

Names example

- Example: **Names** class
- practice with
 - coding array algorithms
 - implementing classes
 - and using good development techniques
- incremental development
- for **lookup**, **remove**, **insert**:
 - design test cases first
 - implement code
 - code refactoring
 - test code

Announcements

- MT 1: Tues. Sept. 23 9:30 – 10:50am Pacific (alternate time for students in Asia: 6:30pm Pacific)
- **IMPORTANT:** connect to CS 455 gradescope course soon:
 - email about joining gradescope course
 - on d2l, choose "CS 455 Tools" menu (top of page)
 - choose "gradescope"
 - generally can connect from d2l or via gradescope.com
- Rehearsal exam on gradescope weekend before exam
- PA 2 coming soon
- Lab 5 (next week) no partners: it's a milestone for PA2

Example: **Names** class

- Stores a list of unique names in alphabetical order.
- Allows look-up, insert, and removal of names in the list.
- Uses partially-filled array representation
- **Names.java** has a partial implementation
- **MinNamesTester.java** is a program to test that subset.

Names representation

Names

namesArr

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

Don	Sam	Sue	Zhou				
-----	-----	-----	------	--	--	--	--

namesArr.length

8

numNames

4

Lookup test cases

- Returns true iff **target** is present in names

namesArr

0	Anne
1	Bob
2	Carol
3	Don
4	Ed

Test cases

numNames

5

Lookup code notes

- Returns true iff **target** is present in names

namesArr

0	Anne
1	Bob
2	Carol
3	Don
4	Ed

numNames **5**

Remove test cases

Removes **target** from names object, and returns **true**.

If **target** wasn't present in names, returns **false** and no change made to names.

Test cases

namesArr

0	Anne
1	Bob
2	Carol
3	Don
4	Ed

numNames

5

Reuse code to test remove

```
public static void testRemove() {  
    Names names = new Names();  
    names.loadNames();  
    System.out.println("Attempt remove: Scotty");  
    boolean removed = names.remove("Scotty");  
    if (!removed) {  
        System.out.println("Scotty was not present");  
    }  
    System.out.println(  
        "Names in list [exp: Anne Bob Carol Don Ed]: ");  
    names.printNames();  
    System.out.println(  
        "Number of names in list [exp: 5]: "  
        + names.numNames());  
}
```


Implementing remove: outline

Removes **target** from names object, and returns **true**.

If **target** wasn't present in names, returns **false** and no change made to names.

```
public boolean remove(String target) {
```

namesArr

0	Anne
1	Bob
2	Carol
3	Don
4	Ed

numNames

5

Minimize amount of code

- Reuse lookup loop?
- It returns boolean
- Refactor!

New helper function

```
/**  
    lookupLoc returns index of target in namesArr  
    or NOT_FOUND if it is not present  
*/  
private int lookupLoc(String target)
```

Refactored `lookup` that uses `lookupLoc`

```
public boolean lookup(String target)
```

Implementing remove

Removes **target** from names object, and returns **true**.

If **target** wasn't present in names, returns **false** and no change made to names.

```
public boolean remove(String target) {
```

namesArr

0	Anne
1	Bob
2	Carol
3	Don
4	Ed

numNames **5**