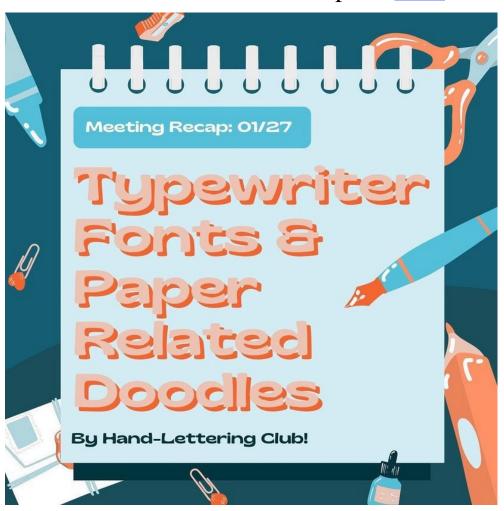
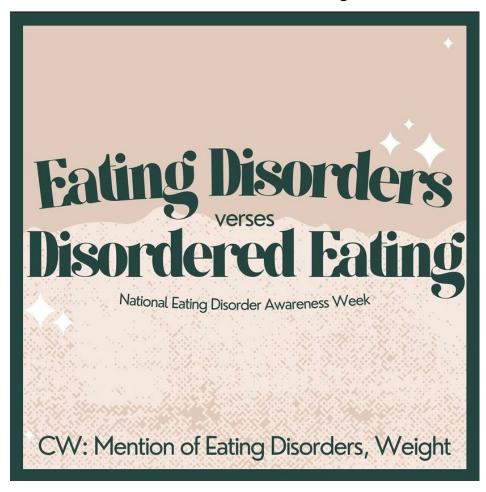
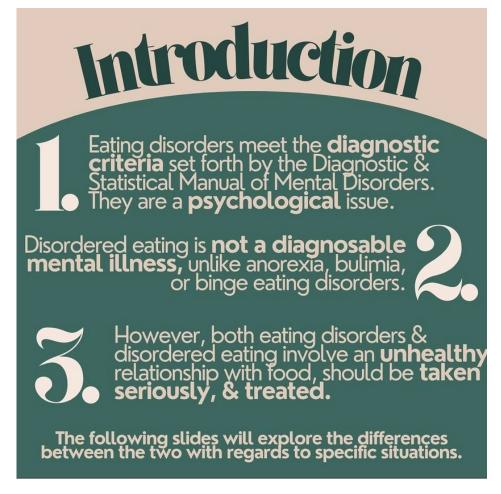
## Example 1 Link









# Intuitive Fating



#### **Disordered Eating**

 Those with disordered eating do not struggle with intuitive eating —they are able to experience hunger cues & will satisfy their body's needs.



#### **Eating Disorder**

- Individuals with an eating disorder may experience hunger cues, but either refuse to satiate themselves or binge.
- Eating disorders can lead to the loss of hunger cues because the body will feel that it wasted energy giving them. This is because the cues to eat get ignored.

# Cooking



#### **Eating Disorder**

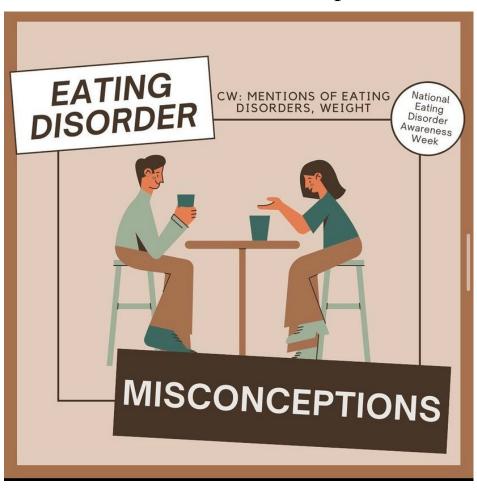
- With eating disorders, there are often certain foods that are deemed "safe foods" that one typically sticks to."Fear foods" which are to be avoided.
- Someone with an eating disorder may use specific plates or bowls that they know—they are familiar with what their food looks like in it & how much it holds.
- Cooking may serve as a form of control.

## **Disordered Eating**

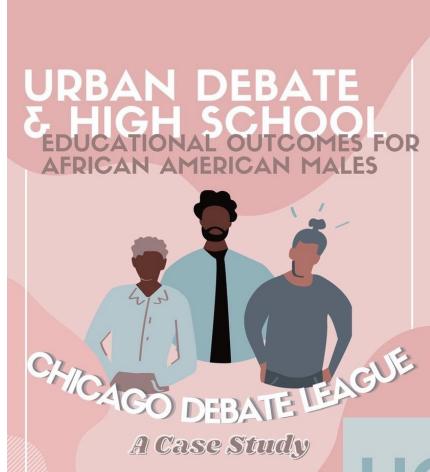
 Cooking does not produce a sense of fear or dread for those with disordered eating.



#### Example 3 Link



### **MISCONCEPTION** TRUTH: While eating disorders are more common in females, anyone can develop an eating disorder regardless of gender, age, race, ethnicity, culture, size, socioeconomic status, or sexual orientation. AMONG INDIVIDUALS WITH EATING DISORDERS, MEN REPRESENT THE FOLLOWING PERCENTAGES: ANOREXIA 25% NERVOSA BINGE EATING 36% DISORDER BULIMIA 25% NERVOSA



# CHICAGO DEBATE LEAGUE (CDL) HELPS STUDENTS OF COLOR Specifically African

- IMPROVES SCHOLASTIC
  ACHIEVEMENTS.
- DEBATERS HAVE HIGHER ACT

  BENCHMARKS FOR COLLEGE

  READINESS IN ENGLISH & READING.
- HELPS STUDENTS GRADUATE.

  DEBATERS IN THIS AREA HAD HIGHER

  GRADUATION RATES THAN THEIR

  PEERS.

