Assignment 2

Entity-Relationship Diagram (ERD) and Relational Data Model



Submitted by:

Nada Adel - ID: 202102397

CCAS.4.3: Software Engineering Design

Submission Date: October 18, 2024

1 Entities and Attributes

- 1. User: The User entity stores information about the users of the library system.
 - (a) UserID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each user.
 - (b) FirstName The first name of the user.
 - (c) LastName The last name of the user.
 - (d) Email The email address of the user.
 - (e) PhoneNumber The contact number of the user.
- 2. **Book:** The Book entity stores information about the books in the library.
 - (a) BookID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each book.
 - (b) Title The title of the book.
 - (c) Author The author of the book.
 - (d) Condition The condition of the book (e.g., New, Good, Poor).
 - (e) Availability Indicates if the book is currently available for loan.
 - (f) Location The location of the book in the library (e.g., Floor, Section, Shelf).
 - (g) CategoryID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Category entity to classify the book's genre.
 - (h) UpdatedBy (Foreign Key) A reference to the Librarian entity to track who last updated the book's information.
 - (i) UpdateDate The date the book's information was last updated.
- 3. Loan: The Loan entity tracks the books borrowed by users.
 - (a) LoanID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each loan.
 - (b) UserID (Foreign Key) A reference to the User entity to track who borrowed the book.
 - (c) BookID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Book entity to track the borrowed book.
 - (d) LoanDate The date the book was borrowed.
 - (e) DueDate The date the book is due for return.
 - (f) ReturnDate The date the book was returned.
 - (g) ReminderSent Indicates whether an overdue reminder has been sent (Boolean).
 - (h) RenewalCount Tracks the number of times a book loan has been renewed.
- 4. **Reservation:** The Reservation entity tracks books that users have reserved.
 - (a) ReservationID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each reservation.
 - (b) UserID (Foreign Key) A reference to the User entity to track who made the reservation.
 - (c) BookID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Book entity to track the reserved book.
 - (d) ReservationDate The date the book was reserved.
 - (e) IsAvailable Indicates whether the reserved book is available for pickup.
- 5. Fine: The Fine entity tracks fines imposed on users for late book returns.
 - (a) FineID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each fine.
 - (b) UserID (Foreign Key) A reference to the User entity to track who incurred the fine.
 - (c) BookID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Book entity for which the fine was imposed.
 - (d) Amount The amount of the fine.
 - (e) DatePaid The date the fine was paid.
- 6. Category: The Category entity classifies books into genres.
 - (a) CategoryID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each category.

- (b) CategoryName The name of the category (e.g., Fiction, Non-fiction, Science).
- 7. **Notification:** The Notification entity stores notifications sent to users.
 - (a) NotificationID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each notification.
 - (b) UserID (Foreign Key) A reference to the User entity to track who receives the notification.
 - (c) BookID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Book entity related to the notification.
 - (d) NotificationType Describes the type of notification (e.g., OverdueReminder, ReservedBookAvailable).
 - (e) DateSent The date the notification was sent.
- 8. BorrowedHistory: The BorrowedHistory entity maintains a record of all past loans.
 - (a) HistoryID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each history record.
 - (b) UserID (Foreign Key) A reference to the User entity to track who borrowed the book.
 - (c) BookID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Book entity that was borrowed.
 - (d) LoanDate The date the book was borrowed.
 - (e) DueDate The date the book was due for return.
 - (f) ReturnDate The date the book was returned.
- 9. Review: The Review entity allows users to rate and review books.
 - (a) ReviewID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each review.
 - (b) UserID (Foreign Key) A reference to the User entity who submitted the review.
 - (c) BookID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Book entity being reviewed.
 - (d) ReviewText The text of the user's review.
 - (e) Rating The user's rating for the book.
 - (f) ReviewDate The date the review was submitted.
- 10. **InventoryReport:** The InventoryReport entity generates reports on the library's inventory.
 - (a) ReportID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each report.
 - (b) LibrarianID (Foreign Key) A reference to the Librarian entity that generated the report.
 - (c) TotalBooks The total number of books in the library.
 - (d) AvailableBooks The number of books currently available.
 - (e) BorrowedBooks The number of books currently borrowed.
 - (f) ReservedBooks The number of books currently reserved.
- 11. Librarian: The Librarian entity tracks information about the librarians who manage the system.
 - (a) LibrarianID (Primary Key) A unique identifier for each librarian.
 - (b) FirstName The first name of the librarian.
 - (c) LastName The last name of the librarian.
 - (d) Email The email address of the librarian.
 - (e) PhoneNumber The contact number of the librarian.

2 Connections Between Entities

- 1. **User Loan:** One-to-Many relationship. A user can borrow multiple books, but a loan is associated with only one user.
- 2. **User Reservation:** One-to-Many relationship. A user can reserve multiple books, but each reservation is associated with one user.
- 3. **User Fine:** One-to-Many relationship. A user can incur multiple fines, but each fine is related to only one user.
- 4. **User Review:** One-to-Many relationship. A user can write multiple reviews, but each review is associated with one user.
- 5. **Book Loan:** One-to-Many relationship. A book can be loaned multiple times, but each loan is associated with one book.
- 6. **Book Reservation:** One-to-Many relationship. A book can be reserved by multiple users, but each reservation is associated with one book.
- 7. **Book Fine:** One-to-Many relationship. A book can have multiple fines associated with it, but each fine is for one book.
- 8. **Book Review:** One-to-Many relationship. A book can have multiple reviews, but each review is for one book.
- 9. **Book Category:** Many-to-One relationship. A book belongs to one category, but a category can have many books.
- 10. **Librarian Book:** Many-to-One relationship. A librarian can update multiple books, but each update is attributed to one librarian.
- 11. **Librarian InventoryReport:** One-to-Many relationship. A librarian can generate multiple inventory reports, but each report is generated by one librarian.

3 Functional Requirements and How They're Met

3.1 Must Have (M) Requirements

- 1. FR1: The library system must record new books in the library.
 - The Book entity includes attributes like BookID, Title, Author, CategoryID, Condition, and Availability. Librarians can update these details, ensuring that new books are recorded.
- 2. FR2: The system must allow users to search for books by title, author, or category. The Book entity includes Title, Author, and a foreign key CategoryID pointing to the Category entity, allowing books to be searched by these fields.
- 3. FR3: The system must maintain user records, including contact details and borrowed books.

The User entity includes UserID, FirstName, LastName, Email, and PhoneNumber to store user information. Additionally, the Loan and BorrowedHistory entities record which books have been borrowed by which users.

- 4. FR4: The system must support the borrowing and returning of books by users. The Loan entity tracks LoanID, UserID, BookID, LoanDate, DueDate, and ReturnDate, allowing for borrowing and returning of books.
- 5. FR5: The system must send overdue reminders to users.
 - The Notification entity includes NotificationID, UserID, BookID, and NotificationType, which can be used to send overdue reminders when the DueDate in the Loan entity is passed.
- 6. FR6: The system must allow reservation of books by users.
 - The Reservation entity includes ReservationID, UserID, BookID, ReservationDate, and IsAvailable, allowing users to reserve books.

7. FR7: The system must maintain a record of each book's borrowing history.

The BorrowedHistory entity records HistoryID, UserID, BookID, LoanDate, DueDate, and ReturnDate, tracking the borrowing history of each book.

8. FR8: The system must allow librarians to update book information, such as condition, availability, and location within the library.

The Book entity contains Condition, Availability, and Location attributes. The UpdatedBy and UpdateDate attributes allow librarians to update book information.

9. FR9: The system must provide an option to generate fine receipts for users who return books late.

The Fine entity includes FineID, UserID, BookID, Amount, and DatePaid, allowing fines to be generated and managed.

3.2 Should Have (S) Requirements

1. FR10: The system should generate reports on the library's inventory, including available, borrowed, and reserved books.

The InventoryReport entity includes ReportID, TotalBooks, AvailableBooks, BorrowedBooks, and ReservedBooks, allowing the system to generate inventory reports.

2. FR11: The system should allow users to renew book loans online.

The Loan entity includes RenewalCount, which tracks how many times a book has been renewed, allowing users to renew loans.

3. FR12: The library system should provide notifications to users when a reserved book becomes available.

The Notification entity includes NotificationType, allowing the system to notify users when a reserved book becomes available.

4. FR13: The system should support the registration of new users.

The User entity captures user details such as UserID, FirstName, LastName, Email, and PhoneNumber, enabling new user registrations.

5. FR14: The system should provide a book categorization feature based on genre.

The Category entity is linked to the Book entity via CategoryID, allowing books to be categorized by genre.

3.3 Could Have (C) Requirements

1. FR15: The system could allow users to rate books.

The Review entity includes ReviewID, UserID, BookID, ReviewText, and Rating, allowing users to rate and review books.

2. FR16: The library system could allow users to write reviews for books.

Same as FR15. The Review entity stores user-written reviews.

3. FR17: The system could suggest books based on user history.

This functionality could be developed later by using the BorrowedHistory and Review entities to recommend books based on user activity.