



Tools Menu: Depth Conversion Tool: Compute Isopach Map

Compute Isopach Map

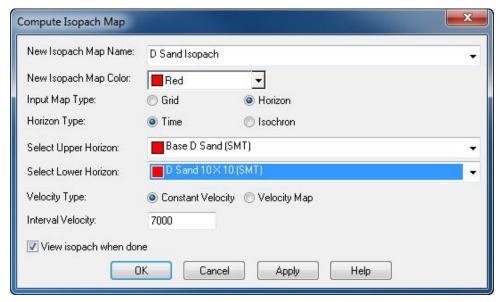
Tools > Depth Conversion > Compute Isopach Map

The **Compute Isopach Map** tool uses two time surfaces or an isochron map, which is converted to depth using velocity information to create an isopach map.

An **isopach** is the absolute value of the difference between two depths. The first (shallower) time map is subtracted from the second (deeper) time map creating an isochron. The velocity function is then employed to convert the isochron to depth, resulting in an isopach.

An isopach map is generated from isopach control points, or time-velocity pairs within the interval.

The output will either be a grid or horizon in feet or meters.



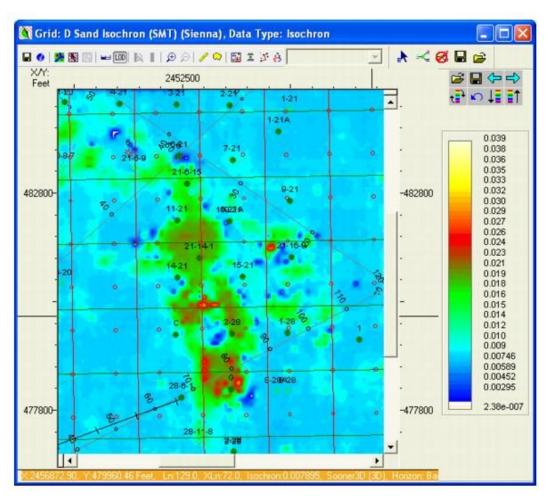
Dialog box items include:

- **New Isopach Map Name** is the output grid name. Enter a new isopach name, or use the down arrow to select an existing isopach grid for the output. If an existing grid is selected, then it will be overwritten. Only grids with [*Isopach (Depth)] as the grid data type will appear in this list.
- New Isopach Map Color sets the display color for the new isopach map. Use the down arrow to select a color from the color palette.
- Input Map Type specifies whether the input time surfaces are Grids or Horizons.
- Horizon/Grid Type specifies whether the surfaces are two Time horizons or grids, or one single Isochron
 map.
- Select Upper Horizon/Grid is valid with the Time horizon/grid type. This specifies the shallower time surface
 that will be converted to depth. Use the down arrow to select the upper input time horizon or grid that will be
 used to calculate the isopach control points. The seismic datum <Seismic Datum> can also be used as the
 upper horizon or grid.
- · Select Lower Horizon/Grid is valid with the Time horizon/grid type. This specifies the deeper time surface

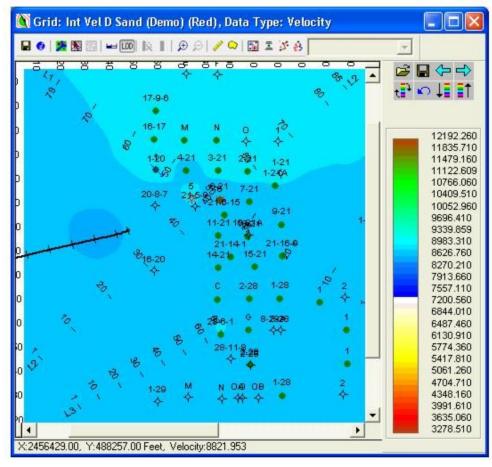
that will be converted to depth. Use the down arrow to select the lower input time horizon or grid that will be used to calculate the isopach control points.

- Select Isochron Map/Grid is valid with the Isochron horizon/grid type. This specifies the isochron map that
 will be converted to depth. Use the down arrow to select the isochron horizon or grid that will be used to
 calculate the isopach control points.
- **Velocity Type** specifies whether the interval velocity used in the depth conversion will come from a **Constant** or an existing **Velocity Map**.
- Interval Velocity specifies a constant interval velocity value.
- Interval Velocity Map specifies an existing interval velocity map. Use the down arrow to select the interval velocity grid that will be used to calculate the isopach control points. Only grids with [*Velocity (Time)] as the grid data type will appear in this list. Naturally, the interval velocity map should have been computed using the same two time surfaces as the Upper and Lower Horizon/Grid.
- View isopach when done, when checked, automatically displays the calculated isopach map in a new base map. When unchecked, the resulting isopach map will not display on a base map but will be available in the Project Tree.
- OK accepts selections and closes the dialog box. The <u>Grid: Specify Grid Parameter (for Velocity/Depth Map)</u> dialog box opens.
 - Select the gridding algorithm parameters, or accept the defaults and click **OK**.

Example



Above is the resulting D Sand Isochron Map with time values from 0.014 to 0.00892 seconds.



Above is the resulting D Sand Interval Velocity Map between the D Sand Grid and the Base D Sand Grid with velocity values from 12,192.259 to 3,278.05 feet/second. This map indicates that there are multiple rock layers within the interval.

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