# Especificación TP C



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# **EJERCICIO 1**

ADT: Invoice

<u>Description</u>: Represents the invoice of a Cart.

#### **Constructors**:

- → newInvoice: id x toPay x maxCapacity -> Invoice
  - Creates an invoice with its respective values.
  - Precondition:
    - Id number must be a positive integer which is specific to each invoice.
    - toPay must be a positive number or 0.
    - MaxCapacity must be a positive integer.
  - ◆ Postcondition: an invoice is created.

#### Modifiers:

- → addInvoiceLine: Invoice x InvoiceLine -> void
  - ◆ Adds an invoiceLine to an Invoice's list containing them.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null invoice and invoice line
    - InvoiceLine capacity must not be filled
  - ◆ Postcondition: invoice with added invoiceLine

#### Destroyer.

- → freeInvoice: Invoice -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for an invoice.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null invoice
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

## ADT: Label

<u>Description</u>: Represents the label of an Appliance

#### **Constructors**:

- → newLabel: id x name-> Label
  - Creates an appliance with its respective values.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Id number must be a positive integer which is specific to each label.
    - name must be a non null array of characters
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a label is created.

#### Destroyer.

- → freeLabel: Label -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a specific label
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - receives a non null label.
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - Postcondition: memory freed.

#### ADT: Invoice Line

<u>Description</u>: Represents the invoiceLine of an Appliance.

#### Constructors:

- → newInvoiceLine: quantity x article -> InvoiceLine
  - ◆ Creates an invoice line with its respective values.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Quantity must be a positive integer
    - Article must be a non null array of characters.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: an invoiceLine is created.

# Destroyer.

- → freeInvoiceLine: InvoiceLine -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for an invoiceLine.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - receives a non null invoiceLine
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### ADT: Cart

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Cart that can produce Invoices.

#### **Constructors**:

- → newCart: id -> Cart
  - Creates a Cart with a maximum capacity of 10 appliances.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Id number must be a positive integer which is specific to each Cart.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Cart is created.

#### Destroyer:

- → freeCart: Cart -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for a Cart.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - receives a non null Cart
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → addToCart: Cart x Appliance -> void
  - ◆ Adds an appliance to the Cart.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Recieves a non null appliance and cart
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: cart with added appliance.
- → growCart: Cart -> void

- Duplicates the maximum capacity of a Cart and does the same for its allocated memory.
- ◆ Precondition:
  - Recieves a non null cart
  - Language support to dynamically manage memory
- **♦** Postcondition:
  - Cart with increased capacity and allocated memory.
- → eraseAppliance: Cart x Appliance -> void
  - ◆ Erases an appliance from the cart
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Recieves a non null cart and appliance
    - Appliance must exist in cart
  - **♦** Postcondition:
    - Cart with an appliance less.
- → finishShopping: Cart -> Invoice
  - ◆ Returns an invoice with the total prices of every appliance
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Non null cart
  - **♦** Postcondition:
    - new Invoice

ADT: LineCart

**Description**: Represents a LineCart

- → newLineCart: id x Appliance -> LineCart
  - Creates a LineCart containing an appliance
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:
    - Id number must be a positive integer which is specific to each Cart.

- Non null appliance
- ◆ Postcondition: a LineCart is created

#### Destroyer:

- → freeLineCart: LineCart -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a LineCart.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - receives a non null LineCart
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

# ADT: Appliance

<u>Description</u>: Represents an Appliance with all of its attributes.

#### **Constructors**:

- → newAppliance: name x model x price x discount x Provider -> Appliance
  - Creates an Appliance with its defined attributes
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Name and model should be an array of characters.
    - Price and discount positive numbers
    - Discount maximum = 100.
  - ◆ Postcondition: an Appliance is created

## Destroyer:

- → freeAppliance: Appliance -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for an Appliance.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - receives a non null Appliance
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

# <u>Analyzers:</u>

- → compareTo: Appliance X Appliance -> int
  - ◆ Compares two appliances by its id
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - receives two non null Appliances
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: 1 if the Appliances' id are equal, 0 if not.

## ADT: Catalogue

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Catalogue with all of its attributes.

#### Constructors:

- → newCatalogue: id X name X discount-> Catalogue
  - Creates a Catalogue with its defined attributes
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - id and name should be an array of characters.
    - Discount positive numbers
    - Discount maximum = 100.
  - ◆ Postcondition: a Catalogue is created

#### <u>Destroyer</u>:

- → freeCatalogue: Catalogue -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Catalogue.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Receives a non null Catalogue
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → addAppliance: Appliance X Catalogue -> void
  - ◆ Adds an appliance to the array of appliances that catalogue contains.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Receives a non null appliance and catalogue

- ◆ Postcondition:
  - Catalogue with added appliance
- → growCatalogue: Catalogue -> void
  - ◆ Duplicates the maximum capacity of a Catalogue and does the same for its allocated memory.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Recieves a non null catalogue
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - **♦** Postcondition:
    - Catalogue with increased capacity and allocated memory.
- → removeAppliance: Catalogue x Appliance -> void
  - Erases an appliance from the catalogue
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Recieves a non null catalogue and appliance
    - Appliance must exist in catalogue
  - ◆ Postcondition:
    - Catalogue with an appliance less.

#### ADT: Provider

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Provider with all of its attributes.

- → newProvider: description X name X direction X city X phone X web X Manufacturer-> Provider
  - Creates a Provider with its defined attributes
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - id, name, description, direction, city, phone and web should be an array of characters.
    - Non null Manufacturer
  - Postcondition: a Provider is created

#### Destroyer:

- → freeProvider: Provider -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Provider.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Provider
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → askForAppliances: Provider X Stock -> void
  - ◆ Asks a manufacturer for 15 appliances in case the provider doesn't have any. Adds 10 to the stock and subtracts 5 from the provider.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Non null provider and invoiceLine
  - ◆ Postcondition:
    - Provider with updated appliances.

#### ADT: Manufacturer

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Manufacturer with all of its attributes.

#### Constructors:

- → newManufactuer: description X name X direction X city X phone X web -> Manufacturer
  - Creates a Manufacturer with its defined attributes
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - id, name, description, direction, city, phone and web should be an array of characters.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Manufacturer is created

#### Destroyer:

- → freeManufacturer: Manufacturer -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Manufacturer.

- ◆ Precondition:
  - Receives a non null Manufacturer
  - Language support to dynamically manage memory
- ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → createAppliance: Manufacturer X Provider X quantity -> void
  - Creates an appliance. Represents it in the manufacturer and provider by adding the quantity to a variable.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:
    - Non null Manufacturer and Provider
    - Quantity > 0
  - ◆ Postcondition:
    - Manufacturer and Provider with updated appliances.

# ADT: Stock

**Description**: Represents stock of an article

#### Constructors:

- → newStock: id x article -> Stock
  - Creates a Stock with its defined attributes
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - ID and article must be an array of characters.
  - Postcondition: a Stock is created

#### Destroyer:

- → freeStock: Stock -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for a Stock.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:
    - Receives a non null Stock
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

# **EJERCICIO 2**

ADT: Accessory

<u>Description</u>: Represents a purchasable accessory for a camera

# **Constructors**:

- → newAccessory: accessoryType x comment x code -> Accessory
  - Creates an accessory with its respective values.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Code must be a positive integer which is UNIQUE to each product (accessory or camera)
    - Accessory type must be 1 or 2 (more can be added if desired)
    - Comment must be an array of chars.
  - ◆ Postcondition: an accessory is created.

#### <u>Destroyer</u>.

- → freeAccessory: Accessory -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for an Accessory.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Receives a non null Accessory
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

ADT: Camera

Description: Represents a purchasable camera

- → newCamera: megaPixels x LCDScreen x opticZoom x type x code
  - -> Camera

- Creates an accessory with its respective values.
- ◆ Precondition:
  - Code must be a positive integer which is UNIQUE to each product (accessory or camera)
  - Camera type must be 1 or 2 (more can be added if desired)
  - MegaPixels, LCDScreen and opticZoom must be positive numbers. Only opticZoom can be 0.
- ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a camera is created.

#### <u>Destroyer</u>.

- → freeCamera: Camera -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Camera
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Camera.
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → addAccessoryToCamera: Camera x Accessory -> void
  - Adds an accessory to an array of accessories the camera contains, which has a maximum capacity that can only be modified internally to the code.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Camera and a non null accessory.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: camera with added accessory

#### ADT: Manufacturer

<u>Description</u>: Represents someone who manufactures products (accessories and cameras).

- → newManufacturer: name x code -> Manufacturer
  - Creates a manufacturer with its respective values.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:

- Code must be a positive integer which is unique to each manufacturer.
- Name must be an array of chars.
- ◆ Postcondition: a manufacturer is created.

#### Destroyer:

- → freeManufacturer: Manufacturer -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Manufacturer
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Manufacturer
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### ADT: Product

<u>Description</u>: Represents a product: a camera or an accessory.

#### Constructors:

- → newProduct: name x code x price x photo x provider x manufacturer
  - -> Product
    - Creates a product with its respective values.
    - ◆ Precondition:
      - Name must be an array of chars.
      - Photo must be an array of chars with an URL to that photo
      - Price and code must be positive integers
      - Provider and manufacturer must be non null
    - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a product is created.

### Destroyer:

- → freeProduct: Product -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for a Product
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:
    - Receives a non null Product
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### ADT: Provider

<u>Description</u>: Represents someone who provides products to clients (accessories and cameras), made by a manufacturer.

#### **Constructors**:

- → newProvider: CIF x name x phone x fax x address x location x province x country x postalCode -> Provider
  - Creates a provider with its respective values.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Every attribute must be an array of chars.
    - CIF must be 3 letter long and respect the <u>incoterm</u> convention
    - Postal code must correspond with address
    - Address, location, province and country must exist
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a provider is created.

# Destroyer:

- → freeProvider: Provider -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for a Provider
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Receives a non null Provider
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

# ADT: Registered User

Description: Represents a user who can buy products

- → newRegisteredUser: name x phone x address x location x province x country x postalCode -> RegisteredUser
  - Creates a registered user with its respective values.
  - ◆ Precondition:

- Every attribute must be an array of chars.
- Postal code must correspond with address
- Address, location, province and country must exist
- ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a registered user is created.

#### Destroyer:

- → freeRegisteredUser: RegisteredUser -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a RegisteredUser
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Receives a non null RegisteredUser
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### ADT: Sale

<u>Description</u>: Represents the purchase made by a registered user in a given time.

#### Constructors:

- → newSale: code x discount -> Sale
  - Creates a Sale with its respective values.
  - Precondition:
    - Code must be a unique positive integer
    - Discount must be a positive number between 0 (included) and 100 (excluded)
  - ◆ Postcondition: a sale is created.

#### <u>Destroyer</u>:

- → freeSale: Sale -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for a Sale
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Receives a non null Sale
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → addProduct: Sale x Product -> void
  - Adds a bought product to the current sale
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u> receives a non null Sale and Product
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition:</u> sale with added product
- → growSaleLineArray: Sale -> void
  - Grows the array containing product that the sale has.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null sale.
    - Array containing product fully filled.
  - ◆ Postcondition:
    - Max capacity of the array duplicated
    - Memory reallocated.
- → removeProduct: Sale x productCode -> void
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null sale
    - productCode must correspond to an existing product.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition:</u> sale with removed product

# Analyzers:

- → endShopping: Sale -> double
  - ◆ Sums the total to be payed and saves it in the total attribute. Defines the time t of the sale.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Sale
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: positive double or 0.

#### ADT: Sale Line

<u>Description</u>: Represents a group of the same product.

- → newSaleLine: product x quantity -> SaleLine
  - ◆ Creates a SaleLine with its respective values.
  - Precondition:
    - Product must be non null
    - Quantity must be a positive integer.

◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a saleLine is created.

# **Destroyer**:

- → freeSaleLine: SaleLine -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a SaleLine
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Receives a non null SaleLine
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

# **EJERCICIO 3**

#### ADT: Borrow

<u>Description</u>: Represents the borrowing of Material from the Library to a Person.

#### **Constructors**:

- → newBorrow: price x returnDays -> Borrow
  - Creates a Borrow structure with that will cost the person a certain price p, that has to be returned r returnDays after time of creation t. Has a borrowCode b that is unique.
  - Precondition:
    - Price must be a positive number
    - ReturnDays must be a positive integer.
  - ◆ Postcondition: a Borrow struct is created.

## <u>Destroyer</u>:

- → freeBorrow: Borrow -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for a Borrow
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Borrow
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

ADT: Library

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Library that contains Material which can be borrowed to Persons.

#### Constructors:

- → newLibrary: -> Library
  - ◆ Creates a Library structure
  - ◆ Precondition: -
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Library is created.

#### Destroyer:

- → freeLibrary: Library -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Library
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Library
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → addMaterial: Library x Material -> void
  - ◆ Adds material to the array of material contained by the library
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>: recieves non null Library and Material
  - ◆ Postcondition: Library with added Material.
- → addPerson: Library x Person -> void
  - ◆ Adds a Person to the array of persons contained by the library
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>: recieves non null Library and Person
  - Postcondition: Library with added Person.
- → addBorrow: Library x Borrow -> void
  - ◆ Adds a Borrow to the array of borrows contained by the library
  - Precondition: recieves non null Library and Borrow
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: Library with added Borrow.
- → generateBorrowCode: Library -> int
  - Generates a unique borrowCode with the aid of an internal attribute contained in Library.
  - ◆ Precondition: receives a non null Library
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition:</u> positive integer.
- → removeMaterial: Library x materialCode -> void
  - ◆ Removes material from the library

- Precondition: materialCode has to correspond to an existing material in the library
- Postcondition: library with removed material
- → removePerson: Library x personCode -> void
  - ◆ Removes person from the library
  - Precondition: personCode has to correspond to an existing person in the library
  - ◆ Postcondition: library with removed person
- → removeBorrow: Library x idBorrow -> void
  - ◆ Removes Borrow from the library
  - Precondition: idBorrow has to correspond to an existing borrow in the library
  - ◆ Postcondition: library with removed borrow

#### ADT: Material

<u>Description</u>: Represents Material contained by a Library that can be a Book or a Magazine.

- → newBook: code x author x title x year x editorial -> Material
  - Creates a Book with its corresponding attributes. MaterialType is 1.
  - Precondition:
    - Author, title and editorial must be char arrays
    - Year must be a positive integer
    - Code must be a unique positive integer
  - ◆ Postcondition: a Book is created.
- → newMagazine: code x title x year x editorial -> Material
  - Creates a Magazine with its corresponding attributes.
    MaterialType is 2.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Title and editorial must be char arrays
    - Year must be a positive integer
    - Code must be a unique positive integer

◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Magazine is created.

#### **Destroyer**:

- → freeMaterial: Material -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Material
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Material
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → enlistMaterial: Material -> void
  - Changes a Material status to available
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Material
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: available Material
- → takeOutMaterial: Material -> void
  - ◆ Changes a Material status to not available
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Material
  - ◆ Postcondition: not available Material

#### ADT: Person

Description: Represents a Person that can be a Student or a Teacher

- → newStudent: name x mail x phone x code x enrollment -> Person
  - Creates a Student with its corresponding attributes.
    PersonType is 1.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:
    - Name and mail must be char arrays
    - Phone code and enrollment must be a positive integer
    - Code must be unique to each Person.
  - ◆ Postcondition: a Student is created.

- → newTeacher: name x mail x phone x code x employeeNumber -> Person
  - Creates a Teacher with its corresponding attributes.
    PersonType is 2.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Name and mail must be char arrays
    - Phone code and employee number must be a positive integer
    - Code must be unique to each Person.
  - Postcondition: a Teacher is created.

#### Destroyer.

- → freePerson: Person -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Person
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Person
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - Postcondition: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

- → takeMaterial: Material x Library x Borrow x Person -> void
  - Person p that takes Material m from Library I creating a Borrow
    b.
  - Precondition: Receives a non null Material, Library, Borrow and Person
  - <u>Postcondition</u>: Person with added Material. Library with less Material.
- → leaveMaterial: Material x Library x Borrow x Person -> void
  - ◆ Person *p* that retrieves Material *m* to the Library *l*, marked by a Borrow *b*.
  - Precondition: receives a non null Material, Library, Borrow and Person
  - Postcondition: Person with less Material. Library with added Material.

# **EJERCICIO 4**

ADT: Client

Description: Represents a Client of the Hotel.

#### Constructors:

→ newClient: name x dni -> Client

- ◆ Creates a Client with its corresponding attributes.
- Precondition:
  - Name must be char array
  - DNI must be a positive integer unique to each client.
- ◆ Postcondition: a Client is created.

# <u>Destroyer</u>:

- → freeClient: Client -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Client
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Client
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

ADT: Room

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Room of a Hotel.

- → newRoom: roomNumber x pricePerDay x roomType -> Client
  - Creates a Client with its corresponding attributes.
  - ◆ Precondition:

- Name must be char array
- DNI must be a positive integer unique to each client.
- ◆ Postcondition: a Client is created.

#### Destroyer:

- → freeRoom: Room -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Room
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Room
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - Postcondition: memory freed.

#### ADT: Reservation

<u>Description</u>: Represents the reservation of a Room in a Hotel.

#### **Constructors**:

- → newReservation: Client x roomNumber x daysToStay -> Reservation
  - Creates a Reservation with its corresponding attributes.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Days to stay must be a positive integer
    - RoomNumber must correspond to an existing, available room
    - Client must be non null
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Reservation is created.

#### <u>Destroyer</u>:

- → freeReservation: Reservation -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Reservation
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Reservation
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

# <u>ADT:</u> Receptionist

<u>Description</u>: Represents the Receptionist of a Hotel that is in charge of reservations.

#### Constructors:

- → newReceptionist: name x dni -> Receptionist
  - ◆ Creates a Receptionist with its corresponding attributes.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Name must be an array of chars
    - Dni must be a positive integer unique to each Receptionist
  - ◆ Postcondition: a Receptionist is created.

#### Destroyer:

- → freeReceptionist: Receptionist -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Receptionist
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Receptionist
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.
- → deleteReservation: clientDNI x Receptionist -> void
  - Receptionist deletes reservation of a client with a certain DNI
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives non null Receptionist
    - Client DNI must correspond to an existing client with a previously made reservation
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: reservation and memory allocated for it deleted.

#### Modifiers:

- → checkln: Client x Receptionist x Hotel -> int
  - ◆ Client checks in at the hotel through the receptionist.
  - ◆ Precondition:

- Receives non null Client, Receptionist and Hotel
- ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: 0 if the Client did not have a reservation and therefore can't check in. 1 if the check in was successful.
- → makeReservation: Client x roomNumber x Receptionist x daysToStay-> void
  - Client makes a reservation of a certain room, through the Receptionist, for a desired amount of days.
  - Precondition:
    - Receives non null Client and Receptionist
    - Room number must correspond to a non-booked room
    - DaysToStay must be a positive integer
  - ◆ Postcondition: reservation made

## ADT: Invoice

<u>Description</u>: Represents the Invoice of a Client's stay in a Hotel.

### **Constructors**:

- → newInvoice: invoiceNumber x nitHotel x hotelName x clientName x clientDNI x price -> Invoice
  - Creates an Invoice with its corresponding attributes.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Client name and hotelName must be an array of chars
    - clientDni must be a positive integer that corresponds to a client that has stayed in the Hotel
    - Unite NIT specific to each country (Argentina: CUIT)
    - Invoice number unique
    - Price positive number
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Receptionist is created.

# Destroyer:

→ freeInvoice: Invoice -> void

- ◆ Frees the memory allocated for an Invoice
- ◆ Precondition:
  - Receives a non null Invoice
  - Language support to dynamically manage memory
- ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed

ADT: Hotel

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Hotel where client can stay.

#### Constructors:

- → **newHotel**: name x nitHotel x roomsMaxCapacity -> Hotel
  - Creates a Hotel with its corresponding attributes.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Name must be an array of chars
    - Unique NIT, specific to each country (*Argentina: CUIT*)
    - RoomsMaxCapacity positive integer
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Hotel is created.

#### **Destroyer**:

- → freeHotel: Hotel -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Hotel.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Hotel
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed

#### Modifiers:

- → addRoom: Hotel x Room -> void
  - ◆ Adds a room the the Hotel.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Hotel and Room
  - ◆ Postcondition: hotel with added room
- → addInvoice: Hotel x Invoice -> void
  - ◆ Adds an Invoice the the Hotel.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Hotel and Invoice

- ◆ Postcondition: hotel with added invoice
- → payRoom: Client x Receptionist x Hotel -> Invoice
  - Pays for a previously reserved room, generating an Invoice (if the operation was successful)
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Client, Receptionist, and Hotel
  - ◆ Postcondition:
    - Invoice if the operation was done correctly, NULL if it wasn't.

#### Analyzers:

- → getRoom: Hotel x roomNumber -> Room
  - ◆ Searches for the room associated to a roomNumber
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Hotel
    - roomNumber must correspond to an existing Room in the Hotel.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: room
- → getInvoiceCode: Hotel -> int
  - ◆ Creates a unique code for an invoice
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Hotel
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: positive unique integer

# **EJERCICIO 5**

ADT: Admin

<u>Description</u>: Represents an Admin of the system.

#### Constructors:

- → newAdmin: name x dni -> Admin
  - Creates a Admin with its corresponding attributes.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Name must be char array
    - DNI must be a positive integer unique to each client.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: an Admin is created.

#### **Destroyer**:

- → freeAdmin: Admin -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for an Admin
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Admin
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

ADT: Client

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Client of the Hotel.

- → newClient: name x numberID -> Client
  - Creates a Client with its corresponding attributes.
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:
    - Name must be char array
    - NumberID must be a positive integer unique to each client.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a Client is created.

#### Destroyer:

- → freeClient: Client -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Client
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Client
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### ADT: Movie

<u>Description</u>: Represents a Movie that can be rented.

#### Constructors:

- → newMovie: name -> Movie
  - ◆ Creates a Movie with a name, and a unique numberID.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Name must be char array
  - ◆ Postcondition: a Client is created.

## **Destroyer**:

- → freeMovie: Movie -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a Movie
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Movie
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifier:

- → rentMovie: Movie x Id x rentalDays -> void
  - Rent a movie for a certain amount of rentalDays
  - ◆ <u>Precondition:</u>
    - Receives a non null Movie and Id
    - RentalDays must be a positive integer
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: movie rented and no longer available

#### ADT: Excess

<u>Description</u>: Represents the excess of time a client took to return a Movie.

#### Constructors:

- → newExcess: costOfMovieRentPerDay -> Excess
  - Creates an Excess, with the cost of renting the corresponding movie per day.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - costOfMovieRentPerDay must be a positive number
  - ◆ Postcondition: an Excess is created

# Destroyer:

- → freeExcess: Excess -> void
  - Frees the memory allocated for an Excess
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Excess
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

# <u>Analyzer</u>:

- → moviesWithoutReturn: DataBase -> int
  - ◆ Gets, through the dataBase, the amount of movies that have yet not been returned
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>: dataBase must be non null.
  - Postcondition: positive integer

#### Modifier:

- → leaveMovie: Movie x Excess -> void
  - Leave a movie with a certain excess.
  - ◆ Precondition: Movie and Excess must be non null
  - ◆ Postcondition: returned movie available for rent

#### ADT: *Id*

<u>Description</u>: Id that has a unique number

#### Constructors:

- → newID: numberId -> Id
  - ◆ Creates an Id
  - ◆ Precondition: -
  - Postcondition: an ID is created

#### Destroyer:

- → freeID: ID -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for an ID
  - ◆ <u>Precondition</u>:
    - Receives a non null ID
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### ADT: Database

<u>Description</u>: Database that manages clients and movies.

#### Constructors:

- → newDataBase: -> DataBase
  - ◆ Creates a DataBase.
  - ◆ Precondition: -
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: a DataBase is created

#### **Destroyer**:

- → freeDataBase: DataBase -> void
  - ◆ Frees the memory allocated for a DataBase
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null DataBase
    - Language support to dynamically manage memory
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition</u>: memory freed.

#### Modifiers:

→ addMovie: Movie x Database -> void

- ◆ Adds material to the array of movies contained by the database
- Precondition: receives non null Movie and DataBase
- Postcondition: Database with added Movie.
- → addClient: Client x Database -> void
  - ◆ Adds a Client to the array of clients contained by the database.
  - ◆ Precondition: receives non null Client and Database
  - Postcondition: Database with added Client.
- → growMovieArray: Database -> void
  - Grows the array containing movies that the database contains.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Database.
    - Array containing product fully filled.
  - **♦** Postcondition:
    - Max capacity of the array duplicated
    - Memory reallocated.
- → growClientArray: Database -> void
  - Grows the array containing clients that the database contains.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Database.
    - Array containing product fully filled.
  - **♦** Postcondition:
    - Max capacity of the array duplicated
    - Memory reallocated.

# Analyzer:

- → getRentMovieClient: Id x Database -> Movie
  - Finds the movies a client rented in the dataBase.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Database and Id
  - Postcondition:
    - Array containing Movies, or empty if the client hasn't rented any.
- → getMoviesAvailable: Database -> Movie
  - Finds every movie that is available to be rented in the Database
  - ◆ Precondition:

- Receives a non null Database
- **◆** Postcondition:
  - Array containing Movies, or empty if there are not available movies to rent.
- → getMovie: movieName x DataBase -> Movie
  - ◆ Finds a movie through its title, in the Database.
  - ◆ Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Database
    - movieName is an array of chars
    - movieName must correspond to an existing movie.
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition:</u> Movie
- → getIdCode: DataBase -> int
  - ◆ Creates unique codes for IDs.
  - **♦** Precondition:
    - Receives a non null Database
  - ◆ <u>Postcondition:</u> positive unique integer.