```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

 ${\tt import\ matplotlib.pyplot\ as\ plt}$

 ${\tt df=pd.read_csv('_/content/monthly_milk_production.csv', index_col='Date', parse_dates=True)}$

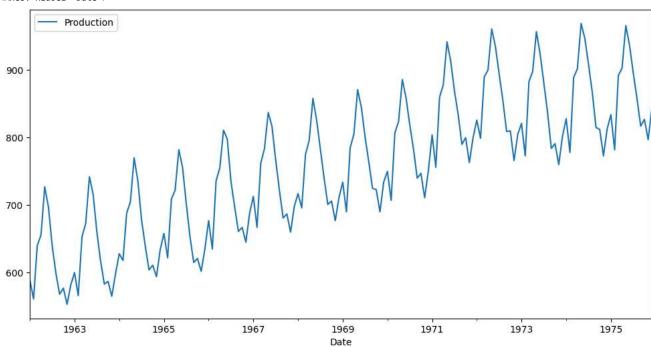
df.head()



	Production	
Date		
1962-01-01	589	
1962-02-01	561	
1962-03-01	640	
1962-04-01	656	
1962-05-01	727	

df.plot(figsize=(12,6))

→ <Axes: xlabel='Date'>



 $from \ statsmodels.tsa.seasonal \ import \ seasonal_decompose$

results =seasonal_decompose(df['Production']) results.plot();

```
Production
  800
  600
  800
  700
  100
Seasonal
     0
   20
     1962
                1964
                            1966
                                       1968
                                                  1970
                                                              1972
                                                                         1974
```

```
len(df)

> 168

train = df.iloc[:156]
test = df.iloc[156:]

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()

df.head(),df.tail()

> ( Production
Date
1962-01-01 589
```

```
1962-02-01
                   561
1962-03-01
                   640
1962-04-01
                   656
1962-05-01
                   727,
            Production
Date
1975-08-01
                   858
1975-09-01
                   817
1975-10-01
                   827
1975-11-01
                   797
1975-12-01
                   843)
```

```
scaler.fit(train)
scaled_train = scaler.transform(train)
scaled_test = scaler.transform(test)
```

scaled_train[:10]

from keras.preprocessing.sequence import TimeseriesGenerator

```
n_input=3
n_features=1
generator = TimeseriesGenerator(scaled_train,scaled_train,length=n_input,batch_size=1)
```

```
x,y=generator[0]
print(f'Given the Array: \n{x.flatten()}')
print(f'Predict this y: \n {y}')
→ Given the Array:
    [0.08653846 0.01923077 0.20913462]
    Predict this y:
     [[0.24759615]]
x.shape
\rightarrow (1, 3, 1)
n_input=12
generator = TimeseriesGenerator(scaled train, scaled train, length=n input, batch size=1)
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense
from keras.layers import LSTM
Model = Sequential()
Model.add(LSTM(100,activation='relu',input_shape=(n_input,n_features)))
Model.add(Dense(1))
Model.compile(optimizer='adam',loss='mse')
Model.summary()

→ Model: "sequential"
     Layer (type)
                              Output Shape
                                                     Param #
    _____
     1stm (LSTM)
                              (None, 100)
                                                     40800
     dense (Dense)
                              (None, 1)
                                                     101
    _____
    Total params: 40901 (159.77 KB)
    Trainable params: 40901 (159.77 KB)
    Non-trainable params: 0 (0.00 Byte)
```

Model.fit(generator,epochs=50)

```
→ Epoch 1/50
 144/144 [==
         ========= ] - 3s 8ms/step - loss: 0.0718
 Epoch 2/50
 144/144 [====
         Epoch 3/50
 144/144 [==
          Epoch 4/50
 144/144 [===
       Epoch 5/50
 144/144 [===
         ========= ] - 1s 8ms/step - loss: 0.0215
 Epoch 6/50
 Epoch 7/50
 144/144 [==:
         Epoch 8/50
 144/144 [===
      Epoch 9/50
 144/144 [===
       Epoch 10/50
 Epoch 11/50
 Epoch 12/50
 144/144 [====
         Epoch 13/50
 144/144 [====
          Epoch 14/50
 144/144 [===
         Epoch 15/50
 Epoch 16/50
 144/144 [=======
         ========= | - 1s 8ms/step - loss: 0.0036
 Fnoch 17/50
 Epoch 18/50
 144/144 [===
          ==========] - 1s 8ms/step - loss: 0.0031
 Epoch 19/50
 144/144 [===
       Epoch 20/50
```

```
Epoch 21/50
   144/144 [===========] - 1s 9ms/step - loss: 0.0037
   Epoch 22/50
           Epoch 23/50
   Epoch 24/50
   Epoch 25/50
   Epoch 26/50
   144/144 [===========] - 1s 8ms/step - loss: 0.0031
   Epoch 27/50
   144/144 [===
            Epoch 28/50
   144/144 [====
           Epoch 29/50
loss_pre_epoch = Model.history.history['loss']
plt.plot(range(len(loss_pre_epoch)),loss_pre_epoch)
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7e7ce41af760>]
    0.07
    0.06
    0.05
    0.04
    0.03
    0.02
    0.01
    0.00
                10
                        20
                                30
last_train_batch= scaled_train[-12:]
last_train_batch = last_train_batch.reshape((1,n_input,n_features))
Model.predict(last_train_batch)
→ 1/1 [========] - 0s 218ms/step
   array([[0.62260085]], dtype=float32)
scaled_test[0]
→ array([0.67548077])
test_predicition = []
first_eval_batch = scaled_train[-n_input:]
current_batch = first_eval_batch.reshape((1,n_input,n_features))
for i in range(len(test)):
 current_pred = Model.predict(current_batch)[0]
 test_predicition.append(current_pred)
 current_batch = np.append(current_batch[:,1:,:],[[current_pred]],axis=1)
  1/1 [======] - 0s 23ms/step
   1/1 [======] - 0s 22ms/step
   1/1 [======] - 0s 27ms/step
   1/1 [======] - Os 24ms/step
   1/1 [======= ] - 0s 21ms/step
   1/1 [======] - 0s 22ms/step
   1/1 [======] - 0s 22ms/step
   1/1 [=======] - 0s 22ms/step
   1/1 [======] - 0s 22ms/step
   1/1 [======] - 0s 21ms/step
   1/1 [=======] - 0s 21ms/step
   1/1 [======= ] - 0s 23ms/step
```

test.head()



Date	
1975-01-01	834
1975-02-01	782
1975-03-01	892
1975-04-01	903
1975-05-01	966

 ${\tt true_predicition = scaler.inverse_transform(test_predicition)}$

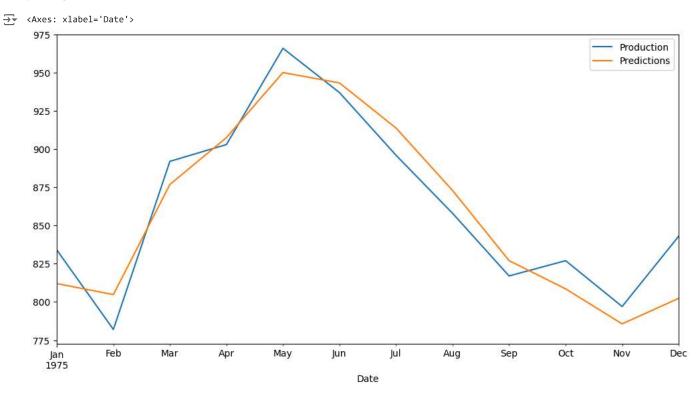
test['Predictions'] = true_predicition

<ipython-input-65-b4e797b13392>:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
 A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
 Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus test['Predictions'] = true_prediction

◆

test.plot(figsize=(12,6))



Start coding or generate with ΔT