3 (120) 27/1N 29/

$$\int \frac{9^{x} - 4^{x}}{3^{x} - 2^{x}} dx = \int \frac{(3^{x})^{2} - (2^{x})^{2}}{3^{x} - 2^{x}} dx = \int \frac{(3^{x} + 2^{x})(3^{x} - 2^{x})}{3^{x} - 2^{x}} dx$$

$$\int \frac{3^{x} - 2^{x}}{3^{x} - 2^{x}} dx = \int \frac{(3^{x} + 2^{x})(3^{x} - 2^{x})}{3^{x} - 2^{x}} dx$$

$$= \int (3^{\times} + 2^{\times}) dx = \int 3^{\times} dx + \int 2^{\times} dx = \frac{3^{\times}}{\ln 3} + \frac{2^{\times}}{\ln 2} + C$$

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$$= \int (3^{\times} +$$

$$\int \frac{x^{6} - 6x^{5} + 3x^{4} - 10x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 12x - 27}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} dx =$$

$$\frac{x^{2}-6x}{x^{6}-6x^{5}+3x^{4}-10x^{3}-9x^{2}+12x-27} = \frac{1}{x^{4}+3x^{2}}$$

$$\frac{x^{6}-6x^{5}+3x^{4}-10x^{3}-9x^{2}+12x-27}{x^{6}+3x^{4}} = \frac{1}{x^{4}+3x^{4}}$$

$$-6x^{5} -10x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 12x - 27$$

$$-6x^{5} -18x^{3}$$

$$2x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 12x - 27$$

$$-6x^{5}$$
  $-18x^{3}$ 

$$2x^3 - 9x^2 + 12x - 27$$

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$$\frac{x^{6}-6x^{5}+3x^{4}-10x^{3}-9x^{2}+12x-27}{x^{4}+3x^{2}}=x^{2}-6x+\frac{8x^{3}-9x^{2}+12x-27}{x^{4}+3x^{2}}$$

$$\int \frac{x^{6}-6x^{5}+3x^{4}-10x^{3}-9x^{2}+12x-27}{x^{4}+3x^{2}} dx =$$

$$= \int \left( x^{2} - 6x + \frac{8x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 12x - 27}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} \right) dx =$$

$$= \int x^{2} dx - \int 6x dx + \int \frac{8x^{3} - 9x^{2} + 12x - 27}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} dx = \int 3000$$

$$= \int x^{3} dx - 6 \int x dx + \int \frac{8x^{3} + 10x}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} - \frac{9x^{2} + 27}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} \int dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2}} - 6 \int x dx + \int \frac{4x^{3} + 6x}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} dx - \int \frac{9x^{2} + 27}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{4} + 3x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{4} + 27}{x^{4} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{4} + 3}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - 9 \int \frac{x^{2} + 27}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} dx = \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x^{2}} - \frac{x^{2}}{x^{2} + 2x$$

$$= \frac{x^3}{3} - 3x^2 + 2\ln(x^4 + 3x^2) + \frac{9}{x} + C$$

$$\int \frac{\chi^2}{\sqrt{a^2 - \chi^2}} d\chi = \frac{1}{a} \int \frac{\chi^2}{\sqrt{1 - (\frac{\chi}{a})^2}} d\chi =$$

$$t = OwcSin^{\frac{1}{\alpha}}$$
  $101c0$   $x = aSint$   $-\frac{\pi}{2} < t < \frac{\pi}{2}$  ,  $dx = aast dt$ 

$$= \frac{1}{a} \int_{V_{1}}^{a^{3}} \frac{\sin^{2}t \cos t}{\cos t} dt = \frac{1}{a} \int_{V_{0}}^{a^{3}} \frac{\sin^{2}t \cos t}{\sqrt{\cos^{2}t}} dt = \frac{1}{a} \int_{V_{0}}^{a^{3}} \frac{\sin^{2$$

$$1-\sin^2 t = \cos^2 t \cdot \sin 3$$

$$= \int \frac{a^2 \sin^2 t \cos t}{\cos t}$$

$$= \int \frac{a^2 \sin^2 t}{\cos^2 t} \cos^2 t \cos^2 t}$$

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$$= \int \frac{a^2 \sin^2 t}{\cos^2 t} \cos^2 t}$$

$$|V| = Sint V = Sint V = Sint U = -cost U = -$$

$$\int \sin^2 t dt = -\sin t \cos t + \int \cos^2 t dt =$$

$$= -Sint cost + S(1-sin^{2}t)dt =$$

$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} = cos^{2}t$$

$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} dt = -Sint cost + S(dt - Sin^{2}t)dt$$

$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} dt = -Sint cost + C$$

$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} dt = a^{2} \cdot \frac{t-Sint}{a} + C$$

$$= a^{2} \cdot \left(arcSin^{2} - Sin(arcSin^{2})cos(arcSin^{2})\right) + C =$$

$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} dt = a^{2} \cdot \left(arcSin^{2} - a^{2} \cdot v_{1} - a^{2} \cdot v_{2}\right) + C =$$

$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} dt = a^{2} \cdot \left(arcSin^{2} - a^{2} \cdot v_{1} - a^{2} \cdot v_{2}\right) + C =$$

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$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} dt = a^{2} \cdot \left(arcSin^{2} - a^{2} \cdot v_{2}\right) + C =$$

$$\int_{-Sin^{2}t}^{Sin^{2}t} dt = a^{2} \cdot a^{2} \cdot arcSin^{2} - arcSin^{2$$

$$\int \frac{x + \sqrt[3]{x^2} + \sqrt[6]{x}}{x(1+\sqrt[3]{x})} dx = \int \frac{x + x^{\frac{2}{3}} + x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{x(1+x^{\frac{4}{3}})} dx =$$

$$\int \frac{\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)^{6} - \left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)^{4} + x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{\left(x^{\frac{1}{6}}\right)^{1} + x^{\frac{1}{6}}} dx =$$

$$= 6 \cdot \int \frac{(x^{\frac{1}{6}})^{6} + (x^{\frac{1}{6}})^{4} + x^{\frac{1}{6}}}{x^{\frac{1}{6}}(1+x^{\frac{2}{6}})} \cdot \frac{1}{6}x^{-\frac{5}{6}} dx = 0$$

$$t = x^{\frac{1}{6}}$$

$$dt = \frac{1}{6}x^{-\frac{1}{6}} dx$$

$$dt = \frac{1}{6}x^{-\frac{1}{6}} dx$$

$$= 6 \int \frac{t^{6} + t^{4} + t}{t(1+t^{2})} dt = 6 \int \frac{t^{6} + t^{4} + t}{t^{3} + t} dt = 6$$

$$= 6 \int \frac{t^5 + t^3 + 1}{t^2 + 1} dt$$

$$\frac{t^{3}}{t^{5}+t^{3}}+1 \quad t^{2}+1$$

$$\frac{t^{5}+t^{3}+1}{t^{5}+t^{3}}$$

$$\frac{t^{5} + t^{3} + 1}{t^{2} + 1} = t^{3} + \frac{1}{t^{2} + 1}$$

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$$=6 \int t^3 dt + 6 \int \frac{1}{t^2+1} dt = t = x^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= 6 \cdot \frac{t^{4}}{u} + 6 \cdot \arctan(t) + c = \frac{3t^{4}}{a} + 6 \cdot \arctan(t) + c = \frac{3(x^{6})^{4}}{2} + 6 \cdot \arctan(x^{6}) + c = \frac{3\sqrt{x^{2}}}{2} + 6 \cdot \arctan(\sqrt{x}) + c$$

$$\int (2-x)^2 \ln x \, dx =$$

$$u' = \frac{1}{x} \qquad V = -\frac{(\lambda - x)^3}{3}$$

$$= -\ln x \cdot \frac{(2-x)^3}{3} - \int \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{(2-x)^3}{-3} dx = 0.3720$$

$$= -\ln x \cdot \frac{(2-x)^3}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \int \frac{(2-x)^3}{x} dx = \frac{3}{(a-b)^3} = a^3 - 3a^2b + 3ab^2 - b^3$$

$$=-\ln x \cdot \frac{(2-x)^{3}}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \int \frac{8-12x+6x^{2}-x^{3}}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{8-12x+6x^{2}-x^{3}}{x} dx$$

$$\int \frac{-x^3 + 6x^2 - 12x + 8}{x} dx = \int \left(-x^2 + 6x - 12 + \frac{8}{x}\right) dx =$$

$$= \int x^2 dx + 6 \int x dx - 12 \int 1 dx + 8 \int_{x}^{2x} =$$

$$= -\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{36x^{2}}{2} - 12x + 8ln | x| + c$$

$$= -\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{36x^{2}}{2} - 12x + 8ln | x| + c$$

$$= -\frac{x^{3}}{3} + \frac{36x^{2}}{2} - 12x + 8ln | x| + c$$

$$= -\ln x \cdot \frac{(2-x)^3}{3} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(-\frac{x^3}{3} + 3x^2 - 12x + 8\ln|x|\right) + C =$$

$$= -\ln(x) \cdot \frac{(2-x)^3}{3} - \frac{x^3}{9} + x^2 - 4x + \frac{8}{3}\ln(x) + C$$