

```

/*****
***
* File name      : bist.c
*
* Authors       : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description    : The function definition used for built in self test.
*
* Tools used    : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
#include "bist.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include "temp_i2c.h"

int lightSensorBIST(int fileDesc)
{
    uint8_t* rb= malloc(6);
    rb=lightSensorRead(fileDesc,IDREG,1);
    if(rb == NULL)
    {
        return -1;
    }
    if(*rb!=0x50)
    {
        return -1;
    }
    return 0;
}

int tempSensorBIST(int fileDesc)
{
    uint16_t retVal=temp_i2c_read_from_reg(fileDesc, CONFIG_REG_ADDR);
    if(retVal == 10000)
        return -1;
    if(retVal!=DEFAULT_CONFIG)
        return -1;
    return 0;
}

/*****
***
* File name      : bist.h
*
* Authors       : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description    : The function declarations used for built in self test.
*
* Tools used    : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
#include "lightsensor.h"

/*
 * @name: lightSensorBIST
 * @param: i2c file descriptor
 * @description: reads from the ID register of the light sensor and compares it with the default
 *
 * value to make sure sensor is powered on and the I2c communication is active.

```

```
*/
int lightSensorBIST(int fileDesc);

/*
 * @name: tempSensorBIST
 * @param: i2c file descriptor
 * @description: reads from the configuration register of the temp sensor and compares it with
 *               the default value to make sure sensor is powered on and the I2c communication is active.
 */
int tempSensorBIST(int fileDesc);

/*****
 * File name      : gpio.c
 *
 * Authors        : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
 *
 * Description    : The functions used for gpio operations. Setting the direction of pin and
 *
 *                  the value. This functions are restricted for use of only USER LED pins.
 *
 * Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc.
 *****/
**/
#define _GNU_SOURCE

/* Including standard libraries */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <linux/gpio.h>

/* Including user libraries */
#include "gpio.h"

void gpio_init(int gpio_pin, int gpio_direction)
{
    FILE *fp;
    char *file = (char*)malloc(40);

    if(is_pin_valid(gpio_pin))
    {
        fp = fopen("/sys/class/gpio/export", "w");
        fprintf(fp, "%d", gpio_pin);
        fclose(fp);
        sprintf(file, "/sys/class/gpio/gpio%d/direction", gpio_pin);
        fp = fopen(file, "w");
        if(gpio_direction == out)
        {
            fprintf(fp, "out");
        }
        else if(gpio_direction == in)
        {
            fprintf(fp, "in");
        }
        else
    }
}
```

```
        {
            printf("Enter direction only as in or out");
        }
        fclose(fp);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter valid pin number");
    }

    free(file);
}

void gpio_write_value(int gpio_pin, int gpio_value)
{
    FILE *fp;
    char *file = (char*)malloc(40);

    if(is_pin_valid(gpio_pin))
    {
        sprintf(file, "/sys/class/gpio/gpio%d/value", gpio_pin);
        fp = fopen(file, "w");
        if(gpio_value == low)
        {
            fprintf(fp, "%d", low);
        }
        else if(gpio_value == high)
        {
            fprintf(fp, "%d", high);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("Enter value only as low or high");
        }
        fclose(fp);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter valid pin number");
    }
    free(file);
}

int gpio_read_value(int gpio_pin)
{
    FILE *fp;
    char *file = (char*)malloc(40);
    int value;

    if(is_pin_valid(gpio_pin))
    {
        sprintf(file, "/sys/class/gpio/gpio%d/value", gpio_pin);
        fp = fopen(file, "r");
        fscanf(fp, "%d", &value);
        fclose(fp);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter valid pin number");
    }
    free(file);
    return value;
}
```

```
}

bool is_pin_valid(int gpio_pin)
{
    int gpio_allowed[total_gpio] = access_pin_allowed;
    bool is_valid = false;

    for(int i=0; i<total_gpio; i++)
    {
        if(gpio_pin == gpio_allowed[i])
            is_valid = is_valid | true;
        else
            is_valid = is_valid | false;
    }
    return is_valid;
}

void gpio_interrupt_state(int gpio_pin, gpio_interrupt interrupt)
{
    FILE *fp;
    char *file = (char*)malloc(40);

    if(is_pin_valid(gpio_pin))
    {
        gpio_init(gpio_pin,in);
        sprintf(file, "/sys/class/gpio/gpio%d/edge", gpio_pin);
        fp = fopen(file, "w");
        switch(interrupt)
        {
            case rising:
                fprintf(fp, "rising");
                break;
            case falling:
                fprintf(fp, "falling");
                break;
            case both:
                fprintf(fp, "both");
                break;
            case none:
                fprintf(fp, "none");
                break;
        }
        fclose(fp);
    }
    else
    {
        printf("Enter valid pin number");
    }
    free(file);
}

int gpio_open_value(int gpio_pin)
{
    char *file = (char*)malloc(40);
    int fd;
    if(is_pin_valid(gpio_pin))
    {
        sprintf(file, "/sys/class/gpio/gpio%d/value", gpio_pin);
        fd = open(file, O_RDONLY);
    }
}
```

```
    else
    {
        printf("Enter valid pin number");
        fd = -1;
    }
    return fd;
}
```

```
int gpio_read_val_with_fd(int fd)
{
    int value;
    read(fd, &value, sizeof(value));
    lseek(fd, 0, SEEK_SET);
    return value & 0x1;
}
```

```

/*****
* File name      : gpio.h
*
* Authors        : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
*
* Description    : The functions used for gpio operations. Setting the direction of pin and
*                  the value.
*
* Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, gcc-linux-gcc.
*
*****/
#include <stdbool.h>

#define total_gpio 5
#define access_pin_allowed {53,54,55,56,60}

/***** Enumerations used for gpio direction and gpio value *****/
enum gpio_direction{
    in = 0,
    out,
};

enum gpio_value{
    low = 0,
    high,
};

typedef enum{
    falling,
    rising,
    both,
    none,
}gpio_interrupt;

/***** Functions for the gpio operations *****/
/*
* Function name:- gpio_init
* Description:- The function takes the gpio pin number and assigns it as input pin or
*               output pin.
* @param:- int (gpio pin number), int (gpio pin direction)
* @return:- void

```

```
* gpio pin direction - 0 for in and 1 for out.
*/
void gpio_init(int,int);

/*
* Function name:- gpio_write_value
* Description:- The function takes the gpio pin number and outputs the pin high or low.
* @param:- int (gpio pin number), int (gpio pin value)
* @return:- void
* gpio pin direction - 0 for in and 1 for out.
*/
void gpio_write_value(int,int);

/*
* Function name:- gpio_read_value
* Description:- The function takes the gpio pin number and returns the value on the pin.
* @param:- int (gpio pin number), int (gpio pin value)
* @return:- int (value high or low)
*/
int gpio_read_value(int);

/*
* Function name:- is_pin_valid
* Description:- The function takes the gpio pin number and returns if valid pin no is entered.
* @param:- int (gpio pin number)
* @return:- bool (true if pin number is valid and false if not)
* gpio pin direction - 0 for in and 1 for out.
* Need to maintain pin values and no of valid pins in above define.
*/
bool is_pin_valid(int);

/*
* Function name:- gpio_interrupt_state
* Description:- The function takes the gpio pin number and sets the gpio interrupt as rising
*                falling, both or none based on second parameter.
* @param:- int (gpio pin number), gpio_interrupt (which interrupt);
* @return:- void
* Comments:- gpio_interrupt: can be falling, rising, both or none to disable the interrupts.
*                Need to maintain pin values and no of valid pins in above define.
*/
void gpio_interrupt_state(int, gpio_interrupt);

/*
* Function name:- gpio_open_value
* Description:- The function takes the gpio pin number and opens the file and returns the
*                file descriptor.
* @param:- int (gpio pin number)
* @return:- int (file descriptor)
* Comments:- Need to maintain pin values and no of valid pins in above define.
*/
int gpio_open_value(int);

/*
* Function name:- gpio_read_val_with_fd
* Description:- The function takes the file descriptor of gpio pin and reurnts the state of t
he
*                pin wether high or low.
```

```
* @param:- int (file descriptor)
* @return:- int (pin state)
* Comments:- pin state: Pin state can be high or low.
*/
int gpio_read_val_with_fd(int);
```

```

/*****
***
* File name      : lightsonsor.c
*
* Authors       : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description    : The function definition used for communication with light sensor.
*
* Tools used    : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
```

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include"myi2c.h"
#include<stdint.h>
#include"lightsensor.h"
```

```
uint16_t data0Val;
uint16_t data1Val;
float lux;
float chlch0Ratio;
```

```
uint8_t* lightSensorRead(int fileDescrip, uint8_t regAdd, uint8_t len)
{
    uint8_t* readBuffer= malloc(10);
    uint8_t writeBuffer[10];
    uint8_t cmdReg=0;
    int ret;
    if(len==1)
    {
        cmdReg=CMDBYTE;
    }
    else if(len==2)
    {
        cmdReg=CMDWORD;
    }
    else if(len<=0 || len>2)
    {
        exit(1);
    }
    *writeBuffer=(cmdReg | regAdd);
    ret=myi2cWrite(fileDescrip,writeBuffer,1);
    readBuffer=myi2cRead(fileDescrip,len);
    if(readBuffer == NULL)
    {
        perror("Read failed");
        return NULL;
    }
    return readBuffer;
}
```

```
int lightSensorWrite(int fileDescrip,uint8_t regAdd, uint16_t data, uint8_t len)
{
```

```
uint8_t writeBuffer[10];
int ret;

uint8_t cmdReg=0;
if(len==1)
{
    cmdReg=CMDBYTE;
}
else if(len==2)
{
    cmdReg=CMDWORD;
}
else if(len<=0 || len>2)
{
    printf("Invalid len");
    exit(1);
}
writeBuffer[0]=(cmdReg | regAdd);
writeBuffer[1]=data;
ret=myi2cWrite(fileDescrip,writeBuffer,len);
if(ret < 0)
{
    perror("Write failed");
    return -1;
}
return 0;
}
```

```
float luxCalc(int fd)
{
    data0Val=0;
    data1Val=0;
    chlch0Ratio=0;
    lux=0;

    uint8_t* readBuffer=malloc(2);
    readBuffer=lightSensorRead(fd,DATA0LOW,2);
    if(readBuffer == NULL)
    {
        perror("Read failed");
        return -1;
    }

    data0Val=readBuffer[1]<<8;
    data0Val |= readBuffer[0];

    readBuffer=lightSensorRead(fd,DATA1LOW,2);
    if(readBuffer == NULL)
    {
        perror("Read failed");
        return -1;
    }

    data1Val=readBuffer[1]<<8;
    data1Val |= readBuffer[0];

    float temp0=data0Val;
    float temp1=data1Val;

    chlch0Ratio=temp1/temp0;
```



```
    if(ch1ch0Ratio>0 && ch1ch0Ratio<=0.50)
    {
        lux= ( ( (0.0304)*data0Val ) - (0.062 * data1Val * pow(ch1ch0Ratio,1.4)) );
    }
    else if(ch1ch0Ratio>0.50 && ch1ch0Ratio<=0.61)
    {
        lux= ( ( (0.0224)*data0Val ) - (0.031 * data1Val) );
    }
    else if(ch1ch0Ratio>0.61 && ch1ch0Ratio<=0.80)
    {
        lux= ( ( (0.0128)*data0Val ) - (0.0153 * data1Val) );
    }
    else if(ch1ch0Ratio>0.80 && ch1ch0Ratio<=1.30)
    {
        lux= ( ( (0.00146)*data0Val ) - (0.00112 * data1Val) );
    }
    else if(ch1ch0Ratio>1.30)
    {
        lux=0;
    }

    return lux;
}

/*****
***
* File name      : lightsonsor.h
*
* Authors        : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description    : The function declaration used for communication with light sensor.
*
* Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "myi2c.h"
#include <math.h>

uint8_t readBuffer[10];

#define slaveAddFloat 0x39
#define slaveAddGnd 0x29
#define slaveAddVdd 0x49

/*Light Sensor Register addressess*/
#define CMDBYTE 0x80
#define CMDWORD 0xA0
#define CNTRLREG 0x00
#define INTCTL 0x06
#define DATA0LOW 0x0c
#define DATA0HIGH 0x0d
#define DATA1LOW 0x0e
#define TIMINGREG 0x01
#define THRESHLOWLOW 0x02
#define THRESHLOWHIGH 0x03
#define THRESHHIGHLOW 0x04
#define THRESHHIGHHIGH 0x05
#define INTCNTL 0x06
```

```
#define IDREG 0x0a
```

```
/**
 * @name : lightsensorRead
 *
 * @description: Function to read from the specified i2c registers using i2c.
 * The register address from where data is to be read, is first written via myi2cwrite function, which is basically a wrapper to write to the file
 * specified by the filedescriptor. After this a read operation of the required number of bytes is performed via myi2cread function. The value received
 * is written on the buffer and returned.
 *
 * @param1: filedescr- i2c file descriptor
 * @param2: regadd- light sensor register to read from
 * @param3: len- number of bytes that should be read (1/2 bytes)
 *
 * @return type: (uint8_t*)- character buffer consisting of the value read from the i2c read function.
 */
```

```
uint8_t* lightSensorRead(int, uint8_t, uint8_t);
```

```
/**
 * @name: lightSensorWrite
 * @description: Writes the specified number of bytes(len) of data (specified in parameters) to the register (specified in parameter)
 *
 * @param1: fileDescr- i2c file descriptor
 * @param2: regAdd- light sensor register to write to
 * @param3: data: 16bit/8bit data to write to the register.
 * @param4: len: number of bytes to write (1/2)
 */
```

```
int lightSensorWrite(int fileDescr, uint8_t, uint16_t, uint8_t);
```

```
/**
 * @name: luxCalc
 * @desc: reads from adc channel 0 and adc channel 1 using lightSensorRead function. Does the necessary computations to calculate LUX and
 * returns the lux value in float to the user.
 */
```

```
/* @param1- i2c file descriptor
 *
 * @return type: float - lux value in float. */
```

```
float luxCalc(int);
```

```
/* *****
 ***
 * File name : logger.c
 *
 * Authors : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
 *
 * Description : The function definition used for communication by logger task.
 *
 * Tools used : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
 */
```

```
*****
**/
#include "logger.h"
extern int count;

void logToFile(char *fileName, logStruct dataToReceive)
{
    //printf("value of count is %d",count);
    FILE *logging;
    char level[20];
    //char state[20];

    if(dataToReceive.logLevel==alert)
    {
        strcpy(level,"[ALERT]");
    }
    else if(dataToReceive.logLevel==info)
    {
        strcpy(level,"[INFO]");
    }
    else
    {
        strcpy(level,"[DEBUG]");
    }

    //mainInfoToOthers fileInfo;
    //printf("file name in logtofile function is %s\n",fileName);
    //printf("debug level is %s\n",level);
    //printf("value of timestamp in logtofile function is %s\n",printTimeStamp());
    if(strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"temperature")==0)
    {
        //printf("Receieved unit is %s\n",dataToReceive.unit);
        if(count ==1)
        {
            logging = fopen(fileName,"w");
            count=0;
        }
        else
        {
            logging = fopen(fileName,"a");
        }

        if(dataToReceive.status==success)
        {
            fprintf(logging,"%s %s [%s] : %f %s\n",printTimeStamp(),level,dataToReceive.source
,dataToReceive.value,dataToReceive.unit);

        }
        else
        {
            fprintf(logging,"%s %s [%s] (Failure message) - %s\n",printTimeStamp(),level,dataT
oReceive.source,dataToReceive.message);
        }
        fclose(logging);
    }

    if(strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"light")==0)
    {

```

```
    if(count ==1)
    {
        logging = fopen(fileName,"w");
        count=0;
    }
    else
    {
        logging = fopen(fileName,"a");
    }

    if(dataToReceive.status==success)
    {
        fprintf(logging,"%s %s [%s] : %f\n",printTimeStamp(),level,dataToReceive.source,dataToReceive.value);
    }
    else
    {
        fprintf(logging, "%s %s [%s] %s\n",printTimeStamp(),level,dataToReceive.source,dataToReceive.message);
    }

    fclose(logging);

}

if(strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"socket")==0)
{
    if(count ==1)
    {
        logging = fopen(fileName,"w");
        count=0;
    }
    else
    {
        logging = fopen(fileName,"a");
    }

    fprintf(logging, "%s %s [%s] %s\n",printTimeStamp(),level,dataToReceive.source,dataToReceive.message);

    fclose(logging);

}

if(strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"main")==0)
{
    if(count ==1)
    {
        logging = fopen(fileName,"w");
        count=0;
    }
    else
    {
        logging = fopen(fileName,"a");
    }

    fprintf(logging, "%s %s [%s] %s\n",printTimeStamp(),level,dataToReceive.source,dataToReceive.message);

    fclose(logging);
}
```

```
    }
}

char* printTimeStamp()
{
    char* time_stamp=malloc(40);
    struct timespec thTimeSpec;
    clock_gettime(CLOCK_REALTIME, &thTimeSpec);
    sprintf(time_stamp,"[s: %ld, ns: %ld]",thTimeSpec.tv_sec,thTimeSpec.tv_nsec);
    //printf("Value of time_stamp is %s",time_stamp);
    return time_stamp;
}

/*****
***
* File name      : logger.c
*
* Authors        : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description    : The function declaration used for communication by logger task.
*
* Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "mq.h"

/**
 * @name: logToFile
 *
 * @desc: Takes the structure with the data as a parameter. Prints this data to the file along
with the timestamp, source of the message, loglevel,
 * value and unit.
 * The source can be lightsensor,tempsensor, maintask and sockettask.
 * Three log levels are defined.
 * 1)DEBUG: to print general debug information
 * 2)INFO: printing the temp and light sensor values
 * 3)ALERT: important error messages.
 *
 * @param1: char*: log file name
 * @param2: logStruct: the populated logger structure that needs to be printed to the file
 *
 * */
void logToFile(char *, logStruct);

/**
 * name: printTimeStamp
 *
 * @desc: takes the present timestamp using clock_gettime function, converts it into a string
and returns that string.
 *
 * @return : (char*)- timestamp string.
 *
 * */
char *printTimeStamp();

/*****
***
* File name      : maintask.c
```

```
*
* Authors      : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
*
* Description  : The main logic of the code
*
* Tools used   : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****
**/

#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/syscall.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <netinet/in.h>
#include <poll.h>

/*User defined headers*/
#include "maintask.h"
#include "temp_i2c.h"
#include "lightsensor.h"
#include "gpio.h"
#include "bist.h"
#include "myi2c.h"

typedef struct
{
    char *logFileName;
    int noOfParam;
}mainInfoToOthers;

typedef enum
{
    init,
    dark,
    light
}state;

int fd,fd1;

pthread_t tempSensorTask,lightSensorTask,loggerTask,socketTask;
static void signal_handler(int , siginfo_t *, void*);
bool measureTemperature = true;
bool measureLight=false;
bool loggerHeartBeat=false;
bool socketHeartBeat=false;
bool exitThread = false;

/*****
* Function name:- tempSensorRoutine
* Description:- This function is used by a Temperature sensor thread for execution of
*               temperature sensor task.
* @param:- void* (data from main)
* @return:- static void* (pthread exit value)
**/
```

```
*****/
static void* tempSensorRoutine(void *dataObj)
{
    mainStruct dataToSendToMain;
    logStruct dataToSendToLogger;
    socketStruct dataToSendToSocket;
    tempStruct dataReceived;
    int i2c_file_des;
    float temperature;
    uint16_t config;
    int gpio_val_fd;
    int gpio_state;
    struct pollfd fds;

    int init_status = init_success;
    struct sigevent tempEvent;
    struct sigaction tempAction;
    struct itimerspec timerSpec;
    timer_t tempTimer;
    bool sendTempToSocket = false;

    strcpy(dataToSendToMain.source, "temperature");
    dataToSendToMain.messageType = update;

    /* Initialize gpio LED pin as output and pin 60 for interrupts */
    gpio_init(53, out);
    gpio_interrupt_state(60, both);
    gpio_val_fd = gpio_open_value(60);

    fds.fd = gpio_val_fd;
    fds.events = POLLPRI | POLLERR;

    /* Setting up all queues */
    mqd_t tempToMain = mqueue_init(MAINQUEUEENAME, MAIN_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(dataToSendToMain));
    mqd_t tempToLogger = mqueue_init(LOGQUEUEENAME, LOG_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(dataToSendToLogger));
    mqd_t tempQueue = mqueue_init(TEMPQUEUEENAME, TEMP_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(dataReceived));
    mqd_t socketQueue = mqueue_init(SOCKETQUEUEENAME, SOCKET_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(dataToSendToSocket));

    if(tempToMain < 0)
    {
        perror("TempToMain queue creation failed");
    }
    if(tempToLogger < 0)
    {
        perror("TempToLog queue creation failed");
    }
    if(tempQueue < 0)
    {
        perror("Temp queue creation failed");
    }
    if(socketQueue < 0)
    {
        perror("socketQueue creation failed");
    }

    dataToSendToLogger.logLevel = alert;
    dataToSendToLogger.status = fail;
    dataToSendToLogger.source= "temperature";

    /* Register signal handler for a signal*/
    tempAction.sa_flags = SA_SIGINFO;
```

```
tempAction.sa_sigaction = signal_handler;
if((sigaction(SIGRTMIN + 4, &tempAction, NULL))<0)
{
    perror("Failed setting signal handler for temp measurement");
    dataToSendToLogger.message = "Signal handler set failed";
    mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    init_status = init_failure;
}

/* Assigning signal to timer */
tempEvent.sigev_notify      = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
tempEvent.sigev_signo       = SIGRTMIN + 4;
tempEvent.sigev_value.sival_ptr = &tempTimer;
if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &tempEvent, &tempTimer)) < 0)
{
    perror("Timer creation failed for temperature task");
    dataToSendToLogger.message = "Assigning signal failed";
    mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    init_status = init_failure;
}

/* Setting the time and starting the timer */
timerSpec.it_interval.tv_nsec = 200000000;
timerSpec.it_interval.tv_sec  = 0;
timerSpec.it_value.tv_nsec    = 200000000;
timerSpec.it_value.tv_sec     = 0;

if((timer_settime(tempTimer, 0, &timerSpec, NULL)) < 0)
{
    perror("Starting timer in temperature task failed");
    dataToSendToLogger.message = "Failed to start timer";
    mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    init_status = init_failure;
}

/* Open i2c file to start communication with temperature sensor. */

i2c_file_des = fd1;

/* Initialize temperature sensor lower limit alert register */
int success = temp_i2c_write_to_reg(i2c_file_des, TLOW_REG_ADDR, 26);
if(success < 0)
{
    printf("Write failure\nExiting Temperature measurement task\n");
    dataToSendToLogger.message = "Write failure";
    mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    init_status = init_failure;
    gpio_write_value(53, high);
}

/* Initialize temperature sensor higher limit alert register. */
success = temp_i2c_write_to_reg(i2c_file_des, THIGH_REG_ADDR, 30);
if(success < 0)
{
    printf("Write failure\nExiting Temperature measurement task\n");
    dataToSendToLogger.message = "Write failure";
    mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    init_status = init_failure;
    gpio_write_value(53, high);
}

/* Send initialization success/fail message to main. */
dataToSendToMain.status = init_status;
```



```

int x = mq_send(tempToMain, (char*)&dataToSendToMain, sizeof(dataToSendToMain), 0);
if(x < 0)
{
    perror("Sending data failed");
    dataToSendToLogger.message = "Fail sending temp init success";
    mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
}
if(init_status == init_failure)
{
    dataToSendToLogger.message = "Temperature sensor init failure";
    mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    pthread_exit(NULL);
}

strcpy(dataToSendToMain.source, "temperature");
dataToSendToLogger.source= "temperature";
strcpy(dataToSendToLogger.unit, "Celsius");
while(1)
{
    /* Do only each 100msec */
    if(measureTemperature)
    {
        int ret = mq_receive(tempQueue, (char*)&dataReceived, sizeof(dataReceive
d), 0);

        if(ret < 0)
        {
            //perror("No requests received");
        }
        else
        {
            sendTempToSocket = true;
        }
        measureTemperature = false;
        dataToSendToMain.messageType = update;
        dataToSendToMain.status = 1;

        dataToSendToLogger.status = 1;

        /* Get the temperature values in Celsius */
        temperature = read_temperature(i2c_file_des, TEMP_REG_ADDR);
        if(temperature == 10000)
        {
            printf("Temperature sensor pulled out\nExiting Temperature Sen
sor Task\n");

            dataToSendToLogger.logLevel = alert;
            dataToSendToLogger.status = fail;
            dataToSendToLogger.source= "temperature";
            dataToSendToLogger.message = "Read from sensor failed";
            mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStru
ct), 0);

            gpio_write_value(53, 1);
            close(i2c_file_des);
            mq_close(tempToMain);
            mq_close(tempToLogger);
            mq_close(tempQueue);
            mq_close(socketQueue);
            mq_unlink(MAINQUEUEUENAME);
            mq_unlink(TEMPQUEUEUENAME);
            mq_unlink(SOCKETQUEUEUENAME);
            mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEUENAME);
            timer_delete(tempTimer);
            pthread_exit(NULL);
        }
    }
}

```

```

dataToSendToLogger.logLevel = info;
dataToSendToLogger.value = temperature;

/* Send heartbeat message to main */
mq_send(tempToMain, (char*)&dataToSendToMain, sizeof(mainStruct), 0);
/* Send temperature values to logger */
mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);

/* Send temperature values to socket only if it is requested. */
if(sendTempToSocket)
{
    sendTempToSocket = false;
    dataToSendToSocket.source = "temperature";
    if(strcmp(dataReceived.unit, "Celsius") == 0)
    {
        temperature = convert_to_unit(temperature, Celsius);
    }
    else if(strcmp(dataReceived.unit, "Fahrenheit") == 0)
    {
        temperature = convert_to_unit(temperature, Fahrenheit);
    }
    else if(strcmp(dataReceived.unit, "Kelvin") == 0)
    {
        temperature = convert_to_unit(temperature, Kelvin);
    }
    dataToSendToSocket.value = temperature;
    int ret = mq_send(socketQueue, (char*)&dataToSendToSocket, siz
eof(dataToSendToSocket), 0);

    if (ret < 0)
    {
        perror("Temperature sending to socket failed");
        dataToSendToLogger.logLevel = alert;
        dataToSendToLogger.status = fail;
        dataToSendToLogger.source= "temperature";
        strcpy(dataToSendToLogger.message, "Sending temp to soc
ket failed");

        mq_send(tempToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger, sizeof
(logStruct), 0);
    }
}
if(exitThread)
{
    break;
}
}
int ret = poll(&fds, 1, 1);
if(ret > 0)
{
    gpio_state = gpio_read_val_with_fd(gpio_val_fd);
    if(gpio_state == 0x01)
        printf("Temperature is below 26C\n");
    else
        printf("Temperature rise above 30C\n");
}
}
printf("_____Temperature task exiting_____\\n");
/* Cleanup all initializations */
close(i2c_file_des);
mq_close(tempToMain);
mq_close(tempToLogger);
mq_close(tempQueue);
mq_close(socketQueue);
mq_unlink(MAINQUEUEUENAME);

```

```
    mq_unlink(TEMPQUEUEUENAME);
    mq_unlink(SOCKETQUEUEUENAME);
    mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEUENAME);
    timer_delete(tempTimer);
    pthread_exit(NULL);
}

/*****
* Function name:- lightSensorRoutine
* Description:- This function is used by a light sensor thread for execution of
*               light sensor task.
* @param:- void* (data from main)
* @return:- static void* (pthread exit value)
*****/
static void* lightSensorRoutine(void *dataObj)
{
    mainStruct dataToSendToMain;
    logStruct dataTOSendTOLogger;
    lightStruct dataReceivedFromMain;
    socketStruct dataToSendToSocket;
    static state presentState, prevState;
    presentState=init;
    prevState=init;

    int fd;
    bool sendLightToSocket=false;

    strcpy(dataToSendToMain.source,"light");
    dataToSendToMain.messageType = update;
    dataToSendToMain.status=init_success;

    dataTOSendTOLogger.source="main";
    dataTOSendTOLogger.logLevel=alert;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.status=fail;

    /* Initialize gpio LED pin as output */
    gpio_init(54, out);

    /* Setting up queues */
    mqd_t lightToMain = mqueue_init(MAINQUEUEUENAME,MAIN_QUEUE_SIZE,sizeof(dataToSendToMain));
    mqd_t lightToLogger = mqueue_init(LOGQUEUEUENAME,LOG_QUEUE_SIZE,sizeof(logStruct));
    mqd_t lightQueue = mqueue_init(LIGHTQUEUEUENAME,LIGHT_QUEUE_SIZE,sizeof(lightStruct));
    mqd_t lightToSocket = mqueue_init(SOCKETQUEUEUENAME,SOCKET_QUEUE_SIZE,sizeof(socketStruc
t));

    if(lightToMain < 0)
    {
        perror("Light queue creation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Light To Main queue creation failed";
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
    }
    if(lightToLogger<0)
    {
        perror("LightToLogger queue creation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="LightToLogger queue creation failed";
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
    }

    if(lightQueue<0)
    {
```

```
        perror("LightQueue queue creation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="LightQueue queue creation failed";
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
    }

    if(lightToSocket<0)
    {
        perror("LightToSocket Queue queue creation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="LightToSocket Queue queue creation failed";
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
    }

    /* Initialising I2C */
    fd=myi2cInit(slaveAddFloat);
    int ret = lightSensorWrite(fd,CNTRLREG,0x03,2); //writing to control register.
    if(ret < 0)
    {
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Writing to control register failed";
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
        gpio_write_value(54,high);
    }

    /* Initialising Timer */
    struct sigevent lightEvent;
    struct sigaction lightAction;
    struct itimerspec lightTimerSpec;
    timer_t lightTimer;

    /* Assigning signal handler to a signal */
    lightAction.sa_flags = SA_SIGINFO;
    lightAction.sa_sigaction = signal_handler;

    if(sigaction(SIGRTMIN + 5 , &lightAction, NULL)<0)
    {
        perror("Light sensor, timer handler initialisation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Light sensor, timer handler initialisation failed"
;
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
    }

    /* Setting up timer */
    lightEvent.sigev_notify = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
    lightEvent.sigev_signo = SIGRTMIN + 5;
    lightEvent.sigev_value.sival_ptr = &lightTimer;

    if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &lightEvent, &lightTimer)) < 0)
    {
        perror("Timer creation failed for temperature task");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Timer creation failed for temperature task";
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
        //exit(1);
    }

    /* Start the timer */
    lightTimerSpec.it_interval.tv_nsec = 100000000; //To get the value after every 100 ms
    lightTimerSpec.it_interval.tv_sec = 0;
    lightTimerSpec.it_value.tv_nsec = 100000000;
```

```
lightTimerSpec.it_value.tv_sec      = 0;

if(timer_settime(lightTimer,0,&lightTimerSpec,NULL)<0)
{
    perror("Light sensor timer settime failed");
    dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
    dataToSendToLogger.message="Light sensor timer settime failed";
    mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
    //exit(1);
}

/*Sending initialisation success/fail message*/
mq_send(lightToMain, (char*)&dataToSendToMain,sizeof(mainStruct),0);

int y=0;
float lux=0;
while(1)
{
    if(measureLight)
    {
        if(mq_receive(lightQueue, (char*)&dataReceivedFromMain,sizeof(lightStruct),0)>-1)
        {
            sendLightToSocket=true;
        }
        measureLight=false;

        //take the light sensor value and send it to logger task
        dataToSendToMain.messageType = update;
        dataToSendToMain.status = success;

        dataToSendToLogger.source= "light";
        dataToSendToLogger.logLevel=alert;
        dataToSendToLogger.status=fail;

        lux=luxCalc(fd);
        if(lux < 0)
        {
            printf("Light sensor pulled out\n Exiting Light task\n");
            dataToSendToLogger.message = "Failed reading the light value";
            mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataToSendToLogger,sizeof(dataToSendToLogger),0);

            gpio_write_value(54,high);
            close(fd);
            mq_close(lightToMain);
            mq_close(lightToLogger);
            mq_close(lightQueue);
            mq_close(lightToSocket);

            mq_unlink(MAINQUEUEUENAME);
            mq_unlink(LIGHTQUEUEUENAME);
            mq_unlink(SOCKETQUEUEUENAME);
            mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEUENAME);
            timer_delete(lightTimer);
            pthread_exit(NULL);
        }

        if(lux>50)
        {
            presentState=light;
            if(prevState!=light)
            {
                printf("State changed to Light\n");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="State changed to Light";
        prevState=presentState;
        mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof
f(dataTOSendTOLogger), 0);
    }
    else
    {
        presentState=dark;
        if(prevState!=dark)
        {
            printf("State changed to Dark\n");
            dataTOSendTOLogger.message="State changed to Dark";
            prevState=presentState;
            mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof
f(dataTOSendTOLogger), 0);
        }
    }

    dataTOSendTOLogger.status = success;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.source= "light";
    dataTOSendTOLogger.value = lux;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.logLevel=info;
    int ret=mq_send(lightToMain, (char*)&dataToSendToMain, sizeof(mainStruct
), 0);

    int ret1=mq_send(lightToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(dataT
OSendTOLogger), 0);

    if(ret1==-1) perror("sending data to log queue failed");
    if(sendLightToSocket)
    {
        sendLightToSocket=false;
        dataToSendToSocket.source="light";
        dataToSendToSocket.value=lux;
        if(mq_send(lightToSocket, (char*)&dataToSendToSocket, sizeof(soc
ketStruct), 0)<0)
        {
            perror("sending data to socket failed\n");
        }
    }
    y++;
}
if(exitThread)
{
    break;
}

printf("_____Light task exiting_____\n");
close(fd);
mq_close(lightToMain);
mq_close(lightToLogger);
mq_close(lightQueue);
mq_close(lightToSocket);

mq_unlink(MAINQUEUEUENAME);
mq_unlink(LIGHTQUEUEUENAME);
mq_unlink(SOCKETQUEUEUENAME);
mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEUENAME);
timer_delete(lightTimer);
pthread_exit(NULL);
}

```

```

/*****
* Function name:- socketRoutine
* Description:- This function is used by a socket sensor thread for execution of
*               socket sensor task.
* @param:- void* (data from main)
* @return:- static void* (pthread exit value)
*****/
static void* socketRoutine(void *dataObj)
{
    printf("Entered socketRoutine\n");
    int serverSocket, clientConnected, len;
    struct sockaddr_in clientAddr, serverAddr;
    struct hostent *ptr;
    int n=0;
    bool receive = false;

    mainStruct dataToSendToMain;
    logStruct dataTOSendTOLogger;
    socketStruct dataReceivedFromSensors;

    dataToSendToMain.status=init_success;
    strcpy(dataToSendToMain.source, "socket");
    dataToSendToMain.messageType = update;

    dataTOSendTOLogger.source="socket";
    dataTOSendTOLogger.logLevel=alert;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.status=fail;

    mqd_t socketToMain = mqqueue_init(MAINQUEUEENAME, MAIN_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(mainStruct));
    mqd_t socketToLogger = mqqueue_init(LOGQUEUEENAME, LOG_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(logStruct));
    struct mq_attr queue_attr1;
    queue_attr1.mq_maxmsg = SOCKET_QUEUE_SIZE;
    queue_attr1.mq_msgsize = sizeof(socketStruct);
    mqd_t sensorToSocket = mq_open(SOCKETQUEUEENAME, O_CREAT | O_RDWR, 0666, &queue_attr1);

    if(socketToMain < 0)
    {
        perror("socketTomain queue creation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="socketTomain queue creation failed";
        mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    }
    if(socketToLogger<0)
    {
        perror("socketToLogger queue creation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="socketToLogger queue creation failed";
        mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    }

    if(sensorToSocket<0)
    {
        perror("sensorToSocket queue creation failed");
        dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="sensorToSocket queue creation failed";
        mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    }

    /*Initialising Timer*/
    struct sigevent socketEvent;
    struct sigaction socketAction;

```

```
struct itimerspec socketTimerSpec;
timer_t socketTimer;

socketAction.sa_flags = SA_SIGINFO;
socketAction.sa_sigaction = signal_handler;

if(sigaction(SIGRTMIN + 7 , &socketAction, NULL)<0)
{
    perror("Socket, timer handler initialisation failed");
    dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Socket, timer handler initialisation failed";
    mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
}

socketEvent.sigev_notify = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
socketEvent.sigev_signo = SIGRTMIN + 7;
socketEvent.sigev_value.sival_ptr = &socketTimer;

/* Creating timer */
if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &socketEvent, &socketTimer)) < 0)
{
    perror("Timer creation failed for sensor task");
    dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Timer creation failed for sensor task";
    mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
}

socketTimerSpec.it_interval.tv_nsec = 500000000; //To get the heart beat value after e
very 1 s
socketTimerSpec.it_interval.tv_sec = 0;//1;
socketTimerSpec.it_value.tv_nsec = 500000000;
socketTimerSpec.it_value.tv_sec = 0;//1;

/* Starting timer */
if(timer_settime(socketTimer, 0, &socketTimerSpec, NULL)<0)
{
    perror("Socket task timer settime failed");
    dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Socket task timer settime failed";
    mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    //exit(1);
}

/*Setting up server socket*/
serverSocket=socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

memset((char*)&serverAddr, 0, sizeof(serverAddr));

serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;
serverAddr.sin_port = htons(10000);

serverAddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);

if(bind(serverSocket, (struct sockaddr*)&serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr)) == -1)
{
    printf("Bind Failure\n");
    dataToSendToMain.status=init_failure;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Bind Failure";
    mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
}
else
{
    printf("Bind Success:<%u>\n", serverSocket);
}
```



```

        dataTOSendTOLogger.status=success;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Bind Success";
        mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    }

    /*Sending init success/fail message to main*/
    mq_send(socketToMain, (char*)&dataToSendToMain, sizeof(mainStruct), 0);

    listen(serverSocket, 5);
    len=sizeof(struct sockaddr_in);

    printf("-----> Calling accept system call.\n");
    clientConnected=accept(serverSocket, (struct sockaddr*)&clientAddr, &len);
    if (clientConnected !=-1)
    {
        printf("Connection accepted:<%u>\n", clientConnected);
        dataTOSendTOLogger.status=success;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Connection accepted";
        mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
    }

    int input;
    const int errval=-500;

    while(1)
    {
        if(receive)
        {
            receive = false;
            int ret = mq_receive(sensorToSocket, (char*)&dataReceivedFromSensors, si
sizeof(socketStruct), 0);
            if(ret > -1)
            {
                printf("Data received by server queue from %s\n", dataReceivedF
romSensors.source);

                if(dataReceivedFromSensors.source=="temperature")
                {
                    printf("Temperature readings received from Temp task t
o socket server\n");
                    if(send(clientConnected, (void*)&dataReceivedFromSensore
rs.value, sizeof(dataReceivedFromSensors.value), 0) !=sizeof(dataReceivedFromSensors.value))
                    {
                        perror("Sending temp value to client failed\n"
);
                        dataTOSendTOLogger.status=fail;
                        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Sending temp value
to client failed";
                        mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLog
ger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
                    }
                }
                else if(dataReceivedFromSensors.source=="light")
                {
                    printf("Light request received in server. Sending data
to client\n");
                    if(send(clientConnected, (void*)&dataReceivedFromSensore
rs.value, sizeof(dataReceivedFromSensors.value), 0) !=sizeof(dataReceivedFromSensors.value))
                    {
                        perror("Sending light value to client failed\n"
);
                        dataTOSendTOLogger.status=fail;
                        dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Sending light valu

```

```

e to client failed";

mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLog
ger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
    }
    else
    {
        strcpy(dataTOSendTOLogger.message,dataReceivedFromSens
ors.message);

        strcpy(dataTOSendTOLogger.source,"socket");
        dataTOSendTOLogger.status=fail;
        dataTOSendTOLogger.logLevel=alert;
        mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,size
of(logStruct),0);

        if(send(clientConnected, (void*)&errval,sizeof(errval)
,0)!=sizeof(errval))
        {
            perror("Sending error value to client failed\n
");

            dataTOSendTOLogger.status=fail;
            dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Sending error valu
e to client failed";

            mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLog
ger,sizeof(logStruct),0);
        }
    }
}

int rb=read(clientConnected,&input, sizeof(input));
if(rb==sizeof(input))
{
    receive = true;
    printf("Message received from client is %d\n",input);
    strcpy(dataToSendToMain.source,"socket");
    dataTOSendTOLogger.status=success;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.logLevel=alert;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Request message received from client";
    mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger,sizeof(logStruct),0)
;

    dataToSendToMain.messageType= request;
    switch(input)
    {
        case 1:
            strcpy(dataToSendToMain.unit,"Celsius");
            break;

        case 2:
            strcpy(dataToSendToMain.unit,"Kelvin");
            break;

        case 3:
            strcpy(dataToSendToMain.unit,"Fahrenheit");
            break;

        case 4:
            strcpy(dataToSendToMain.unit,"Light");
            break;

    }
    mq_send(socketToMain, (char *) &dataToSendToMain,sizeof(mainStruct),0);
}
if(socketHeartBeat)

```

```

        {
            socketHeartBeat=false;
            strcpy(dataToSendToMain.source,"socket");
            dataToSendToMain.messageType = update;
            dataToSendToMain.status = success;
            mq_send(socketToMain, (char *) &dataToSendToMain, sizeof(mainStruct), 0);
        }
        if(exitThread)
        {
            break;
        }
    }
    printf("_____Socket task exiting_____\\n");

    mq_close(socketToMain);
    mq_close(socketToLogger);
    mq_close(sensorToSocket);
    mq_unlink(MAINQUEUEUENAME);
    mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEUENAME);
    mq_unlink(SOCKETQUEUEUENAME);
    close(serverSocket);

    dataTOSendTOLogger.logLevel=alert;
    dataTOSendTOLogger.message="Server Socket Closed !!";
    mq_send(socketToLogger, (char*)&dataTOSendTOLogger, sizeof(logStruct), 0);

    printf("\\nServer Socket Closed !!\\n");
    pthread_exit(NULL);
}

/*****
* Function name:- loggerRoutine
* Description:- This function is used by a logger thread.
* @param:- void* (data from main)
* @return:- static void* (pthread exit value)
*****/
static void* loggerRoutine(void *dataObj)
{
    mainStruct dataToSend;
    logStruct dataToReceive;

    mainInfoToOthers *obj1;
    obj1=malloc(sizeof(mainInfoToOthers));
    obj1=(mainInfoToOthers *)dataObj;

    /*Initialising Timer*/
    struct sigevent loggerEvent;
    struct sigaction loggerAction;
    struct itimerspec loggerTimerSpec;
    timer_t loggerTimer;

    loggerAction.sa_flags = SA_SIGINFO;
    loggerAction.sa_sigaction = signal_handler;

    if(sigaction(SIGRTMIN + 6 , &loggerAction, NULL)<0)
    {
        perror("Logger, timer handler initialisation failed");
    }

    loggerEvent.sigev_notify = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
    loggerEvent.sigev_signo = SIGRTMIN + 6;
    loggerEvent.sigev_value.sival_ptr = &loggerTimer;

```

```
if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &loggerEvent, &loggerTimer)) < 0)
{
    perror("Timer creation failed for logger task");
    exit(1);
}

loggerTimerSpec.it_interval.tv_nsec = 0;
loggerTimerSpec.it_interval.tv_sec = 2;
loggerTimerSpec.it_value.tv_nsec = 0;
loggerTimerSpec.it_value.tv_sec = 2;

if(timer_settime(loggerTimer, 0, &loggerTimerSpec, NULL) < 0)
{
    perror("logger timer settime failed");
    exit(1);
}

strcpy(dataToSend.source, "logger");
dataToSend.messageType = update;
dataToSend.status = init_success;
mqd_t loggerToMain = mqqueue_init(MAINQUEUEENAME, MAIN_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(mainStruct));
if(loggerToMain < 0)
{
    perror("logger queue creation failed");
}

mqd_t loggerQueue = mqqueue_init(LOGQUEUEENAME, LOG_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(logStruct));
if(loggerQueue < 0)
{
    perror("logger queue creation failed");
}

mq_send(loggerToMain, (char*)&dataToSend, sizeof(mainStruct), 0);
int y=0;
while(1)
{
    if(loggerHeartBeat)
    {
        loggerHeartBeat=false;
        dataToSend.messageType = update;
        dataToSend.status = success;
        mq_send(loggerToMain, (char*)&dataToSend, sizeof(mainStruct), 0);
        y++;
    }
    else
    {
        int ret= mq_receive(loggerQueue, (char*)&dataToReceive, sizeof(logStruct), 0);
        if(ret!=-1)
        {
            logToFile(obj1->logFileName, dataToReceive);
        }
    }
    if(exitThread)
    {
        break;
    }
}
printf("_____Logger task exiting_____\\n");
mq_close(loggerToMain);
mq_close(loggerQueue);
```

```
    mq_unlink(MAINQUEUEENAME);
    mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEENAME);
    timer_delete(loggerTimer);
    pthread_exit(NULL);
}

uint8_t isAlive = 0x0F;
int count;
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    printf("Inside main task\n");
    count=1;
    mainStruct dataToReceive;
    tempStruct requestForTemp;
    socketStruct responseToSocket;
    lightStruct requestForLight;
    logStruct dataToLog;
    mainInfoToOthers dataObj;

    if(argc != 2)
    {
        printf("Try execution in below syntax\n");
        printf("Execute in format -> ./maintask <log file name>\n");
        return 0;
    }

    /* I2C initialisations */
    fd=myi2cInit(slaveAddFloat);
    fd1=temp_i2c_init(DEFAULT_SLAVE_ADDRESS);
    printf("fd in maintask is %d\n",fd);

    /* Initialize logger queue */
    mqd_t logQueue = mqueue_init(LOGQUEUEENAME, LOG_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(logStruct));
    if(logQueue < 0)
    {
        perror("Main queue creation failed");
    }

    /*Built in self test calls*/
    int lightBIST=lightSensorBIST(fd);
    if(lightBIST== -1)
    {
        dataToLog.source = "main";
        dataToLog.message = "Light sensor BIST failed";
        mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
        mq_close(logQueue);
        mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEENAME);
        printf("Light sensor BIST failed\n");
        return 0;
    }
    else
    {
        dataToLog.source = "main";
        dataToLog.message = "Light sensor BIST passed";
        mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
        printf("Light sensor BIST passed\n");
    }

    int tempBIST=tempSensorBIST(fd1);
    if(tempBIST== -1)
    {
        dataToLog.source = "main";
        dataToLog.message = "Temp sensor BIST failed";
```

```
mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
mq_close(logQueue);
mq_unlink(LOGQUEUEENAME);
printf("Temp sensor BIST failed\n");
return 0;
}
else
{
    dataToLog.source = "main";
    dataToLog.message = "Temp sensor BIST passed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    printf("Temp sensor BIST passed\n");
}

dataObj.logFileName=malloc(20);
strcpy(dataObj.logFileName,argv[1]);
printf("Received file name is %s\n",dataObj.logFileName);

dataToLog.source = "main";

//Creating queues for Inter Process Communication
mqd_t mainQueue = mqqueue_init(MAINQUEUEENAME, MAIN_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(mainStruct));
if(mainQueue < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Main queue creation failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Main queue creation failed");
}

mqd_t tempQueue = mqqueue_init(TEMPQUEUEENAME, TEMP_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(tempStruct));
if(tempQueue < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Temp queue creation failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Temp queue creation failed");
}

mqd_t lightQueue = mqqueue_init(LIGHTQUEUEENAME, LIGHT_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(lightStruct));
if(lightQueue < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Light queue init failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Light queue init failed");
}

mqd_t socketQueue = mqqueue_init(SOCKETQUEUEENAME, SOCKET_QUEUE_SIZE, sizeof(socketStruct));
if(socketQueue < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Socket queue creation failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Socket queue creation failed");
}

printf("Main thread created with PID: %d and TID: %d\n",getpid(),(pid_t)syscall(SYS_gettid));

/*Creating Temperature Sensor Thread */
if(pthread_create(&tempSensorTask,NULL,&tempSensorRoutine,(void *)&dataObj)!=0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "tempSensorTask create failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("tempSensorTask create failed");
}
```

```
}

/*Creating Light Sensor Thread */
if(pthread_create(&lightSensorTask,NULL,&lightSensorRoutine,(void *)&dataObj)!=0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "lightSensorTask create failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("lightSensorTask create failed");
}

/*Creating Logger Thread */
if(pthread_create(&loggerTask,NULL,&loggerRoutine,(void *)&dataObj)!=0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "loggerTask create failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("loggerTask create failed");
}

/*Creating Socket Thread */
if(pthread_create(&socketTask,NULL,&socketRoutine,(void *)&dataObj)!=0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "socketTask create failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("socketTask create failed");
}

    struct sigevent sigevTemp, sigevLight, sigevLog, sigevSocket;
    struct itimerspec timerConfigTemp, timerConfigLight, timerConfigLog, timerConfigSocket
;

    timer_t timerTemp, timerLight, timerSocket, timerLog;
    struct sigaction sigact;

    //Assigning signal handlers for timeout signals
    sigact.sa_flags = SA_SIGINFO;
    sigact.sa_sigaction = signal_handler;
    if((sigaction(SIGRTMIN, &sigact, NULL)<0)
    {
        perror("Failed setting signal handler");
    }

    if((sigaction(SIGRTMIN + 1, &sigact, NULL)<0)
    {
        perror("Failed setting signal handler");
    }

    if((sigaction(SIGRTMIN + 2, &sigact, NULL)<0)
    {
        perror("Failed setting signal handler");
    }

    if((sigaction(SIGRTMIN + 3, &sigact, NULL)<0)
    {
        perror("Failed setting signal handler");
    }

    if((sigaction(SIGINT, &sigact, NULL)<0)
    {
        perror("Failed setting signal handler");
    }

    //Creating 4 timer for monoring 4 created tasks.
    sigevTemp.sigev_notify = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
    sigevTemp.sigev_signo = SIGRTMIN;
```

```
sigevTemp.sigev_value.sival_ptr    = &timerTemp;

sigevLight.sigev_notify             = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
sigevLight.sigev_signo              = SIGRTMIN + 1;
sigevLight.sigev_value.sival_ptr    = &timerLight;

sigevLog.sigev_notify               = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
sigevLog.sigev_signo                = SIGRTMIN + 2;
sigevLog.sigev_value.sival_ptr      = &timerLog;

sigevSocket.sigev_notify            = SIGEV_SIGNAL;
sigevSocket.sigev_signo             = SIGRTMIN + 3;
sigevSocket.sigev_value.sival_ptr   = &timerSocket;

if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &sigevTemp, &timerTemp)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Temp Timer setup failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog), 0);
    perror("Temp Timer setup failed");
    exit(1);
}
if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &sigevLight, &timerLight)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Light Timer setup failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog), 0);
    perror("Light Timer setup failed");
    exit(1);
}
if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &sigevLog, &timerLog)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Log Timer setup failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog), 0);
    perror("Log Timer setup failed");
    exit(1);
}
if((timer_create(CLOCK_REALTIME, &sigevSocket, &timerSocket)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Socket Timer setup failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog), 0);
    perror("Socket Timer setup failed");
    exit(1);
}

//Seting supervisory timeout for each tasks.
timerConfigTemp.it_interval.tv_nsec = 0;
timerConfigTemp.it_interval.tv_sec  = 0;
timerConfigTemp.it_value.tv_nsec    = 0;
timerConfigTemp.it_value.tv_sec      = 1;

timerConfigLight.it_interval.tv_nsec = 0;
timerConfigLight.it_interval.tv_sec  = 0;
timerConfigLight.it_value.tv_nsec    = 0;
timerConfigLight.it_value.tv_sec      = 1;

timerConfigLog.it_interval.tv_nsec   = 0;
timerConfigLog.it_interval.tv_sec    = 0;
timerConfigLog.it_value.tv_nsec      = 0;
timerConfigLog.it_value.tv_sec        = 10;

timerConfigSocket.it_interval.tv_nsec = 0;
timerConfigSocket.it_interval.tv_sec  = 0;
timerConfigSocket.it_value.tv_nsec    = 0;
timerConfigSocket.it_value.tv_sec      = 15;
```



```
if((timer_settime(timerTemp, 0, &timerConfigTemp, NULL)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Temp Timer set failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Temp Timer set failed");
    exit(1);
}
if((timer_settime(timerLight, 0, &timerConfigLight, NULL)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Light Timer set failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Light Timer set failed");
    exit(1);
}
if((timer_settime(timerLog, 0, &timerConfigLog, NULL)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Log Timer set failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Log Timer set failed");
    exit(1);
}
if((timer_settime(timerSocket, 0, &timerConfigSocket, NULL)) < 0)
{
    dataToLog.message = "Socket Timer set failed";
    mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
    perror("Socket Timer set failed");
    exit(1);
}

// Check if the initialization of all the tasks is done.
int task_up = 0, retries = 0;
while(task_up != 4)
{
    int ret=mq_receive(mainQueue, (char*)&dataToReceive, sizeof(mainStruct),0);
    if (ret > -1 && dataToReceive.status == init_success)
    {
        printf("---%s Task is up and running---\n",dataToReceive.source);
        task_up++;
    }
    else if(ret > -1 && dataToReceive.status == init_failure)
    {
        retries++;
    }
    if(retries > 10)
    {
        dataToLog.message = "All the tasks are not up.";
        mq_send(logQueue, (char*)&dataToLog, sizeof(dataToLog),0);
        printf("All tasks are not up");
        return 0;
    }
}

while(1)
{
    int ret=mq_receive(mainQueue, (char*)&dataToReceive, sizeof(mainStruct),0);
    if(ret>-1)
    {
        //Heart beat message received from temperature task
        if((strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"temperature"))==0 && dataToReceive.me
ssageType == update)
        {
```

```

switch(dataToReceive.status)
{
case init_success:
    isAlive = isAlive | TEMPERATURE_TASK;
    break;
case success:
    if((timer_settime(timerTemp, 0, &timerConfigTemp, NULL
)) < 0)
    {
        perror("Temp Timer set failed");
    }
    break;
case fail:
case init_failure:
    isAlive = isAlive & ~TEMPERATURE_TASK;
    break;
}

//Heart beat message received from light task
else if((strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"light")==0 && dataToReceive.mes
sageType == update)
{
    switch(dataToReceive.status)
    {
case init_success:
        isAlive = isAlive | LIGHT_TASK;
        break;
case success:
        if((timer_settime(timerLight, 0, &timerConfigLight, NU
LL)) < 0)
        {
            perror("Light Timer set failed");
        }
        break;
case fail:
case init_failure:
        isAlive = isAlive & ~LIGHT_TASK;
        break;
    }
}

//Heart beat message received from logger task
else if((strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"logger")==0 && dataToReceive.me
ssageType == update)
{
    switch(dataToReceive.status)
    {
case init_success:
        isAlive = isAlive | LOGGER_TASK;
        break;
case success:
        if((timer_settime(timerLog, 0, &timerConfigLog, NULL))
< 0)
        {
            perror("Logger Timer set failed");
        }
        break;
case fail:
case init_failure:
        isAlive = isAlive & ~LOGGER_TASK;
        break;
    }
}

```

```

    }

    //Heart beat message received from socket task
    else if((strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"socket")==0 && dataToReceive.me
ssageType == update)
    {
        switch(dataToReceive.status)
        {
            case init_success:
                isAlive = isAlive | SOCKET_TASK;
                break;
            case success:
                if((timer_settime(timerSocket, 0, &timerConfigSocket,
NULL)) < 0)
                {
                    perror("Socket Timer set failed");
                }
                break;
            case fail:
            case init_failure:
                isAlive = isAlive & ~SOCKET_TASK;
                break;
        }
    }

    //Request message is received from socket server for getting temperatu
re or light values
    else if((strcmp(dataToReceive.source,"socket")==0 && dataToReceive.me
ssageType == request)
    {
        if(strcmp(dataToReceive.unit,"Celsius")==0 || strcmp(dataToRec
eive.unit,"Fahrenheit")==0 || strcmp(dataToReceive.unit,"Kelvin")==0)
        {
            if(isAlive & TEMPERATURE_TASK)
            {
                printf("\nTemp task is alive\n");
                printf("Sending request to temp sensor task to
send data to socket task\n");

                strcpy(requestForTemp.source, "main");
                strcpy(requestForTemp.unit, dataToReceive.unit

            );
            int noOfBytesSent = mq_send(tempQueue, (char*)
&requestForTemp, sizeof(requestForTemp), 0);
            if(noOfBytesSent < 0)
            {
                perror("Sending request failed");
            }
        }
        else
        {
            printf("Temp sensor task is not active\n");
            strcpy(responseToSocket.source, "main");
            strcpy(responseToSocket.message, "Temp Sensor
Task not active");
            int noOfBytesSent = mq_send(socketQueue, (char
*)&responseToSocket, sizeof(responseToSocket), 0);
            if(noOfBytesSent < 0)
            {
                perror("Sending response failed");
            }
        }
    }
    else

```

```

        {
            if(isAlive & LIGHT_TASK)
            {
                printf("\nLight task is alive\n");
                printf("Sending request to light sensor task t
o send data to socket task\n");

                strcpy(requestForLight.source, "main");
                int noOfBytesSent = mq_send(lightQueue, (char*
)&requestForLight, sizeof(requestForLight), 0);
                if(noOfBytesSent < 0)
                {
                    perror("Sending request failed");
                }
            }
            else
            {
                printf("Light sensor task is not active\n");
                strcpy(responseToSocket.source, "main");
                strcpy(responseToSocket.message, "Light sensor
task not active");

                int noOfBytesSent = mq_send(socketQueue, (char
*)&responseToSocket, sizeof(responseToSocket), 0);
                if(noOfBytesSent < 0)
                {
                    perror("Sending response failed");
                }
            }
        }
    }
    if(!isAlive)
    {
        break;
    }
}

printf("_____Main task exiting_____\\n");
mq_close(mainQueue);
mq_close(tempQueue);
mq_close(lightQueue);
mq_close(socketQueue);

mq_unlink(MAINQUEUEENAME);
mq_unlink(TEMPQUEUEENAME);
mq_unlink(LIGHTQUEUEENAME);
mq_unlink(SOCKETQUEUEENAME);

pthread_join(tempSensorTask, NULL);
pthread_join(lightSensorTask, NULL);
pthread_join(loggerTask, NULL);
pthread_cancel(socketTask);
pthread_join(socketTask, NULL);
return 0;
}

static void signal_handler(int sig, siginfo_t *si, void *uc)
{
    switch(sig)
    {
        case 2:
            printf("SIGINT signal is received\\n -----> Exiting thread <-----\\n");
            exitThread = true;
    }
}

```

```
        break;
    case 34:
        // Siganl indicating temperature sensor timeout i.e. Temperature task failed
        printf("Temperature task timeout\n");
        isAlive &= ~TEMPERATURE_TASK;
        break;
    case 35:
        // Signal indicating light sensor timeout i.e. Light task failed
        printf("Light Task Timeout\n");
        isAlive &= ~LIGHT_TASK;
        break;
    case 36:
        // Signal indicating logger timeout i.e. Logger task failed
        printf("Logger Task Timeout\n");
        isAlive &= ~LOGGER_TASK;
        break;
    case 37:
        // Signal indicating socket sensor timeout i.e. Socket task failed
        isAlive &= ~SOCKET_TASK;
        break;
    case 38:
        // Signal instructing to take temperature sensor reading and send heartbeat
        measureTemperature = true;
        break;
    case 39:
        // Signal instructing to take light sensor reading and send heartbeat
        measureLight = true;
        break;
    case 40:
        // Signal instructing logger task to send heartbeat to main indicating it is a
live
        loggerHeartBeat = true;
        break;
    case
        socketHeartBeat = true;
        break;
    }
}
```

```

/*****
***
* File name      : maintask.h
*
* Authors       : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description   : The defines used by maintask.c
*
* Tools used    : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
//#include "mq.h"
#include "logger.h"

#define TEMPERATURE_TASK 0x01
#define LIGHT_TASK       0x02
#define LOGGER_TASK      0x04
#define SOCKET_TASK      0x08
```

```

/*****
***
```

```
* File name      : mq.c
*
* Authors        : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
*
* Description    : The function definition used for mqueue.
*
* Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****
**/
#include "mq.h"
#include <stdio.h>

mqd_t mqueue_init(const char* queue_name, int queue_size, int message_size)
{
    mqd_t msg_q_des;
    struct mq_attr queue_attr;

    queue_attr.mq_maxmsg  = queue_size;
    queue_attr.mq_msgsize = message_size;
    queue_attr.mq_flags   = O_NONBLOCK;
    msg_q_des = mq_open(queue_name, O_CREAT | O_RDWR | O_NONBLOCK, 0666, &queue_attr);

    return msg_q_des;
}

/*****
***
* File name      : mq.h
*
* Authors        : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
*
* Description    : The function declaration used for mqueue, enums and structures.
*
* Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****
**/
#include <mqueue.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

/* Message queues for all the tasks */
#define MAINQUEUEENAME    "/mainqueue"
#define TEMPQUEUEENAME    "/tempqueue"
#define LIGHTQUEUEENAME   "/lightqueue"
#define SOCKETQUEUEENAME  "/socketqueue"
#define LOGQUEUEENAME     "/logqueue"

/* Message queue size for all the tasks */
#define MAIN_QUEUE_SIZE   10
#define TEMP_QUEUE_SIZE   5
#define LIGHT_QUEUE_SIZE  5
#define SOCKET_QUEUE_SIZE 5
#define LOG_QUEUE_SIZE    10

typedef enum {
    request,
    update
}messageTypeEnum;

typedef enum{
```

```
        fail,
        success,
        init_success,
        init_failure,
    }statusEnum;

typedef enum{
    debug,
    alert,
    info
}logLevelEnum;

/* SStructure to communicate to the maintask*/
typedef struct
{
    char source[20];
    messageTypeEnum messageType;
    statusEnum status;
    char unit[20];
}mainStruct;

/* Structure to communicate to the temperature task*/
typedef struct{
    char source[20];
    char unit[20];
}tempStruct;

/* Structure to communicate to the light task*/
typedef struct{
    char source[20];
}lightStruct;

/* Structure to communicate to the logger task*/
typedef struct{
    logLevelEnum logLevel;
    char* source;
    statusEnum status;
    char* message;
    float value;
    char unit[20];
}logStruct;

/* Structure to communicate to the socket task*/
typedef struct{
    char* source;
    float value;
    char* unit;
    char message[30];
}socketStruct;

/*user defined functions*/

/**
 * @name: mqueue_init
 *
 * @param1: message queue name
 * @param2: max message queue size
 * @param3: size of the data to send
 *
 * @description: wrapper around mq_open function. Sets the attributes of the queue and opens the
 * queue with the specified parameters.
 */
```

```
* return: message queue file descriptor.
* */
mqd_t mqqueue_init(const char*, int, int);

/*****
***
* File name      : myi2c.c
*
* Authors       : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description    : The function definition for reading and writing to i2c device
*
* Tools used    : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
// ref:https://elinux.org/Interfacing\_with\_I2C\_Devices

#include<linux/i2c.h>
#include<linux/i2c-dev.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include "myi2c.h"

int myi2cInit(uint8_t slaveAdd)
{
    char fileName[50];
    int fileDescrip;
    sprintf(fileName, "/dev/i2c-2");
    fileDescrip=open(fileName,O_RDWR);

    if(fileDescrip < 0)
    {
        perror("Failed to open i2c file");
        exit(1);
    }

    if(ioctl(fileDescrip, I2C_SLAVE, slaveAdd) < 0)
    {
        perror("Failed to communicate with slave"); //or use errno
        exit(1);
    }
    return fileDescrip;
}

uint8_t* myi2cRead(int fileDescrip, uint8_t len)
{
    static uint8_t readBuffer[2];

    pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
    if (read(fileDescrip, readBuffer, len) != len)
    {
        perror("Read failed");
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
        return NULL;
    }
}
```



```
//check whether we need to return or not.
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
//printf("Value of buffer is %x-%x\n",readBuffer[0],readBuffer[1]);
return readBuffer;
}

int myi2cWrite(int fileDescrip, uint8_t writeBuffer[], uint8_t len)
{
pthread_mutex_lock(&lock);
if (write(fileDescrip,writeBuffer,len) != len)
{
pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
perror("Write failed");
return -1;
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&lock);
return 0;
}

/*****
* File name      : myi2c.h
*
* Authors        : Puneet Bansal and Nachiket Kelkar
*
* Description    : The function declaration for reading and writing to i2c device
*
* Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/
#include <stdint.h>
#include <pthread.h>

#define slaveAddFloat 0x39
#define slaveAddGnd 0x29
#define slaveAddVdd 0x49

/*Light Sensor Register addressess*/
#define CMDBYTE 0x80
#define CMDWORD 0xA0
#define CNTRLREG 0x00
#define INTCTL 0x06
#define DATA0LOW 0x0c
#define DATA0HIGH 0x0d
#define DATA1LOW 0x0e
#define DATA1HIGH 0x0f

/**
 * @name: myi2cInit
 * @param1: uint8_t slaveAdd
 *
 * @description: Opens the /dev/i2c-2 file and designates the slave.
 *
 * @return: int- i2c file descriptor.
 * */
int myi2cInit(uint8_t slaveAdd);

/**
 * @name: myi2cRead
```

```
* @param1: fileDescriptor
* @param2: length of bytes to be read
*
* @description:
* wrapper around the read system call to read the designated number of bytes from the file. When the length read from file is equal
* to the length specified by the user, it indicates success. NULL is returned on failure.
*
* @return: uint8_t* - buffer containing the data read from file
* */
uint8_t* myi2cRead(int, uint8_t);

/**
* @name:myi2cWrite
* @aparam1 : filedescriptor
* @param2 : data to write
* @param3 : the length of bytes to be written.
*
* @description:
* wrapper around the write system call to write the designated number of bytes to the file. When the length written to file is equal
* to the length specified by the user, it indicates success and returns 0 . 0 is returned on failure.
*
* return: 0 for success and -1 for error.
* */
int myi2cWrite(int,uint8_t[],uint8_t);

pthread_mutex_t lock;

/*****
***
* File name      : temp_i2c.c
*
* Authors        : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
*
* Description    : The functions used for reading and configuring temperature sensor TMP102 for
*
*                  getting the temperature values through i2c interface.
*
* Tools used     : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc
*
*****/

/***** The standard C libraries included for functionality *****/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <linux/i2c-dev.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <signal.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <mqueue.h>

/***** The user library containing required information *****/
#include "temp_i2c.h"
#include "myi2c.h"
// #include "logger.h"
```

```
int temp_i2c_init(uint8_t slave_addr)
{
    return myi2cInit(slave_addr);
}

int temp_i2c_write_to_reg(int file_des, uint8_t temp_sens_reg_to_write, int16_t data_to_write)
{
    uint8_t buffer[3];
    buffer[0] = temp_sens_reg_to_write;
    uint16_t config_reg, config_value;

    switch(temp_sens_reg_to_write)
    {
        // If there is write to temperature read only register
        case TEMP_REG_ADDR:
            printf("%s::Not allowed to write to read only register\n",__func__);
            break;

        // If there is write to config register
        case CONFIG_REG_ADDR:
            config_value = temp_i2c_read_from_reg(file_des, CONFIG_REG_ADDR);
            config_reg = data_to_write;
            buffer[1] = config_reg >> 8;
            buffer[2] = config_reg;
            break;

        // If there is write operation to Tlow or Thigh register
        case TLOW_REG_ADDR:
        case THIGH_REG_ADDR:
            data_to_write = data_to_write/0.0625;
            buffer[1] = data_to_write >> 4;
            buffer[2] = data_to_write << 4;
            break;
    }
    // Write the buffer values to temp sensor register using i2c
    if(myi2cWrite(file_des, buffer, sizeof(buffer)) < 0)
    {
        printf("%s\n",__func__);
        perror("Write failed: ");
        return -1;
    }
    return 0;
}

uint16_t temp_i2c_read_from_reg(int file_des, uint8_t temp_sens_to_read_from)
{
    uint8_t* buffer;
    uint16_t reg_val;
    if(myi2cWrite(file_des, &temp_sens_to_read_from, sizeof(temp_sens_to_read_from)) < 0)
    {
        printf("%s\n",__func__);
        perror("Write failed: ");
        return 10000;
    }
    buffer = myi2cRead(file_des, 2);
    if(buffer == NULL)
    {
        printf("Temperature read failed\n");
        return 10000;
    }
    //printf("Value of buffer in %s is %x-%x\n",__func__,buffer[0],buffer[1]);
}
```

```
        return ((uint16_t)buffer[0] << 8 | buffer[1]);
    }

float read_temperature(int file_des, uint8_t temp_sens_to_read_from)
{
    int16_t temperature;
    float final_temp;

    if(temp_sens_to_read_from == CONFIG_REG_ADDR)
    {
        printf("%s::Config register values are not temperature\n",__func__);
        exit(1);
    }
    temperature = temp_i2c_read_from_reg(file_des, temp_sens_to_read_from);
    if(temperature == 10000)
    {
        return 10000;
    }
    //printf("temperature = %x\n",temperature);
    temperature = temperature >> 4;
    //printf("temperature = %x\n",temperature);
    final_temp = temperature * 0.0625;
    //printf("final_temp = %d\n",final_temp);
    return final_temp;
}

float convert_to_unit(float value, int temperature_unit)
{
    float final_temp;
    switch(temperature_unit)
    {
        case Celsius:
            final_temp = value;
            break;
        case Fahrenheit:
            final_temp = value * 1.8;
            final_temp = final_temp + 32;
            break;
        case Kelvin:
            final_temp = value + 273.5;
            break;
    }
    return final_temp;
}

/*****
* File name      : temp_i2c.h
*
* Authors       : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
*
* Description  : The functions used for reading and configuring temperature sensor TMP102 for
*
*                getting the temperature values through i2c interface.
*
* Tools used   : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc.
*****/
#include <stdint.h>
```

```
/* Format of meassge that is sent to temperature thread */
// typedef struct{
//     int temperature_unit;
//     char* source;
// }temp_msg;

/* Enumeration for temperature units available */
typedef enum {
Celsius,
Fahrenheit,
Kelvin,
}temperature_unit;

#define DEFAULT_UNIT Celsius;

/* Default slave address */
#define DEFAULT_SLAVE_ADDRESS 0X48

/* The defines for addresses of the registers */
#define TEMP_REG_ADDR    0x00
#define CONFIG_REG_ADDR 0x01
#define TLOW_REG_ADDR    0x02
#define THIGH_REG_ADDR   0x03

/* The macros for configuration register */
#define DEFAULT_CONFIG    0x60A0
#define MODE_12BIT        (0 << 4)
#define MODE_13BIT        (1 << 4)
#define REFRESH_025HZ     (0 << 6)
#define REFRESH_1HZ       (1 << 6)
#define REFRESH_4HZ       (2 << 6)
#define REFRESH_8HZ       (3 << 6)
#define SHUTDOWN_MODE_ENABLE (1 << 8)
#define SHUTDOWN_MODE_DISABLE (0 << 8)
#define INTERRUPT_MODE     (1 << 9)
#define COMPARATOR_MODE    (0 << 9)
#define ALERT_ACTIVE_HIGH  (1 << 10)
#define ALERT_ACTIVE_LOW   (0 << 10)
#define ALERT_ON_1_FAULT   (0 << 11)
#define ALERT_ON_2_FAULT   (1 << 11)
#define ALERT_ON_4_FAULT   (2 << 11)
#define ALERT_ON_6_FAULT   (3 << 11)
#define START_CONVERSION   (1 << 15)

/* Default values for configuring the registers */
#define TLOW_REG_DEFAULT 25
#define THIGH_REG_DEFAULT 35

/* Macros for queue setup */
// #define TEMP_SENS_QUEUE "/temp_sens"
// #define TEMP_QUEUE_SIZE 10

/* Macros for timer setup */
#define CLOCK_TO_USE          CLOCK_REALTIME
#define SIGNAL_NOTIFICATION_METHOD SIGEV_SIGNAL
#define SIGNAL_NO              SIGRTMIN
#define TIME_IN_NANOSEC        100000000 //100msec

/* The functions that are used to communicate to the i2c temperature sensor TMP102 */
/*
```

```
* Function name:- temp_i2c_init
* Description:- This function opens the i2c file for i2c transactions. It then sets
*               the slave address for the transactions according to the parameter.
* @param:- uint8_t (slave address)
* @return:- int (file descriptor)
*/
int temp_i2c_init(uint8_t);

/*
* Function name:- temp_i2c_write_to_reg
* Description:- This function takes the file descriptor as parameter which is used to
*               write to a file. It writes the data to the temperature sensor register
*               which is described in parameter. For writing the data to THIGH or TLOW
*               register the data to write should be in Celsius.
* @param:- int (file descriptor), uint8_t (temperature sensor register address),
*               int16_t (data to write)
* @return:- int (return error)
*/
int temp_i2c_write_to_reg(int, uint8_t, int16_t);

/*
* Function name:- temp_i2c_read_from_reg
* Description:- This function takes the file descriptor as parameter which is used to
*               write to a file. It reads the received i2c data from register passed
*               and return the buffer value in uint16_t format.
* @param:- int (file descriptor), uint8_t (temperature sensor register address),
* @return:- uint16_t (contents of the register)
*/
uint16_t temp_i2c_read_from_reg(int, uint8_t);

/*
* Function name:- read_temperature
* Description:- This function takes the file descriptor as parameter which is used to
*               write to a file. It formats the data of the register passed in the format
*               of Celcius unit. As configuration register does not contain
*               temperature passing config register address will cause an error.
* @param:- int (file descriptor), uint8_t (temperature sensor register address),
* @return:- float (temperature in Celsius)
*/
float read_temperature(int, uint8_t);

/*
* Function name:- convert_to_unit
* Description:- This function takes temperature and unit to conver to and then converts
*               the value in required temperature unit and returns the value.
* @param:- float (value to be converted), int (temperature unit to convert to),
* @return:- float (temperature in requested unit)
*/
float convert_to_unit(float, int);

/*****
* File name      : client.c
*
* Authors       : Nachiket Kelkar and Puneet Bansal
*
* Description   : The functions definition for client
*
*****/>
```

```
* Tools used : GNU make, gcc, arm-linux-gcc.
```

```
*
```

```
*****  
**/
```

```
https://stackoverflow.com/questions/18021189/how-to-connect-two-computers-over-internet-using-socket-programming-in-c
```

```
#include<stdio.h>  
#include<sys/types.h>  
#include<sys/socket.h>  
#include<netinet/in.h>  
#include<netdb.h>  
#include<unistd.h>  
#include<string.h>  
#include<stdlib.h>
```

```
#define SERVER_IP_ADDRESS "10.0.0.59"  
//#define SERVER_IP_ADDRESS "128.138.189.162"
```

```
int main(void)
```

```
{  
    int clientSocket; /* Socket Descriptor for Client */  
    struct sockaddr_in serverAddr;  
    struct hostent *ptr;  
    int input;  
  
    clientSocket=socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);  
    if(clientSocket<0)  
    {  
        perror("Client socket creation failed");  
    }  
  
    memset((char*)&serverAddr, 0, sizeof(serverAddr));  
  
    serverAddr.sin_family = AF_INET;  
    serverAddr.sin_port = htons(10000);  
  
    ptr=gethostbyname(SERVER_IP_ADDRESS);  
    memcpy(&serverAddr.sin_addr,ptr->h_addr,ptr->h_length);  
  
    if((connect(clientSocket, (struct sockaddr*)&serverAddr, sizeof(serverAddr)))==-1)  
    { printf("\nServer Not Ready !!\n"); exit(1); }
```

```
float val;
```

```
while(1)
```

```
{  
    printf("\nWelcome to the Client Socket. Enter the option you want to perform\n");  
    printf("1.Get Temperature in Celsius\n2.Get Temperature in Kelvin\n3.Get Temperature in Fahrenheit\n4.Get Lux value\n->");  
    scanf("%d",&input);  
    send(clientSocket, (void*)&input, sizeof(input)+1,0);  
  
    if(read(clientSocket, &val, sizeof(val))==sizeof(val))  
    {  
        if(val!=-500)  
        {  
            switch(input)  
            {  
                case 1:  
                    printf("Temperature value is %f Celsius\n",val);  
                    break;
```

```
        case 2:
            printf("Temperature value is %f Kelvin\n",val);
            break;

        case 3:
            printf("Temperature value is %f Fahrenheit\n",val);
            break;

        case 4:
            printf("Light value is %f \n",val);
            if(val>50)
                printf("The vicinity of sensor has light \n");
            else
                printf("The vicinity of sensor is dark \n");
            break;

    }

}
else
{
    printf("Error reading from sensor\n");
}

}

}
return 0;
}
```