

LAB ASSIGNMENT – 5.1

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BATCH 27

Task 1: Privacy in API Usage

Aim

To generate AI-assisted Python code for fetching weather data securely without exposing API keys.

AI Generated Code

```
import requests

api_key = "ABC123XYZ"
url = "https://api.weatherapi.com/data"

response = requests.get(url + "?key=" + api_key)
print(response.text)
```

Issues Identified

- API key is hardcoded in the source code.
- Sensitive credentials are exposed, leading to security risks.

Corrected Code

```
import os
import requests

api_key = os.getenv("WEATHER_API_KEY")
url = "https://api.weatherapi.com/data"

response = requests.get(url + "?key=" + api_key)
print(response.text)
```

Result

The API key is securely accessed using environment variables, preventing exposure of sensitive data.

Task 2: Privacy & Security in File Handling

Aim

To analyze AI-generated code that stores user data and identify privacy risks.

AI Generated Code

```
name = input("Enter name: ")
email = input("Enter email: ")
password = input("Enter password: ")

with open("users.txt", "a") as f:
    f.write(name + " " + email + " " + password + "\n")
```

Issues Identified

- Password is stored in plain text.
- High risk of data breach.

Corrected Code

```
import hashlib

password = input("Enter password: ")
hashed_password = hashlib.sha256(password.encode()).hexdigest()

with open("users.txt", "a") as f:
    f.write(hashed_password + "\n")
```

Result

Sensitive data is protected using password hashing, improving data security.

Task 3: Transparency in Algorithm Design

Aim

To generate an Armstrong number program with transparent logic and explanation.

AI Generated Code

```
num = int(input("Enter number: "))
temp = num
sum = 0
digits = len(str(num))

while temp > 0:
    digit = temp % 10
    sum += digit ** digits
    temp //= 10

if sum == num:
    print("Armstrong Number")
else:
    print("Not an Armstrong Number")
```

Explanation

- The number of digits is calculated.
- Each digit is raised to the power of digits and added.
- Final sum is compared with original number.

Result

The program correctly identifies Armstrong numbers with clear logic and transparency.

Task 4: Transparency in Algorithm Comparison

Aim

To implement and compare Bubble Sort and Quick Sort algorithms.

Bubble Sort Code

```
def bubble_sort(arr):
    for i in range(len(arr)):
        for j in range(0, len(arr)-i-1):
            if arr[j] > arr[j+1]:
                arr[j], arr[j+1] = arr[j+1], arr[j]
```

Quick Sort Code

```
def quick_sort(arr):
    if len(arr) <= 1:
        return arr
    pivot = arr[0]
    left = [x for x in arr[1:] if x < pivot]
    right = [x for x in arr[1:] if x >= pivot]
    return quick_sort(left) + [pivot] + quick_sort(right)
```

Comparison

- Bubble Sort is simple but inefficient.
- Quick Sort is faster and more efficient for large data.

Result

Quick Sort outperforms Bubble Sort in time complexity and efficiency.

Task 5: Transparency in AI Recommendations

Aim

To create an explainable recommendation system using AI.

AI Generated Code

```
user_interest = "programming"

products = {
    "Laptop": "Recommended because it supports coding tasks",
    "Headphones": "Recommended for online learning",
}
```

```
for item, reason in products.items():
    print(item, "-", reason)
```

Evaluation

- Recommendations include clear reasons.
- Improves transparency and user trust.

Result

The system provides understandable and explainable recommendations.