

MOSHOOD ABIOLA POLYTECHNIC, ABEOKUTA

SCHOOL OF COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

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SCHOOL OF COMMUNICATION AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL STUDIES

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2023/2024 SESSION

COURSE TITLE: USE OF ENGLISH I **UNITS: 2**

COURSE CODE: GNS 101

CLASS: ND I (FT & PT)

Department: Computer Science

TIME: 2 HOURS

INSTRUCTION: Write only your Matric number on this paper.

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN SECTION A AND TWO (2) IN SECTION B

SECTION A:

1. Get your _____ materials ready before the commencement of lecture.
 2. A _____ is a book that gives list of words in alphabetical order and explains their meaning in the same or another language.
 3. _____ Marks are used to make what is written clearer.
 4. In _____, we perceived every sound indiscriminately or unconsciously.
 5. _____ And _____ are factors affecting successful listening skills.
 6. A writer of a poem is called a _____.
 7. The genre of literature that is primarily a lengthy narrative is _____.
 8. _____ is the main idea of any literary work.
 9. A dynamic/round character in a novel is one who _____.
 10. A drama is meant to be acted on _____.
 11. In a sentence, _____ shows the relationship between two nouns or pronouns.
(a) Conjunction (b) Interjection (c) Preposition (d) Adjective.
 12. _____ is the largest unit of essay. (a) Sentence (b) Clause (c) Paragraph (d) Phrase.
 13. _____ is a poem written to show sadness for someone who dies or something that no longer exists. (a) epic (b) elegy (c) dirge (d) ode.

14. _____ And _____ are the major division of a drama. (a) Lines and Stanzas (b) Acts and Scenes
(c) Chapters and Verses (d) Dialogue and Acts.
15. A writer of a novel is called a _____.
16. _____ is the sequence of event in a literary work.
17. The three genres of literature are _____, _____ and _____.
18. _____ is a poem of 14 lines in English written
19. _____ qualifies a noun or tells us more about a noun in sentence.
20. The primary tool of communication is _____.
21. One of the following is not a studying skill. (a) Listening (b) Writing (b) Setting (c) Speaking (d)
Reading.
22. The second R in SQ3R stands for _____. (a) Recall (b) Review (c) Recite (d) Read.
23. One of the following is not a function of a library. (a) Organization of knowledge (b) Preservation
of knowledge (c) Selection of knowledge (d) Dissemination of knowledge.
24. A writer of play is called a _____. (a) Playright (b) author (c) Playwright (d) Playwrighter.
25. _____ read is the fastest form of reading. (a) Study (b) Skimming (c) Scanning (d) Rapid
26. Reading is a _____ activity. (a) Expressive (b) Directive (c) Repressive (d) Receptive
27. The smallest meaningful unit of grammar is _____. (a) Semantic (b) Phonology (c) Morpheme
(d) Phoneme.
28. One of the following is not a source that can aid a user's search in a Library. (a) The note index
(b) The card catalogue (c) The serial index (d) The Bibliography.
29. *The tree bowed quietly before the wind* is an example of _____. (a) Simile (b) Oxymoron (c)
Personification (d) Hyperbole.
30. _____ is the core part of a word. (a) Affix (b) Prefix (c) Base (c) Suffix.

SECTION B: ANSWER ONLY TWO QUESTIONS

1a. What is literature?

1b. Discuss any five (5) functions of literature.

2a. Define Language. ↗

2b. Explain five (5) characteristics of Language. ↗

3a. Explain two (2) different methods of reading.

3b. Explain any three (3) parts of speech.