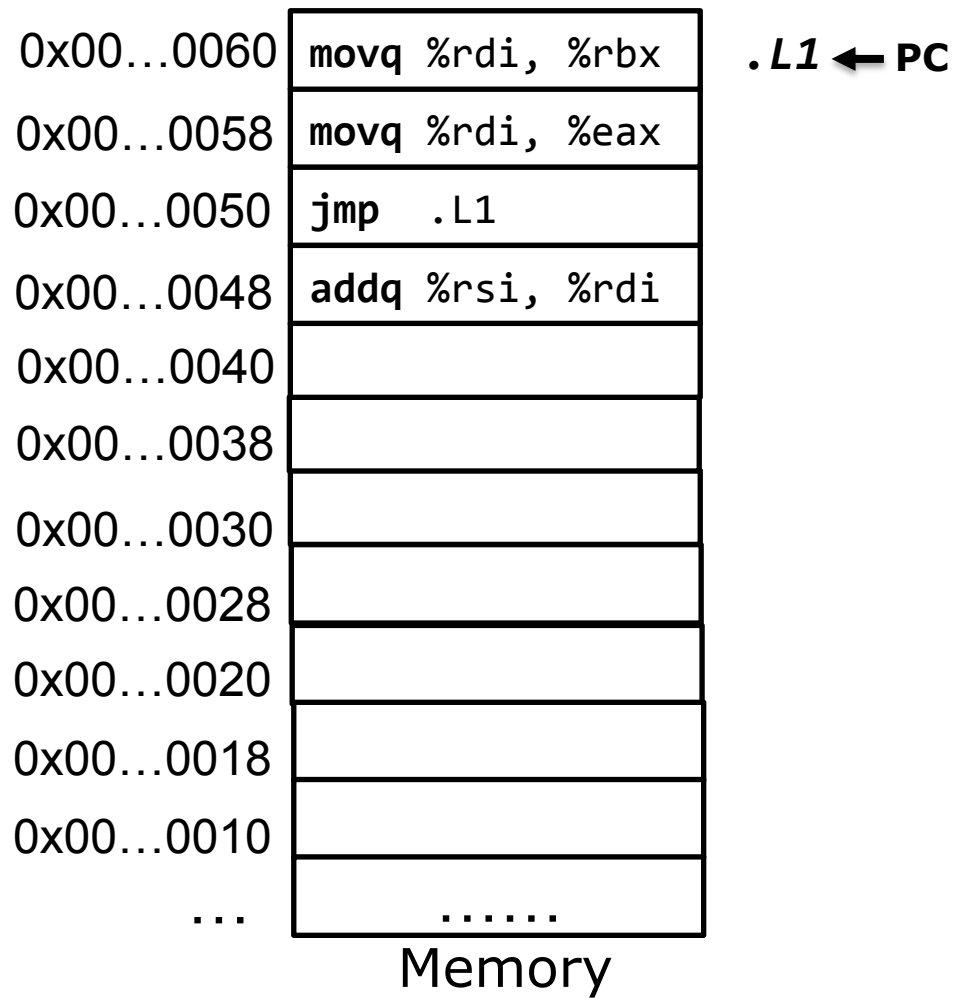
```
    addq %rsi, %rdi
    jmp  .L1
    movq %rdi, %eax
.L1:
    movq %rdi, %rbx
```









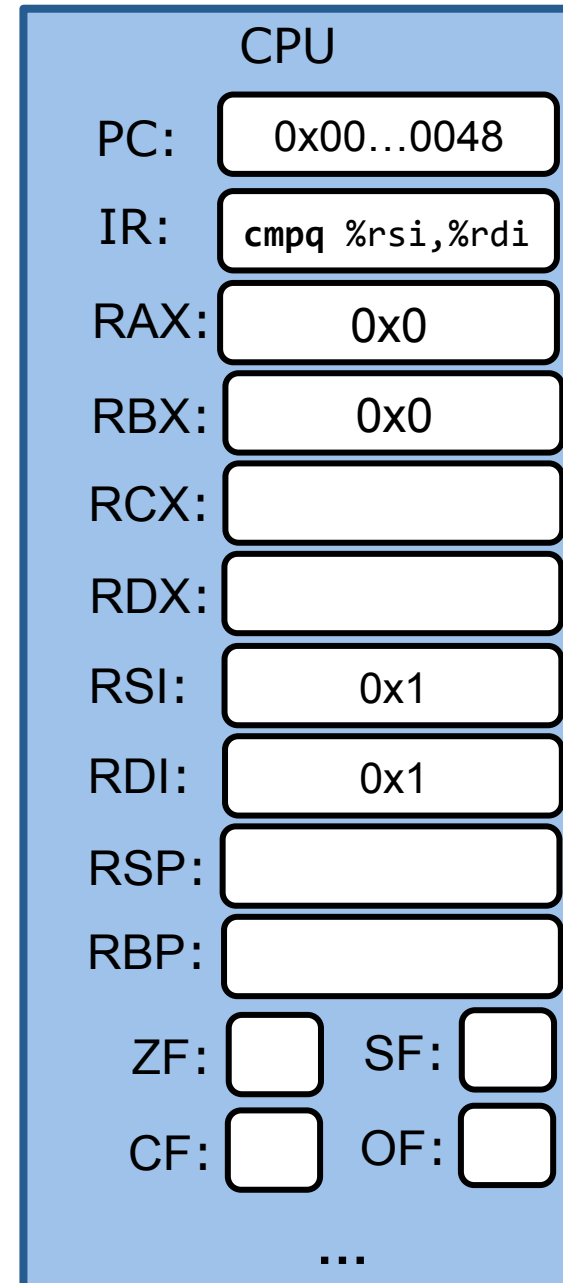
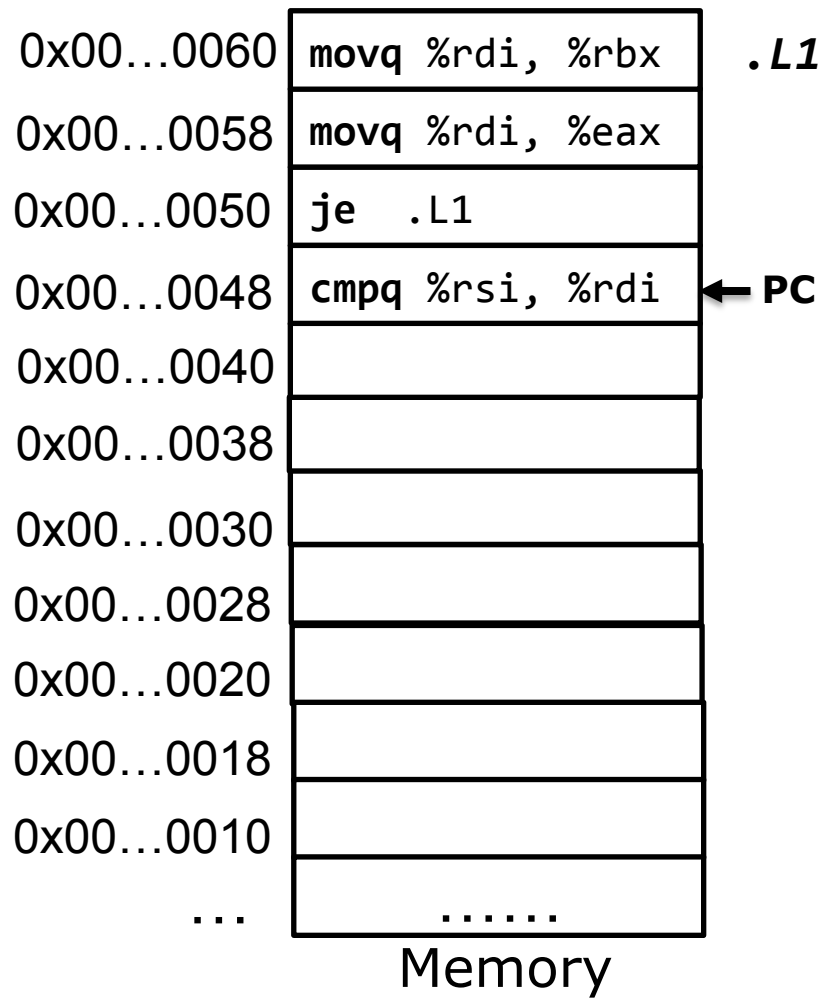


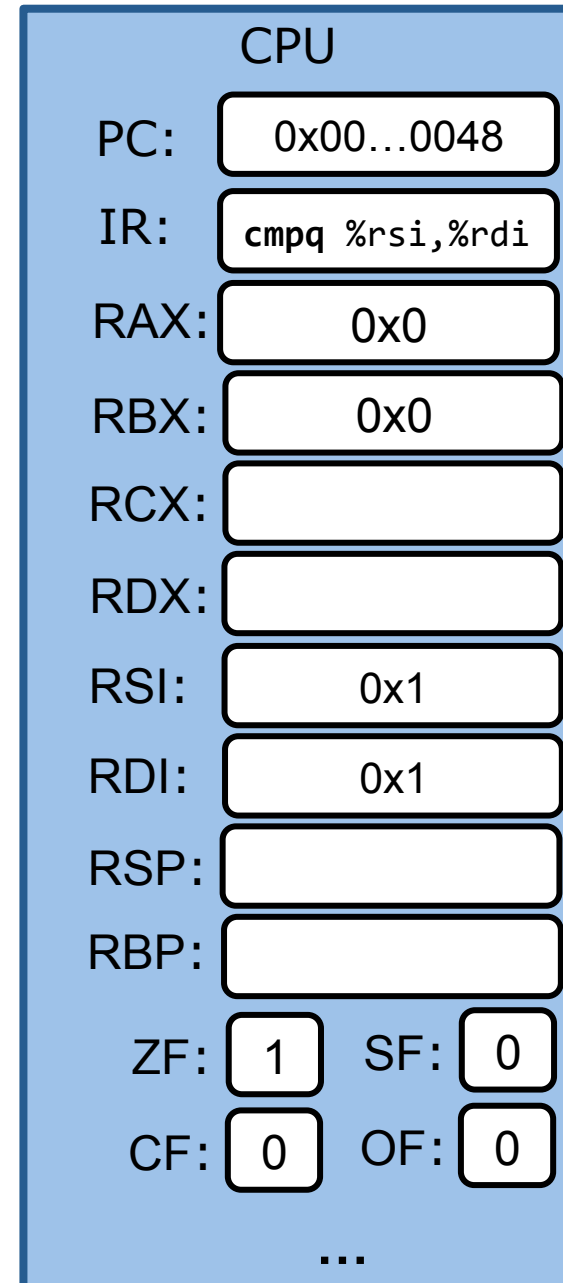
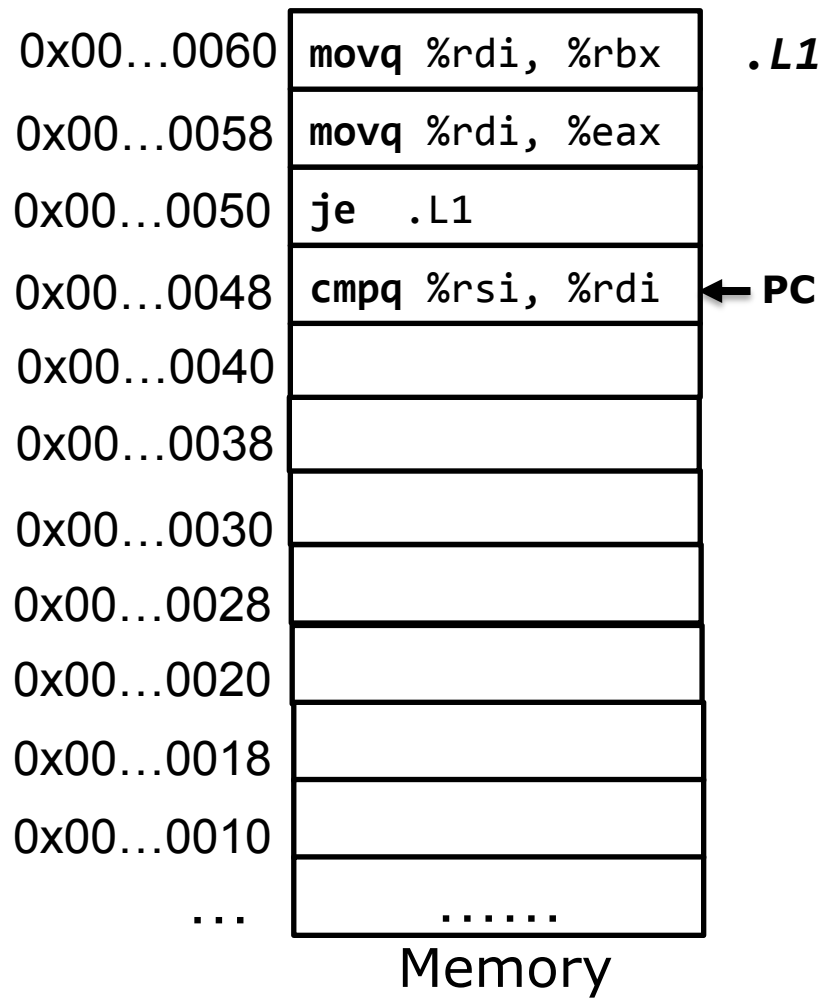
Jump instruction

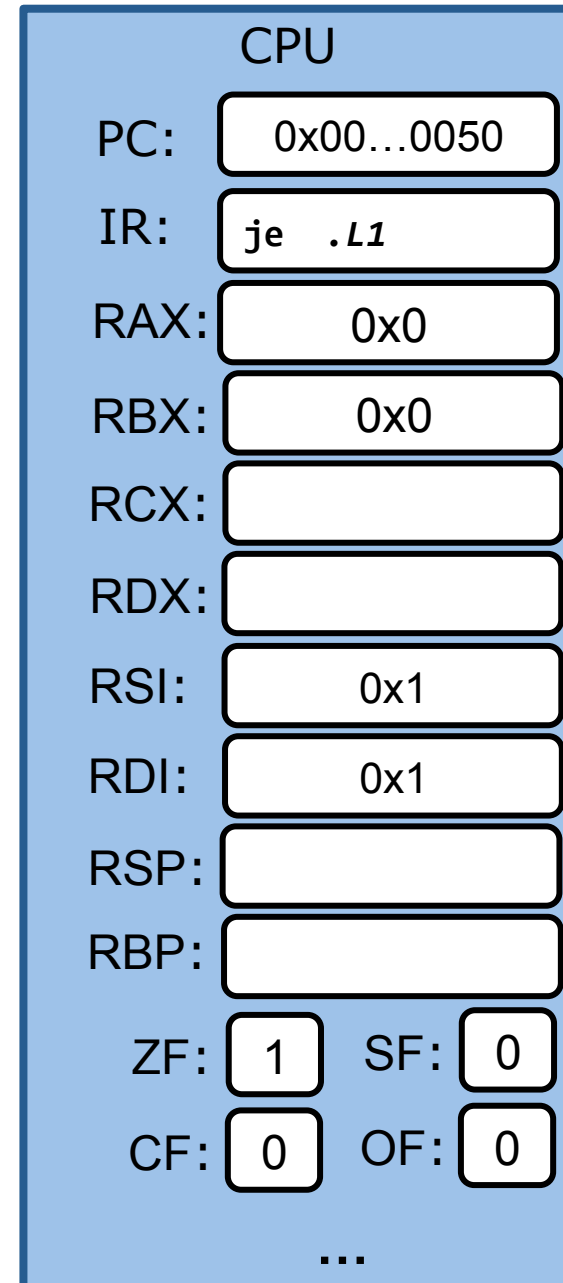
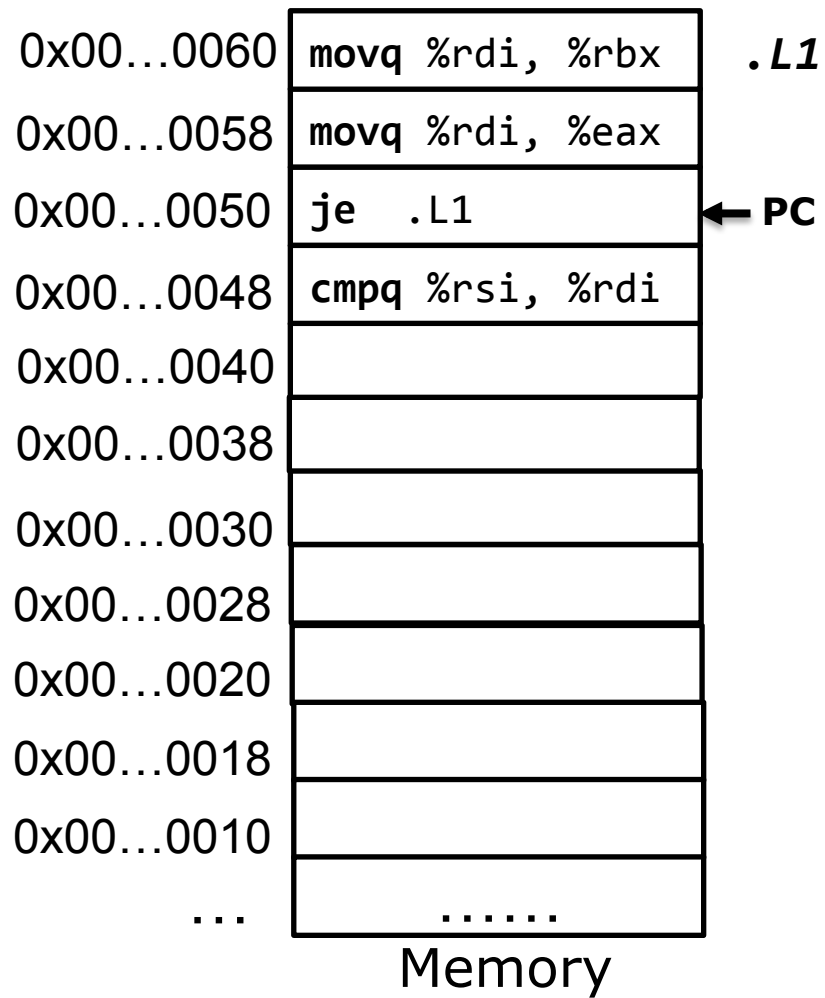
jX label

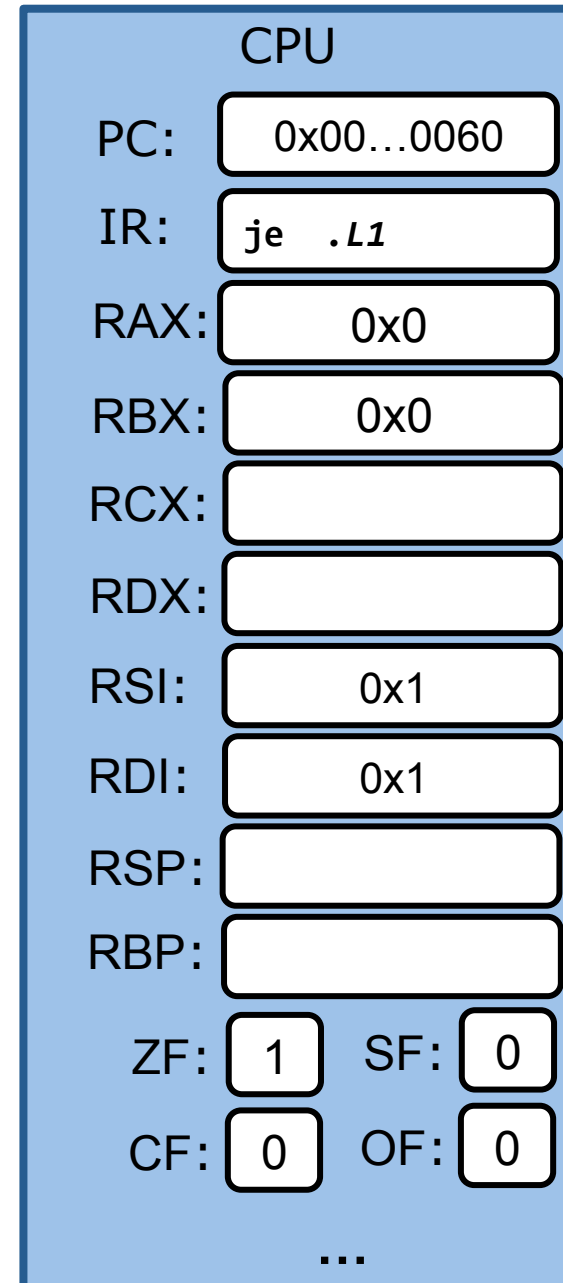
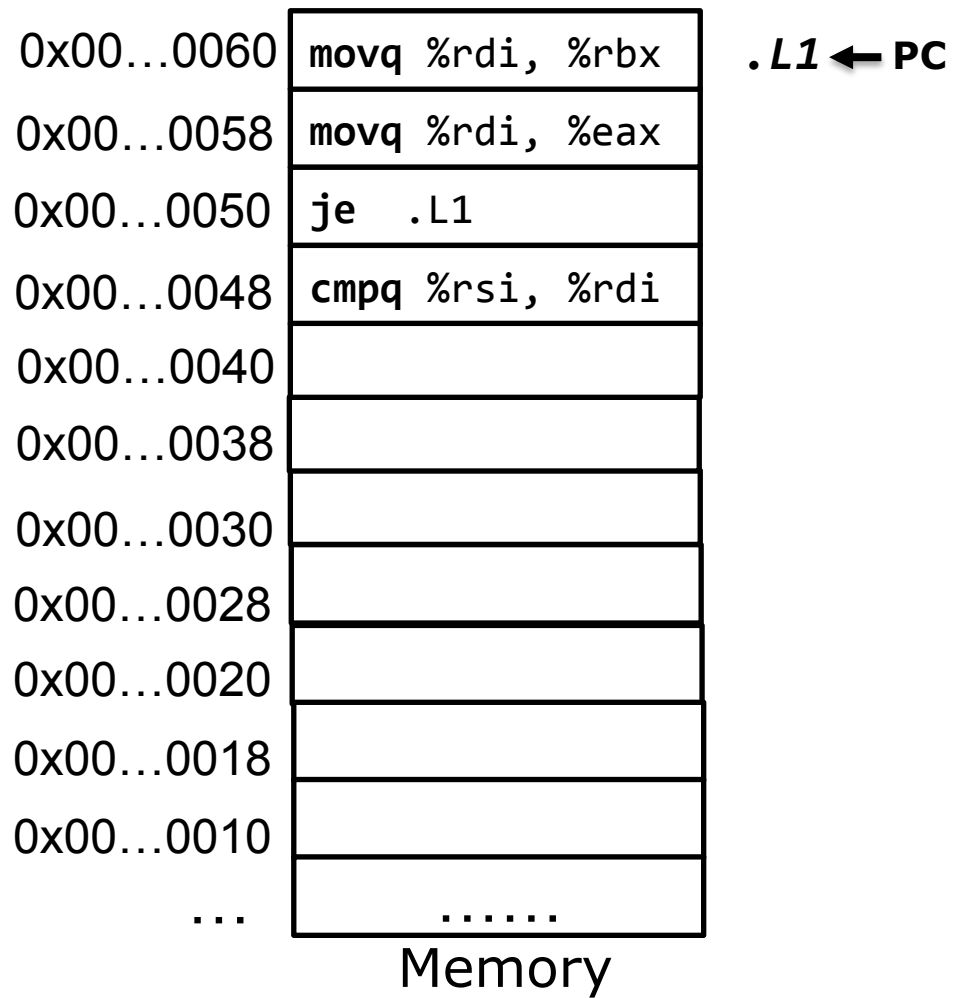
- If condition **X** is met, jump to the label

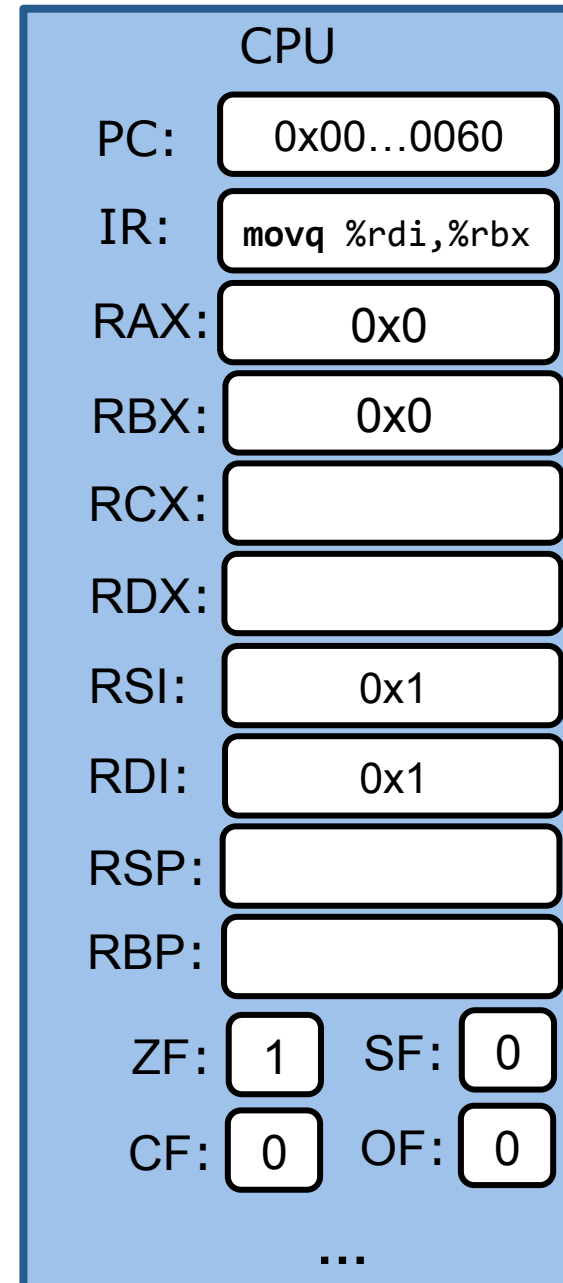
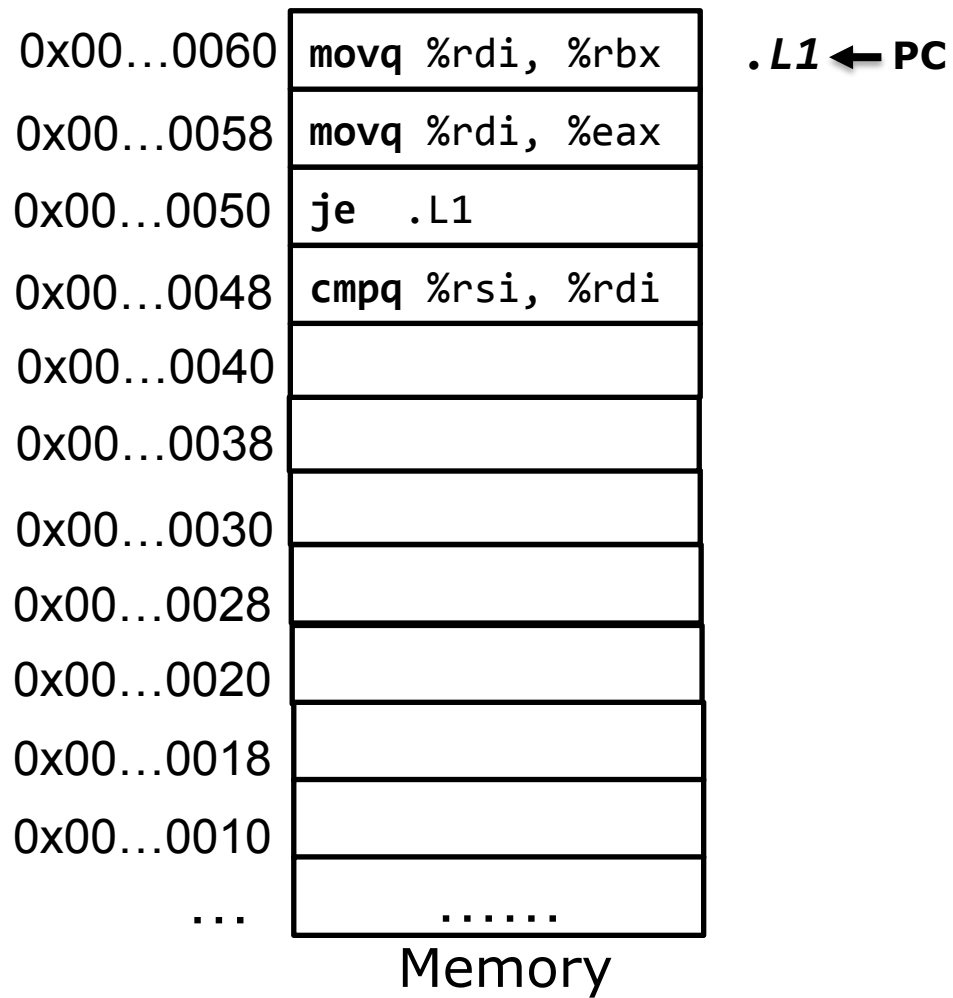
jX	Condition	Description
j _e	ZF	Equal / Zero
j _{ne}	$\sim ZF$	Not Equal / Not Zero
j _s	SF	Negative
j _{ns}	$\sim SF$	Nonnegative
j _g	$\sim (SF \wedge OF) \ \& \ \sim ZF$	Greater (Signed)
j _{ge}	$\sim (SF \wedge OF)$	Greater or Equal (Signed)
j _l	$(SF \wedge OF)$	Less (Signed)
j _{le}	$(SF \wedge OF) \mid ZF$	Less or Equal (Signed)
j _a	$\sim CF \ \& \ \sim ZF$	Above (unsigned)
j _b	CF	Below (unsigned)

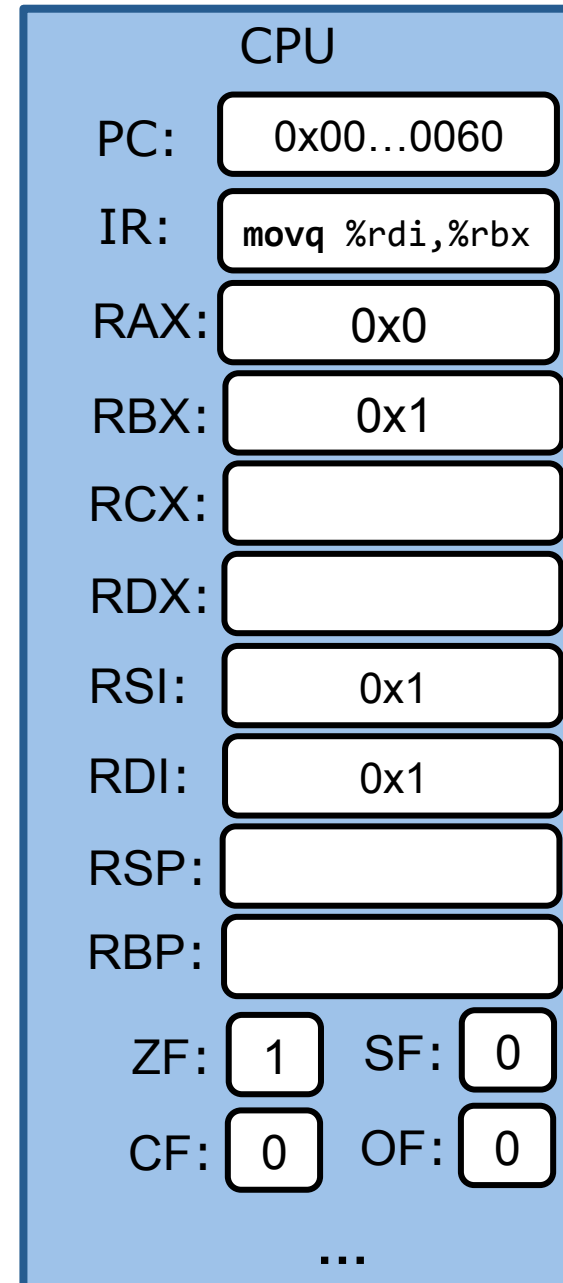
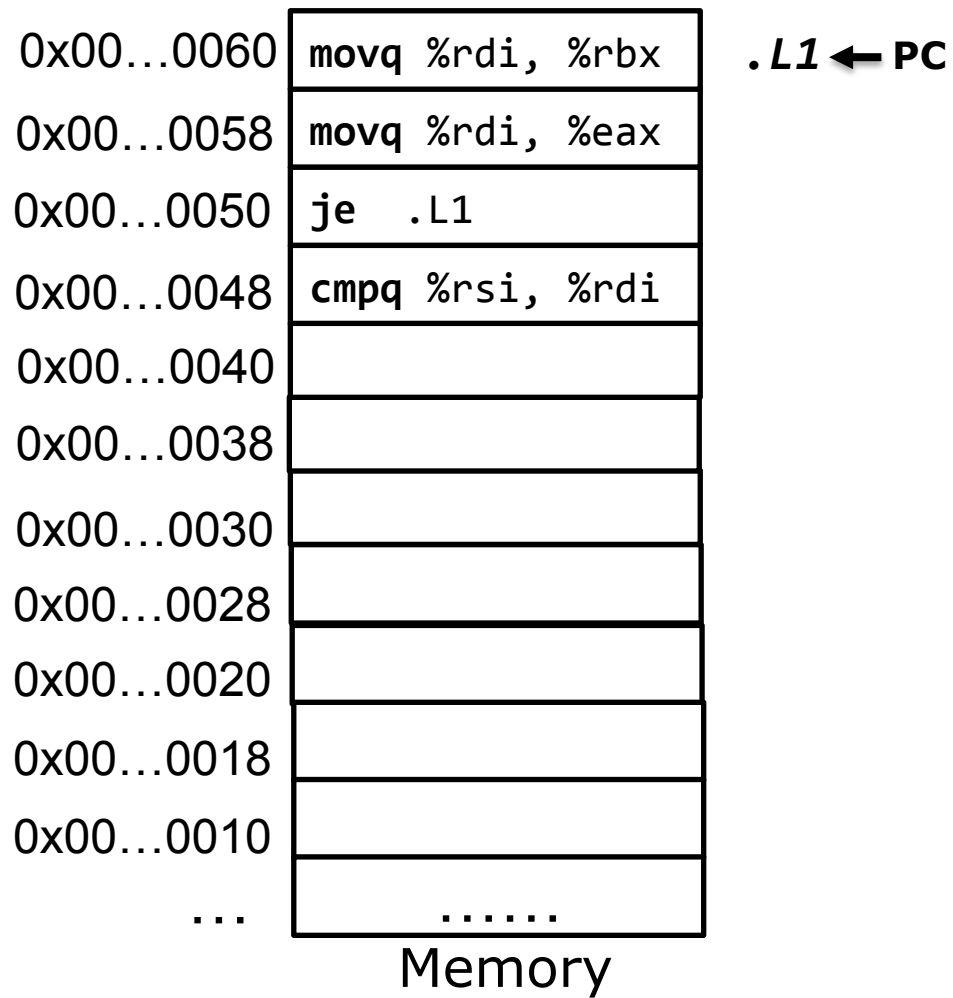












Conditional Branch Example

- `gcc -Og -S compare.c`

```
long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}
```

Register	Use(s)
<code>%rdi</code>	Argument x
<code>%rsi</code>	Argument y
<code>%rax</code>	Return value

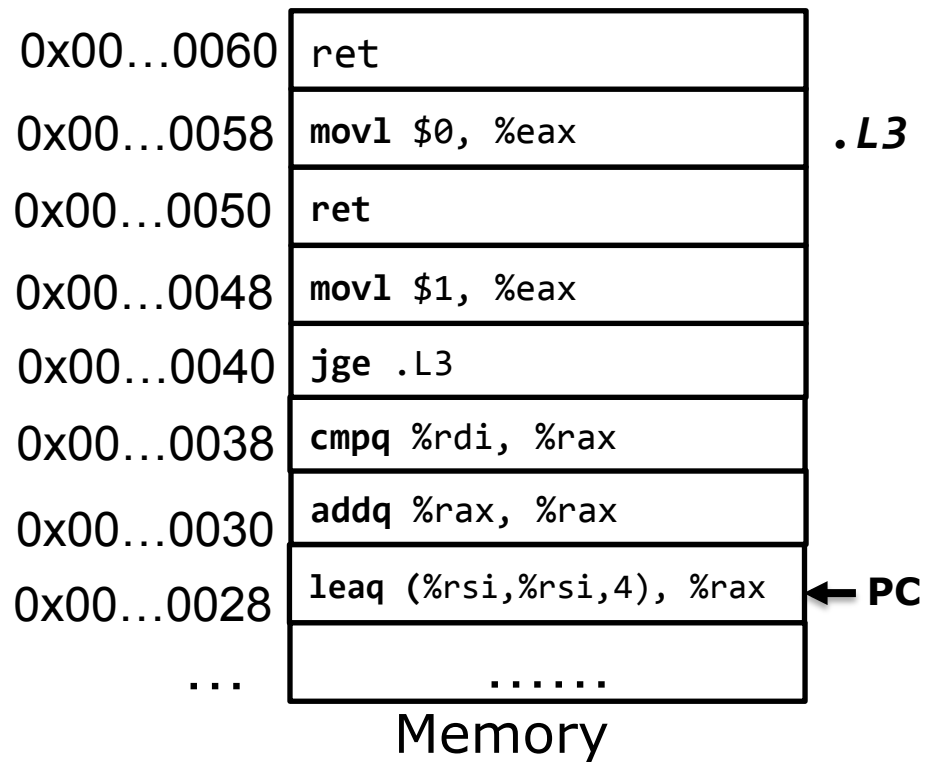
Conditional Branch Example

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long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}
```

```
compare:
    leaq    (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax
    addq    %rax, %rax
    cmpq    %rdi, %rax
    jge     .L3
    movl    $1, %rax
    ret
.L3:
    movl    $0, %rax
    ret
```

Register	Use(s)
<code>%rdi</code>	Argument x
<code>%rsi</code>	Argument y
<code>%rax</code>	Return value

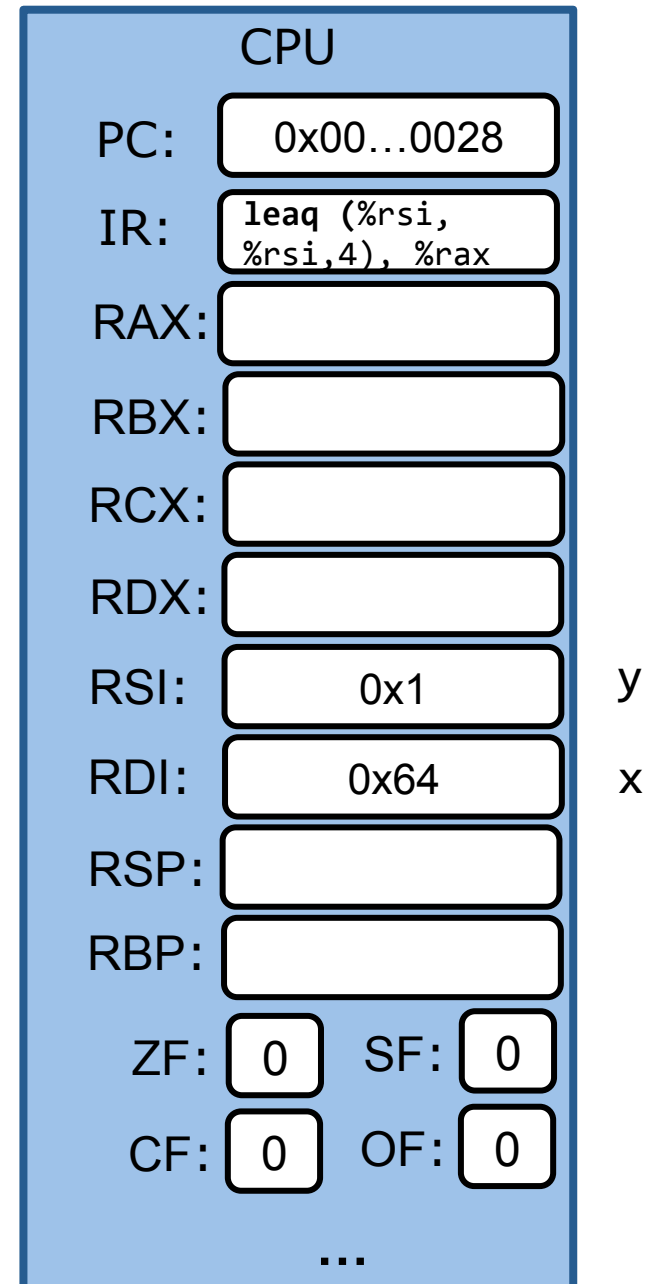


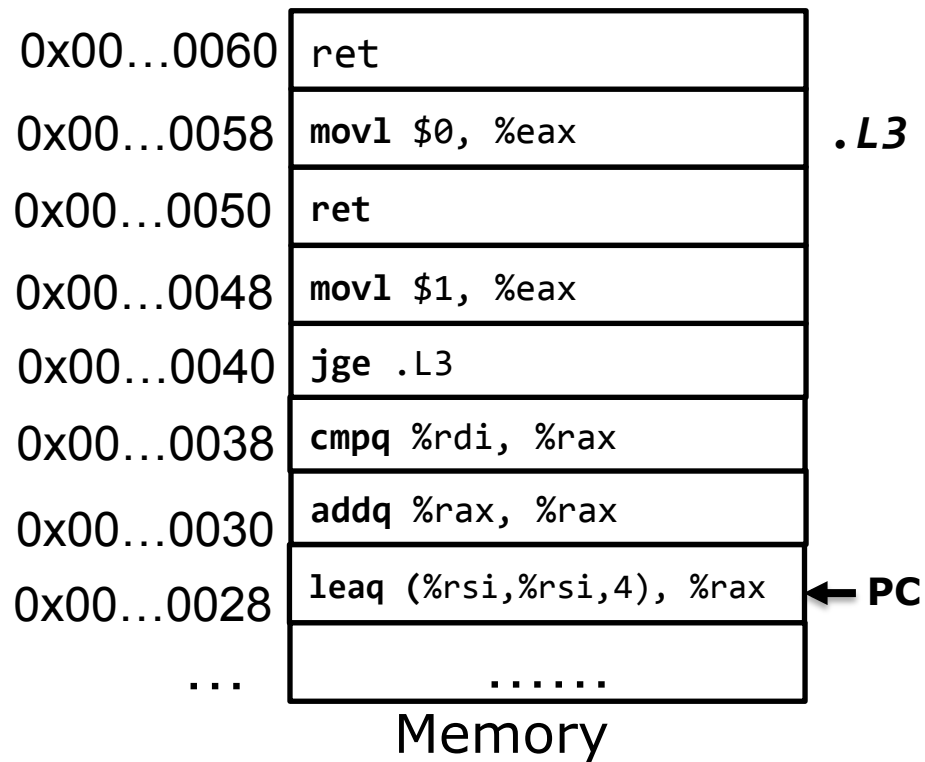
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1



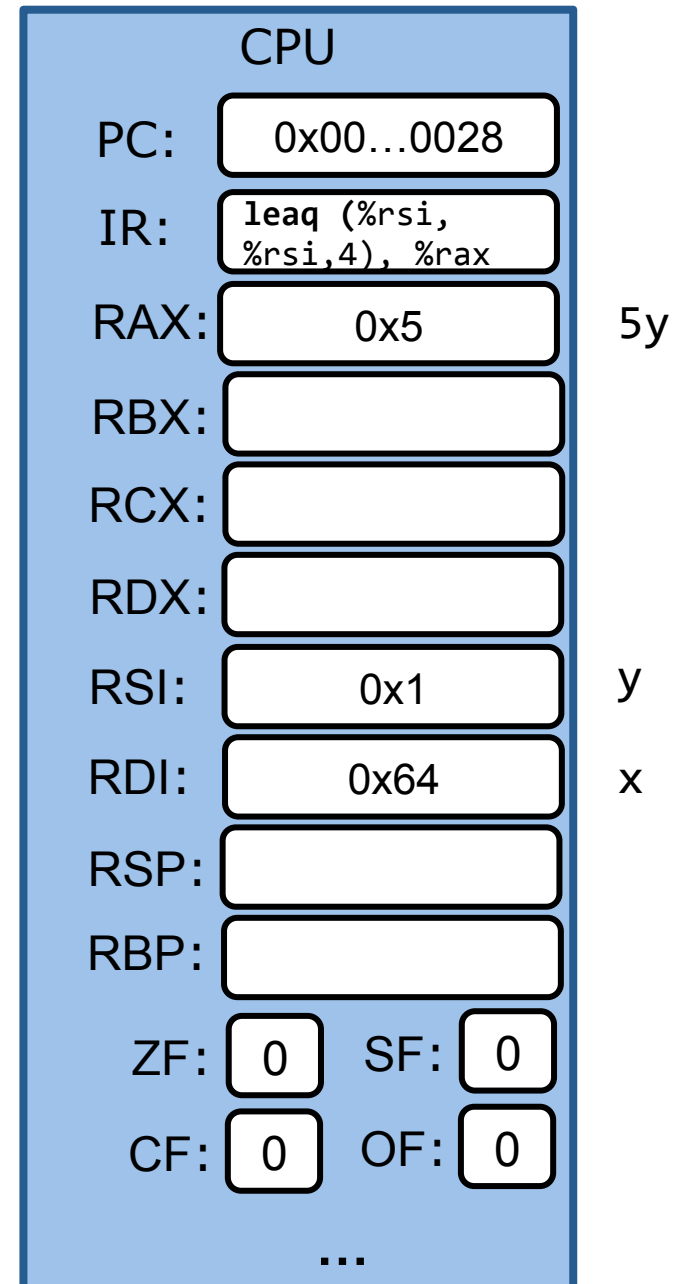


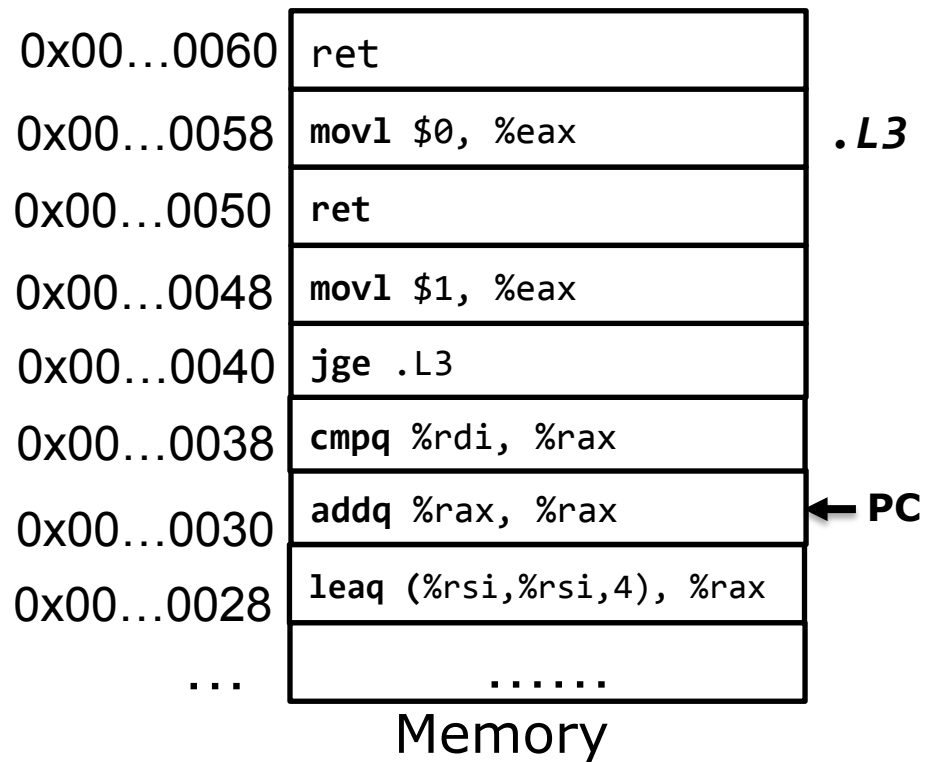
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1



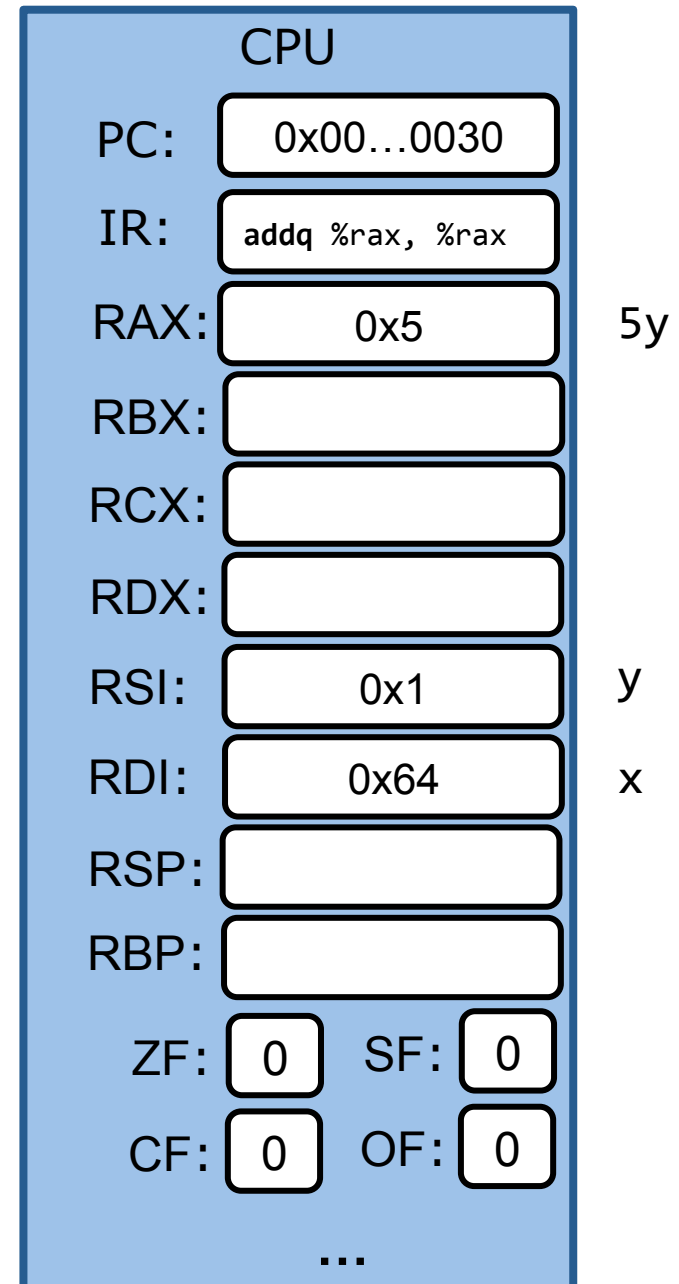


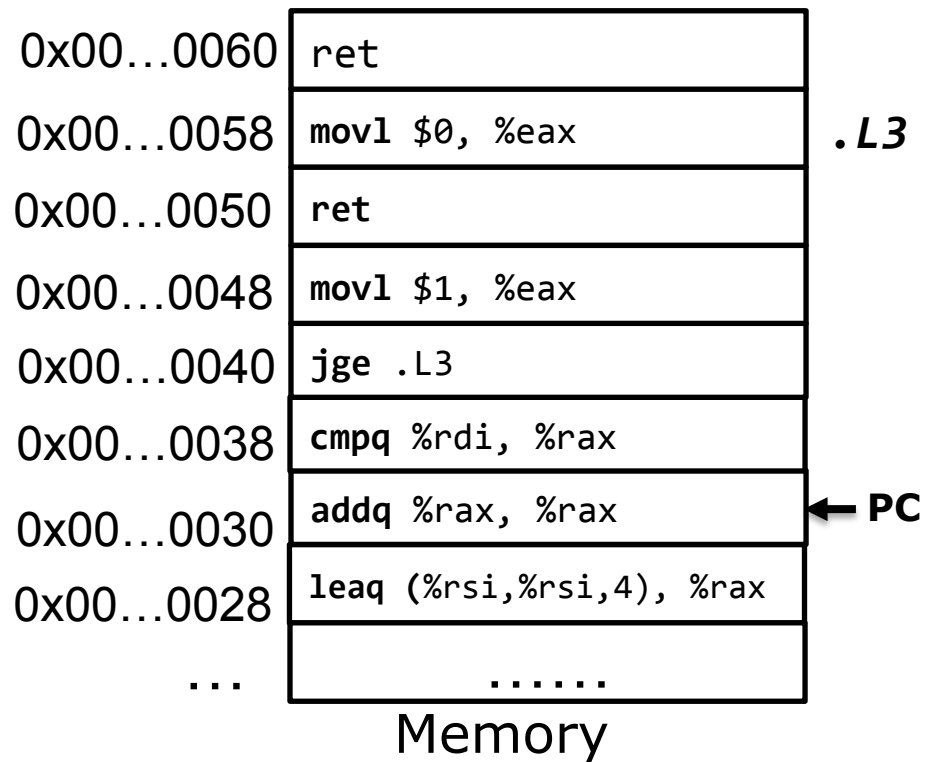
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1



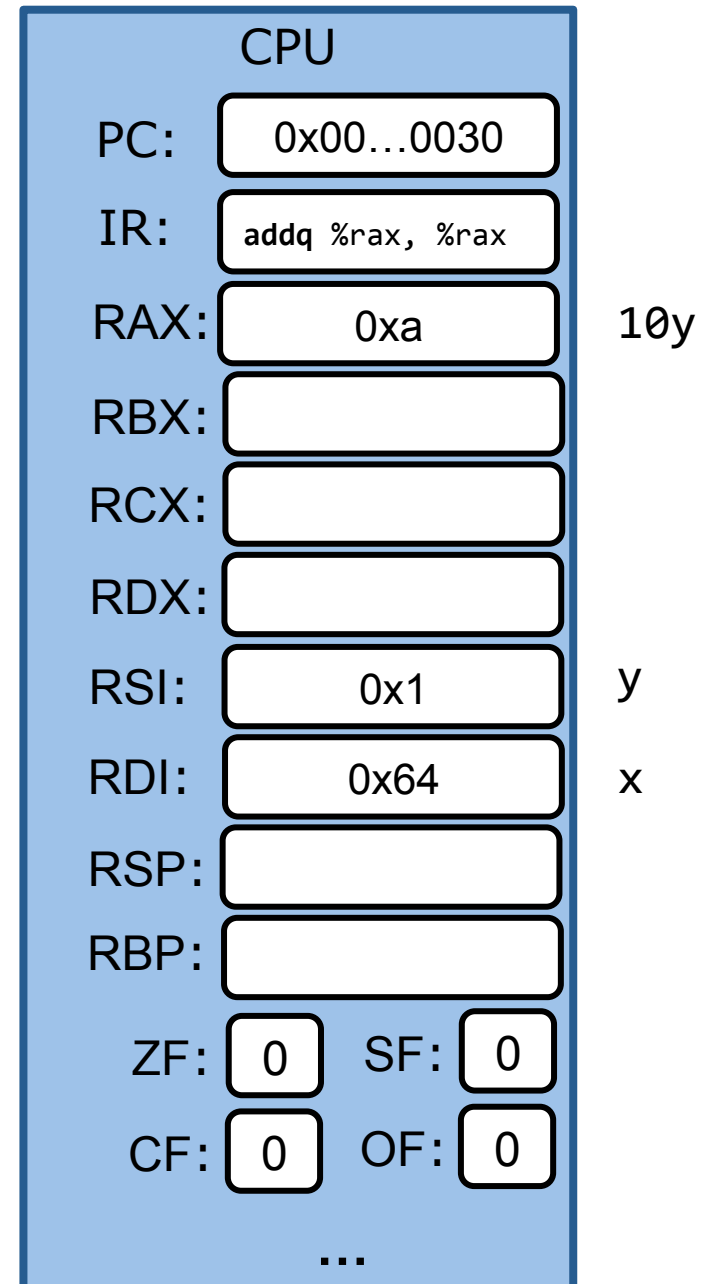


```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1



0x00...0060	ret	
0x00...0058	movl \$0, %eax	.L3
0x00...0050	ret	
0x00...0048	movl \$1, %eax	
0x00...0040	jge .L3	
0x00...0038	cmpq %rdi, %rax	← PC
0x00...0030	addq %rax, %rax	
0x00...0028	leaq (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax	
...	

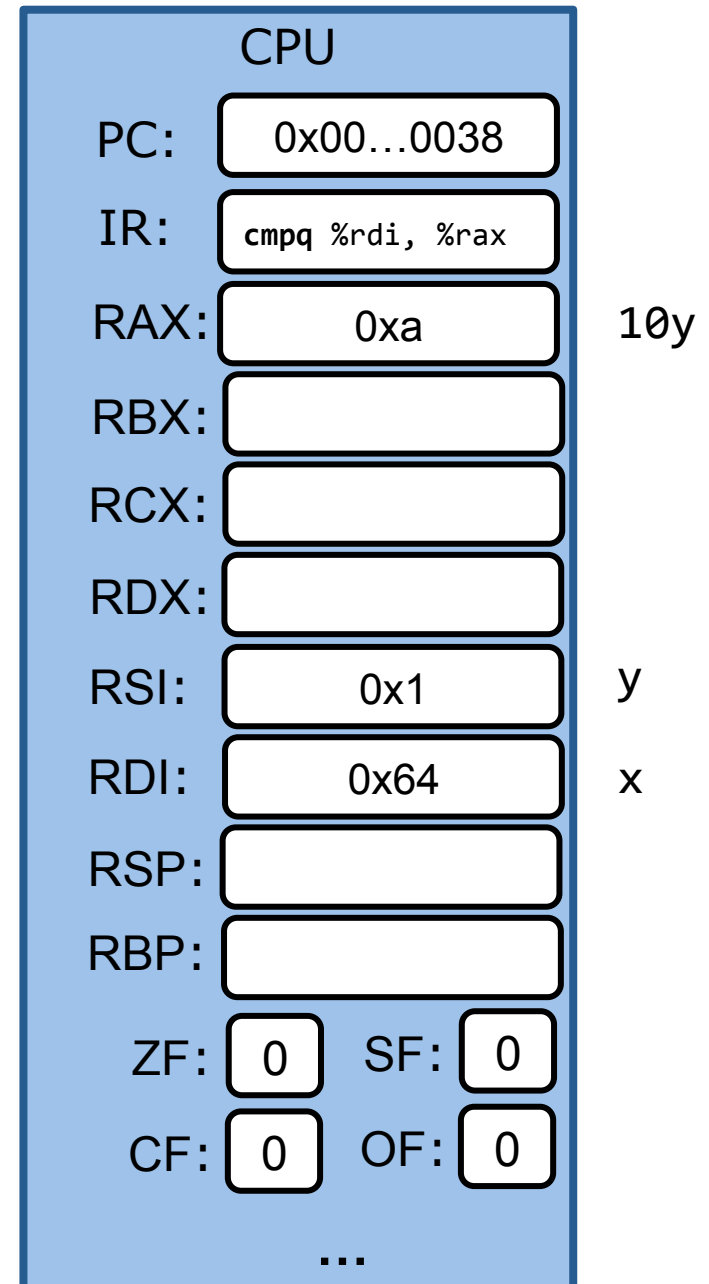
Memory

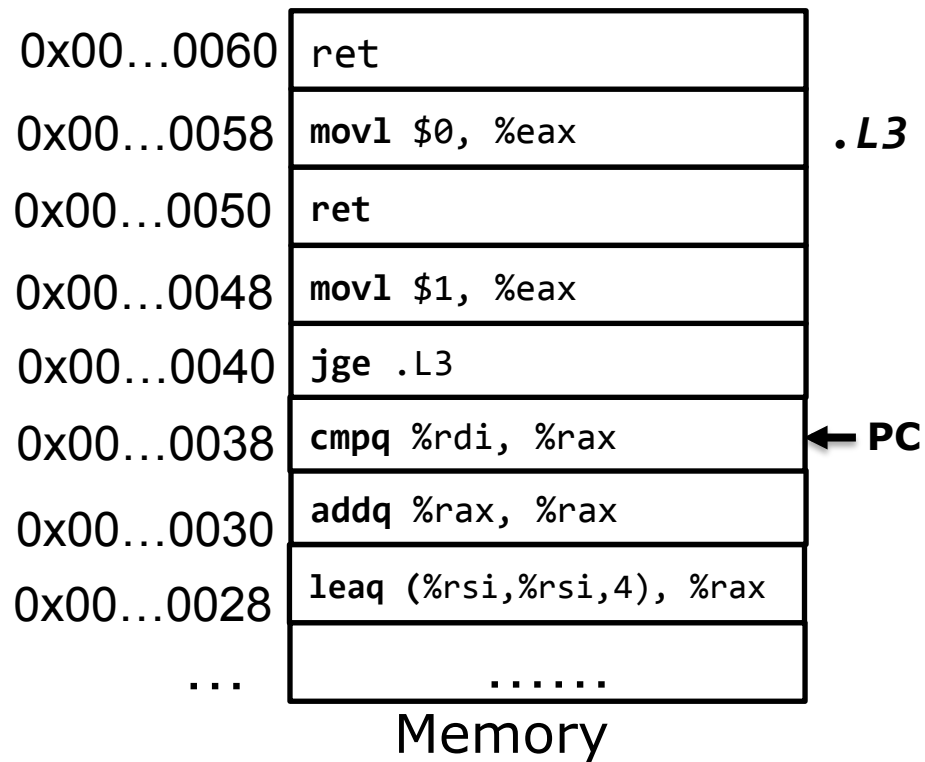
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1



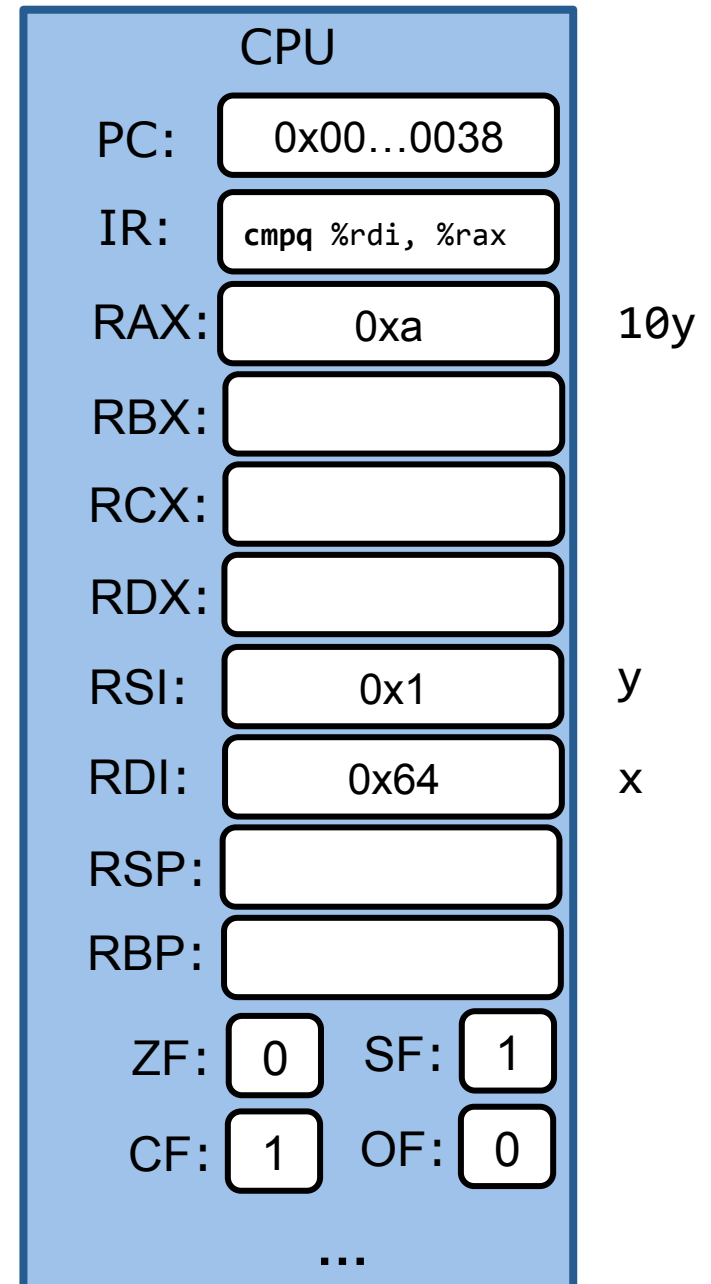


```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1



0x00...0060	ret	
0x00...0058	movl \$0, %eax	.L3
0x00...0050	ret	
0x00...0048	movl \$1, %eax	
0x00...0040	jge .L3	← PC
0x00...0038	cmpq %rdi, %rax	
0x00...0030	addq %rax, %rax	
0x00...0028	leaq (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax	
...	

Memory

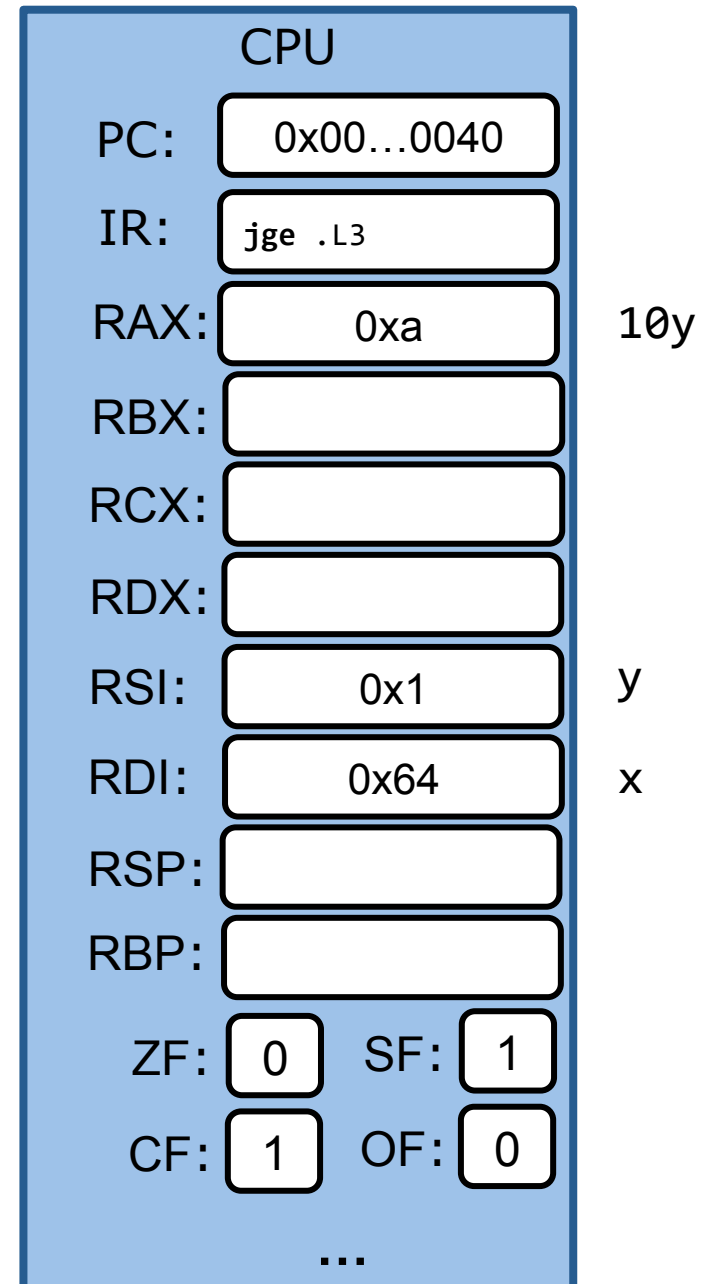
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1

jge	~(SF^OF)
-----	----------



0x00...0060	ret	
0x00...0058	movl \$0, %eax	.L3
0x00...0050	ret	
0x00...0048	movl \$1, %eax	← PC
0x00...0040	jge .L3	
0x00...0038	cmpq %rdi, %rax	
0x00...0030	addq %rax, %rax	
0x00...0028	leaq (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax	
...	

Memory

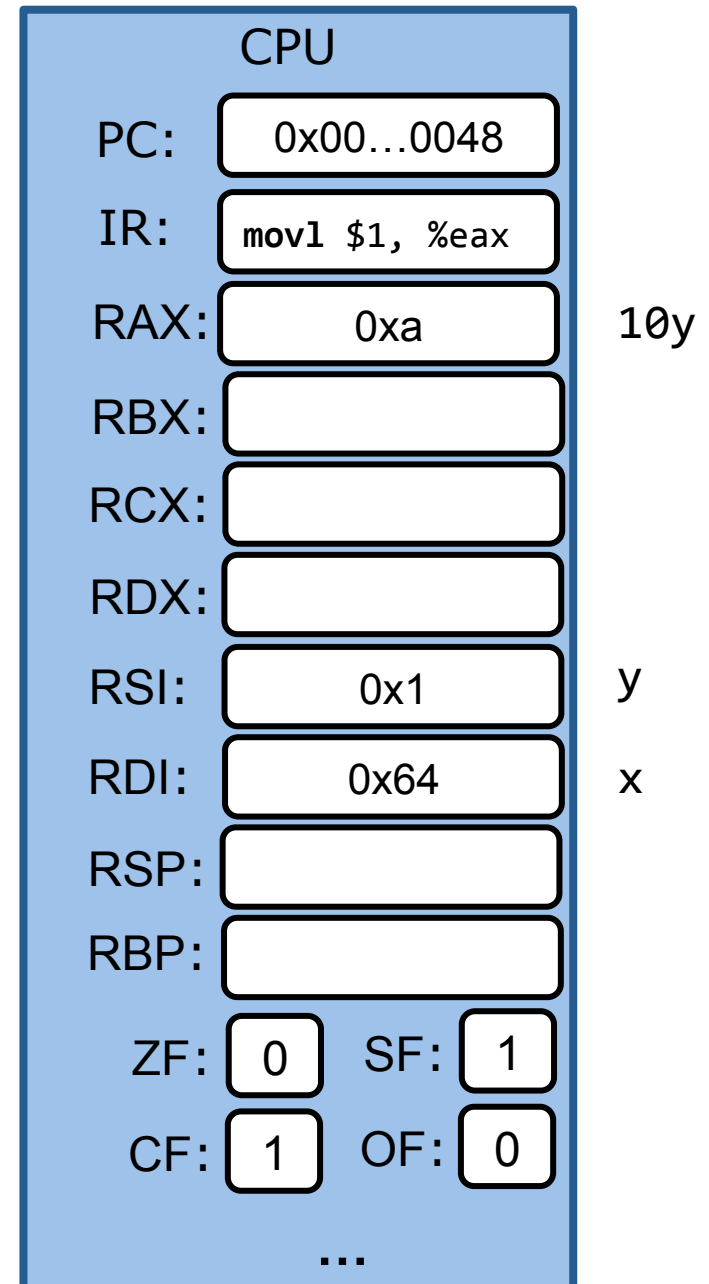
```

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{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1

jge	~(SF^OF)
-----	----------



0x00...0060	ret	
0x00...0058	movl \$0, %eax	.L3
0x00...0050	ret	
0x00...0048	movl \$1, %eax	← PC
0x00...0040	jge .L3	
0x00...0038	cmpq %rdi, %rax	
0x00...0030	addq %rax, %rax	
0x00...0028	leaq (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax	
...	

Memory

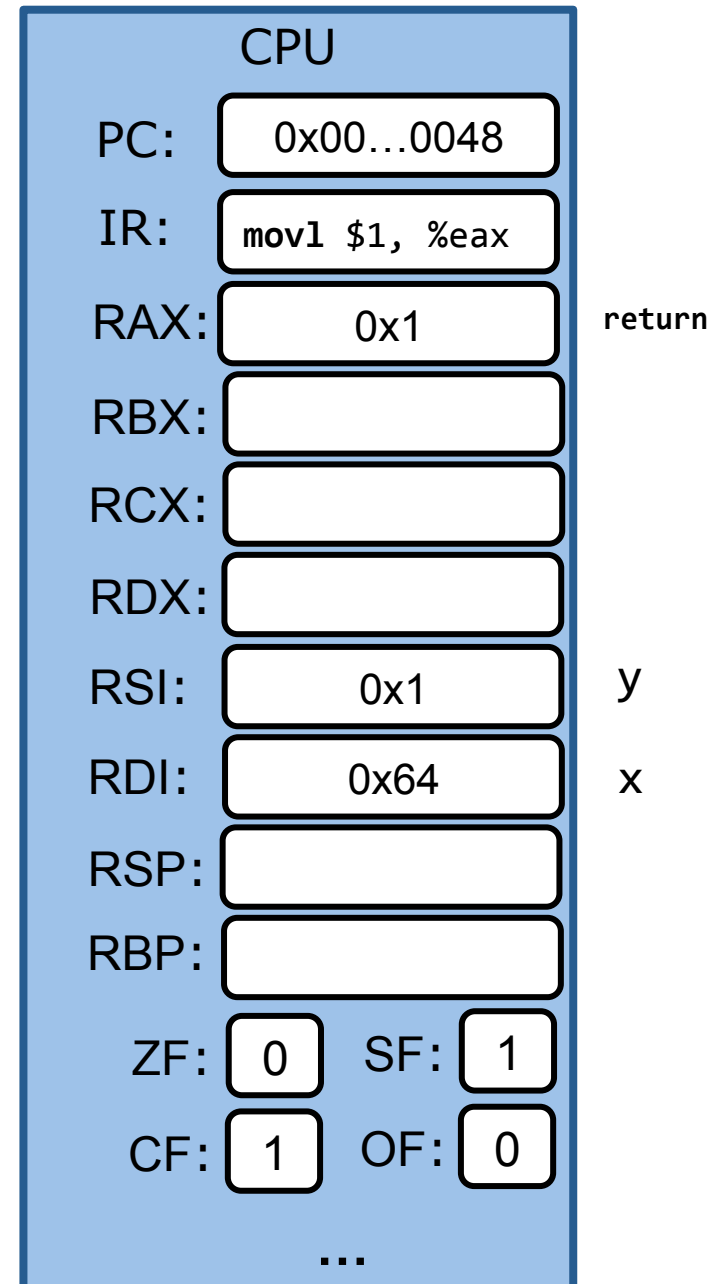
```

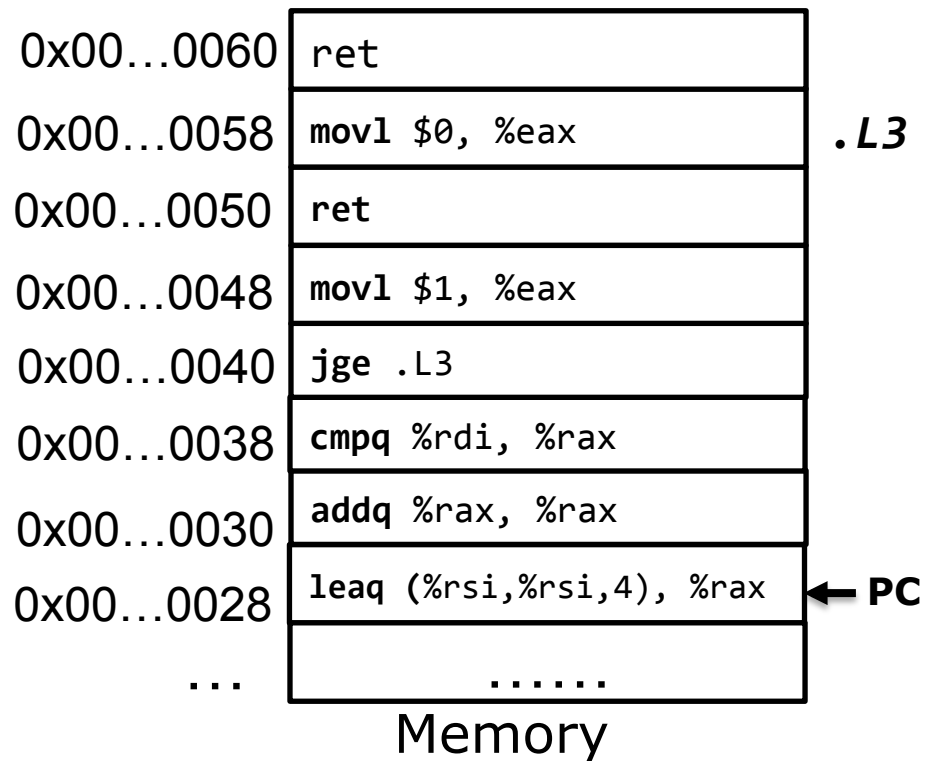
long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 100
y: 1

jge	~(SF^OF)
-----	----------



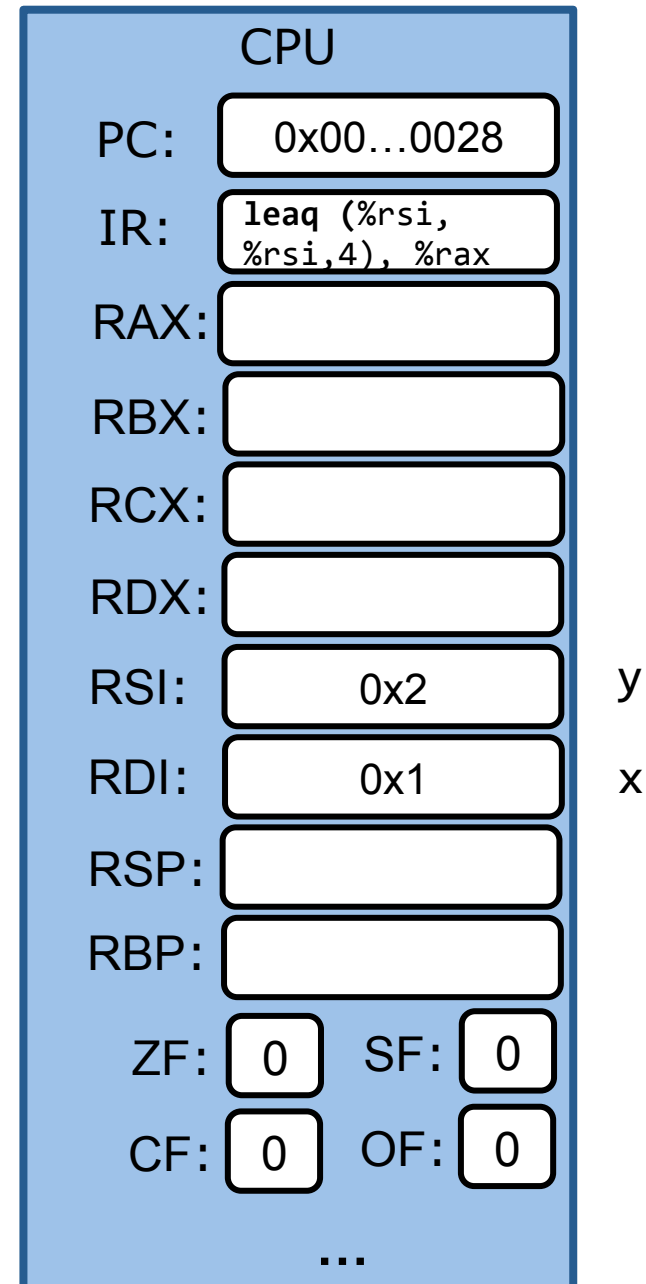


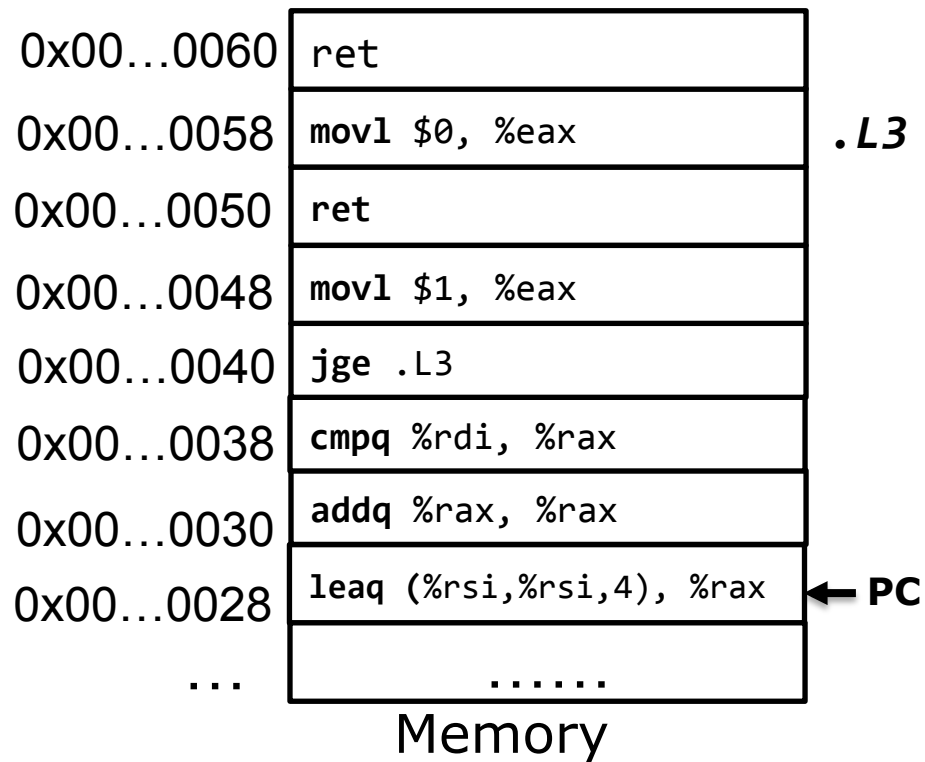
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2



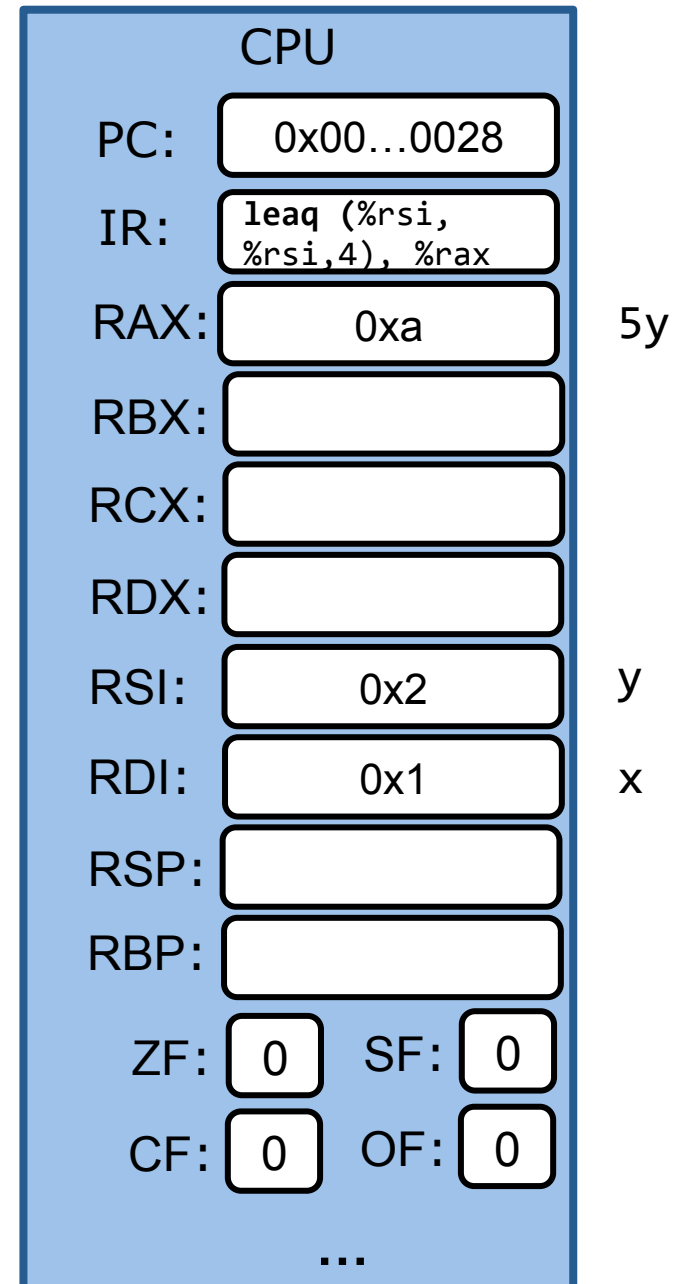


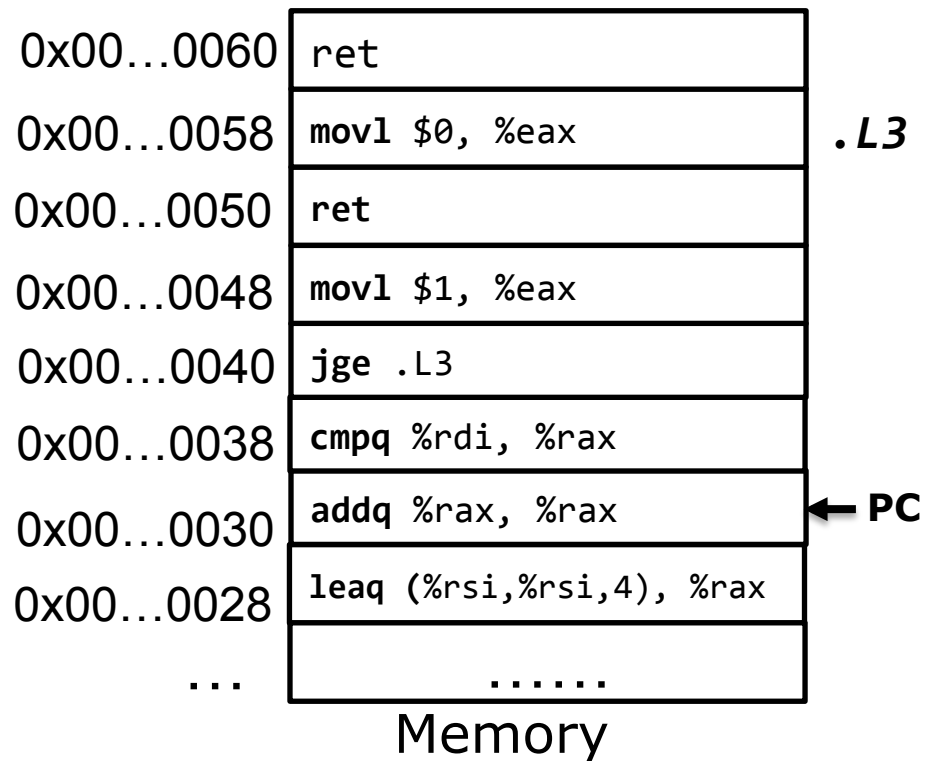
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2



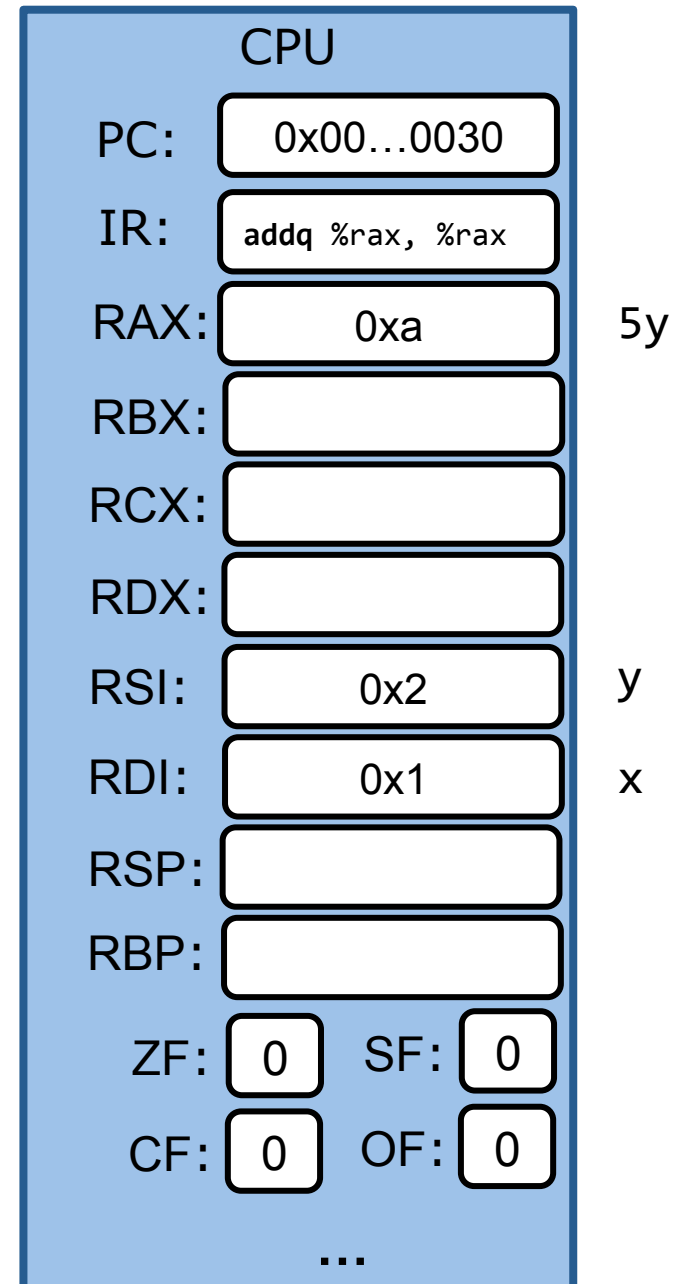


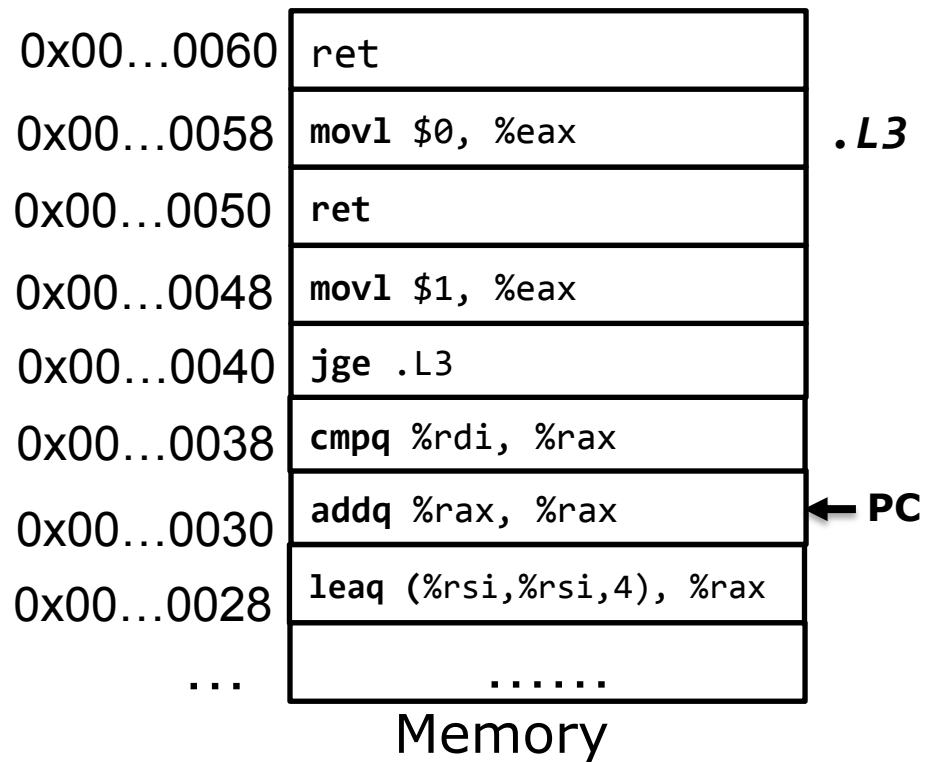
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long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2



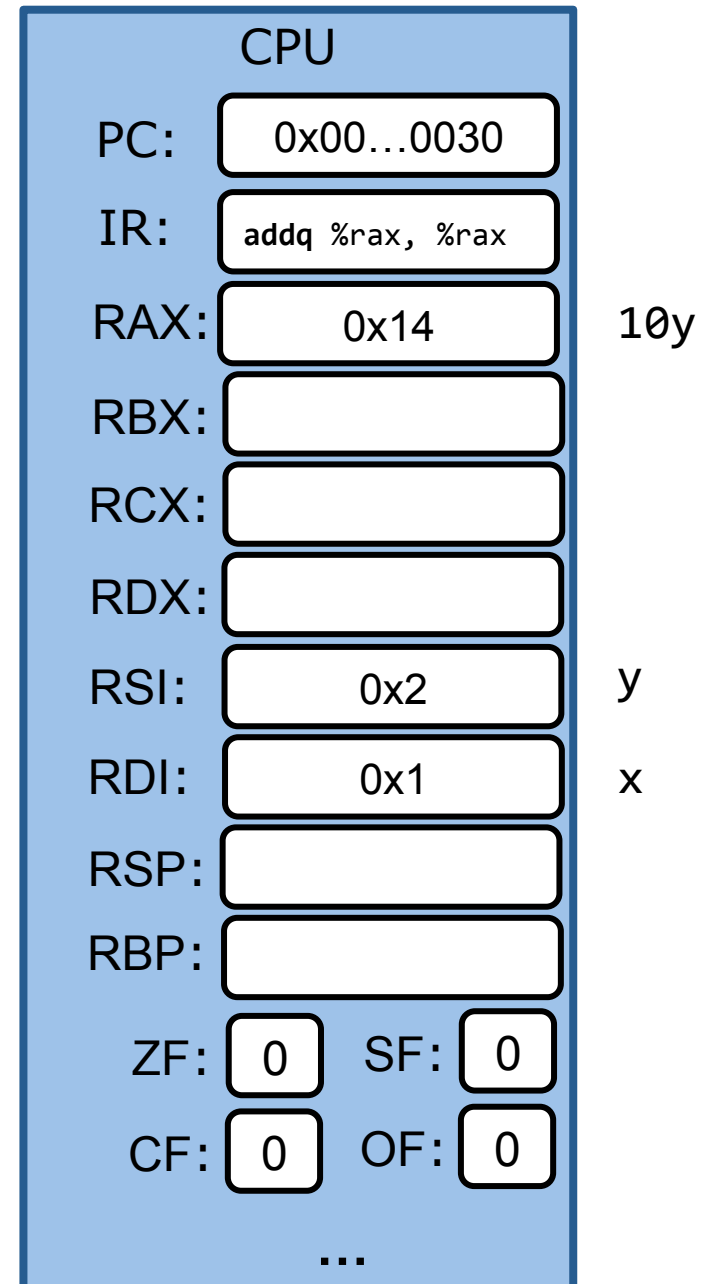


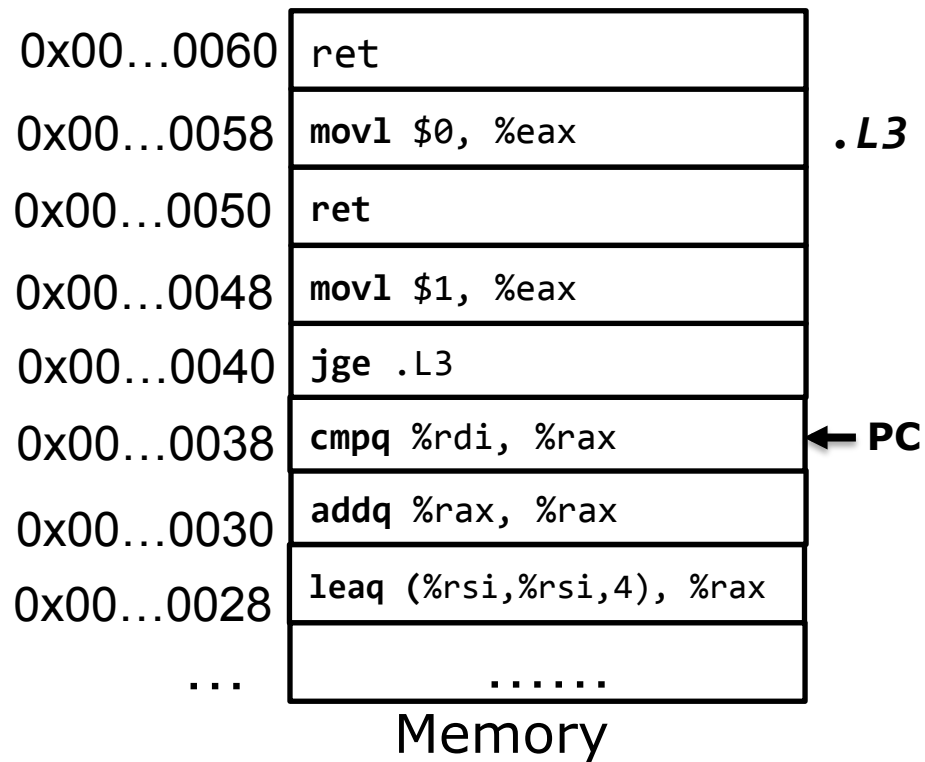
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2



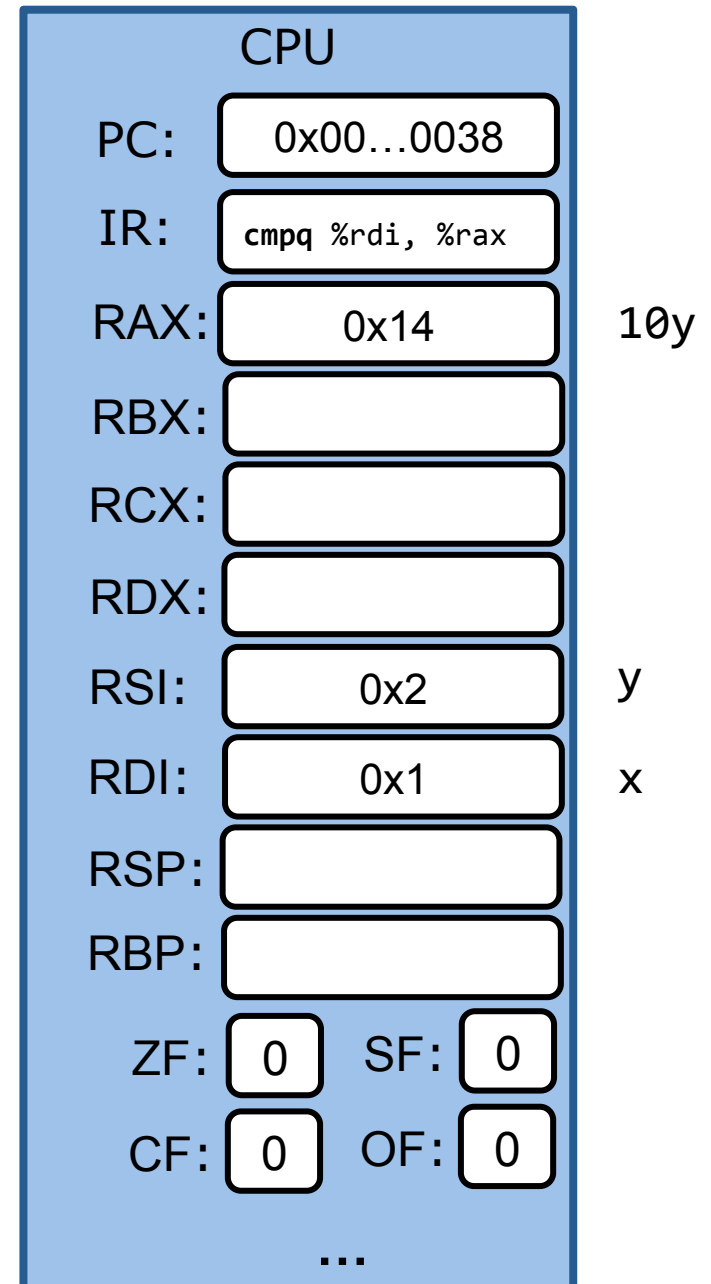


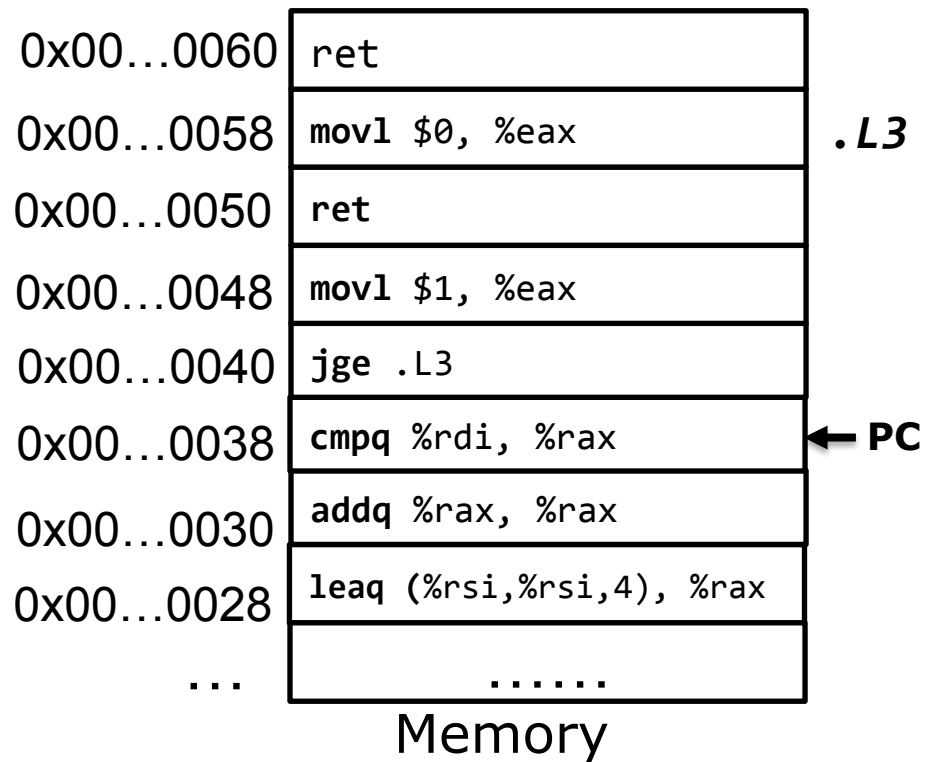
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2



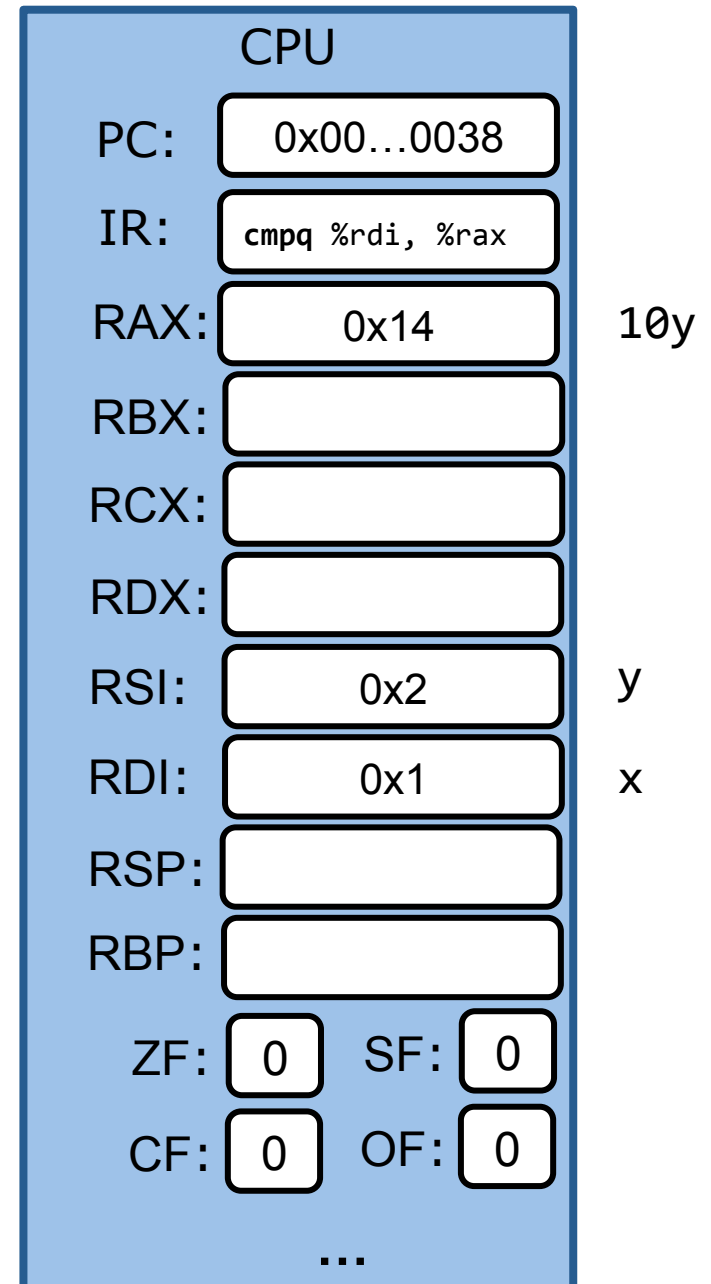


```

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    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2



0x00...0060	ret	
0x00...0058	movl \$0, %eax	.L3
0x00...0050	ret	
0x00...0048	movl \$1, %eax	
0x00...0040	jge .L3	← PC
0x00...0038	cmpq %rdi, %rax	
0x00...0030	addq %rax, %rax	
0x00...0028	leaq (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax	
...	

Memory

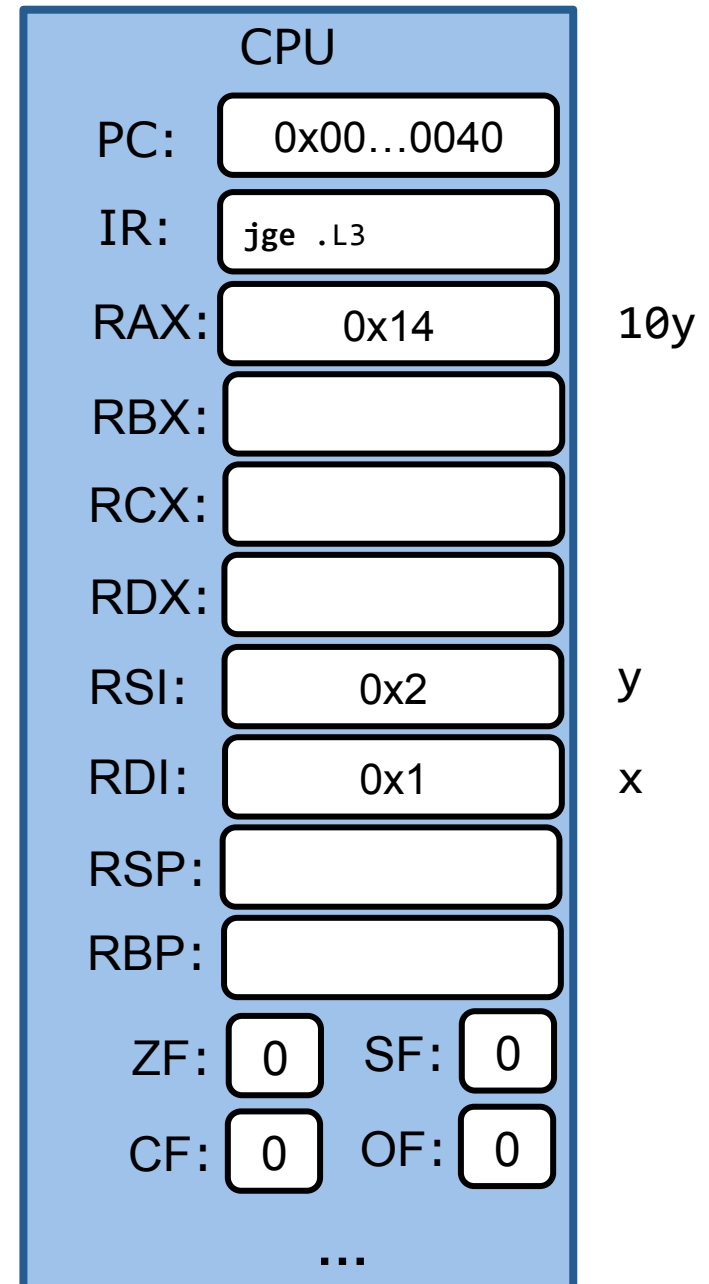
```

long compare(long x, long y)
{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2

jge	~(SF^OF)
-----	----------



0x00...0060	ret
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0x00...0050	ret
0x00...0048	movl \$1, %eax
0x00...0040	jge .L3
0x00...0038	cmpq %rdi, %rax
0x00...0030	addq %rax, %rax
0x00...0028	leaq (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax
...

.L3 ← PC

Memory

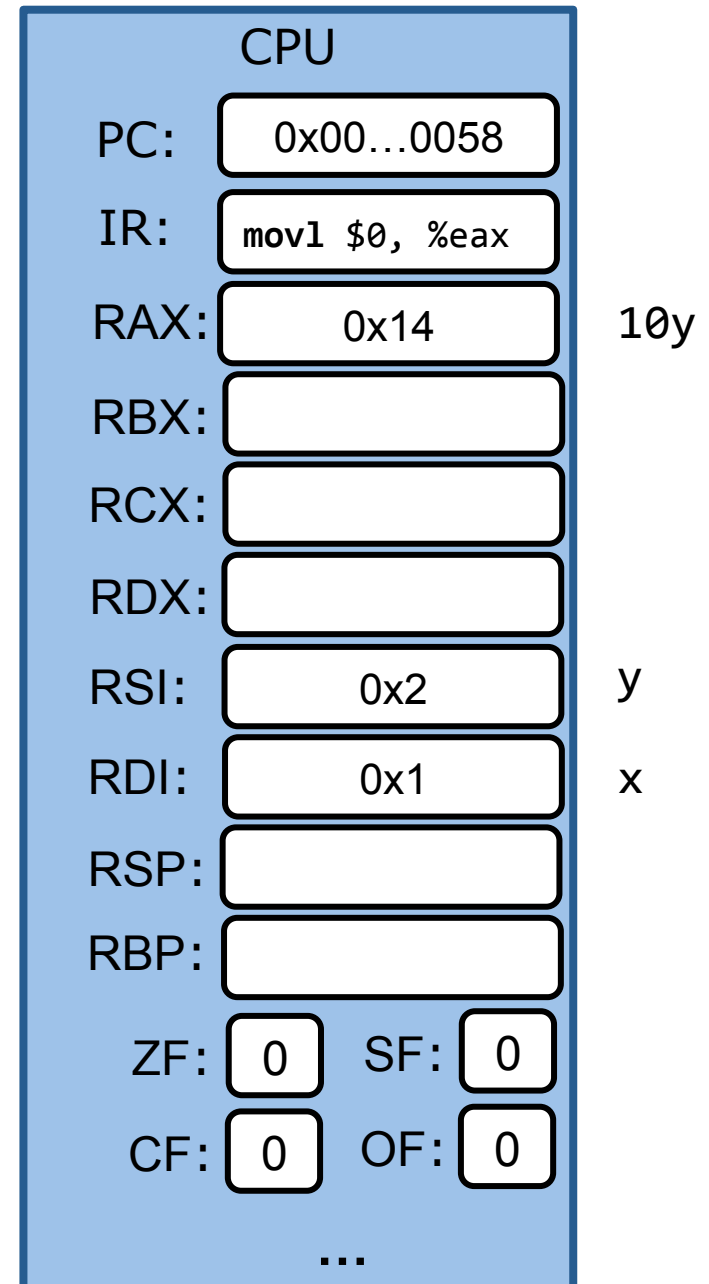
```

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        result = 0;
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}

```

x: 1
y: 2

jge	~(SF^OF)
-----	----------



0x00...0060	ret
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0x00...0038	cmpq %rdi, %rax
0x00...0030	addq %rax, %rax
0x00...0028	leaq (%rsi,%rsi,4), %rax
...

.L3 ← PC

Memory

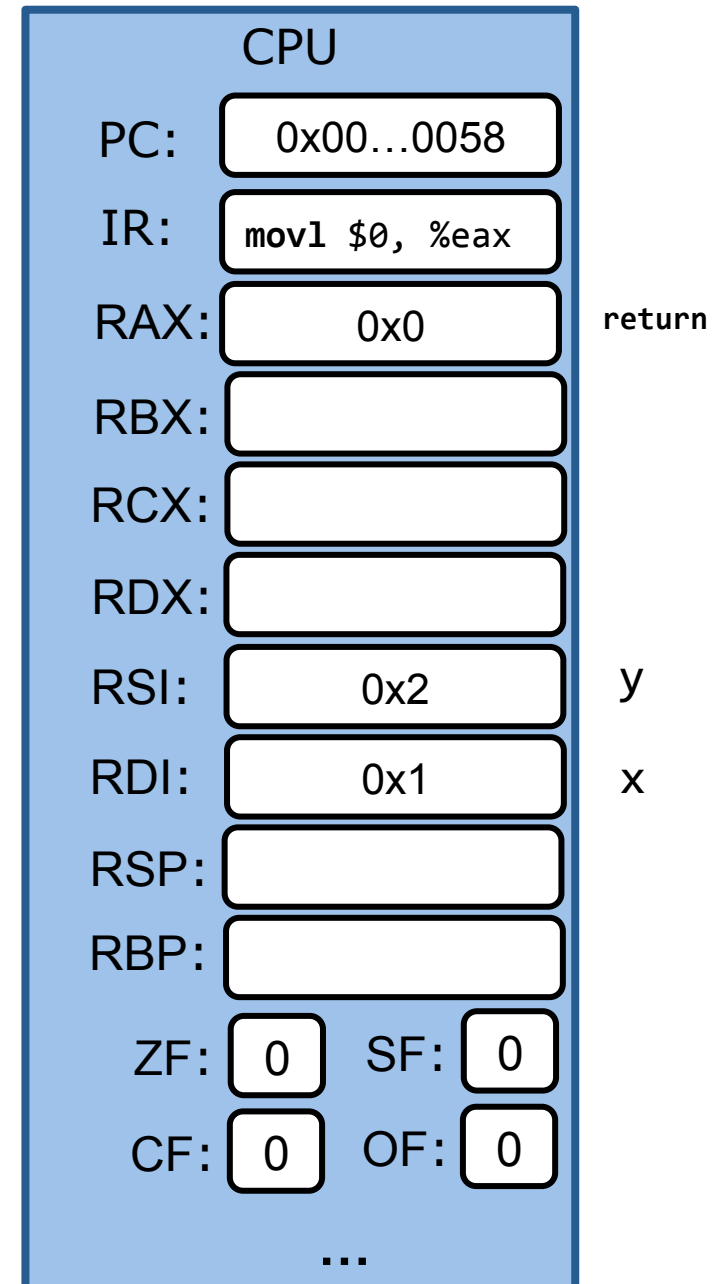
```

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{
    long result;
    if (x > 10*y)
        result = 1;
    else
        result = 0;
    return result;
}

```

x: 1
y: 2

jge	~(SF^OF)
-----	----------



“While” Translation example

gcc -Og -S *.c

```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument x
%rax	Return value

“While” Translation example

gcc -Og -S *.c

```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

```
count:
    movq $0, %rax
    jmp .L2
.L3:
    shrq %rdi
    addq $1, %rax
.L2:
    testq %rdi, %rdi
    jne .L3
    ret
```

Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument x
%rax	Return value

shrq: logical right shift

“While” Translation example

gcc -Og -S *.c

```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

```
count:
    movq $0, %rax          long cnt = 0;
    jmp .L2
.L3:
    shrq %rdi
    addq $1, %rax
.L2:
    testq %rdi, %rdi
    jne .L3
    ret
```

Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument x
%rax	Return value

shrq: logical right shift

“While” Translation example

gcc -Og -S *.c

```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

count:

```
    movq $0, %rax
    jmp .L2
.L3:
    shrq %rdi
    addq $1, %rax
.L2:
    testq %rdi, %rdi
    jne .L3
    ret
```

```
long cnt = 0;
goto .L2
```

Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument x
%rax	Return value

shrq: logical right shift

“While” Translation example

gcc -Og -S *.c

```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

```
count:
    movq $0, %rax          long cnt = 0;
    jmp .L2                goto .L2
.L3:
    shrq %rdi
    addq $1, %rax
.L2:
    testq %rdi, %rdi        if x != 0
    jne .L3                 goto .L3
    ret                     return cnt
```

Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument x
%rax	Return value

shrq: logical right shift

“While” Translation example

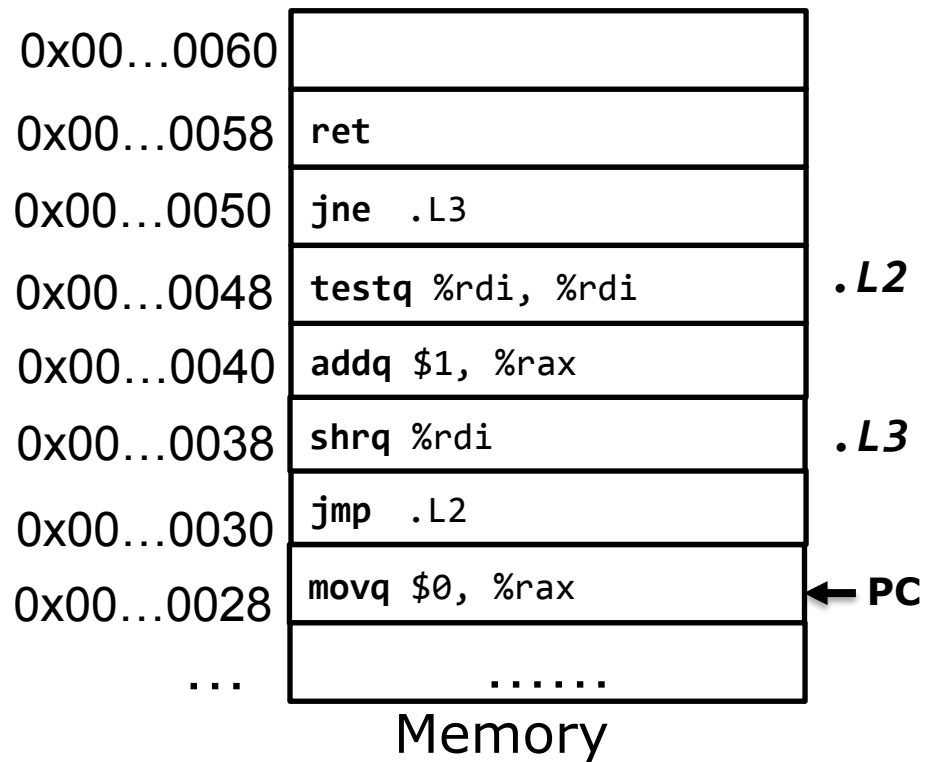
gcc -Og -S *.c

```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

```
count:
    movq $0, %rax          long cnt = 0;
    jmp .L2                goto .L2
.L3:                        .L3:
    shrq %rdi              x = x >> 1
    addq $1, %rax          cnt = cnt + 1
.L2:                        .L2:
    testq %rdi, %rdi       if x != 0
    jne .L3                goto .L3
    ret                    return cnt
```

Register	Use(s)
%rdi	Argument x
%rax	Return value

shrq: logical right shift

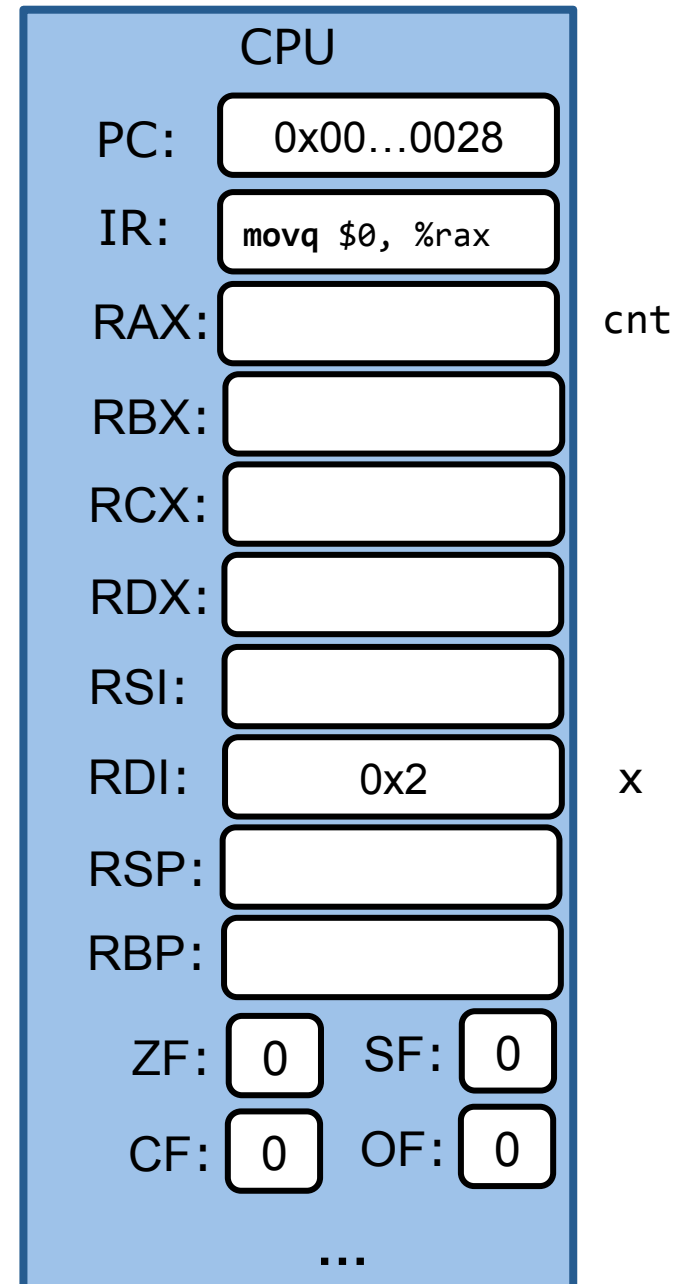


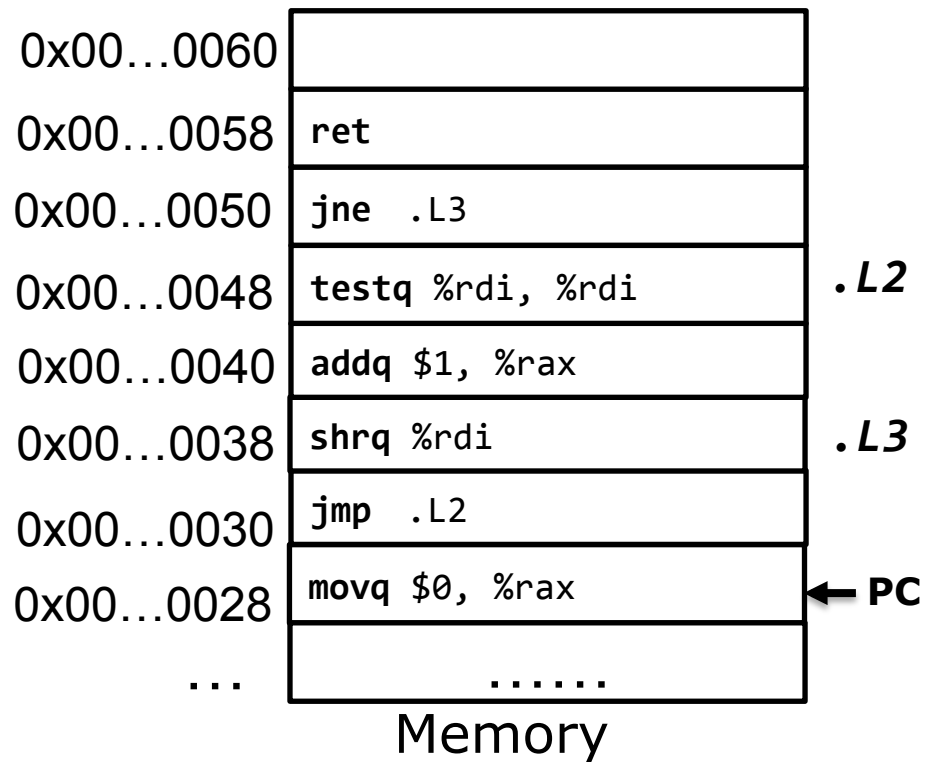
```

long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}

```

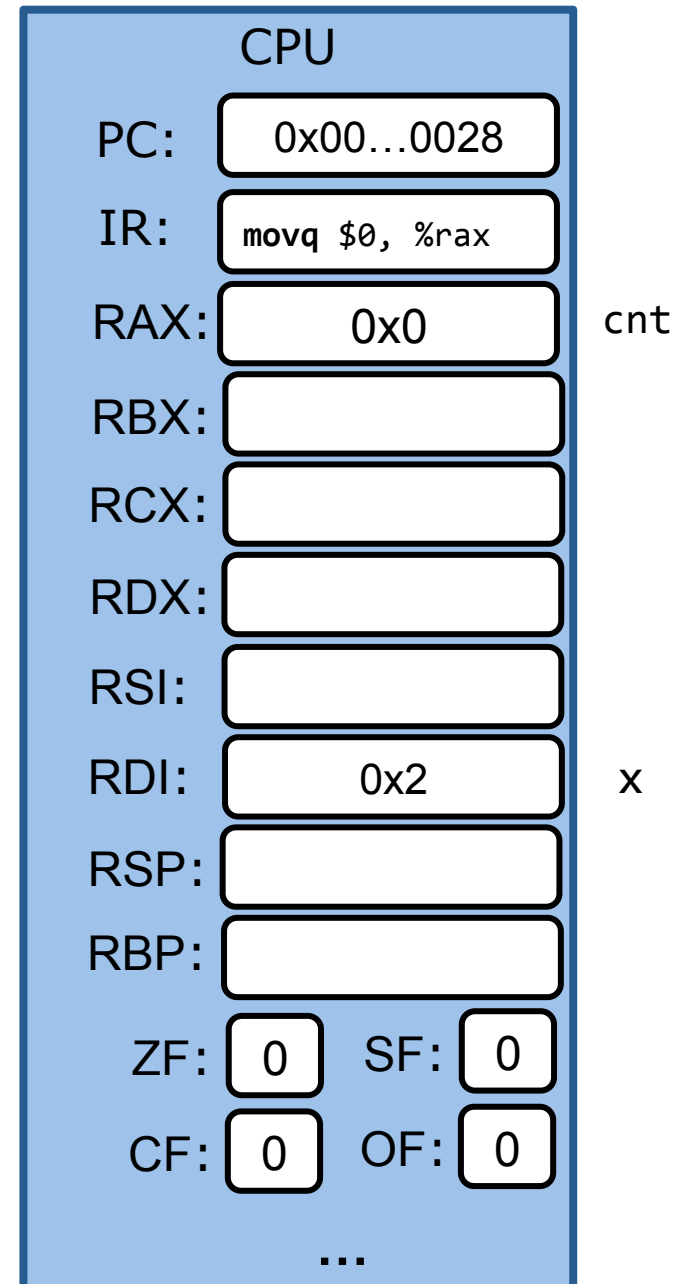
x: 4 (100)₂

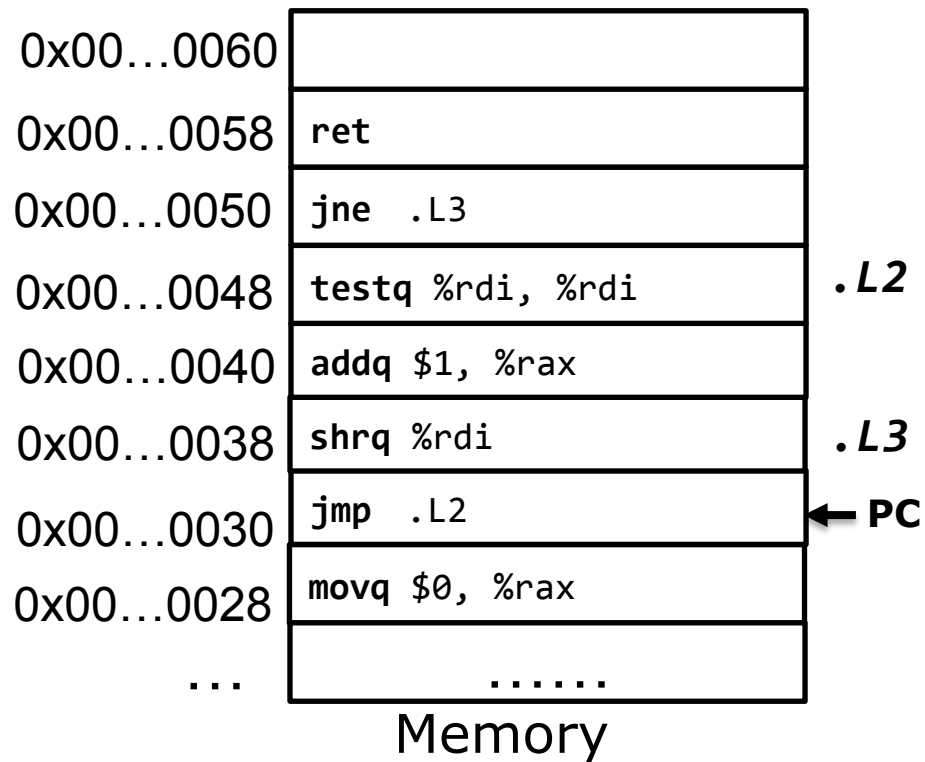




```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

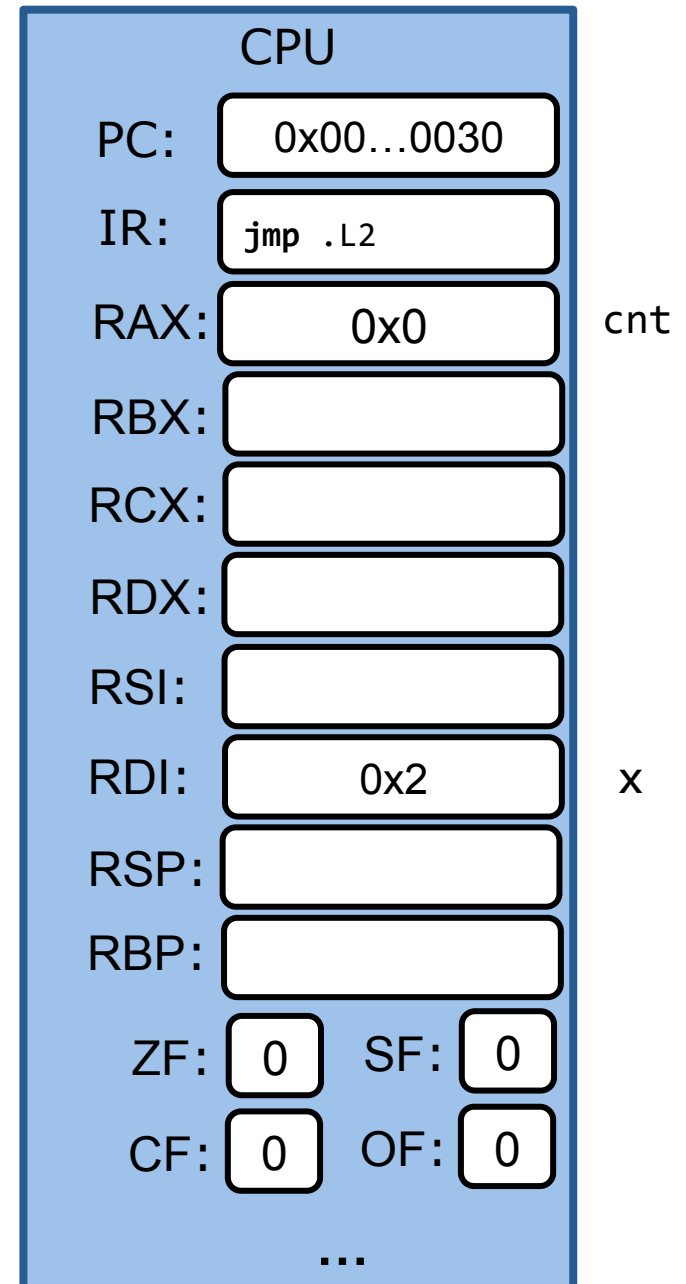
x: 4 (100)₂

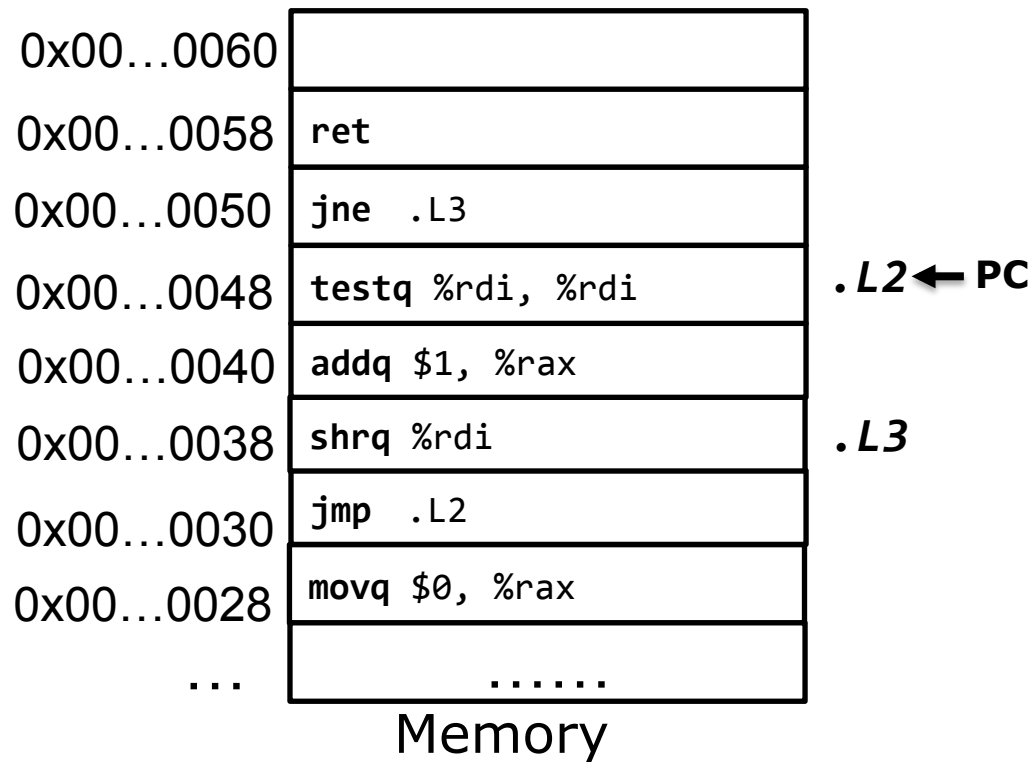




```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

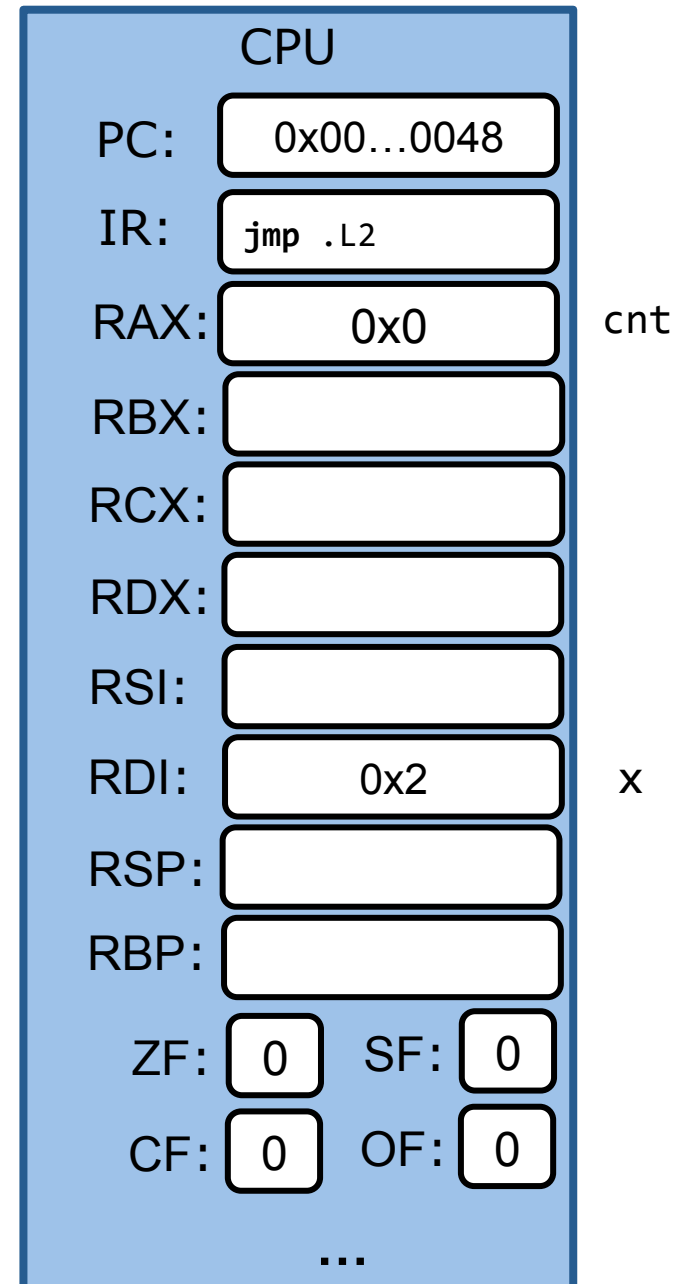
x: 4 (100)₂

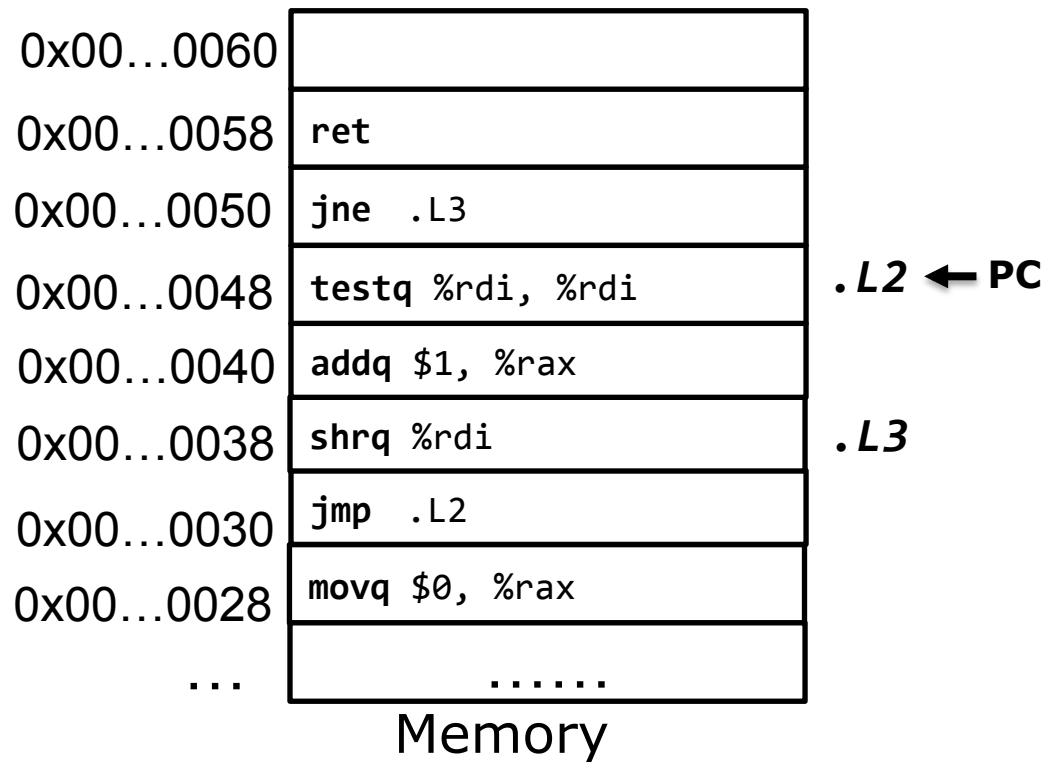




```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

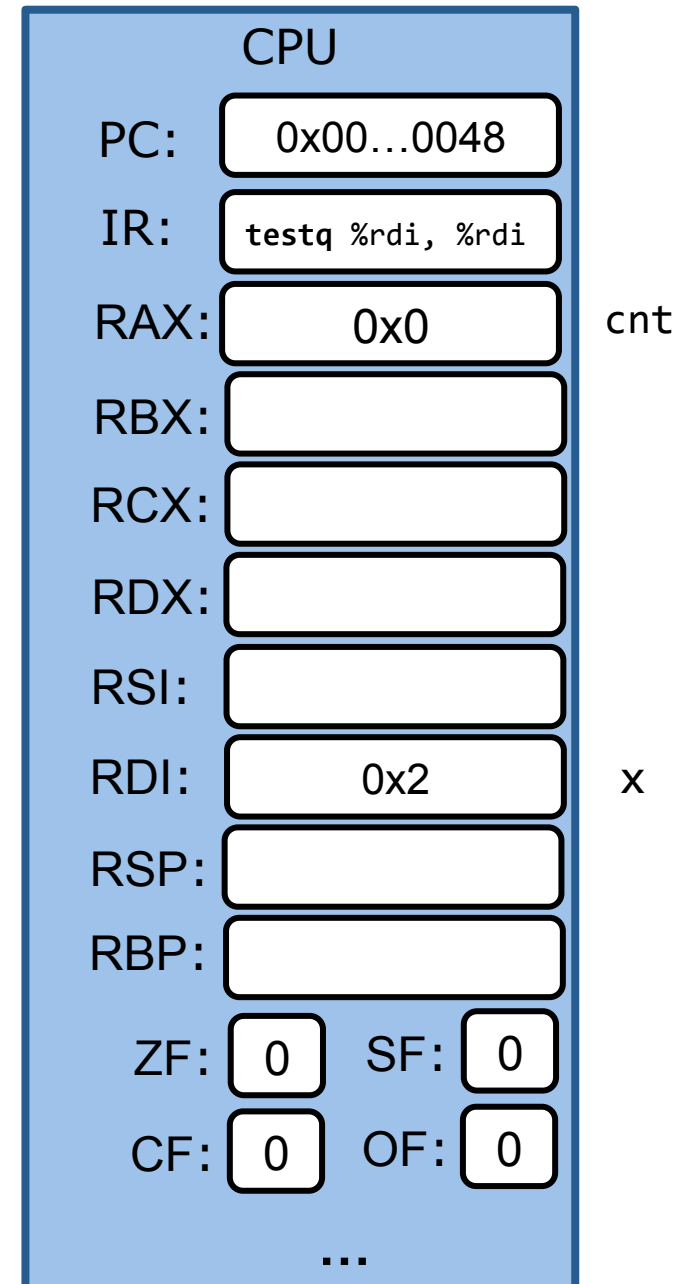
x: 4 (100)₂

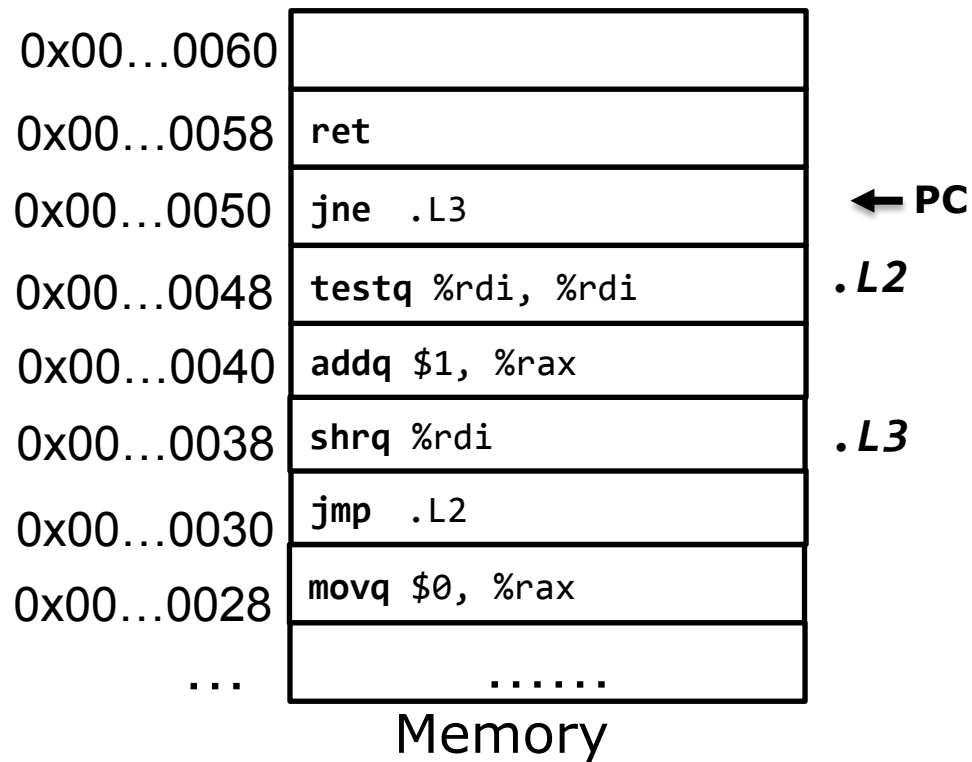




```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

x: 4 (100)₂





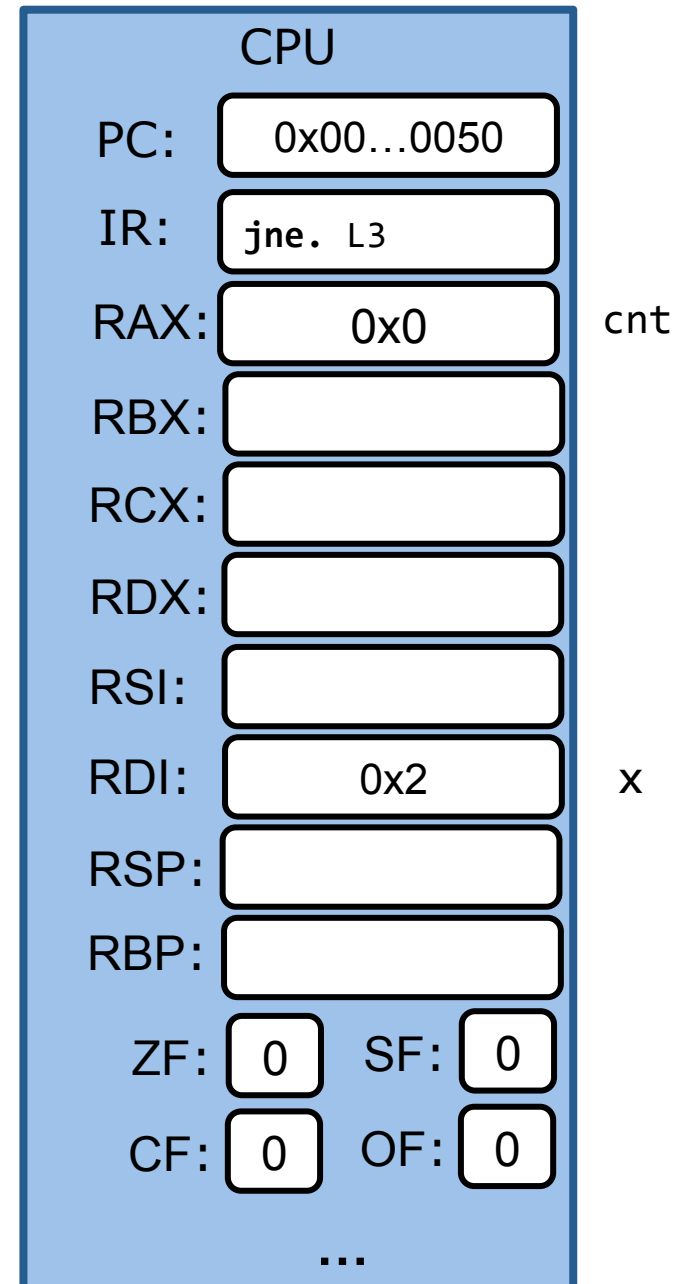
```

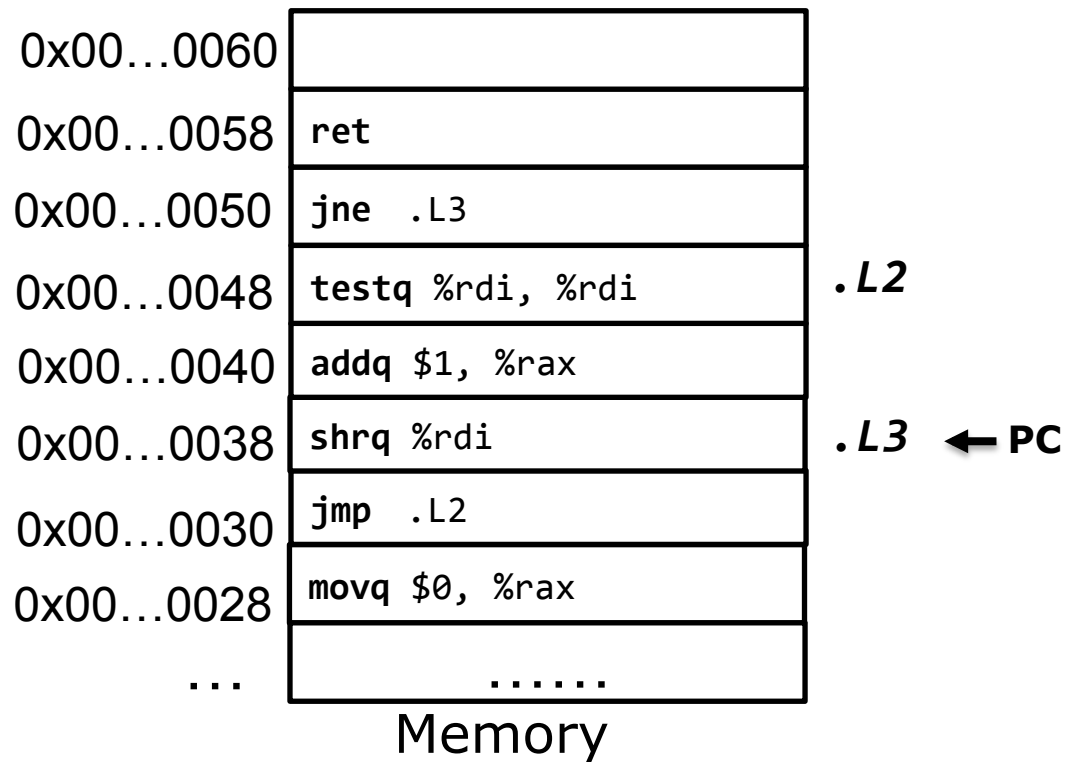
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}

```

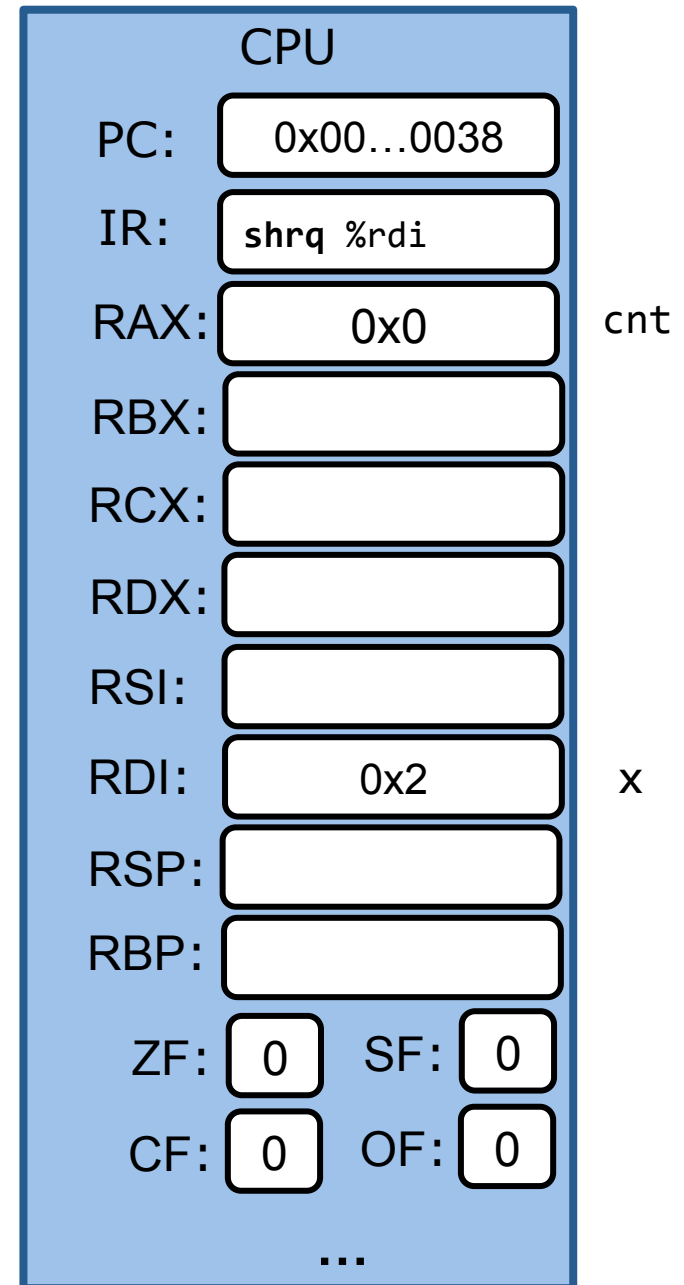
x: 4 (100)₂

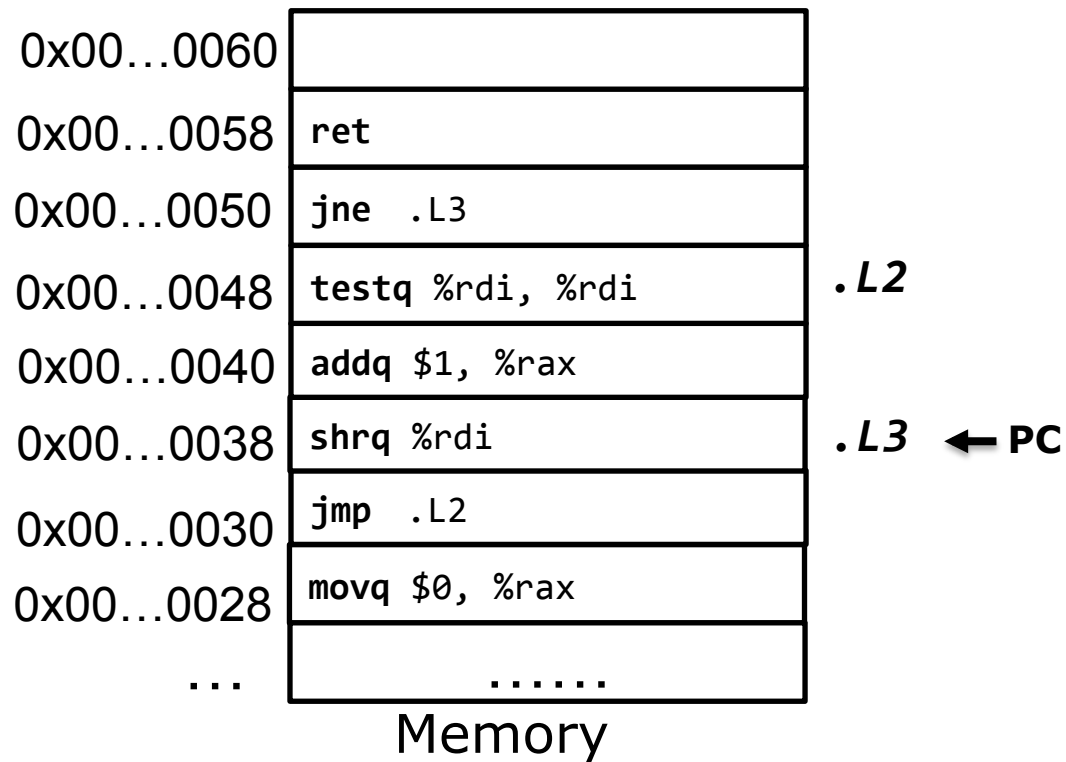
jne	~ZF
-----	-----





x: 4 (100)₂





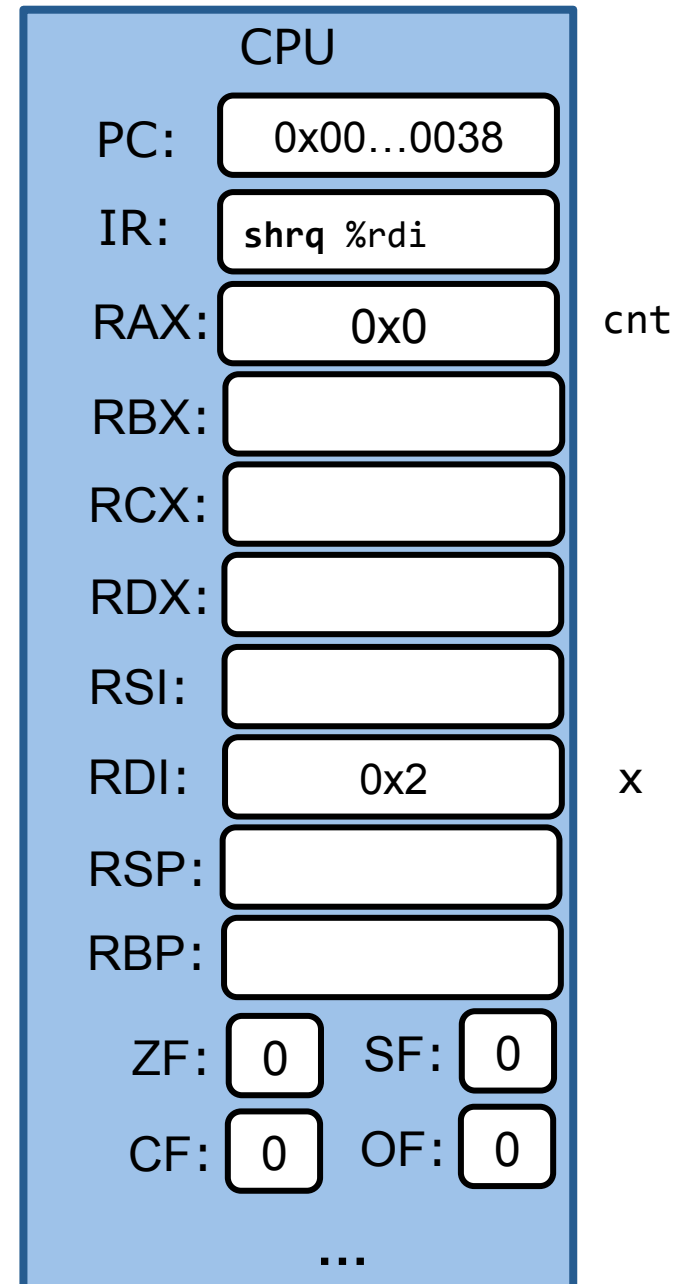
```

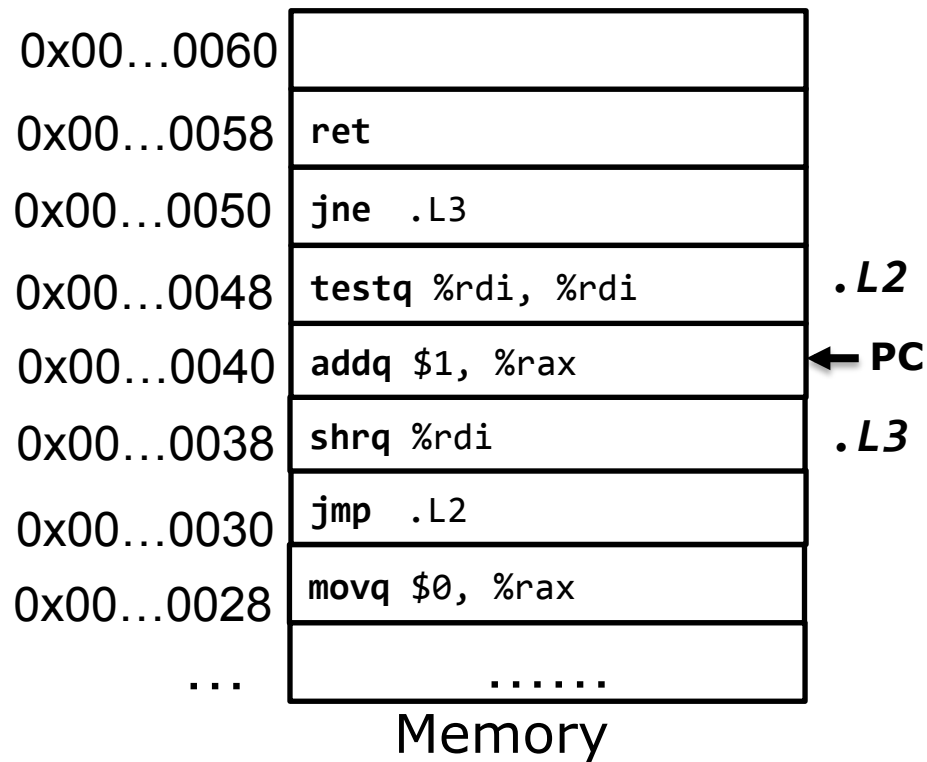
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}

```

x: 4 (100)₂

jne	~ZF
-----	-----

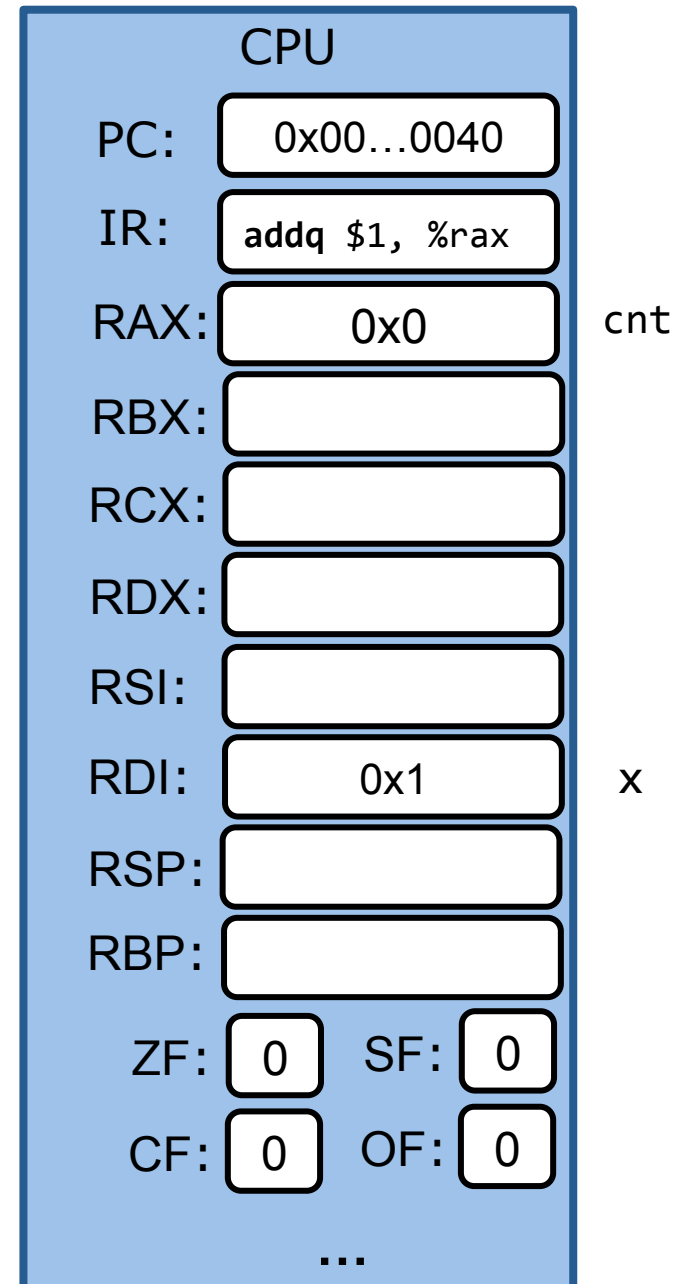


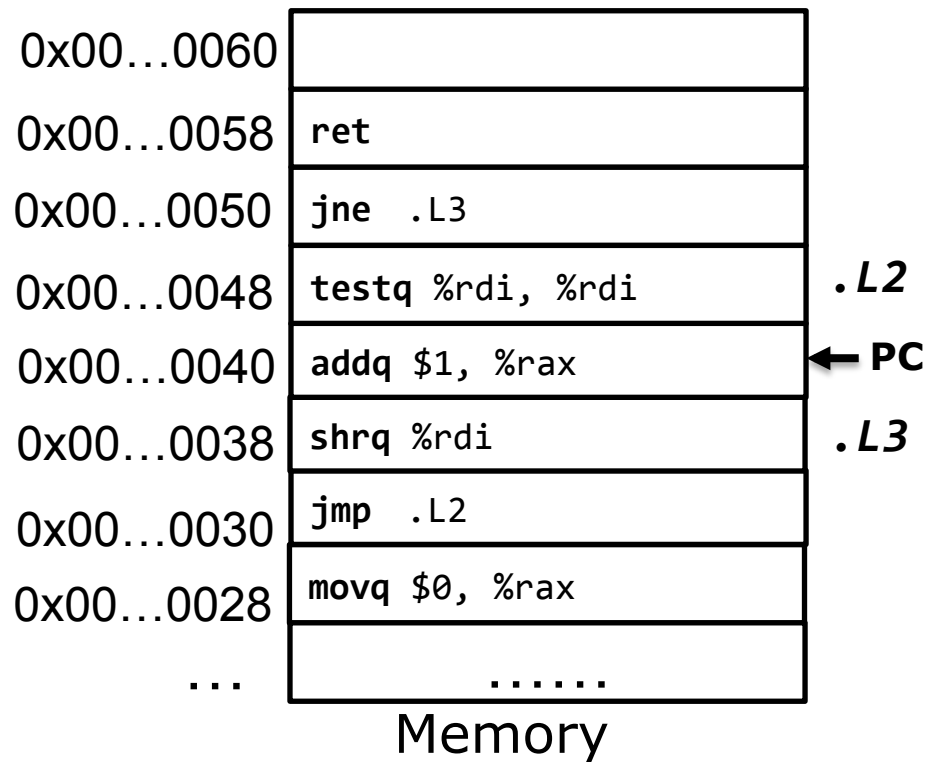


```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

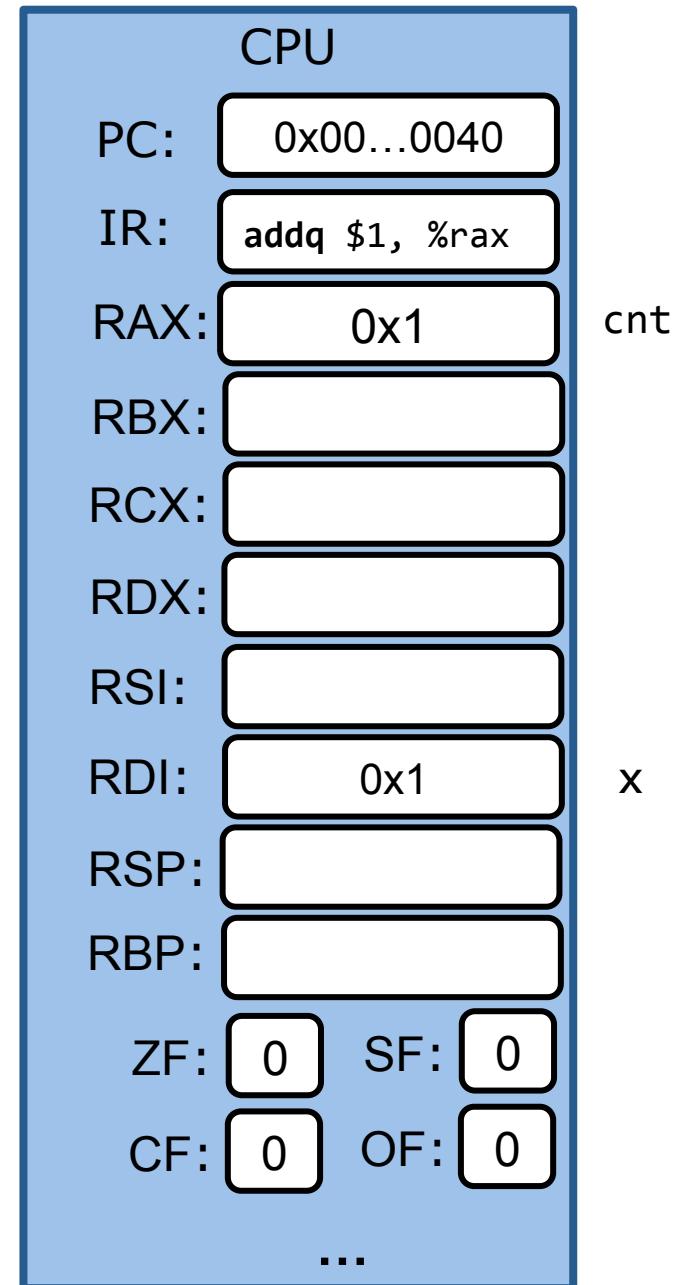
x: 4 (100)₂

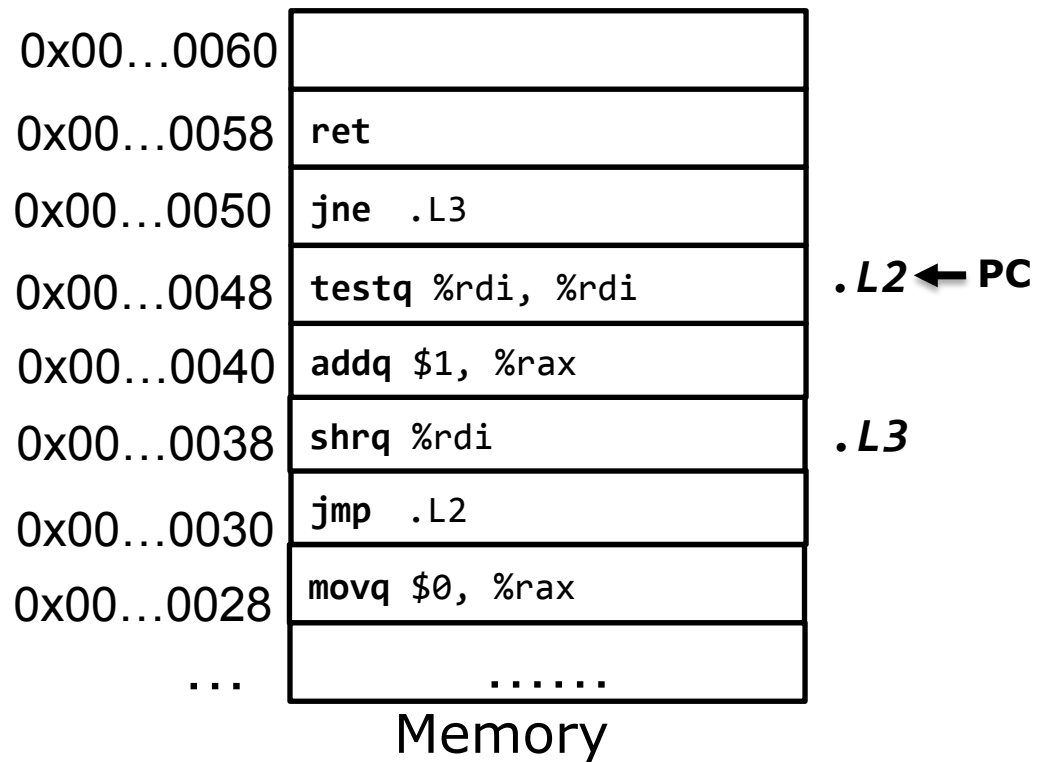
jne	$\sim ZF$
-----	-----------





x: 4 (100)₂





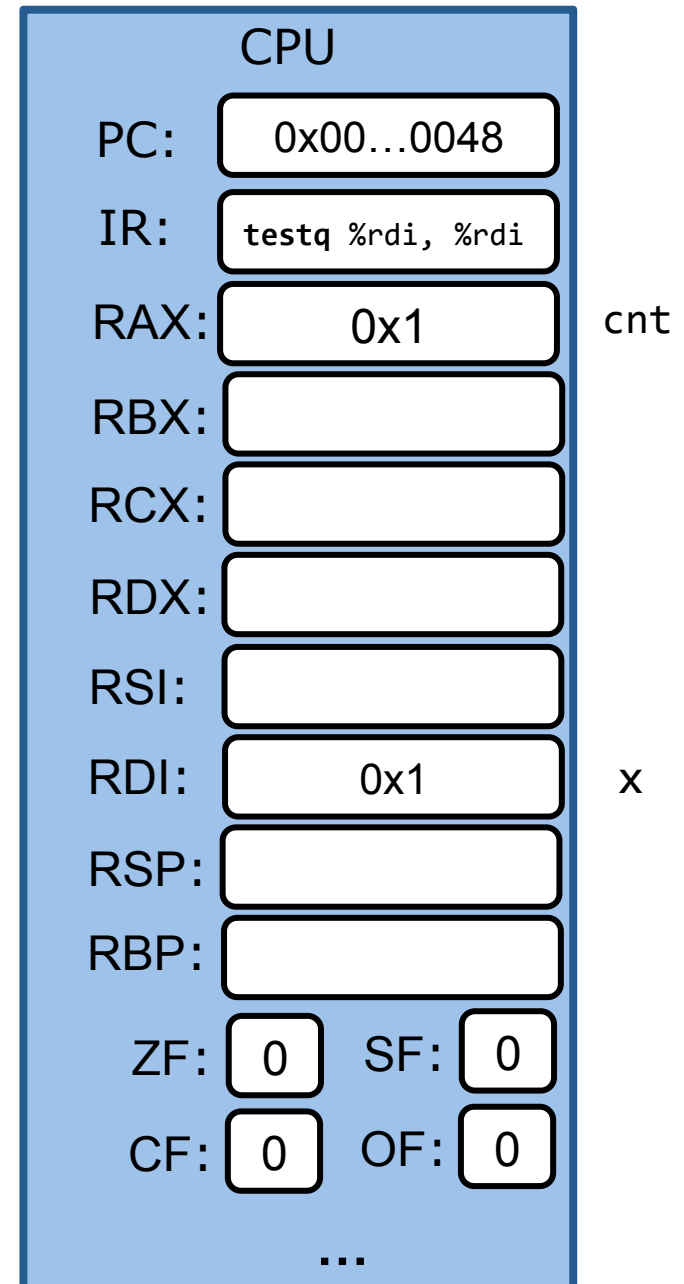
```

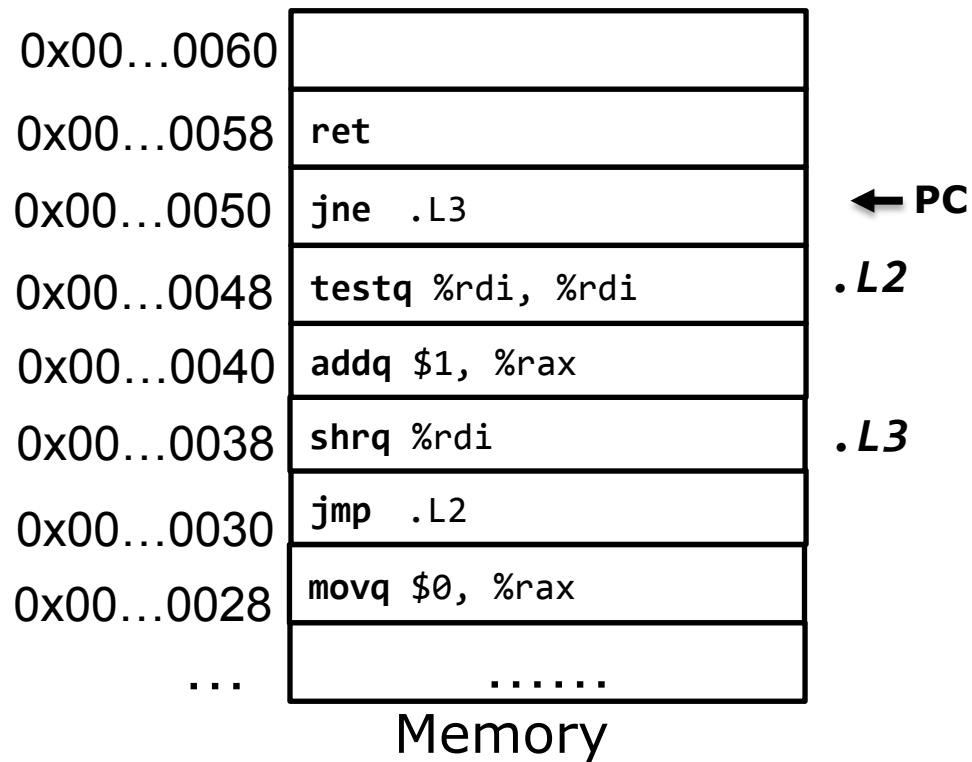
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}

```

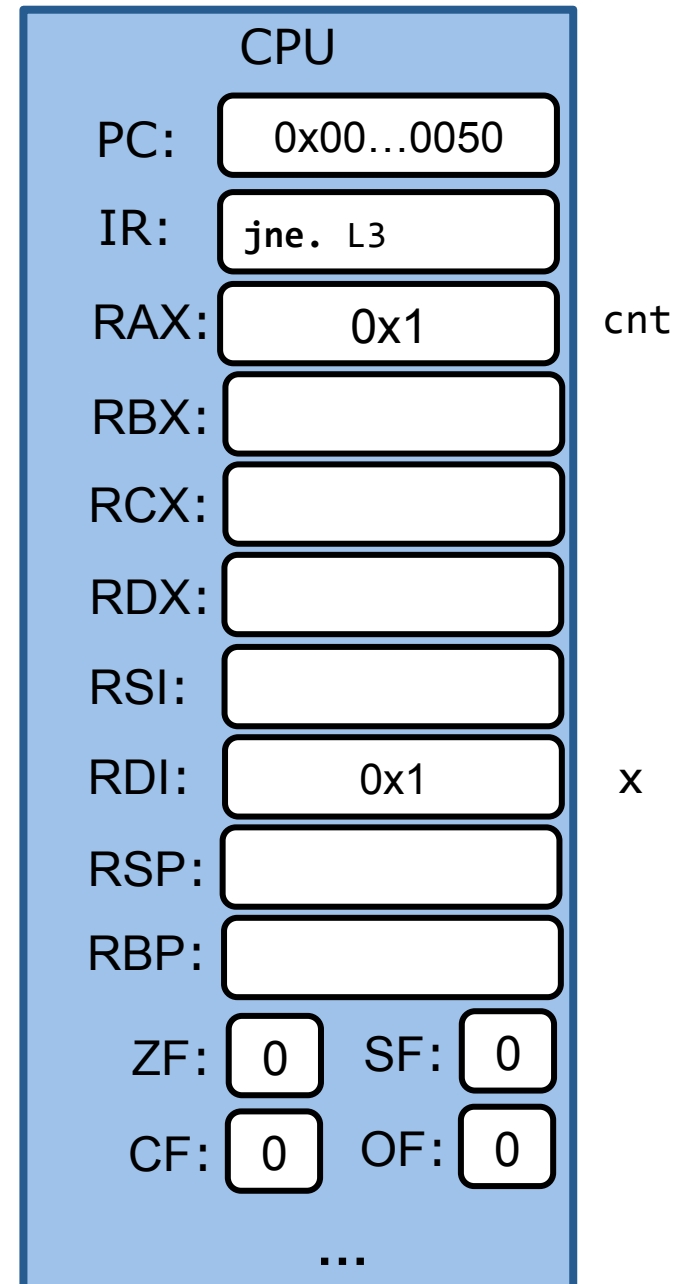
x: 4 (100)₂

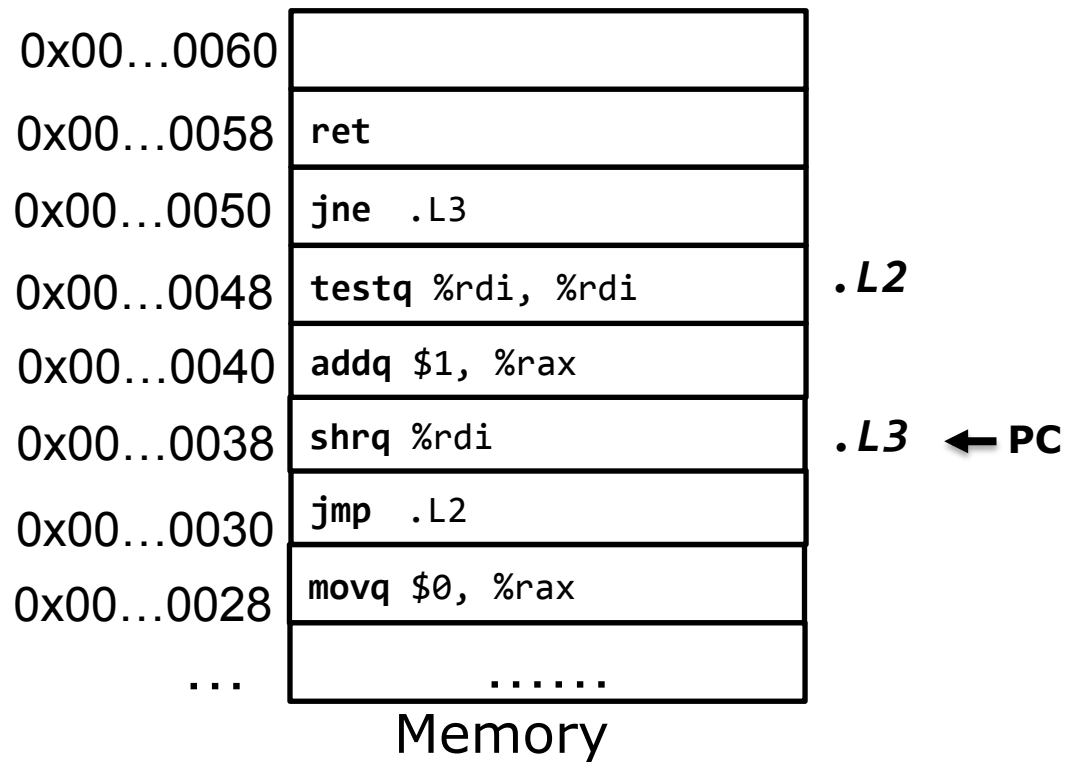
jne	~ZF
-----	-----





x: 4 (100)₂





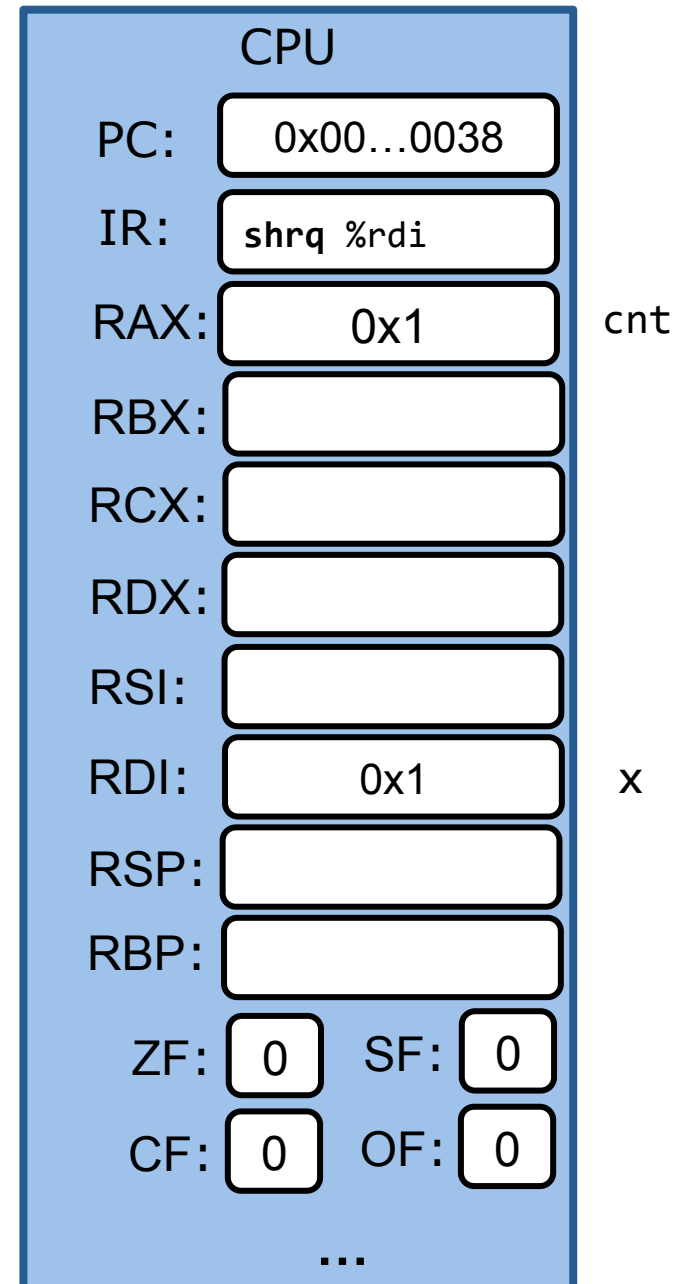
```

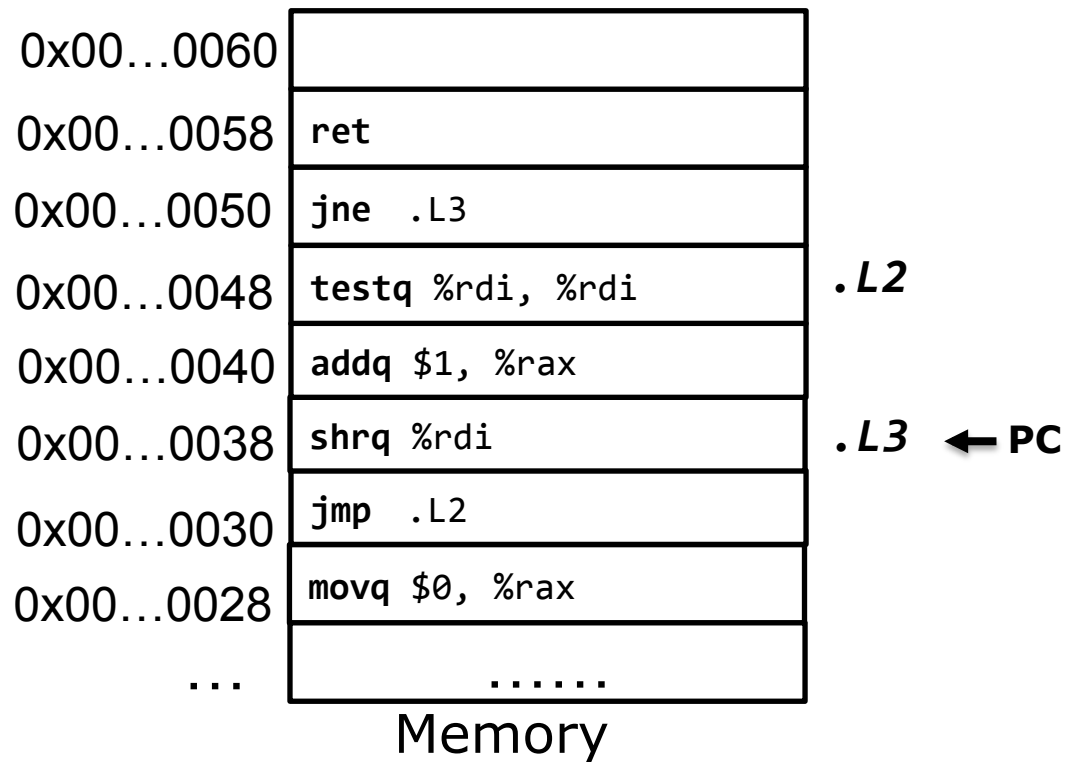
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}

```

x: 4 (100)₂

jne	~ZF
-----	-----





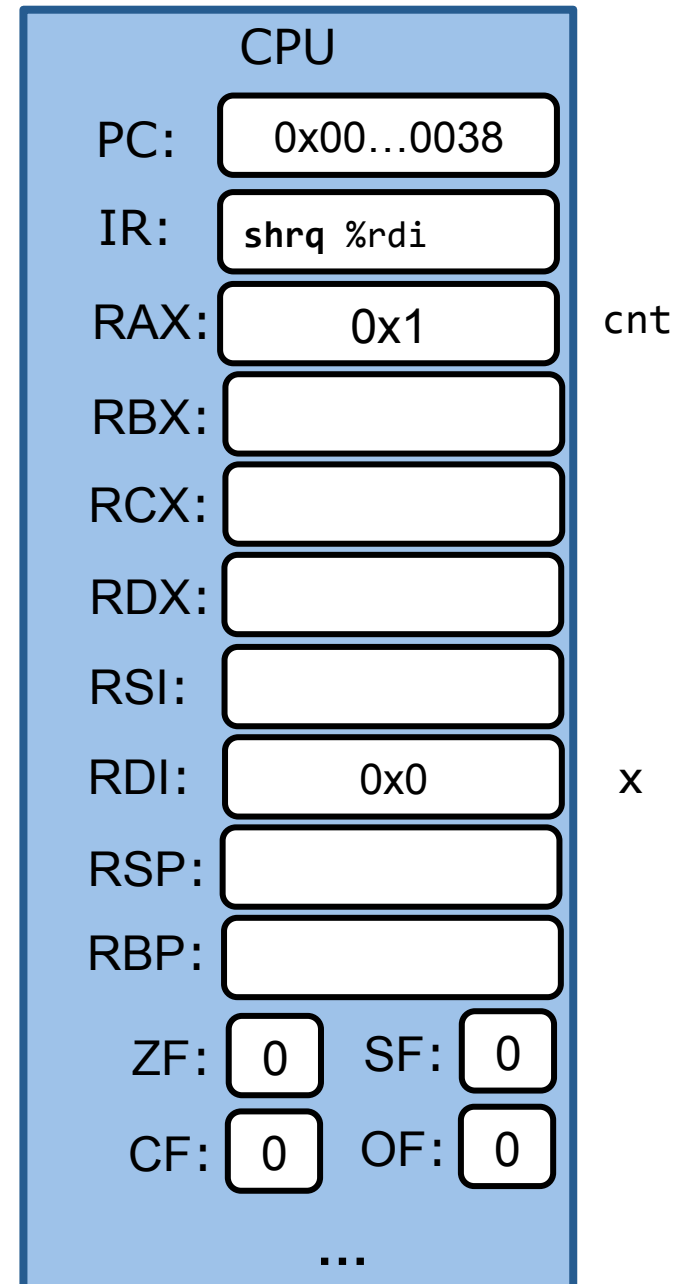
```

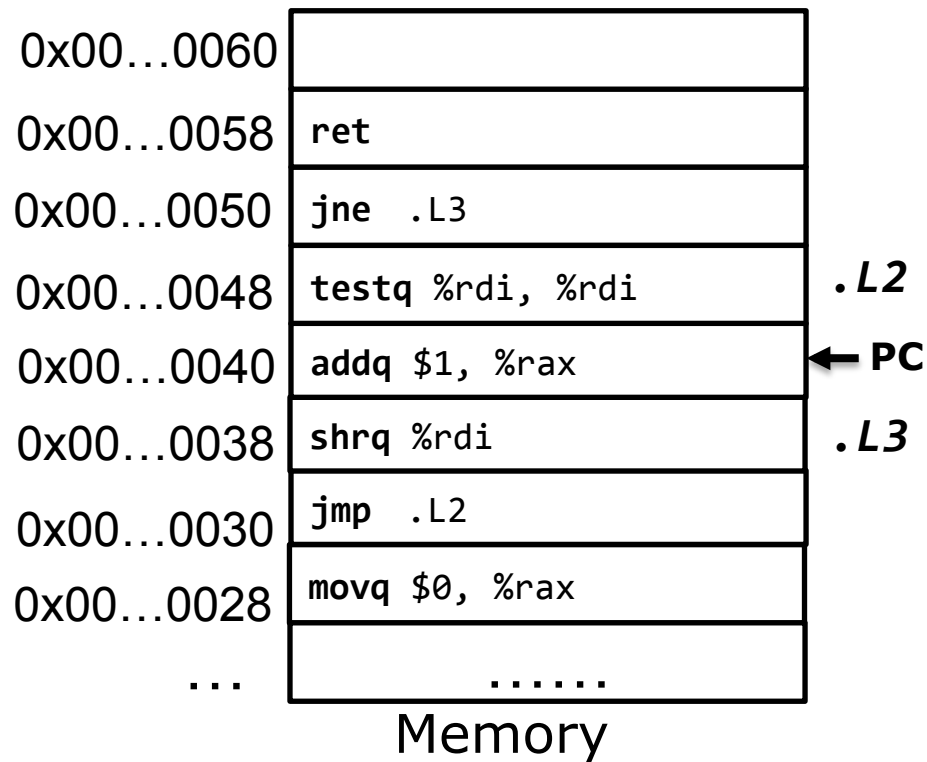
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}

```

x: 4 (100)₂

jne	~ZF
-----	-----

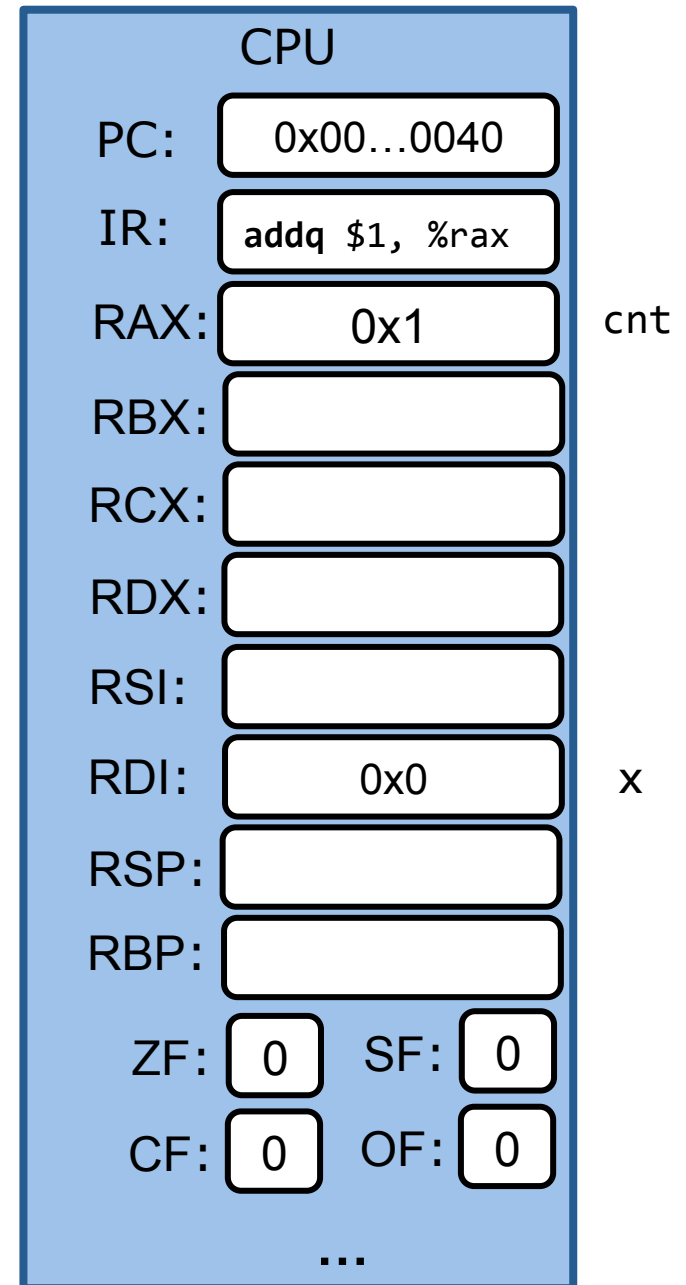


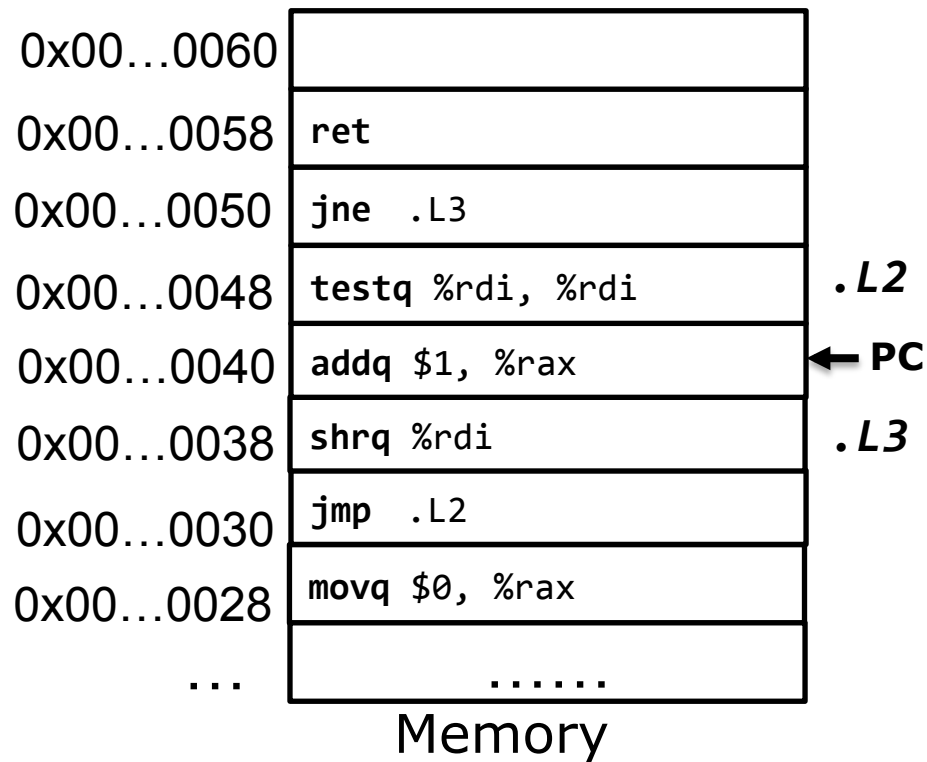


```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

x: 4 (100)₂

jne	$\sim ZF$
-----	-----------

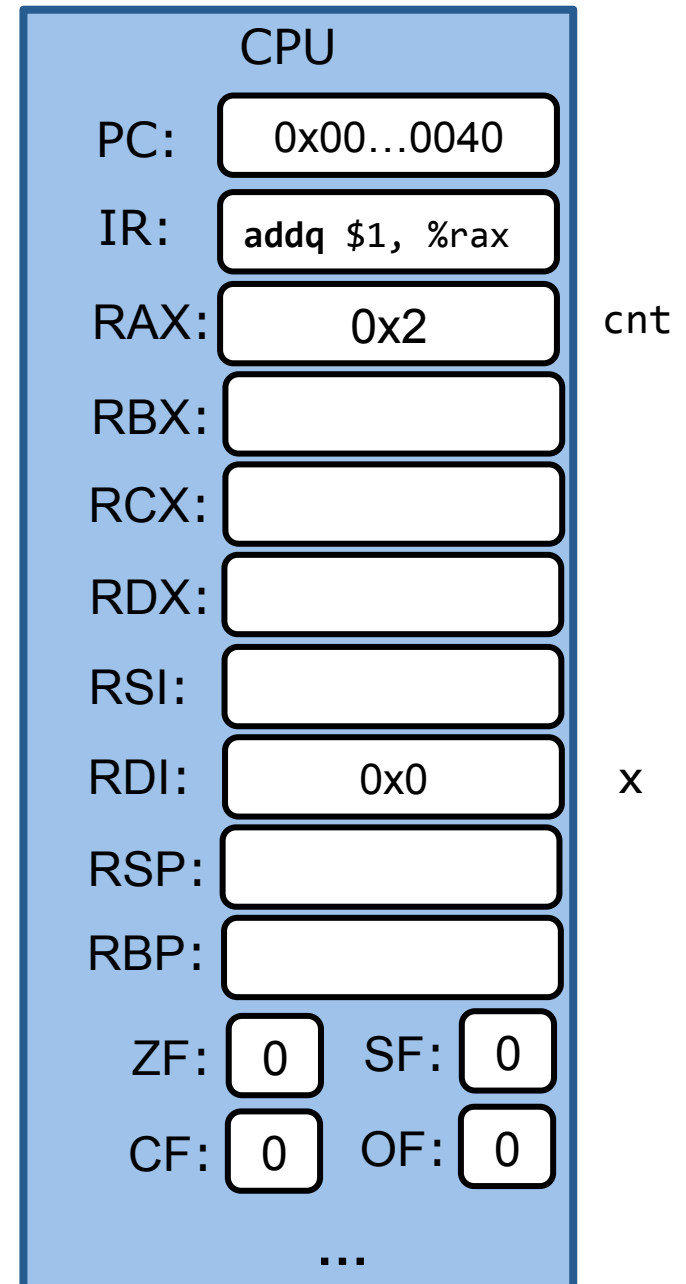


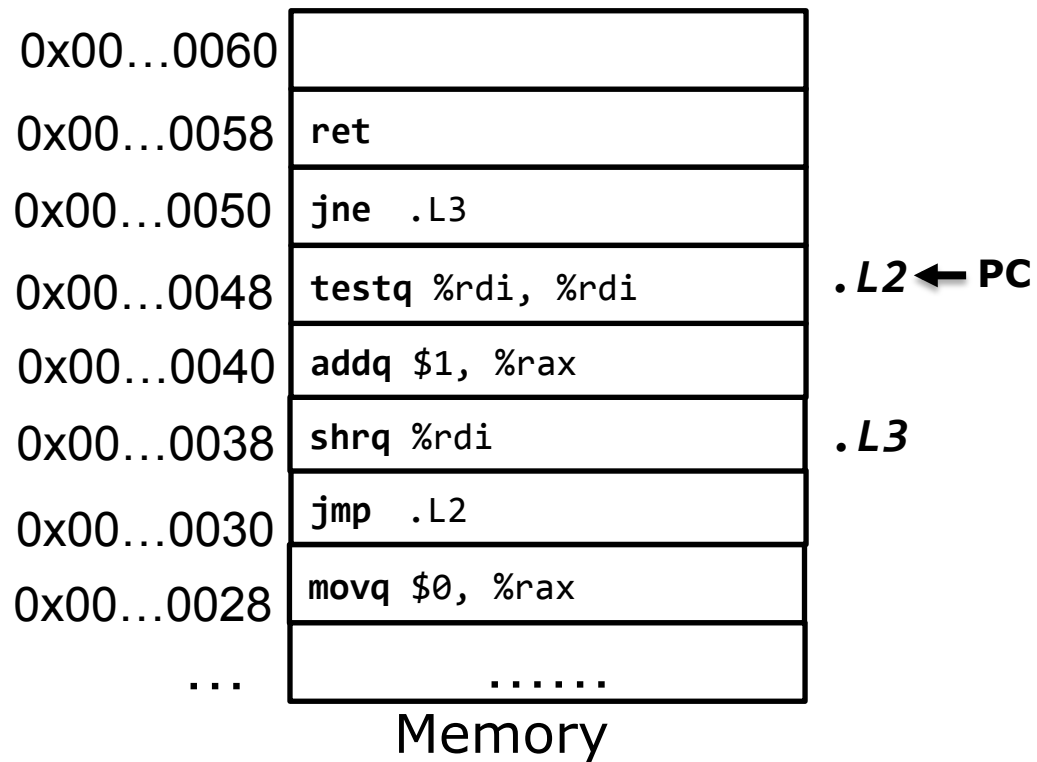


```
long count(unsigned long x)
{
    long cnt = 0;
    while (x != 0) {
        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}
```

x: 4 (100)₂

jne	$\sim ZF$
-----	-----------





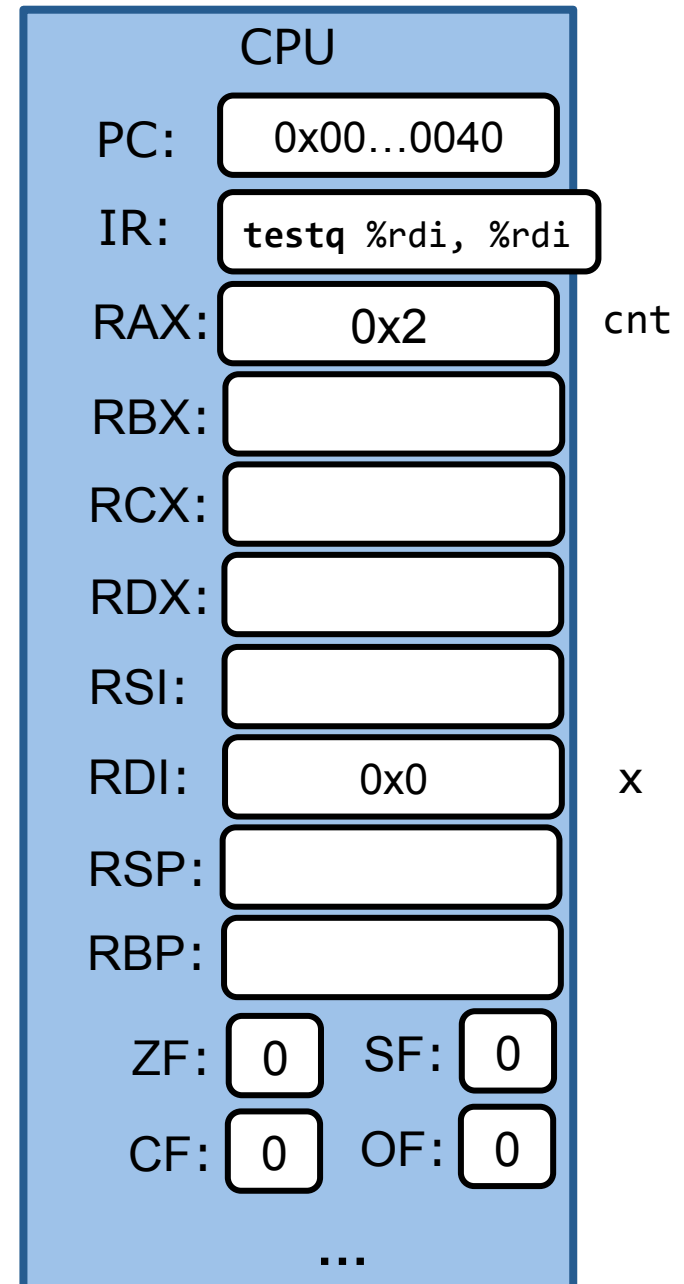
```

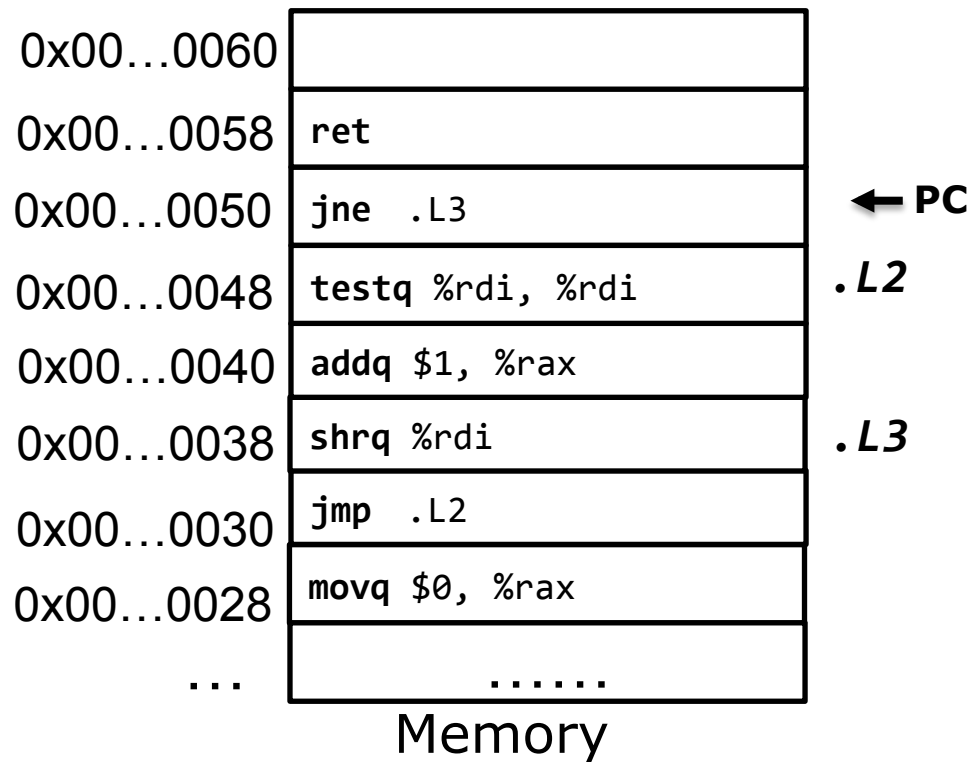
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{
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        x = x >> 1;
        cnt++;
    }
    return cnt;
}

```

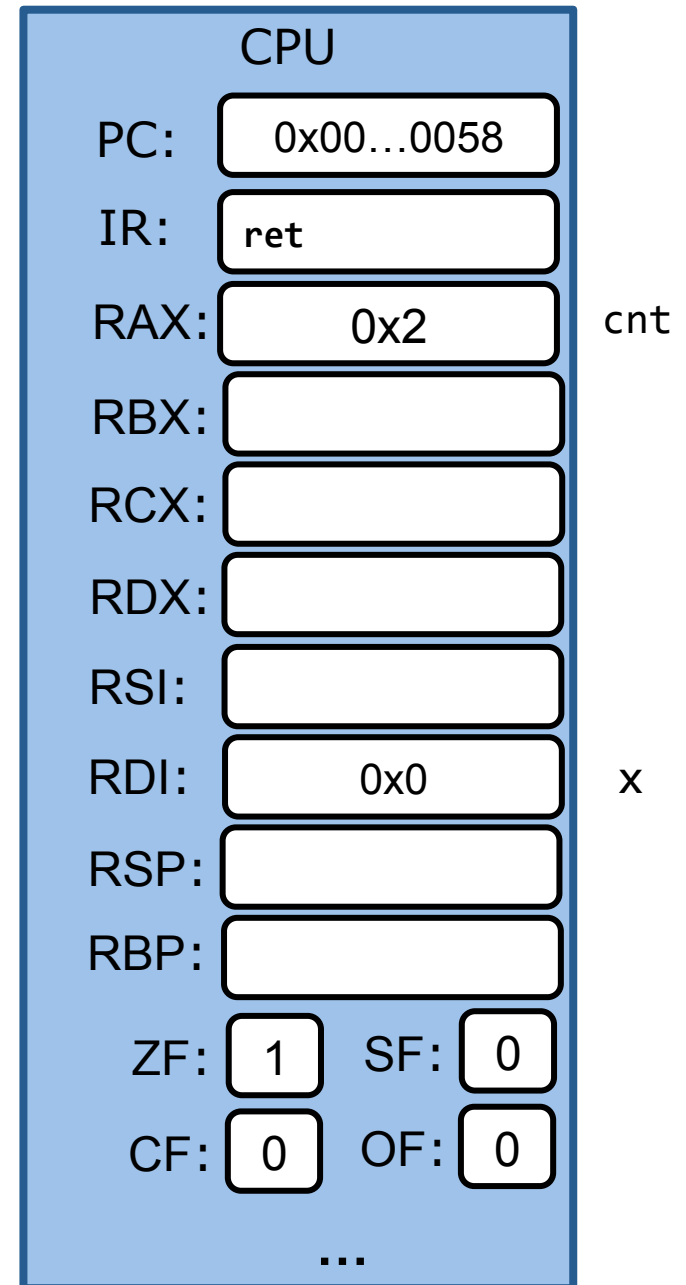
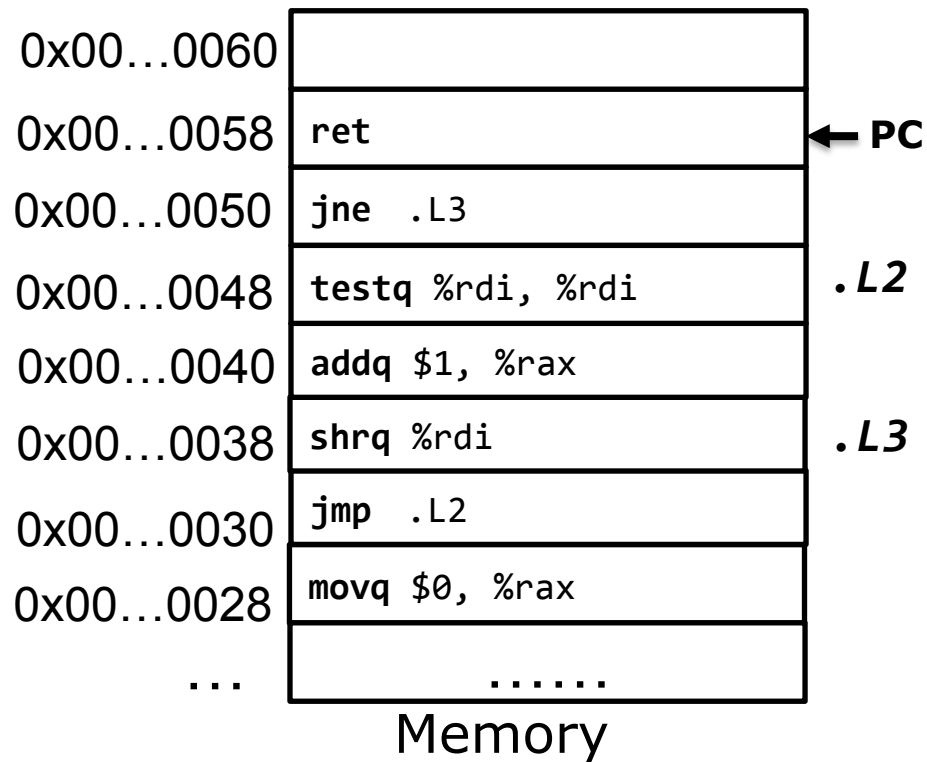
x: 4 (100)₂

jne	~ZF
-----	-----





x: 4 (100)₂



"For" Loop translation

For Version

```
for (Init; Test; Update )  
    Body
```



While Version

```
Init ;  
while (Test ) {  
    Body  
    Update ;  
}
```

“Loop” Translation example

- `gcc -Og -S *.c`

```
int sum(int n)
{
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
        sum += i;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

```
sum:
    movl $0, %edx
    movl $0, %eax
    jmp .L5
.L6:
    addl %edx, %eax
    addl $1, %edx
.L5:
    cmpl %edi, %edx
    jl  .L6
    ret
```

Register	Use(s)
<code>%edi</code>	<code>n</code>
<code>%eax</code>	<code>sum</code>
<code>%edx</code>	<code>i</code>

“Loop” Translation example

- `gcc -Og -S *.c`

```
int sum(int n)
{
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
        sum += i;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

sum:

`movl $0, %edx`

`int i = 0`

`movl $0, %eax`

`jmp .L5`

.L6:

`addl %edx, %eax`

`addl $1, %edx`

.L5:

`cmpl %edi, %edx`

`j1 .L6`

`ret`

Register	Use(s)
<code>%edi</code>	<code>n</code>
<code>%eax</code>	<code>sum</code>
<code>%edx</code>	<code>i</code>

“Loop” Translation example

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int sum(int n)
{
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
        sum += i;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

sum:

```
movl $0, %edx
movl $0, %eax
jmp .L5
```

```
int i = 0;
int sum = 0;
```

.L6:

```
addl %edx, %eax
addl $1, %edx
```

.L5:

```
cmpl %edi, %edx
jl .L6
ret
```

Register	Use(s)
<code>%edi</code>	<code>n</code>
<code>%eax</code>	<code>sum</code>
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“Loop” Translation example

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{
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    for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
        sum += i;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

sum:

```
movl $0, %edx
movl $0, %eax
jmp .L5
```

```
int i = 0;
int sum = 0;
goto L5;
```

.L6:

```
addl %edx, %eax
addl $1, %edx
```

.L5:

```
cmpl %edi, %edx
jl .L6
ret
```

Register	Use(s)
<code>%edi</code>	<code>n</code>
<code>%eax</code>	<code>sum</code>
<code>%edx</code>	<code>i</code>

“Loop” Translation example

- `gcc -Og -S *.c`

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{
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    for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
        sum += i;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

sum:

```
movl $0, %edx
movl $0, %eax
jmp .L5
```

```
int i = 0;
int sum = 0;
goto L5;
```

.L6:

```
addl %edx, %eax
addl $1, %edx
```

```
sum = sum + i
i = i + 1
```

.L5:

```
cmpl %edi, %edx
jl .L6
ret
```

Register	Use(s)
<code>%edi</code>	<code>n</code>
<code>%eax</code>	<code>sum</code>
<code>%edx</code>	<code>i</code>

“Loop” Translation example

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{
    int sum = 0;
    for (int i=0; i<n; i++){
        sum += i;
    }
    return sum;
}
```

sum:

```
movl $0, %edx
movl $0, %eax
jmp .L5
```

```
int i = 0;
int sum = 0;
goto L5;
```

.L6:

```
addl %edx, %eax
addl $1, %edx
```

```
sum = sum + i;
i = i + 1;
```

.L5:

```
cmpl %edi, %edx
jl .L6
ret
```

```
if i < n
    goto L6;
return;
```

Register	Use(s)
<code>%edi</code>	<code>n</code>
<code>%eax</code>	<code>sum</code>
<code>%edx</code>	<code>i</code>