



CSS Attribute Selectors

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Style HTML Elements With Specific Attributes

It is possible to style HTML elements that have specific attributes or attribute values.

CSS [attribute] Selector

The `[attribute]` selector is used to select elements with a specified attribute.

The following example selects all `<a>` elements with a target attribute:

Example

```
a[target] {  
  background-color: yellow;  
}
```

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The `[attribute="value"]` selector is used to select elements with a specified attribute and value.

The following example selects all `<a>` elements with a `target="_blank"` attribute:

Example

```
a[target="_blank"] {  
  background-color: yellow;  
}
```

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CSS [attribute~="value"] Selector

The `[attribute~="value"]` selector is used to select elements with an attribute value containing a specified word.

The following example selects all elements with a title attribute that contains a space-separated list of words, one of which is "flower":

Example

```
[title~="flower"] {  
  border: 5px solid yellow;  
}
```

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The example above will match elements with `title="flower"`, `title="summer flower"`, and `title="flower new"`, but not `title="my-flower"` or `title="flowers"`.



CSS [attribute]="value"] Selector

The `[attribute]="value"` selector is used to select elements with the specified attribute starting with the specified value.

The following example selects all elements with a class attribute value that begins with "top":

Note: The value has to be a whole word, either alone, like `class="top"`, or followed by a hyphen (-), like `class="top-text"`!

Example

```
[class]="top" {  
  background: yellow;  
}
```

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CSS [attribute^="value"] Selector

The `[attribute^="value"]` selector is used to select elements whose attribute value begins with a specified value.

The following example selects all elements with a class attribute value that begins with "top":

Note: The value does not have to be a whole word!

Example



```
}  
}
```

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CSS [attribute\$="value"] Selector

The `[attribute$="value"]` selector is used to select elements whose attribute value ends with a specified value.

The following example selects all elements with a class attribute value that ends with "test":

Note: The value does not have to be a whole word!

Example

```
[class$="test"] {  
  background: yellow;  
}
```

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CSS [attribute*="value"] Selector

The `[attribute*="value"]` selector is used to select elements whose attribute value contains a specified value.

The following example selects all elements with a class attribute value that contains "te":

Note: The value does not have to be a whole word!



```
[class*="te"] {  
  background: yellow;  
}
```

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Styling Forms

The attribute selectors can be useful for styling forms without class or ID:

Example

```
input[type="text"] {  
  width: 150px;  
  display: block;  
  margin-bottom: 10px;  
  background-color: yellow;  
}  
  
input[type="button"] {  
  width: 120px;  
  margin-left: 35px;  
  display: block;  
}
```

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Tip: Visit our [CSS Forms Tutorial](#) for more examples on how to style forms with CSS.

Test Yourself with Exercises!

[Exercise 5 »](#)[Exercise 6 »](#)

All CSS Attribute Selectors

Selector	Example	Example description
<code>[<u>attribute</u>]</code>	<code>[target]</code>	Selects all elements with a target attribute
<code>[<u>attribute=value</u>]</code>	<code>[target=_blank]</code>	Selects all elements with target=" _blank"
<code>[<u>attribute~=value</u>]</code>	<code>[title~=flower]</code>	Selects all elements with a title attribute containing the word "flower"
<code>[<u>attribute =value</u>]</code>	<code>[lang =en]</code>	Selects all elements with a lang attribute value starting with "en"
<code>[<u>attribute^=value</u>]</code>	<code>a[href^="https"]</code>	Selects every <a> element whose href attribute value begins with "https"
<code>[<u>attribute\$=value</u>]</code>	<code>a[href\$=".pdf"]</code>	Selects every <a> element whose href attribute value ends with ".pdf"
<code>[<u>attribute*=value</u>]</code>	<code>a[href*="w3schools"]</code>	Selects every <a> element whose href attribute value contains the substring "w3schools"

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