## Sécurité du Big Data TP Hadoop & Kerberos

```
nadim@nadim:~$ hostnamectl set-hostname server.security-tp.com
nadim@nadim:~S
nadim@server:~$ cat /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1
               localhost
127.0.1.1
               nadim.myquest.virtualbox.org
                                                nadim
127.0.0.1
               client.security-tp.com
127.0.0.1
               server.security-tp.com
# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
       ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters
```

Configuring Kerberos Authentication

When users attempt to use Kerberos and specify a principal or user name without specifying what administrative Kerberos realm that principal belongs to, the system appends the default realm. The default realm may also be used as the realm of a Kerberos service running on the local machine. Often, the default realm is the uppercase version of the local DNS domain.

Default Kerberos version 5 realm:

SECURITY-TP.COM

Configuring Kerberos Authentication

Enter the hostnames of Kerberos servers in the SECURITY-TP.COM Kerberos realm separated by spaces.

Kerberos servers for your realm:

server.security-tp.com

Selecting previously unselected package krb5-admin-server Preparing to unpack .../9-krb5-admin-server\_1.19.2-2\_amd64.deb ... Unpacking krb5-admin-server (1.19.2-2) ... Setting up libgssrpc4:amd64 (1.19.2-2) Setting up krb5-config (2.6+nmu1ubuntu1) ... Setting up libkadm5clnt-mit12:amd64 (1.19.2-2) ... Setting up libkdb5-10:amd64 (1.19.2-2) . Setting up libkadm5srv-mit12:amd64 (1.19.2-2) ... Setting up krb5-user (1.19.2-2) ... Setting up libverto-libevent1:amd64 (0.3.1-1ubuntu3) ... Setting up libverto1:amd64 (0.3.1-1ubuntu3) ... Setting up krb5-kdc (1.19.2-2) ... Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/krb5-kdc.service ightarrow ( lib/systemd/syste m/krb5-kdc.service. Could not execute systemctl: at /usr/bin/deb-systemd-invoke line 142.
Setting up krb5-admin-server (1.19.2-2) ...
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/krb5-admin-server.se vice →/lib/syst emd/system/krb5-admin-server.service. Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.35-0ubuntu3.1) ... Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...

remembered. However, if you lose the password and /etc/krb5kdc/stash, you cannot decrypt your Kerberos datab ase.
Loading random data
Initializing database '/var/lib/krb5kd c/principal' for realm 'SECURITY-TP.CO M',
master key name 'K/M@SECURITY-TP.COM'
You will be prompted for the database Master Password.
It is important that you NOT FORGET th is password.
Enter KDC database master key:
Re-enter KDC database master key to ve rify:

Now that your realm is set up you may wish to create an administrative principal using the addprinc subcomman d of the kadmin.local program. Then, this principal can be added to / etc/krb5kdc/kadm5.acl so that you can use the kadmin program on othe r computers. Kerberos admin principals usually belong to a single user and end in /admin. For example, if jruser is a Kerberos admin istrator, then in addition to the normal jruser principal, a jruser/ admin principal should be created. Don't forget to set up DNS information so your clients can find your KDC and admin servers. Doing so is do cumented in the administration quide. nadim@server:~\$

/etc/krb5kdc/kadm5.acl \*
# This file Is the access control list >
# When this file is edited run service >
# One common way to set up Kerberos adm>
# ending in /admin is given full admin>
# To enable this, uncomment the followi>
\*/admin \*

```
nadim@server:~$ sudo kadmin.local
Authenticating as principal root/admin@SECURITY-TP.COM with password.
kadmin.local: addprinc nadim
No policy specified for nadim@SECURITY-TP.COM; defaulting to no policy
Enter password for principal "nadim@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Re-enter password for principal "nadim@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Principal "nadim@SECURITY-TP.COM" created.
nadim@server:~$ kinit nadim
Password for nadim@SECURITY-TP.COM:
nadim@server:~$ klist
Ticket cache: FILE:/tmp/krb5cc_1000
Default principal: nadim@SECURITY-TP.COM
Valid starting
                    Expires
                                          Service principal
30/11/2022 12:05:31 30/11/2022 22:05:31 krbtqt/SECURITY-TP.COM@SECURITY-TP.COM
       renew until 01/12/2022 12:05:27
Principal: nadim@SECURITY-TP.COM
Expiration date: [never]
Last password change: Wed Nov 30 11:57:53 WAT 2022
Password expiration date: [never]
Maximum ticket life: 0 days 10:00:00
Maximum renewable life: 7 days 00:00:00
Last modified: Wed Nov 30 11:57:53 WAT 2022 (root/admin@SECURITY-TP.COM)
Last successful authentication: Wed Nov 30 12:05:31 WAT 2022
Last failed authentication: [never]
Failed password attempts: 0
Number of keys: 2
Key: vno 1, aes256-cts-hmac-sha1-96
Key: vno 1, aes128-cts-hmac-sha1-96
MKey: vno 1
Attributes: REQUIRES PRE AUTH
Policy: [none]
                                   nadim@server: ~
                                                                         _ D X
openjdk-11-jdk
                        openjdk-11-jre-headless
nadim@server:~$ sudo apt install openjdk-11-jdk
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
openjdk-11-jdk is already the newest version (11.0.17+8-1ubuntu2~22.04).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  libflashrom1 libftdi1-2
Use 'sudo apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 46 not upgraded.
nadim@server:~$ java -version
openjdk version "11.0.17" 2022-10-18
OpenJDK Runtime Environment (build 11.0.17+8-post-Ubuntu-1ubuntu222.04)
OpenJDK 64-Bit Server VM (build 11.0.17+8-post-Ubuntu-1ubuntu222.04, mixed mode,
sharing)
nadim@server:~$ sudo adduser hadoop
Adding user `hadoop' ...
Adding new group `hadoop' (1001) ...
Adding new user `hadoop' (1001) with group `hadoop' ...
Creating home directory `/home/hadoop' ...
Copying files from `/etc/skel' ...
New password:
BAD PASSWORD: The password is shorter than 8 characters
```

Retype new password:

```
_ _ X
                                                             nadim@server: ~
 sharing)
nadim@server:~$ sudo adduser hadoop
Adding user `hadoop' ...
Adding new group `hadoop' (1001) ...
Adding new user `hadoop' (1001) with group `hadoop' ...
Creating home directory `/home/hadoop' ...
Copying files from `/etc/skel' ...
New password:
BAD PASSWORD: The password is shorter than 8 characters
Retype new password:
Sorry, passwords do not match.
New password:
BAD PASSWORD: The password is shorter than 8 characters
Retype new password:
passwd: password updated successfully
Changing the user information for hadoop
Enter the new value, or press ENTER for the default
              Full Name []: nadim
              Room Number []:
Work Phone []:
              Home Phone []:
              Other []:
Is the information correct? [Y/n] Y
nadim@server:~$
   loop@server:~$ ssh-keygen -t rsaa
hadoop@server:~$ ssh-keygen -t rsaa
unknown key type rsaa
hadoop@server:~$ ssh-keygen -t rsa
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
Enter file in which to save the key (/home/hadoop/.ssh/id_rsa):
Created directory '/home/hadoop/.ssh'.
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):
Enter same passphrase again:
Your identification has been saved in /home/hadoop/.ssh/id_rsa_Nuh.
 our public key has been saved in /home/hadoop/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
he key fingerprint is:
HA256:IBL6hWHoLKQlnxICpuA0YK9mHTkCWsYdi8E38+5R8XM hadoop@server.security-tp.com
 he key's randomart image is:
BOB...
#****.
XB+B++. 0
|++*00... 0 E
|.=....S 0
```

```
_ 0 ×
                                                                                                           hadoop@server: ~
reating SSH2 ECDSA key; this may take some time ...
256 SHA256:r2LkCVpkpkg7ym68W95yMyvvoERo0OBNoe978YtCn7M root@server.security-tp.com (ECDSA)
236 SHAZ56:rZLKCVpKpKg/ym68w95yMyvvoER000BN0e978YtCn7M root@server.security-tp.com (ECDSA)

Creating SSH2 ED25519 key; this may take some time ...

256 SHAZ56:ZfQIkuqNDIZyoie440+dVwT//XqFM+d0QJWc8Gzwbq8 root@server.security-tp.com (ED25519)

Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/sshd.service → /lib/systemd/system/ssh.service.

Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/ssh.service → /lib/systemd/system/ssh.service.

rescue-ssh.target is a disabled or a static unit, not starting it.

Personal to a static unit, not starting it.
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
Processing triggers for ufw (0.36.1-4build1) ...
hadoop@server:~$ ssh localhost
The authenticity of host 'localhost (127.0.0.1)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:ZfQIkuqNDIZyoie44o+dVwT//XqFM+d0QJWc8Gzwbq8.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Harning: Permanently added 'localhost' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Welcome to Ubuntu 22.04.1 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.15.0-53-generic x86_64)
    Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage
 * Management:
 * Support:
19 updates can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable
*** System restart required ***
The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by applicable law.
  doop@server:~$
```

## hadoop@server:~ hadoop@server:~13x35 hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-archives/tnages/bg.jpg hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-archives/tnages/newrindow.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-archives/tnages/newrindow.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/pject-reports.html hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/pject-reports.html hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/css/maven-base.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/css/maven-base.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/css/maven-base.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/css/maven-base.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/css/maven-base.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/css/maven-base.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/css/maven-base.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/syssyste.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/syssyste.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/syssyste.css hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/pache-naven-project-2.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/pache-naven-project-2.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logo\_maven-pg hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logo\_maven-pg hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logos/build-by-maven-black.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logos/build-by-maven-black.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logos/build-by-maven-white.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logos/build-by-maven-white.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logos/build-by-maven-white.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logos/build-by-maven-white.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logos/paven-feather.png hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logo\_pache-jpg hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-nfs/tnages/logo\_pache-jpg hadoop-3.3.4/share/doc/hadoop/hadoop-hdfs-n

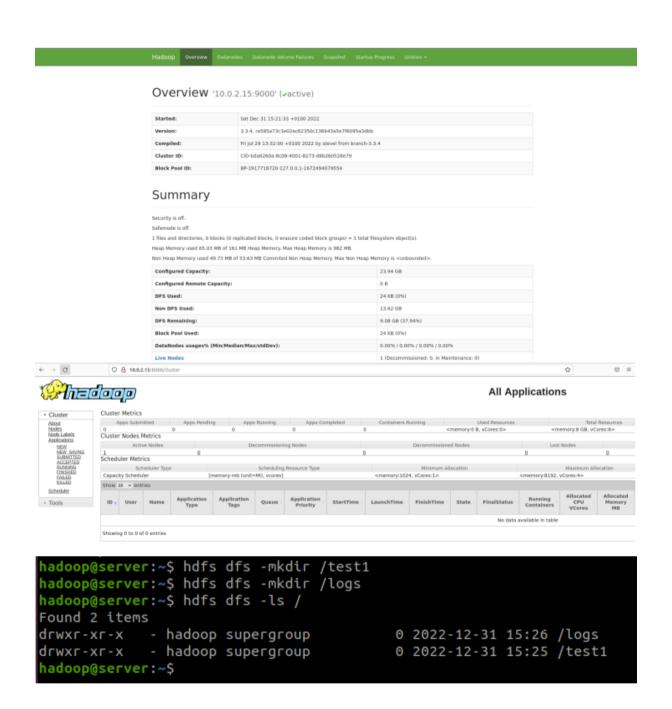
hadoop@server:-\$ nano ~/.bashrc hadoop@server:-\$ source ~/.bashrc hadoop@server:-\$



```
hadoop@server: ~
.
2022-12-31 14:20:01,233 INFO namenode.FSDirectory: XAttrs enabled? true
2022-12-31 14:20:01,233 INFO namenode.NameNode: Caching file names occurring more than 10 times
2022-12-31 14:20:01,237 INFO namenoue.Manenoue: Cachting Fitte names occurring More than 10 times
2022-12-31 14:20:01,237 INFO snapshot.SnapshotManager: Loaded config captureOpenFiles: false, skipCaptureAcco
meOnlyChange: false, snapshotDiffAllowSnapRootDescendant: true, maxSnapshotLimit: 65536
2022-12-31 14:20:01,239 INFO snapshot.SnapshotManager: SkipList is disabled
022-12-31 14:20:01,242 INFO util.GSet: Computing capacity for map cachedBlocks
2022-12-31 14:20:01,242 INFO uttl.GSet: Computing capacity for map cachedblocks
2022-12-31 14:20:01,242 INFO uttl.GSet: VM type = 64-bit
2022-12-31 14:20:01,243 INFO uttl.GSet: 0.25% max memory 982 MB = 2.5 MB
2022-12-31 14:20:01,243 INFO uttl.GSet: capacity = 2^18 = 262144 entries
2022-12-31 14:20:01,251 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.window.num.buckets = 10
.
2022-12-31 14:20:01,251 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.num.users = 10
.022-12-31 14:20:01,252 INFO metrics.TopMetrics: NNTop conf: dfs.namenode.top.windows.minutes = 1,5,25
 022-12-31 14:20:01,273 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache on namenode is enabled
 022-12-31 14:20:01,274 INFO namenode.FSNamesystem: Retry cache will use 0.03 of total heap and retry cache
expiry time is 600000 millis
.022-12-31 14:20:01,276 INFO util.GSet: Computing capacity for map NameNodeRetryCache
022-12-31 14:20:01,277 INFO util.GSet: 0.029999999329447746% max memory 982 MB = 301.7 KB
.
1022-12-31 14:20:01,277 INFO util.GSet: capacity = 2^15 = 32768 entries
1022-12-31 14:20:01,345 INFO namenode.FSImage: Allocated new BlockPoolId: BP-809035661-127.0.0.1-16724928013
1022-12-31 14:20:01,378 INFO common.Storage: Storage directory /home/hadoop/hadoopdata/hdfs/namenode has beer
essfully formatted.
2022-12-31 14:20:01,506 INFO namenode.FSImageFormatProtobuf: Saving image file /home/hadoop/hadoopdata/hdfs/
2022-12-31 14:20:01,748 INFO namenode.FSImage: FSImageSaver clean checkpoint: txid=0 when meet shutdown.
2022-12-31 14:20:01,763 INFO namenode.NameNode: SHUTDOWN_MSG:
SHUTDOWN_MSG: Shutting down NameNode at server.security-tp.com/127.0.0.1
 adoop@server:~$
hadoop@server:~$ start-dfs.sh
Starting namenodes on [hadoop.tecadmin.com]
nadoop.tecadmin.com: ssh: connect to host hadoop.tecadmin.com port 22: Connection timed out
Starting datanodes
Starting secondary namenodes [server.security-tp.com]
server.security-tp.com: Warning: Permanently added 'server.security-tp.com' (ED25519) to the list of known hos
 nadoop@server:~$ start-yarn.sh
Starting resourcemanager
Starting nodemanagers
 adoop@server:~$
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
Processing triggers for dbus (1.12.20-2ubuntu4.1) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.35-0ubuntu3.1) ...
hadoop@server:~$ firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=9870/tcp
hadoop@server:~$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=9870/tcp
success
hadoop@server:~$ sudo firewall-cmd --permanent --add-port=8088/tcp
success
hadoop@server:~$
hadoop@server:~$ sudo firewall-cmd --reload
success
 hadoop@server:~$ jps
35248 ResourceManager
```

35248 ResourceManager 35024 SecondaryNameNode 35927 NameNode 35385 NodeManager 36095 DataNode 36383 Jps

hadoop@server:~\$



ETAPE 4: Configurer un domaine Kerberos valide (KDC)

```
adim@server:~$ systemctl status krb5-kdc
krb5-kdc.service - Kerberos 5 Key Distribution Center
     Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/krb5-kdc.service; enabled; vendor pres
     Active: active (running) since Sun 2023-02-19 18:59:56 WAT; 25min ago
  Main PID: 734 (krb5kdc)
      Tasks: 1 (limit: 4625)
     Memory: 1.6M
        CPU: 121ms
     CGroup: /system.slice/krb5-kdc.service
              -734 /usr/sbin/krb5kdc -P /var/run/krb5-kdc.pid
Warning: some journal files were not opened due to insufficient permissions.
nadim@server:~$ systemctl status krb5-admin-server
🌘 krb5-admin-server.service - Kerberos 5 Admin Server
     Loaded: loaded (/lib/systemd/system/krb5-admin-server.service; enabled; ve>
     Active: active (running) since Sun 2023-02-19 18:59:55 WAT; 26min ago
  Main PID: 666 (kadmind)
      Tasks: 1 (limit: 4625)
     Memory: 3.0M
        CPU: 117ms
     CGroup: /system.slice/krb5-admin-server.service
              -666 /usr/sbin/kadmind -nofork
```

ETAPE 5: Connecter le serveur Hadoop à votre domaine Kerberos

```
GNU nano 6.2
                                             /home/hadoop/hadoop/etc/hadoop/core-site.xml
?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
?xml-stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="configuration.xsl"?>
Licensed under the Apache License, Version 2.0 (the "License"); you may not use this file except in compliance with the License. You may obtain a copy of the License at
    http://www.apache.org/licenses/LICENSE-2.0
Unless required by applicable law or agreed to in writing, software distributed under the License is distributed on an "AS IS" BASIS, WITHOUT WARRANTIES OR CONDITIONS OF ANY KIND, either express or implied.
 See the License for the specific language governing permissions and limitations under the License. See accompanying LICENSE file.
!-- Put site-specific property overrides in this file. -->
         opertv>
                      <name>fs.defaultFS</name>
                      <value>hdfs://10.0.2.15:9000</value>
                      <name>hadoop.security.authentication
                      <value>kerberos</value>
          property>
                      <name>hadoop.security.authorization</name>
                      <value>true</value>
          </property>
```

```
GNU nano 6.2 /home/hadoop/etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.sh *

prefer any Xms setting in their respective _OPT variable.

There is no default; the JVM will autoscale based upon machine

# memory size.

# export HADOOP_HEAPSIZE_MIN=

# Enable extra debugging of Hadoop's JAAS binding, used to set up

# Kerberos security.

# export HADOOP_JAAS_DEBUG=true

# Extra Java runtime options for all Hadoop commands. We don't support

# IPv6 yet/still, so by default the preference is set to IPv4.

# export HADOOP_OPTS="-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true"

# For Kerberos debugging, an extended option set logs more information

# export HADOOP_OPTS="-Djava.net.preferIPv4Stack=true"

# Some parts of the shell code may do special things dependent upon

# the operating system. We have to set this here. See the next

# section as to why....

* export HADOOP_OS_TYPE=${HADOOP_OS_TYPE:-$(uname -s)}

# Extra Java runtime options for some Hadoop commands

# and clients (i.e., hdfs dfs -blah). These get appended to HADOOP_OPTS for

**G Help **O Write Out **M Where Is **K Cut **T Execute **C Location **M-U Undo **K Exit **O Read File **O Paste **O Justify **O To Line **M-E Redo
```

```
hadoop@server:~$ sudo kadmin.local
Authenticating as principal root/admin@SECURITY-TP.COM with password.
kadmin.local: addprinc -randkey hadoop/server.security-tp.com@SECURITY-TP.COM
No policy specified for hadoop/server.security-tp.com@SECURITY-TP.COM; defaulting to no policy
Principal "hadoop/server.security-tp.com@SECURITY-TP.COM" created.
kadmin.local: xst -k /path/to/hadoop.keytab hadoop/server.security-tp.com@SECURITY-TP.COM
kadmin.local: Key table file '/path/to/hadoop.keytab' not found while adding key to keytab
kadmin.local: xst -k /home/hadoop/hadoop/etc/hadoop/hadoop/server.security-tp.com@SECU
RITY-TP.COM
Entry for principal hadoop/server.security-tp.com@SECURITY-TP.COM with kvno 3, encryption type aes256
-cts-hmac-sha1-96 added to keytab WRFILE:/home/hadoop/hadoop/etc/hadoop/hadoop.keytab.
Entry for principal hadoop/server.security-tp.com@SECURITY-TP.COM with kvno 3, encryption type aes128
-cts-hmac-sha1-96 added to keytab WRFILE:/home/hadoop/hadoop/etc/hadoop/hadoop.keytab.
```

```
hadoop@server:~$ stop-all.sh
WARNING: Stopping all Apache Hadoop daemons as hadoop in 10 seconds.
WARNING: Use CTRL-C to abort.
Stopping namenodes on [10.0.2.15]
Stopping datanodes
Stopping secondary namenodes [server.security-tp.com]
Stopping nodemanagers
Stopping resourcemanager
```

ETAPE 6: Créer plusieurs utilisateurs dans le domaine Kerberos, et mettre en place des droits différents sur Hadoop

```
hadoop@server:~$ sudo kadmin.local -q "addprinc user1
Authenticating as principal root/admin@SECURITY-TP.COM with password.
No policy specified for user1@SECURITY-TP.COM; defaulting to no policy
Enter password for principal "user1@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Re-enter password for principal "user1@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Principal "user1@SECURITY-TP.COM" created.
hadoop@server:~$ sudo kadmin.local -q "addprinc user2"
Authenticating as principal root/admin@SECURITY-TP.COM with password.
No policy specified for user2@SECURITY-TP.COM; defaulting to no policy
Enter password for principal "user2@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Re-enter password for principal "user2@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Principal "user2@SECURITY-TP.COM" created.
hadoop@server:~$ sudo kadmin.local -q "addprinc user3"
Authenticating as principal root/admin@SECURITY-TP.COM with password.
No policy specified for user3@SECURITY-TP.COM; defaulting to no policy
Enter password for principal "user3@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Re-enter password for principal "user3@SECURITY-TP.COM":
Principal "user3@SECURITY-TP.COM" created.
```

```
hadoop@server:~$ hdfs dfs -setfacl -m user:user1:rwx /test
hadoop@server:~$ hdfs dfs -setfacl -x user:user2 /test
```

ETAPE 7: Vérifier que la liaison fonctionne correctement et retourner un cas simple : hadoop fs -ls

```
hadoop@server:~$ hdfs dfs -getfacl /test
# file: /test
# owner: hadoop
# group: supergroup
user::rwx
user:user1:rwx
group::r-x
mask::rwx
other::r-x
```

```
hadoop@server:~$ hadoop fs -ls /
Found 1 items
drwxrwxr-x+ - hadoop supergroup 0 2023-02-19 22:01 /test
```

PARTIE BONUS : Schéma de l'architecture

	+      Active			
	Direct	ory		
	++		i	
	1		i	
	İ	Kerberos	İ	
	1		1	
+	v	/+	+v	+
1		1	I	l l
!	NameNode	1	NameNode 2	!
ı		I	I	
+	+	+	+	+
+	ا +		+	+
1		1		1
i i		1		
++		+v	+	++
1 1		I		
DataNode		DataNode		DataNode
+		+	+	++