EDGE- Digital Skills for Students Course: Introduction to Programming with Python Batch: PP-06 Project Works

Task For Project: Analyze and Visualize on individual Dataset

Datasets: Titanic: Machine Learning from Disaster

Question for PP-06-1

- 1. Count the total number of passengers.
- 2. Identify the number of unique embarkation towns.
- 3. Display the first 5 rows of the dataset.
- 4. Calculate the survival rate of passengers.
- 5. Check for missing values in the dataset.
- 6. Plot a histogram for the distribution of passenger ages.

Question for PP-06-2

- 1. What percentage of passengers survived?
- 2. Replace missing values in age with the median age.
- 3. Calculate the average fare for passengers in each class.
- 4. Display the unique values in the embarked column.
- 5. Create a bar plot showing the count of passengers in each class.
- 6. Analyze the survival rate for male and female passengers.

- 1. Determine the range of fares paid by passengers.
- 2. Plot a pie chart showing the proportion of survivors and non-survivors.
- 3. Find the number of children (passengers under 18 years old).
- 4. Fill missing values in the deck column with "Unknown".
- 5. Identify which gender had the highest survival rate.
- 6. Create a boxplot showing fare distribution across classes.

- 1. Find the average age of survivors and non-survivors.
- 2. Replace missing values in embark town with the most frequent value.
- 3. Plot a scatter plot for fare vs. age, coloring points by survival status.
- 4. Count the number of passengers who traveled alone.
- 5. Identify which embarkation point had the highest survival rate.
- 6. Create a bar chart comparing survival rates across gender and class.

Question for PP-06-5

- 1. How many passengers traveled in each class (pclass)?
- 2. What is the median fare paid by survivors?
- 3. Plot a histogram showing the fare distribution.
- 4. Find the survival rate for passengers who traveled alone.
- 5. Identify the most common age of passengers.
- 6. Create a heatmap to show missing values in the dataset.

Question for PP-06-6

fare.

- 1. Find the number of siblings/spouses onboard for passengers who survived.
- 2. Compare the survival rate for passengers who paid above and below the average
- 3. Plot a count plot for embarked showing passenger counts for each embarkation point.
 - 4. Identify the age group with the highest survival rate.
 - 5. Create a pair plot for age, fare, and survived.
 - 6. Determine if the fare is correlated with survival using a scatter plot.

Question for PP-06-7

- 1. Find the number of passengers by embarkation point.
- 2. Replace missing values in age with the mean age.
- 3. Analyze the fare distribution using a violin plot by survival status.
- 4. Count the number of families (passengers with non-zero sibsp or parch).
- 5. Find the proportion of male and female passengers in each class.
- 6. Plot a bar chart comparing survival rates across embarkation points.

- 1. Identify the deck with the most passengers.
- 2. Calculate the average age of passengers in each class.
- 3. Create a density plot for fare by survival status.
- 4. Find the number of passengers who embarked from Southampton.

- 5. Identify the survival rate for passengers in the "C" deck.
- 6. Generate a bar plot for the count of passengers by class and survival.

- 1. Find the total fare paid by passengers in each class.
- 2. Plot a pie chart showing the proportion of passengers who traveled alone.
- 3. Determine the survival rate for passengers with no family members onboard.
- 4. Create a swarm plot showing survival based on age.
- 5. Count the number of children who survived.
- 6. Analyze the distribution of ages among survivors using a KDE plot.

Question for PP-06-10

- 1. Find the maximum fare paid by a survivor.
- 2. Identify which class had the highest percentage of survivors.
- 3. Create a stacked bar plot of survival by gender and class.
- 4. Find the survival rate for passengers aged 60 and above.
- 5. Count the number of unique ticket numbers in the dataset.
- 6. Create a box plot of fare by survival status.

Question for PP-06-11

- 1. Identify the embarkation point with the lowest survival rate.
- 2. Plot a bar chart for the number of passengers grouped by who (man, woman, child).
 - 3. Find the average age of female passengers.
 - 4. Determine the survival rate for passengers with a fare above the 75th percentile.
 - 5. Count the number of adult male survivors.
 - 6. Create a scatter plot of age vs. fare for each class.

- 1. Analyze the number of passengers in each category of who.
- 2. Calculate the median age of passengers in the first class.
- 3. Find the survival rate for passengers in the lowest class.
- 4. Replace missing embarked values with the most common value.
- 5. Create a histogram of fares paid by survivors and non-survivors.
- 6. Compare survival rates for passengers traveling with family and those traveling alone.

- 1. Find the proportion of passengers in each class.
- 2. Count the number of passengers in each deck.
- 3. Plot a bar chart showing survival rates across different decks.
- 4. Determine the average fare for each embarkation point.
- 5. Calculate the survival rate for passengers with family size greater than 3.
- 6. Create a histogram of ages grouped by survival status.

Question for PP-06-14

- Calculate the median age of passengers who embarked at Cherbourg.
- 2. Plot a pie chart for the proportion of passengers in each age group (children, young adults, adults, seniors).
 - 3. Analyze the survival rate for passengers with sibsp = 0 and parch = 0.
 - 4. Find the maximum fare paid by passengers who did not survive.
- 5. Create a scatter plot for fare vs. age with different markers for each embarkation point.
 - 6. Count the number of passengers in each class by gender.

Question for PP-06-15

- 1. Find the youngest survivor and the oldest survivor.
- 2. Create a bar chart showing the distribution of passengers by who.
- 3. Analyze the survival rate for passengers with more than 2 family members onboard.
 - 4. Replace missing deck values with the mode of the deck column.
 - 5. Create a violin plot of fare distribution for survivors and non-survivors by class.
 - 6. Find the total number of male passengers who embarked from Queenstown.

Question for PP-06-16

- 1. Determine the survival rate of passengers aged under 5.
- 2. Plot a count plot of embarked with survival as the hue.
- 3. Calculate the average fare paid by passengers aged above 50.
- 4. Compare survival rates for passengers with different family sizes using a bar plot.
- 5. Identify the proportion of passengers in each who category who survived.
- 6. Create a KDE plot for the age distribution of survivors.

- 1. Identify the passenger who paid the highest fare and find their survival status.
- 2. Calculate the average age of passengers in each gender and class combination.
- 3. Create a scatter plot of fare vs. survival colored by embarkation point.

- 4. Compare survival rates for passengers in different who categories.
- 5. Create a histogram showing the fare distribution by survival status.
- 6. Analyze the survival rate for passengers traveling in large families (family size > 4).

- 1. Find the survival rate for passengers with a fare below 10.
- 2. Create a count plot for gender with survival as the hue.
- 3. Determine the survival rate for passengers from each embarkation point.
- 4. Analyze the age distribution of passengers in each class using a box plot.
- 5. Replace missing age values with a random value sampled from the age distribution.
 - 6. Plot a pie chart showing the proportion of passengers in each deck.

Question for PP-06-19

- 1. Calculate the survival rate of passengers with no siblings or spouses onboard.
- 2. Find the average fare for survivors in the second class.
- 3. Compare the age distribution for passengers who traveled alone vs. with family using a violin plot.
 - 4. Determine the proportion of passengers aged below 18 who survived.
 - 5. Analyze the correlation between fare and survived.
- 6. Create a grouped bar chart comparing survival rates by gender and embarkation point.

Question for PP-06-20

- 1. Identify which deck had the highest survival rate.
- 2. Plot a histogram showing the distribution of family sizes.
- 3. Compare the survival rates for male and female passengers in the third class.
- 4. Replace missing embark town values with "Unknown".
- 5. Calculate the percentage of survivors who paid above the median fare.
- 6. Create a swarm plot for fare vs. class colored by survival status.

- 1. Analyze the survival rate for passengers with family size 1.
- 2. Compare survival rates for passengers who embarked from different ports.
- 3. Plot a bar chart for survival rates across age groups (children, adults, seniors).
- 4. Calculate the average age for passengers who embarked at Southampton.
- 5. Determine the survival rate for female passengers traveling alone.
- 6. Create a heatmap showing survival rates across combinations of class and gender.

- 1. Find the total number of survivors from the first class.
- 2. Plot a scatter plot for fare vs. class colored by survival status.
- Calculate the proportion of passengers who embarked from each port.
- 4. Analyze the survival rates for passengers in each who category.
- 5. Determine the average fare for passengers traveling in large families.
- 6. Create a density plot for the fare distribution of survivors.

Question for PP-06-23

- 1. Analyze the survival rate for male children.
- 2. Plot a count plot for the alone feature with survival as the hue.
- 3. Calculate the average age of passengers in each deck.
- 4. Find the youngest passenger in each class and determine their survival status.
- 5. Create a violin plot for age distribution by class and survival status.
- 6. Analyze the survival rate for passengers aged between 30 and 40.

Question for PP-06-24

- 1. Identify the passengers with the highest and lowest fares and their survival statuses.
 - 2. Calculate the survival rate for female passengers aged above 50.
 - 3. Create a scatter plot of fare vs. age with survival as a color gradient.
- 4. Compare survival rates for passengers with no family members vs. small families (family size \leq 3).
 - 5. Replace missing deck values with a new category "Missing".
 - 6. Plot a pie chart for the proportion of passengers who traveled alone.

- 1. Find the survival rate for passengers who embarked from Queenstown.
- 2. Compare the survival rates for passengers in the lowest fare quartile.
- 3. Create a bar chart showing the survival rates for each age group.
- 4. Analyze the survival rate for adult males in the second class.
- 5. Create a heatmap for survival rates based on who and embarked.
- 6. Generate a swarm plot for fare vs. survival status grouped by class.