

# Computer Networks

# Implementation of Go Back N protocol

Submitted to: Prof. Hossam Fahmy

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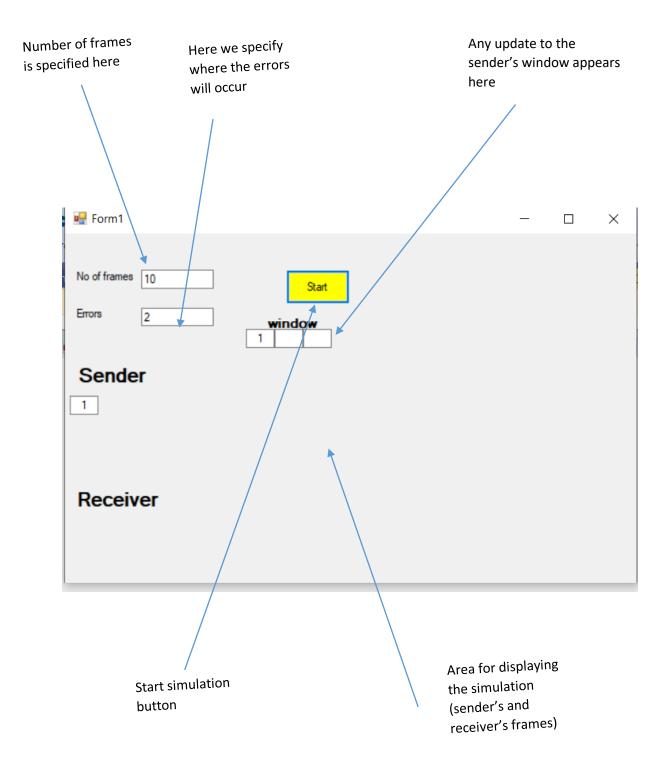
Student code	Team Members' Names
15T0118	عماد مصری ابر اهیم بباوی
1501093	مارینا جرجس شکری جرجس
1501580	ندى ايهاب احمد محمد عبدالجواد
1400004	ابانوب میخائیل عیسی بقطر

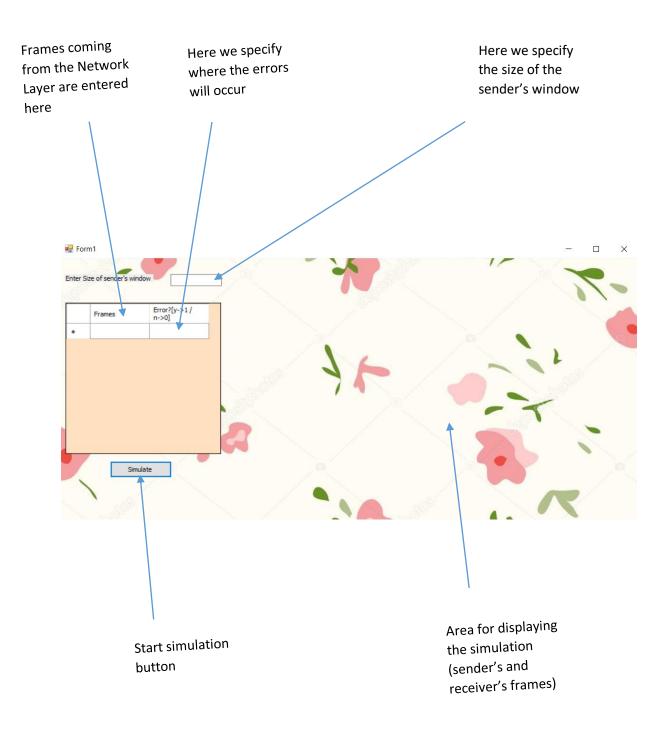
## Go Back N Protocol

We've made two versions for the GUI, as we wanted to make the GUI dynamic (sending and receiving is done one by one in front of the user) but to make this we had to make the sender's window size fixed, so we thought of making another static version of variable sender's window size.

## GUI

#### Version 1





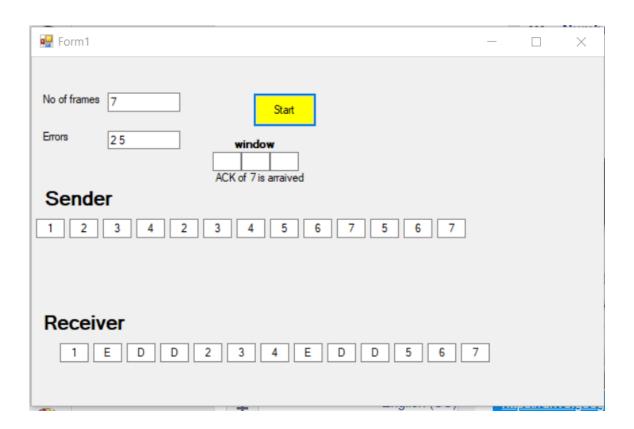
## Test cases snapshots

Version 1 (the dynamic version)

Video demonstrating the GUI (and a test case)

## **CLICK HERE**

#### Test case 2



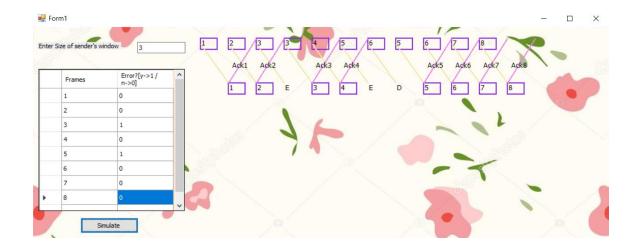
#### Version 2

Video demonstrating the GUI (and a test case)

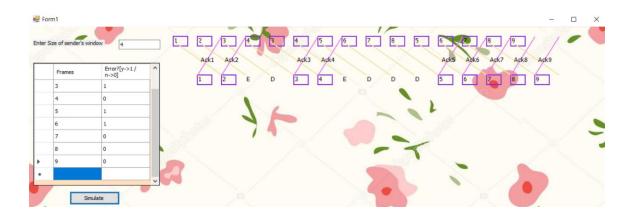
### **CLICK HERE**

#### Test case 2

In the errors section, '1' means an error occurred, and '0' means no error occurred.



### Test case 2



## Code

#### Version 1

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace WindowsFormsApp2
    public partial class Form1 : Form
        List<int> send;
        List<int> error = new List<int>();
        List<string> receive = new List<string>();
        int i = 0;
        int j = 0;
        int now = 0;
        int pos = 5;
        int pos2 = 30;
        int cout = 0;
        int flag = 0;
        TextBox w1 = new TextBox();
        TextBox w2 = new TextBox();
        TextBox w3 = new TextBox();
        Label win = new Label();
        Label ack = new Label();
        string s;
        public Form1()
            InitializeComponent();
        private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
            int no fram = int.Parse(textBox1.Text);
```

```
send = Enumerable.Range(1, no fram).ToList();
for (int u = 1; u \le no fram; u++)
    receive.Add(("" + u));
s = textBox2.Text;
char[] sperator2 = {' '};
string[] new_line = s.Split(sperator2, StringSplitOptions.RemoveEmptyEntries);
foreach (string K in new line)
    error.Add(int.Parse(K));
    for (int l=0 ; 1< 3 ; 1++ )
        send.Insert((error[i]+(l-1)+(3*i)), (error[i] + 1));
        if (1 == 0)
           receive.Insert((error[i] + (l - 1) + (3 * i)), "E");
            receive.Insert((error[i] + (1 - 1) + (3 * i)), "D");
    i++:
1
timer1.Start();
label3.Visible = true;
Point P1 = new Point(190 , 100);
Point P2 = new Point(210 , 85);
win.Location = P2;
win.Text = "window";
win.Font = new System.Drawing.Font("Microsoft Sans Serif", 8F,
System.Drawing.FontStyle.Bold, System.Drawing.GraphicsUnit.Point, ((byte)(0)));
P2.Y = 120;
P2.X = 190;
ack.Location = P2;
w1.Location = P1;
P1.X = 190+30;
```

```
w1.Text = w2.Text;
w2.Text = "";
      cout++;
}
else
{
      TextBox t = new TextBox();
Point Pl = new Point(pos, 170);
t.Location = Pl;
      t.Width = 30;
t.Text = "" + send[now];
t.TextAlign = System.Windows.Forms.HorizontalAlignment.Center;
      this.Controls.Add(t);
      pos += 35;
if (flag == 0)
      {
             w2.Text = "" + send[now];
             else if (cout == 2)
                   w3.Text = "" + send[now];
             else if (cout >= 3)
           {
   ack.Text = "ACK of " + w1.Text + " is arraived";

// ack.Font = new System.Drawing.Font("Microsoft Sans Serif",

//8F, System.Drawing.FontStyle.Bold, System.Drawing.GraphicsUnit.Point, ((byte)(0)));

w1.Text = w2.Text;
w2.Text = w3.Text;
w3.Text = "" + send[now];
}
      }
if (flag == 1)
```

```
if (cout == 1)
           ack.Text = "ACK of " + w1.Text + " is arraived";
   ack.Font = new System.Drawing.Font("Microsoft Sans Serif",
    //8F, System.Drawing.FontStyle.Bold, System.Drawing.GraphicsUnit.Point, ((byte)(0)));
          w1.Text = w2.Text;
          w2.Text = w3.Text;
w3.Text = "";
          flag = 0;
if (w1.Text.Contains(s) && flag == 0)
     cout = -2;
     flag = 1;
cout++;
now++;
if (now == 1)
      timer2.Start();
     label4.Visible = true;
if (now == send.Count())
ack.Text = "ACK of " + w1.Text + " is arraived";
// ack.Font = new System.Drawing.Font("Microsoft Sans Serif",
//8F, System.Drawing.FontStyle.Bold, System.Drawing.GraphicsUnit.Point, ((byte)(0)));
     w1.Text = w2.Text;
     w2.Text = w3.Text;
w3.Text = "";
     cout = 0;
```

```
private void timer2_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    TextBox t = new TextBox();
    Point P1 = new Point(pos2, 300);
    t.Location = P1;
    t.Width = 30;
    t.Text = "" + receive[j];
    t.TextAlign = System.Windows.Forms.HorizontalAlignment.Center;
    this.Controls.Add(t);
    pos2 += 35;

    j++;
    if (j == receive.Count())
    {
        timer2.Stop();
    }
}
```

}

#### Version 2

```
using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.ComponentModel;
using System.Data;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Linq;
using System. Text;
using System. Threading. Tasks;
using System.Windows.Forms;
namespace Networks
    public partial class Form1 : Form
        /*Frame's location (coordinates)*/
        // 16 is an arbitary no.
       /*Data Grid View*/
        DataTable frames_table = new DataTable();
        int count ack tx = 0;
int count ack rx = 0;
int count_tx = 0;
int count_rx = 0;
        public Form1()
            InitializeComponent();
```

```
private void Form1 Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
     /*Data Grid View, acts as network layer, hya manba3 el frames :"D */
     frames_table.Columns.Add("Frames", typeof(int));
     frames_table.Columns.Add("Error?[y->1 / n->0]", typeof(int));
    dataGridView1.DataSource = frames_table;
private void button1_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
    List<int> frame array = new List<int>();
    List<int> error_array = new List<int>();
    List<int> receiver_frames = new List<int>();
     for (int i = 0; i < frames_table.Rows.Count; i++)</pre>
         //frame number
         var tx = dataGridView1.Rows[i].Cells[0].Value; // take value of cell
         string tx_a;
         tx_a = tx.ToString(); // change it to string
         int fr = int.Parse(tx_a);
         frame_array.Add(fr);
         //error condition (y -> 1, n -> 0)
         var cond = dataGridView1.Rows[i].Cells[1].Value; // take value of cell
         string condition;
         condition = cond.ToString(); // change it to string
         int state = int.Parse(condition);
         error array.Add(state);
    int window size = int.Parse(textBox1.Text); // take sender's window size from the textbox
    List<List<int>>> sender window = new List<List<int>>>(); // seq number + timer of each frame
     int counter = 0;
     int fr count = frames table.Rows.Count;
     int count_wind = 0;
     int error = 0;
  int one = 0;
int d = 0;
int receiver_lenght = 0;
  while (fr_count > 0)
      if (fr_count < window_size)</pre>
         window size = fr count;
      for (int i = 0; i < window_size; i++)</pre>
          // take frames from the network layer 3ala ad el sender's window then send them
          sender_window.Add(new List<int> { frame_array[count_wind], 0, error_array[count_wind] });
          if(error_array[count_wind] == 1 && one == 0)
             // if an error occured in a frame, save frame's seq no. to retransmit it again
// the "one" flag is used so that if another frame with an error exists, ignore it (take only first unacked frame)
error = count_wind;
          if (error_array[count_wind] == 0 && d == 0)
             receiver_frames.Add(frame_array[count_wind]);
receiver_lenght++;
          else if (error array[count wind] == 1 && d == 0)
             // 100 stands for E -> error
receiver_frames.Add(100);
             receiver_lenght++;
          else if (d == 1)
              // 200 stands for discard D -> discard
             receiver_frames.Add(200);
receiver_lenght++;
```

```
count_wind++;
        fr count --;
    int count = 0;
    //timer -> unused part
    for (int i = window_size; i > 0; i--)
        sender_window[count][1] = i;
count++;
    // draw all frames in the sender's window even if they have errors
    for (int i = 0; i < window_size; i++)</pre>
        count_ack_tx ++;
    //clear sender's window to fill it again with the first unacked frame again //plus all the frames that comes after it, to retransmit them agian
    sender window.Clear();
    int size = 0;
    if(error != 0) // enter this part only if there exists at least one frame with an error
         // note that "error" contains the seq no. of the first unacked frame (the frame that has )
        for(int j = error; j < error + window_size - (error % window_size); j++)</pre>
            sender_window.Add(new List<int> ( frame_array[j], 0, error_array[j] });
receiver_lenght++;
     // redraw them
   if(error != 0)
       for(int i = 0; i < size; i++)</pre>
           draw_Frame(TX_frame_location[counter, 0], TX_frame_location[counter, 1], sender_window[i][0]);
draw_Ack_tx(TX_ack_location[counter, 0], TX_ack_location[counter, 1], RX_frame_location[count_ack_tx, 0],
RX_frame_location[count_ack_tx, 1]);
counter++;
           count_ack_tx++;
       }
   sender_window.Clear();
error = 0;
one = 0;
                                    -Receiver part-----*/
for(int i = 0; i < receiver_lenght; i++)</pre>
   if(receiver frames[i] == 100)
       else if(receiver_frames[i] == 200)
       draw_Frame(RX_frame_location[i, 0], RX_frame_location[i, 1], receiver_frames[i]);
draw_Ack(RX_frame_location[i, 0], RX_frame_location[i, 1], RX_frame_location[i, 0] + 50, 20, receiver_frames[i]);
count_ack_rx++;
```