

HTTPS和HTTP使用同一个端口

原理

NGINX 1.15.2版本中新增了一个关键功能，`stream_ssl_preread` 模块允许在协议握手阶段，从消息中提取协议类型或域名信息，根据不同的协议或域名进行转发。

在使用TCP(stream)代理转发流量时,可以使用 `ssl_preread_protocol` 变量区分SSL/TLS和其他协议。

`ssl_preread_protocol` 变量从消息字段中提取SSL/TLS 版本号。如果不是 SSL 或 TLS 连接，则变量将为空，表示连接使用的是 SSL/TLS 以外的协议。

`ssl_preread_protocol` 变量值：

- TLSv1
- TLSv1.1
- TLSv1.2
- TLSv1.3
- "" 非SSL/TLS 协议

配置示例

```

1 stream {
2     upstream web {
3         server 192.168.56.114:8080;
4     }
5
6     upstream https {
7         server 192.168.56.114:8443;
8     }
9
10    log_format basic 'ssl_version: $ssl_preread_protocol | upstream: $upstream';
11    access_log /var/log/nginx/nginx-access.log basic ;
12
13    map $ssl_preread_protocol $upstream {
14        "" web;
15        "TLSv1.3" https;
16        default https;
17    }
18
19    # HTTPS and HTTP on the same port
20    server {
21        listen 80;
22
23        proxy_pass $upstream;
24        ssl_preread on;
25    }
26 }

```

```

1 server {
2     listen      8080;
3     listen      8443 ssl;
4     server_name localhost;
5
6     ssl_certificate      /home/ssl/server.crt;
7     ssl_certificate_key  /home/ssl/server.key;
8     ssl_protocols       TLSv1 TLSv1.1 TLSv1.2 TLSv1.3;
9     ssl_ciphers          HIGH:!aNULL:!MD5;
10    ssl_password_file    /home/ssl/cert.pass;
11
12    location / {
13        root    /usr/share/nginx/html;
14        index   index.html index.htm;
15    }
16
17    error_page    500 502 503 504    /50x.html;
18    location = /50x.html {
19        root    /usr/share/nginx/html;
20    }
21
22 }

```

如果要通过（例如）在同一端口上运行 **SSL/TLS** 和 其他TCP服务(例如SSH或数据库)来避免防火墙限制，这将非常有用。

除了 **ssl_preread_protocol** 变量，还支持以下变量：

- **ssl_preread_server_name** 获取请求的服务器名称
- **ssl_preread_alpn_protocols** 获取ALPN 协议列表,这些值用逗号分隔(例如 **h2,http/1.1**)

添加模块

nginx默认不包含 **stream_ssl_preread** 模块，我们需要自动从源码进行编译。

```

1 #查看nginx详细信息
2 nginx -V

```

```

nginx version: nginx/1.22.1 ← 版本
built by gcc 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44) (GCC)
built with OpenSSL 1.0.2k-fips 26 Jan 2017 ← 配置和模块信息
TLS SNI support enabled
configure arguments: --prefix=/etc/nginx --sbin-path=/usr/sbin/nginx --modules-path=/usr/lib64/nginx/module
s --conf-path=/etc/nginx/nginx.conf --error-log-path=/var/log/nginx/error.log --http-log-path=/var/log/nginx
/access.log --pid-path=/var/run/nginx.pid --lock-path=/var/run/nginx.lock --http-client-body-temp-path=/va
r/cache/nginx/client_temp --http-proxy-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/proxy_temp --http-fastcgi-temp-path=/var/
cache/nginx/fastcgi_temp --http-uwsgi-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/uwsgi_temp --http-scgi-temp-path=/var/cach
e/nginx/scgi_temp --user=nginx --group=nginx --with-compat --with-file-aio --with-threads --with-http_addit
ion_module --with-http_auth_request_module --with-http_dav_module --with-http_flv_module --with-http_gunzip
_module --with-http_gzip_static_module --with-http_mp4_module --with-http_random_index_module --with-http_r
ealip_module --with-http_secure_link_module --with-http_slice_module --with-http_ssl_module --with-http_stu
b_status_module --with-http_sub_module --with-http_v2_module --with-mail --with-mail_ssl_module --with-stre
am --with-stream_realip_module --with-stream_ssl_module --with-stream_ssl_preread_module --with-cc-opt='-O2
-g -pipe -Wall -Wp,-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -fexceptions -fstack-protector-strong --param=ssp-buffer-size=4 -gr
ecord-gcc-switches -m64 -mtune=generic -fPIC' --with-ld-opt='-Wl,-z,relro -Wl,-z,now -pie'

```

下载对应版本的源码: <http://nginx.org/download/nginx-1.22.1.tar.gz>

安装依赖

```

1 yum install -y pcre pcre-devel openssl openssl-devel \
2     zlib zlib-devel gcc gcc-c++

```

```

1 tar -zxvf nginx-1.22.1.tar.gz
2 cd nginx-1.22.1
3
4 # 在原有的配置参数上加入 --with-stream_ssl_preread_module
5 ./configure --with-stream_ssl_preread_module \
6     --prefix=/etc/nginx --sbin-path=/usr/sbin/nginx --modules-path=
/usr/lib64/nginx/modules --conf-path=/etc/nginx/nginx.conf --error-log-path
/var/log/nginx/error.log --http-log-path=/var/log/nginx/access.log --pid-p
ath=/var/run/nginx.pid --lock-path=/var/run/nginx.lock --http-client-body-t
emp-path=/var/cache/nginx/client_temp --http-proxy-temp-path=/var/cache/ngi
nx/proxy_temp --http-fastcgi-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/fastcgi_temp --http
-uwsgi-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/uwsgi_temp --http-scgi-temp-path=/var/cac
he/nginx/scgi_temp --user=nginx --group=nginx --with-compat --with-file-aio
--with-threads --with-http_addition_module --with-http_auth_request_module
--with-http_dav_module --with-http_flv_module --with-http_gunzip_module --
with-http_gzip_static_module --with-http_mp4_module --with-http_random_inde
x_module --with-http_realip_module --with-http_secure_link_module --with-ht
tp_slice_module --with-http_ssl_module --with-http_stub_status_module --wit
h-http_sub_module --with-http_v2_module --with-mail --with-mail_ssl_module
--with-stream --with-stream_realip_module --with-stream_ssl_module --with-s
tream_ssl_preread_module --with-cc-opt='-O2 -g -pipe -Wall -Wp,-D_FORTIFY_S
OURCE=2 -fexceptions -fstack-protector-strong --param=ssp-buffer-size=4 -gr
ecord-gcc-switches -m64 -mtune=generic -fPIC' --with-ld-opt='-Wl,-z,relro -
Wl,-z,now -pie'

```

编译好的nginx在objs目录下, 运行 `objs/nginx -V`, 查看是否包含新模块

```
nginx version: nginx/1.22.1
built by gcc 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-44) (GCC)
built with OpenSSL 1.0.2k-fips 26 Jan 2017
TLS SNI support enabled
configure arguments: --with-stream_ssl_preread_module --prefix=/etc/nginx --sbin-path=/usr/sbin/nginx --modules-path=/usr/lib64/nginx/modules --conf-path=/etc/nginx/nginx.conf --error-log-path=/var/log/nginx/error.log --http-log-path=/var/log/nginx/access.log --pid-path=/var/run/nginx.pid --lock-path=/var/run/nginx.lock --http-client-body-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/client_temp --http-proxy-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/proxy_temp --http-fastcgi-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/fastcgi_temp --http-uwsgi-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/uwsgi_temp --http-scgi-temp-path=/var/cache/nginx/scgi_temp --user=nginx --group=nginx --with-compat --with-file-aio --with-threads --with-http_addition_module --with-http_auth_request_module --with-http_dav_module --with-http_flv_module --with-http_gunzip_module --with-http_gzip_static_module --with-http_mp4_module --with-http_random_index_module --with-http_realip_module --with-http_secure_link_module --with-http_slice_module --with-http_ssl_module --with-http_stub_status_module --with-http_sub_module --with-http_v2_module --with-mail --with-mail_ssl_module --with-stream --with-stream_realip_module --with-stream_ssl_module --with-stream_ssl_preread_module --with-cc-opt='-O2 -g -pipe -Wall -Wp,-D_FORTIFY_SOURCE=2 -fexceptions -fstack-protector-strong --param=ssp-buffer-size=4 -grecord-gcc-switches -m64 -mtune=generic -fPIC' --with-ld-opt='-Wl,-z,relro -Wl,-z,now -pie'
```

安装nginx (会覆盖原有的nginx, 请提前做好备份)

```
1 make && make install
```

重启nginx

```
1 systemctl restart nginx
```

测试

开启防火墙, 只放行80端口

```
1 systemctl start firewalld
2 # 放行80端口
3 firewall-cmd --zone=public --permanent --add-service=http
4 firewall-cmd --reload
```

参考文档:

<https://v2ex.com/t/894781>

http://nginx.org/en/docs/stream/nginx_stream_ssl_preread_module.html

<https://www.nginx.com/blog/running-non-ssl-protocols-over-ssl-port-nginx-1-15-2/>

