

NetXTM AutoIP

User Guide

Renesas Synergy[™] Platform

All information contained in these materials, including products and product specifications, represents information on the product at the time of publication and is subject to change by Renesas Electronics Corp. without notice. Please review the latest information published by Renesas Electronics Corp. through various means, including the Renesas Electronics Corp. website (http://www.renesas.com).

Notice

- 1. Descriptions of circuits, software and other related information in this document are provided only to illustrate the operation of semiconductor products and application examples. You are fully responsible for the incorporation or any other use of the circuits, software, and information in the design of your product or system. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses and damages incurred by you or third parties arising from the use of these circuits, software, or information.
- Renesas Electronics hereby expressly disclaims any warranties against and liability for infringement or any other claims involving
 patents, copyrights, or other intellectual property rights of third parties, by or arising from the use of Renesas Electronics products or
 technical information described in this document, including but not limited to, the product data, drawings, charts, programs,
 algorithms, and application examples.
- 3. No license, express, implied or otherwise, is granted hereby under any patents, copyrights or other intellectual property rights of Renesas Electronics or others.
- 4. You shall not alter, modify, copy, or reverse engineer any Renesas Electronics product, whether in whole or in part. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any losses or damages incurred by you or third parties arising from such alteration, modification, copying or reverse engineering.
- 5. Renesas Electronics products are classified according to the following two quality grades: "Standard" and "High Quality". The intended applications for each Renesas Electronics product depends on the product's quality grade, as indicated below.
 - "Standard": Computers; office equipment; communications equipment; test and measurement equipment; audio and visual equipment; home electronic appliances; machine tools; personal electronic equipment; industrial robots; etc.
 - "High Quality": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.); traffic control (traffic lights); large-scale communication equipment; key financial terminal systems; safety control equipment; etc.

Unless expressly designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not intended or authorized for use in products or systems that may pose a direct threat to human life or bodily injury (artificial life support devices or systems; surgical implantations; etc.), or may cause serious property damage (space system; undersea repeaters; nuclear power control systems; aircraft control systems; key plant systems; military equipment; etc.). Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any damages or losses incurred by you or any third parties arising from the use of any Renesas Electronics product that is inconsistent with any Renesas Electronics data sheet, user's manual or other Renesas Electronics document.

- 6. When using Renesas Electronics products, refer to the latest product information (data sheets, user's manuals, application notes, "General Notes for Handling and Using Semiconductor Devices" in the reliability handbook, etc.), and ensure that usage conditions are within the ranges specified by Renesas Electronics with respect to maximum ratings, operating power supply voltage range, heat dissipation characteristics, installation, etc. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for any malfunctions, failure or accident arising out of the use of Renesas Electronics products outside of such specified ranges.
- 7. Although Renesas Electronics endeavors to improve the quality and reliability of Renesas Electronics products, semiconductor products have specific characteristics, such as the occurrence of failure at a certain rate and malfunctions under certain use conditions. Unless designated as a high reliability product or a product for harsh environments in a Renesas Electronics data sheet or other Renesas Electronics document, Renesas Electronics products are not subject to radiation resistance design. You are responsible for implementing safety measures to guard against the possibility of bodily injury, injury or damage caused by fire, and/or danger to the public in the event of a failure or malfunction of Renesas Electronics products, such as safety design for hardware and software, including but not limited to redundancy, fire control and malfunction prevention, appropriate treatment for aging degradation or any other appropriate measures. Because the evaluation of microcomputer software alone is very difficult and impractical, you are responsible for evaluating the safety of the final products or systems manufactured by you.
- 8. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office for details as to environmental matters such as the environmental compatibility of each Renesas Electronics product. You are responsible for carefully and sufficiently investigating applicable laws and regulations that regulate the inclusion or use of controlled substances, including without limitation, the EU RoHS Directive, and using Renesas Electronics products in compliance with all these applicable laws and regulations. Renesas Electronics disclaims any and all liability for damages or losses occurring as a result of your noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 9. Renesas Electronics products and technologies shall not be used for or incorporated into any products or systems whose manufacture, use, or sale is prohibited under any applicable domestic or foreign laws or regulations. You shall comply with any applicable export control laws and regulations promulgated and administered by the governments of any countries asserting jurisdiction over the parties or transactions.
- 10. It is the responsibility of the buyer or distributor of Renesas Electronics products, or any other party who distributes, disposes of, or otherwise sells or transfers the product to a third party, to notify such third party in advance of the contents and conditions set forth in this document.
- 11. This document shall not be reprinted, reproduced or duplicated in any form, in whole or in part, without prior written consent of Renesas Electronics.
- 12. Please contact a Renesas Electronics sales office if you have any questions regarding the information contained in this document or Renesas Electronics products.
- (Note 1) "Renesas Electronics" as used in this document means Renesas Electronics Corporation and also includes its directly or indirectly controlled subsidiaries.
- (Note 2) "Renesas Electronics product(s)" means any product developed or manufactured by or for Renesas Electronics.

Renesas Synergy Specific Information

If you are using NetX AutoIP for the Renesas Synergy platform, please use the following information.

Installation:

Page 7: If you are using Renesas Synergy SSP and the e2 studio ISDE, AutoIP will already be installed. You can ignore the AutoIP Installation section.



AutolP

User Guide

Express Logic, Inc.

858.613.6640 Toll Free 888.THREADX FAX 858.521.4259

www.expresslogic.com

©2002-2018 by Express Logic, Inc.

All rights reserved. This document and the associated NetX software are the sole property of Express Logic, Inc. Each contains proprietary information of Express Logic, Inc. Reproduction or duplication by any means of any portion of this document without the prior written consent of Express Logic, Inc. is expressly forbidden. Express Logic, Inc. reserves the right to make changes to the specifications described herein at any time and without notice in order to improve design or reliability of NetX. The information in this document has been carefully checked for accuracy; however, Express Logic, Inc. makes no warranty pertaining to the correctness of this document.

Trademarks

NetX, Piconet, and UDP Fast Path are trademarks of Express Logic, Inc. ThreadX is a registered trademark of Express Logic, Inc.

All other product and company names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Warranty Limitations

Express Logic, Inc. makes no warranty of any kind that the NetX products will meet the USER's requirements, or will operate in the manner specified by the USER, or that the operation of the NetX products will operate uninterrupted or error free, or that any defects that may exist in the NetX products will be corrected after the warranty period. Express Logic, Inc. makes no warranties of any kind, either expressed or implied, including but not limited to the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the NetX products. No oral or written information or advice given by Express Logic, Inc., its dealers, distributors, agents, or employees shall create any other warranty or in any way increase the scope of this warranty, and licensee may not rely on any such information or advice.

Part Number: 000-1054

Revision 5.11

Contents

Chapter 1 Introduction to AutoIP	4
AutoIP Requirements	4
AutoIP Constraints	
AutoIP Protocol Implementation	
AutoIP Address Change	
AutoIP RFCs	6
Chapter 2 Installation and Use of AutoIP	
Product Distribution	7
AutoIP Installation	7
Using AutoIP	
Small Example System	
Configuration Options	
Chapter 3 Description of AutoIP Services	
nx_auto_ip_create	14
nx_auto_ip_delete	
nx_auto_ip_get_address	
nx_auto_ip_set_interface	
nx_auto_ip_start	
nx auto ip stop	

Chapter 1

Introduction to AutoIP

The AutoIP Protocol is a protocol designed for dynamically configuring IPv4 addresses on a local network. AutoIP is a simple protocol that utilizes ARP capabilities to perform its automatic IP address assignment function. AutoIP allocates addresses in the range of 169.254.1.0 through 169.254.255.

AutoIP Requirements

In order to function properly, the NetX AutoIP package requires that a NetX IP instance has already been created. In addition, ARP must be enabled on that same IP instance. The NetX AutoIP package has no further requirements.

AutoIP Constraints

The NetX AutoIP protocol implements the requirements of the RFC3927 standard. However, there are the following constraints:

- If NetX DHCP is used, the DHCP thread must be created with a higher priority than both the NetX IP instance thread and the AutoIP thread.
- 2. NetX AutoIP does not provide a mechanism for old IP addresses to continue being used.
- 3. When the IP address changes, the application is responsible for tearing down any existing TCP connections and re-establishing them on the new IP address.

AutoIP Protocol Implementation

The NetX AutoIP protocol first selects a random address within the AutoIP IPv4 address range of 169.254.1.0 through 169.254.255. Alternatively, the application may force a starting IP address by providing

it to the *nx_auto_ip_start* function. This is useful in situations where an AutoIP address was successfully used in a prior run.

Once an AutoIP address is selected, NetX AutoIP sends out a series of ARP probes for the selected address. An ARP probe consists of an ARP request message with the sender address set to 0.0.0.0 and the target address set to the desired AutoIP address. A series of these ARP probes are sent (the actual number is determined by the define NX_AUTO_IP_PROBE_NUM). If another network node responds to this probe or sends an identical probe for the same address, a new AutoIP address is randomly selected within the AutoIP IPv4 address range and the probe processing repeats.

If NX_AUTO_IP_PROBE_NUM probes are sent without any responses, NetX AutoIP issues a series of ARP announcements for the selected address. An ARP announcement consists of an ARP request message with both the sender and target address in the ARP message set to the selected AutoIP address. A series of ARP announcement messages are sent, corresponding to the define NX_AUTO_IP_ANNOUNCE_NUM. If another network node responds to an announce message or sends an identical announcement for the same address, a new AutoIP address is randomly selected within the AutoIP IPv4 address range and the probe processing starts over.

When the probe and announcement completes without any detected conflicts, the selected AutoIP address is considered valid and the associated IP instance is setup with this address.

AutoIP Address Change

As mentioned before, NetX AutoIP changes the IP instance address after successful probe and announcement processing. Monitoring for this case is not terribly important. However, it is possible to have the AutoIP address change in the future. Potential causes include future AutoIP address conflicts as well as DHCP address resolution. In order to process these potential situations properly, the application should use the following NetX API to alert it of any and all IP address changes:

```
nx_ip_address_change_notify(NX_IP *ip_ptr,
    VOID (*ip_address_change_notify)(NX_IP *,VOID*),
    VOID *additional_info);
```

The processing in the supplied *ip_address_change_notify* function must either restart the NetX AutoIP processor or disable it if DHCP has subsequently resolved the IP address. Please refer to the *Small Example System* section for sample processing.

AutoIP RFCs

NetX AutoIP is compliant with RFC3927 and related RFCs.

Chapter 2

Installation and Use of AutolP

This chapter contains a description of various issues related to installation, setup, and usage of the NetX AutoIP component.

Product Distribution

NetX AutoIP is shipped on a single CD-ROM compatible disk. The package includes three source files, one include files, and a PDF file that contains this document, as follows:

nx_auto_ip.hHeader file for NetX AutoIPnx_auto_ip.cC Source file for NetX AutoIPdemo_netx_auto_ip.cC Source file for NetX AutoIP Demonx_auto_ip.pdfPDF description of NetX AutoIP

AutoIP Installation

In order to use NetX AutoIP, the entire distribution mentioned previously should be copied to the same directory where NetX is installed. For example, if NetX is installed in the directory "\threadx\arm7\green" then the nx_auto_ip.h, nx_auto_ip.c, and demo_netx_auto_ip.c files should be copied into this directory.

Using AutoIP

Using NetX AutoIP is easy. Basically, the application code must include $nx_auto_ip.h$ after it includes $tx_api.h$ and $nx_api.h$, in order to use ThreadX and NetX. Once $nx_auto_ip.h$ is included, the application code is then able to make the AutoIP function calls specified later in this guide. The application must also include $nx_auto_ip.c$ in the build process. These files must be compiled in the same manner as other application files and its object form must be linked along with the files of the application. This is all that is required to use NetX AutoIP.

Note also that since AutoIP utilizes NetX ARP services, ARP must be enabled with the *nx_arp_enable* call prior to using AutoIP.

Small Example System

An example of how easy it is to use NetX AutoIP is described in Figure 1.1, which appears below. In this example, the AutoIP include file $nx_auto_ip.h$ is brought in at line 002. Next, the NetX AutoIP instance is created in " $tx_application_define$ " at line 090. Note that the NetX AutoIP control block "auto_ip_0" was defined previously as a global variable at line 015. After successful creation, an NetX AutoIP is started at line 098. The IP address change callback function processing starts at line 105, which is used to handle subsequent conflicts or possible DHCP address resolution.

Note the example below assumes the host device is a single-homed device. For a multihomed device, the host application can use the NetX AutoIP service $nx_auto_ip_interface_set$ to specify a secondary network interface to probe for an IP address. See the **NetX User Guide** for more details on setting up multihomed applications. Note further that the host application should use the NetX API $nx_status_ip_interface_check$ to verify AutoIP has obtained an IP address.

```
000 #include "tx_api.h"
001 #include "nx_api.h"
002 #include "nx_auto_ip.h"
003
                                                    4096
004
      #define
                     DEMO_STACK_SIZE
005
006
      /* Define the ThreadX and NetX object control blocks... */
007
800
      TX_THREAD
                                    thread_0:
009
      NX_PACKET_POOL
                                    pool_0;
                                     ip_0;
010
      NX_IP
011
012
013
      /* Define the AUTO IP structures for the IP instance.
013
014
015
016
017
      NX_AUTO_IP
                                    auto_ip_0;
018
      /* Define the counters used in the demo application... */
019
020
                                    thread_0_counter;
      ULONG
021
022
      ULONG
                                    address_changes;
      ULONG
                                    error_counter;
023
024
      /* Define thread prototypes. */
025
026
                thread_0_entry(ULONG thread_input);
ip_address_changed(NX_IP *ip_ptr, VOID *auto_ip_address);
_nx_ram_network_driver(struct NX_IP_DRIVER_STRUCT *driver_req);
027
      void
028
029
      void
030
031
032
      /* Define main entry point. */
033
034
      int main()
035
036
037
            /* Enter the ThreadX kernel. st/
           tx_kernel_enter();
038
039
      }
040
041
042
      /* Define what the initial system looks like. */
```

```
tx_application_define(void *first_unused_memory)
044
    void
045
046
047
     CHAR
             *pointer;
048
     UINT
             status;
049
050
         /* Setup the working pointer. */
pointer = (CHAR *) first_unused_memory;
051
052
053
054
         055
056
057
058
059
         pointer = pointer + DEMO_STACK_SIZE;
060
         /* Initialize the NetX system. */
nx_system_initialize();
061
062
063
        064
065
066
067
068
069
         if (status)
070
071
072
             error_counter++;
         073
074
075
076
077
078
         if (status)
079
             error_counter++;
080
         /* Enable ARP and supply ARP cache memory for IP Instance 0. */
status = nx_arp_enable(&ip_0, (void *) pointer, 1024);
081
082
083
         pointer = pointer + 1024;
084
         /* Check ARP enable status. */
if (status)
085
086
087
             error_counter++;
088
         /* Create the AutoIP instance for IP Instance 0. */
status = nx_auto_ip_create(&auto_ip_0, "AutoIP 0", &ip_0, pointer, 4096, 1);
pointer = pointer + 4096;
089
090
091
092
093
          /* Check AutoIP create status. */
094
         if (status)
095
             error_counter++;
096
097
         /* Start AutoIP instances. */
         status = nx_auto_ip_start(&auto_ip_0, 0 /*IP_ADDRESS(169,254,254,255)*/);
098
099
100
         /* Check AutoIP start status. */
         if (status)
101
102
             error_counter++:
103
         104
105
106
107
         /* Check IP address change notify status. */
108
         if (status)
109
110
             error_counter++;
111
112
113
     /* Define the test thread. */
114
115
116
     void
             thread_0_entry(ULONG thread_input)
117
118
119
     UINT
                 status;
     ULONG
                 actual_status;
121
         /* Wait for IP address to be resolved.
124
```

```
125
126
          {
                /* Call IP status check routine.
127
               128
129
130
131
          } while (status != NX_SUCCESS);
132
          /* Since the IP address is resolved at this point, the application can now fully utilize NetX! \ */\ 
133
          while(1)
139
140
141
                /* Increment thread 0's counter. */
142
               thread_0_counter++;
143
               /* Sleep... */
tx_thread_sleep(10);
144
145
146
          }
147
      }
148
149
150
      void ip_address_changed(NX_IP *ip_ptr, VOID *auto_ip_address)
151
152
153
154
155
156
157
      ULONG
                         ip_address;
      ULONG
                         network_mask;
      NX_AUTO_IP
                         *auto_ip_ptr;
          /* Setup pointer to auto IP instance. */
auto_ip_ptr = (NX_AUTO_IP *) auto_ip_address;
158
159
160
           /* Pickup the current IP address. */
161
          nx_ip_address_get(ip_ptr, &ip_address, &network_mask);
162
163
164
           /* Determine if the IP address has changed back to zero. If so,
165
              make sure the AutoIP instance is started.
           if (ip_address == 0)
166
167
168
169
                /* Get the last AutoIP address for this node.
               nx_auto_ip_get_address(auto_ip_ptr, &ip_address);
               /* Start this AutoIP instance. */
nx_auto_ip_start(auto_ip_ptr, ip_address);
172
173
174
          }
174
175
176
177
178
179
180
          /* Determine if IP address has transitioned to a non local IP address. */ else if ((ip_address & 0xffff0000UL) != IP_ADDRESS(169, 254, 0, 0))
                /* Stop the AutoIP processing. */
181
182
183
               nx_auto_ip_stop(auto_ip_ptr);
           }
           /* Increment a counter. */
184
185
           address_changes++;
     }
186
```

Figure 1.1 Example of AutoIP use with NetX

Configuration Options

There are several configuration options for building NetX AutoIP. Following is a list of all options, where each is described in detail:

Define	Meaning
NX_DISABLE_ERROR_CHECKING	Defined, this option removes the basic AutoIP error checking. It is typically used after the application has been debugged.
NX_AUTO_IP_PROBE_WAIT	The number of seconds to wait before sending first probe. By default, this value is defined as 1.
NX_AUTO_IP_PROBE_NUM	The number of ARP probes to send. By default, this value is defined as 3.
NX_AUTO_IP_PROBE_MIN	The minimum number of seconds to wait between sending probes. By default, this value is defined as 1.
NX_AUTO_IP_PROBE_MAX	The maximum number of seconds to wait between sending probes. By default, this value is defined as 2.
NX_AUTO_IP_MAX_CONFLICTS	The number of AutoIP conflicts before increasing processing delays. By default, this value is defined as 10.
NX_AUTO_IP_RATE_LIMIT_INTERVA	AL The number of seconds to extend the wait period when the total number of conflicts is exceeded. By default, this value is defined as 60.
NX_AUTO_IP_ANNOUNCE_WAIT	The number of seconds to wait before sending announcement. By default, this value is defined as 2.

NX_AUTO_IP_ANNOUNCE_NUM The number of ARP announces

to send. By default, this value is

defined as 2.

10.

NX_AUTO_IP_ANNOUNCE_INTERVAL The number of seconds to wait

between sending announces. By default, this value is defined as 2.

NX_AUTO_IP_DEFEND_INTERVAL

The number of seconds to wait between defense announces. By default, this value is defined as

Chapter 3

Description of AutoIP Services

This chapter contains a description of all NetX AutoIP services (listed below) in alphabetic order.

In the "Return Values" section in the following API descriptions, values in **BOLD** are not affected by the **NX_DISABLE_ERROR_CHECKING** define that is used to disable API error checking, while non-bold values are completely disabled.

nx_auto_ip_create

Create AutoIP instance

nx_auto_ip_delete

Delete AutoIP instance

nx_auto_ip_get_address

Get current AutoIP address

nx_auto_ip_set_interface

Set IP interface needing an AutoIP address

nx_auto_ip_start
Start AutoIP processing

nx_auto_ip_stop

Stop AutoIP processing

nx_auto_ip_create

Create AutoIP instance

Prototype

Description

This service creates an AutoIP instance on the specified IP instance.

Input Parameters

auto_ip_ptr Pointer to AutoIP control block.

name Name of AutoIP instance.

ip_ptr Pointer to IP instance.

stack_ptr Pointer to AutoIP thread stack area.

stack size Size of the AutolP thread stack area.

priority Priority of the AutolP thread. *Note that if DHCP is*

used, the DHCP thread must have a higher priority than the IP instance thread and the AutoIP thread.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful AutoIP create.
NX_AUTO_IP_ERROR	(0xA00)	AutoIP create error.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid AutoIP, ip_ptr, or stack
		pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

Example

```
/* Create the AutoIP instance "auto_ip_0" on "ip_0". */
status = nx_auto_ip_create(&auto_ip_0, "AutoIP 0", &ip_0, pointer, 4096, 1);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an AutoIP instance was successfully created. */
```

See Also

```
nx_auto_ip_delete, nx_auto_ip_set_interface, nx_auto_ip_get_address, nx_auto_ip_start, nx_auto_ip_stop
```

nx_auto_ip_delete

Delete AutoIP instance

Prototype

```
UINT nx_auto_ip_delete(NX_AUTO_IP *auto_ip_ptr);
```

Description

This service deletes a previously created AutoIP instance on the specified IP instance.

Input Parameters

auto_ip_ptr Pointer to AutoIP control block.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful AutoIP delete.
NX_AUTO_IP_ERROR	(0xA00)	AutoIP delete error.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid AutoIP pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Threads

Example

```
/* Delete the AutoIP instance "auto_ip_0." */
status = nx_auto_ip_delete(&auto_ip_0);

/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an AutoIP instance was successfully
deleted. */
```

See Also

nx_auto_ip_create, nx_auto_ip_set_interface, nx_auto_ip_get_address, nx_auto_ip_start, nx_auto_ip_stop

nx_auto_ip_get_address

Get current AutoIP address

Prototype

Description

This service retrieves the currently setup AutoIP address. If there isn't one, an IP address of 0.0.0.0 is returned.

Input Parameters

auto_ip_ptr
Pointer to AutoIP control block.

local_ip_address Destination for return IP address.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful AutoIP address get.
NX_AUTO_IP_NO_LOCAL	(0xA01)	No valid AutoIP address.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid AutoIP pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Initialization, Timers, Threads, ISRs

Example

```
ULONG local_address;
/* Get the AutoIP address resolved by the instance "auto_ip_0." */
status = nx_auto_ip_get_address(&auto_ip_0, &local_address);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS the local IP address is in "local_address." */
```

See Also

```
nx_auto_ip_create, nx_auto_ip_set_interface, nx_auto_ip_delete, nx_auto_ip_start, nx_auto_ip_stop
```

nx_auto_ip_set_interface

Set network interface for AutoIP

Prototype

Description

This service sets the index for the network interface AutoIP will probe for a network IP address. The default is zero (the primary network interface). Only applicable for multihomed devices.

Input Parameters

auto_ip_ptr Pointer to AutoIP control block.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful AutoIP interface set
NX_AUTO_IP_BAD_INTERFACE_INDEX		
	(0xA02)	Invalid network interface
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid AutoIP pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Initialization, Timers, Threads, ISRs

Example

```
ULONG interface_index;
/* Set the network interface on which AutoIP probes for host address. */
status = nx_auto_ip_set_interface(&auto_ip_0, interface_index);
/* If status is NX_SUCCESS the network interface is valid and set in the AutoIP control block auto_ip_0. */
```

See Also

```
nx_auto_ip_create, nx_auto_ip_get_address, nx_auto_ip_delete, nx_auto_ip_start, nx_auto_ip_stop
```

nx_auto_ip_start

Start AutoIP processing

Prototype

Description

This service starts the AutoIP protocol on a previously created AutoIP instance.

Input Parameters

auto_ip_ptr Pointer to AutoIP control block.

starting_local_address

Optional AutoIP starting address. A value of IP_ADDRESS(0,0,0,0) specifies that a random AutoIP address should be derived. Otherwise, if a valid AutoIP address is specified, NetX AutoIP attempts to assign that address.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful AutoIP start.
NX_AUTO_IP_ERROR	(0xA00)	AutoIP start error.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid AutoIP pointer.
NX CALLER ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Initialization, Threads

Example

```
/* Start the AutoIP instance "auto_ip_0." */
status = nx_auto_ip_start(&auto_ip_0, IP_ADDRESS(0,0,0,0));

/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an AutoIP instance was successfully started. */
```

See Also

nx_auto_ip_create, nx_auto_ip_set_interface, nx_auto_ip_delete, nx_auto_ip_get_address, nx_auto_ip_stop

nx_auto_ip_stop

Stop AutoIP processing

Prototype

```
UINT nx_auto_ip_stop(NX_AUTO_IP *auto_ip_ptr);
```

Description

This service stops the AutoIP protocol on a previously created and started AutoIP instance. This service is typically used when the IP address is changed via DHCP or manually to a non-AutoIP address.

Input Parameters

auto_ip_ptr Pointer to AutoIP control block.

Return Values

NX_SUCCESS	(0x00)	Successful AutoIP stop.
NX_AUTO_IP_ERROR	(0xA00)	AutoIP stop error.
NX_PTR_ERROR	(0x16)	Invalid AutoIP pointer.
NX_CALLER_ERROR	(0x11)	Invalid caller of this service.

Allowed From

Threads

Example

```
/* Stop the AutoIP instance "auto_ip_0." */
status = nx_auto_ip_stop(&auto_ip_0);

/* If status is NX_SUCCESS an AutoIP instance was successfully
stopped. */
```

See Also

```
nx_auto_ip_create, nx_auto_ip_set_interface, nx_auto_ip_delete, nx_auto_ip_get_address, nx_auto_ip_start
```

NetX AutoIP User Guide

Publication Date: Rev.5.11 Oct 30, 2018

Published by: Renesas Electronics Corporation



SALES OFFICES

Renesas Electronics Corporation

http://www.renesas.com

Refer to "http://www.renesas.com/" for the latest and detailed information.

Renesas Electronics Corporation TOYOSU FORESIA, 3-2-24 Toyosu, Koto-ku, Tokyo 135-0061, Japan

Renesas Electronics America Inc. 1001 Murphy Ranch Road, Milpitas, CA 95035, U.S.A. Tel: +1-408-432-8888, Fax: +1-408-434-5351

Renesas Electronics Canada Limited 9251 Yonge Street, Suite 8309 Richmond Hill, Ontario Canada L4C 9T3 Tel: +1-905-237-2004

Renesas Electronics Europe Limited
Dukes Meadow, Millboard Road, Bourne End, Buckinghamshire, SL8 5FH, U.K
Tel: +44-1628-651-700

Renesas Electronics Europe GmbH

Arcadiastrasse 10, 40472 Düsseldorf, Germany Tel: +49-211-6503-0, Fax: +49-211-6503-1327

Renesas Electronics (China) Co., Ltd.
Room 1709 Quantum Plaza, No.27 ZhichunLu, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191 P. R. China Tel: +86-10-8235-1155, Fax: +86-10-8235-7679

Renesas Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Unit 301, Tower A, Central Towers, 555 Langao Road, Putuo District, Shanghai, 200333 P. R. China Tel: +86-21-2226-0888, Fax: +86-21-2226-0999

Renesas Electronics Hong Kong Limited
Unit 1601-1611, 16/F., Tower 2, Grand Century Place, 193 Prince Edward Road West, Mongkok, Kowloon, Hong Kong Tel: +852-2265-6688, Fax: +852 2886-9022

Renesas Electronics Taiwan Co., Ltd. 13F, No. 363, Fu Shing North Road, Taipei 10543, Taiwan Tel: +886-2-8175-9600, Fax: +886 2-8175-9670

Renesas Electronics Singapore Pte. Ltd.
80 Bendemeer Road, Unit #06-02 Hyflux Innovation Centre, Singapore 339949
Tel: +65-6213-0200, Fax: +65-6213-0300

Renesas Electronics Malaysia Sdn.Bhd.
Unit 1207, Block B, Menara Amcorp, Amcorp Trade Centre, No. 18, Jln Persiaran Barat, 46050 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia Tel: +60-3-7955-9390, Fax: +60-3-7955-9510

Renesas Electronics India Pvt. Ltd.

No.777C, 100 Feet Road, HAL 2nd Stage, Indiranagar, Bangalore 560 038, India Tel: +91-80-67208700, Fax: +91-80-67208777

Renesas Electronics Korea Co., Ltd. 17F, KAMCO Yangjae Tower, 262, Gangnam-daero, Gangnam-gu, Seoul, 06265 Korea Tel: +82-2-558-3737, Fax: +82-2-558-5338

© 2018 Renesas Electronics Corporation. All rights reserved.

NetX AutoIP User Guide

