SE Sem III (R-2019 C. Scheme) "Computer" Jan-2023 (DSE)

Max. Marks: 80 (Time: 03 hours)

N.B.: (1) Question No.1 is compulsory

- (2) Attempt any threequestions from Q.2 to Q.6
- (3) Figures to the right indicate full marks
- Q. 1 (a) Find the Laplace Transform of $e^{2t} + 4t^3 sin2tcos3t$

(b) Find the Fourier series of f(x) = x, $-\pi < x < \pi$

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- (c) Calculate Spearman's coefficient of rank correlation from the following data

 | X: | 12 | 17 | 22 | 27 | 32 | |
 | Y: | 113 | 119 | 117 | 115 | 121 |
- (d) Find the constants a, b, c, d, e

 if $f(z) = (ax^4 + bx^2y^2 + cy^4 + dx^2 2y^2) + i(4x^3y exy^3 + 4xy)$ is analytic
- Q.2 (a) Determine whether the function $f(z) = \frac{1}{2} log(x^2 + y^2) + itan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$ is analytic and if so, find its derivative.

Find (i) k, (ii)P(X < 4) (iii) $P(3 < X \le 6)$

(c) Evaluate $\int_0^\infty e^{-2t} t \cos t dt$

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- Q.3 (a) Find the Fourier series of $f(x) = \frac{\pi^2}{12} \frac{x^2}{4}$, $\pi < x < \pi$
 - (b) A continuous random variable has probability density function $f(x) = k(x x^2); \quad 0 \le x \le 1$ Find (i) k, (ii) mean, (iii) variance
 - (c) Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s^2+2s+3}{(s^2+2s+5)(s^2+2s+2)}$ 08
- Q.4(a) Find the Laplace Transform of f(t), where f(t) = cost, for $0 < t < \pi$ and f(t) = sint, for $t > \pi$
 - (b) Calculate the Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation from the following

data 72 70 69 68 67 66 67 X: 65 71 69 72 72 68 65 68 67 **Y**:

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(c) Find the Fourier series of
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 \le x \le \pi \\ 2\pi - x, & \pi \le x \le 2\pi \end{cases}$$

Q.5 (a) Find the inverse Laplace transform of
$$\frac{s}{(2s+1)^2}$$

(b) Find the Laplace transform of
$$t \left(\frac{\sin t}{e^t}\right)^2$$

(c) Find the lines of regression for the following data

Find	the line	26	08	1 25	75	82	90	62	65	39
X:	78	30	90	100	68	62	86	58	53	17
Y:	84	51	91	60	00	02	100	7 50	33,	4/

Q.6 (a) Find the mean and the variance of the following distribution Y 1 2 4 5

l V	1 1 1	3	4	2 1, 15 al.	4
Λ	1		0.0	0'2	1
P(X=y)	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.3	1
$P(\Lambda - X)$	0.4	0.1		100	
				((2)	

(b) Find the inverse Laplace transform of
$$log \left(1 + \frac{a^2}{s^2}\right)$$

Find the analytic function
$$f(z) = u + iv$$
 whose imaginary part is $v = x^2 - y^2 + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$