

Title:- A* algorithm

Problem statement:- Solve 8-puzzle problem using A* algorithm. Assume any initial config & define goal config clearly.

Objectives:-

- To learn & understand use & need of A* algo.
- To apply A* algo to real time problem
- To implement A* algo using suitable programming language.

Outcomes:-

- Learn about A* algo.
- Apply A* algo to gaming problem
- Implement A* algo using Python

H/w & \$/w req.:-

- OS: Ubuntu
- Eclipse IDE
- Python libraries

Theory:-

- A* is one of the most popular heuristic search algo. for finding paths in a graph.
- It is really a smart algo. which separates it from other conventional algos.

- Consider a square grid having many obstacles & we are given a starting cell & a target cell.
- We want to reach target cell from the starting cell as quickly as possible
- What A^* algo. does is at each step, it picks the node according to a value ' f ' which is a parameter equal to sum of other two parameters - g & h .
- At each step, it picks the node cell having least ' f ' & process that node/cell.
- We define ' g ' & ' h ' simply as possible

g = the movement cost to move from the starting point to a given square on the grid following the path generated to get there.

h = the estimated movement cost to move from that given square on the grid to the final destination.

This is often referred to as the heuristic which is nothing but a kind of smart guess.

- We really don't know the actual division until we find the path because all sorts of things can be in the way.

Algorithm:-

- 1) Initialize the open list
- 2) Initialize the closed list
put the starting node on the open list.
- 3) While the open list is not empty
 - a) Find the node with the least f on the open list. Call it 'q'.
 - b) pop 'q' off open list.
 - c) Generate q's successors.
 - d) For each successor.
 - i) if successor is the goal, stop search successor. $g = q.g + \text{distance}(\text{successor}.q)$
 - successor.h = distance from goal to successor
 - successor.f = successor.g + successor.h
 - ii) If a node with the same position as successor is in the open list which has a lower 'f' than successor, skip this successor.
 - iii) If a node with the same position as successor is in the closed list which has a lower 'f' than successor, skip this successor otherwise & the node to the open list.
 - e) end for
 - f) push q on the closed list
- 4) End while

Test cases:-

Initial config.

1	2	x
4	5	3
7	8	6

Final config

1	2	3
4	5	6
7	8	x

Output:-

The puzzle is solved in 18 moves

Conclusion:-

We successfully implemented A* algo. for 8-puzzle problem.

→ X → α →