Experiment Notebook

Experiment Notebook - AutoAl Notebook v1.15.4

This notebook contains the steps and code to demonstrate support of AutoAI experiments in Watson Machine Learning service. It introduces Python API commands for data retrieval, training experiments, persisting pipelines, testing pipelines, refining pipelines, and scoring the resulting model.

Note: Notebook code generated using AutoAI will execute successfully. If code is modified or reordered, there is no guarantee it will successfully execute. For details, see: <u>Saving an Auto AI experiment as a notebook</u> (https://dataplatform.cloud.ibm.com/docs/content/wsj/analyze-data/autoai-notebook.html)

Some familiarity with Python is helpful. This notebook uses Python 3.8 and ibm_watson_machine_learning package.

Notebook goals

The learning goals of this notebook are:

- Defining an AutoAI experiment
- Training AutoAl models
- Comparing trained models
- · Deploying the model as a web service
- Scoring the model to generate predictions.

Contents

This notebook contains the following parts:

Setup

Package installation

Watson Machine Learning connection

Experiment configuration

Experiment metadata

Working with completed AutoAl experiment

Get fitted AutoAl optimizer

Pipelines comparison

Get pipeline as scikit-learn pipeline model

Inspect pipeline

Visualize pipeline model

Preview pipeline model as python code

Deploy and Score

Working with spaces

Running AutoAl experiment with Python API

Clean up

Next steps

Copyrights

Setup

Package installation

Before you use the sample code in this notebook, install the following packages:

- · ibm-watson-machine-learning,
- · autoai-libs,
- lale,
- · scikit-learn,
- xgboost,
- · lightgbm,
- snapml.

```
In [ ]: !pip install ibm-watson-machine-learning | tail -n 1
    !pip install -U autoai-libs==1.12.13 | tail -n 1
    !pip install -U 'lale>=0.5.3,<0.6' | tail -n 1
    !pip install -U scikit-learn==0.23.2 | tail -n 1
    !pip install -U xgboost==1.3.3 | tail -n 1
    !pip install -U lightgbm==3.1.1 | tail -n 1
    !pip install -U snapml==1.7.4 | tail -n 1</pre>
```

Experiment configuration

Experiment metadata

This cell defines the metadata for the experiment, including: training_data_reference, training_result_reference, experiment_metadata.

```
In [ ]: from ibm watson machine learning.helpers import DataConnection
        from ibm watson machine learning.helpers import S3Connection, S3Lo
        cation
        training_data_reference = [
            DataConnection(
            connection=S3Connection(
                api key='CFTaknyIPqotjaHSV020iaNGeNapmkI D07uyYYCC4nW',
                auth endpoint='https://iam.bluemix.net/oidc/token/',
                endpoint_url='https://s3.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomai
        n.cloud
            ),
                location=S3Location(
                    bucket='aiassistedfarming-donotdelete-pr-vdhfw2plbkong
        u',
                    path='crop production.csv'
                )
            ),
        training result reference = DataConnection(
            connection=S3Connection(
                api key='CFTaknyIPqotjaHSV020iaNGeNapmkI D07uyYYCC4nW',
                auth_endpoint='https://iam.bluemix.net/oidc/token/',
                endpoint url='https://s3.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomai
        n.cloud
            ),
            location=S3Location(
                bucket='aiassistedfarming-donotdelete-pr-vdhfw2plbkonqu',
                path='auto ml/712192f1-9c91-48ad-af46-ce1da48e1f9b/wml dat
        a/e39c26fa-741c-4161-bede-f8de5be66350/data/automl',
                model location='auto ml/712192f1-9c91-48ad-af46-celda48elf
        9b/wml data/e39c26fa-741c-4161-bede-f8de5be66350/data/automl/pre h
        po d output/Pipeline1/model.pickle',
                training_status='auto_ml/712192f1-9c91-48ad-af46-ce1da48e1
        f9b/wml data/e39c26fa-741c-4161-bede-f8de5be66350/training-status.
        json'
            )
In [ ]:
        experiment metadata = dict(
            prediction_type='regression',
            prediction_column='Production',
            holdout size=0.1,
            scoring='neg_root_mean_squared_error',
            csv_separator=',',
            random state=33,
            max number of estimators=2,
            training data reference=training data reference,
            training_result_reference=training_result_reference,
            deployment_url='https://jp-tok.ml.cloud.ibm.com',
            project_id='2aec647c-4697-4923-87ba-df9aac7f0110',
            drop_duplicates=True
        )
```

Watson Machine Learning connection

This cell defines the credentials required to work with the Watson Machine Learning service.

Action: Please provide IBM Cloud apikey following docs (https://cloud.ibm.com/docs/account?topic=account-userapikey).

```
In [ ]: api_key = 'PUT_YOUR_APIKEY_HERE'

In [ ]: wml_credentials = {
         "apikey": api_key,
         "url": experiment_metadata['deployment_url']
}
```

Working with the completed AutoAl experiment

This cell imports the pipelines generated for the experiment so they can be compared to find the optimal pipeline to save as a model.

Get fitted AutoAl optimizer

```
In [ ]: from ibm_watson_machine_learning.experiment import AutoAI

pipeline_optimizer = AutoAI(wml_credentials, project_id=experiment
    _metadata['project_id']).runs.get_optimizer(metadata=experiment_metadata)
```

Use get params() - to retrieve configuration parameters.

```
In [ ]: pipeline_optimizer.get_params()
```

Pipelines comparison

Use the summary() method to list trained pipelines and evaluation metrics information in the form of a Pandas DataFrame. You can use the DataFrame to compare all discovered pipelines and select the one you like for further testing.

```
In [ ]: summary = pipeline_optimizer.summary()
   best_pipeline_name = list(summary.index)[0]
   summary
```

Get pipeline as scikit-learn pipeline model

After you compare the pipelines, download and save a scikit-learn pipeline model object from the AutoAl training job.

Tip: To get a specific pipeline pass the pipeline name in:

```
pipeline_optimizer.get_pipeline(pipeline_name=pipeline_name)
```

```
In [ ]: pipeline_model = pipeline_optimizer.get_pipeline()
```

Next, check features importance for selected pipeline.

```
In [ ]: pipeline_optimizer.get_pipeline_details()['features_importance']
```

Tip: If you want to check all model evaluation metrics-details, use:

```
pipeline optimizer.get pipeline details()
```

Inspect pipeline

Visualize pipeline model

Preview pipeline model stages as a graph. Each node's name links to a detailed description of the stage.

```
In [ ]: pipeline_model.visualize()
```

Preview pipeline model as Python code

In the next cell, you can preview the saved pipeline model as Python code. You can review the exact steps used to create the model.

Note: If you want to get sklearn representation, add the following parameter to pretty_print call: astype='sklearn'.

```
In [ ]: pipeline_model.pretty_print(combinators=False, ipython_display=Tru
e)
```

Calling the predict method

If you want to get a prediction using pipeline model object, call pipeline model.predict().

Note: If you want to work with pure sklearn model:

- add the following parameter to get_pipeline call: astype='sklearn',
- or scikit_learn_pipeline = pipeline_model.export_to_sklearn_pipeline()

Deploy and Score

In this section you will learn how to deploy and score the model as a web service.

Working with spaces

In this section you will specify a deployment space for organizing the assets for deploying and scoring the model. If you do not have an existing space, you can use Deployment Spaces Dashboard (https://dataplatform.cloud.ibm.com/ml-runtime/spaces?context=cpdaas) to create a new space, following these steps:

- Click New Deployment Space.
- · Create an empty space.
- Select Cloud Object Storage.
- Select Watson Machine Learning instance and press Create.
- Copy space_id and paste it below.

Tip: You can also use the API to prepare the space for your work. Learn more https://github.com/lBM/watson-machine-learning-samples/blob/master/notebooks/python_sdk/instance-management/Space%20management.ipynb).

Action: assign or update space ID below

Deployment creation

```
In [ ]: target_space_id = "PUT_YOUR_TARGET_SPACE_ID_HERE"

from ibm_watson_machine_learning.deployment import WebService

service = WebService(
    source_wml_credentials=wml_credentials,
    target_wml_credentials=wml_credentials,
    source_project_id=experiment_metadata['project_id'],
    target_space_id=target_space_id
)
service.create(
    model=best_pipeline_name,
    metadata=experiment_metadata,
    deployment_name='Best_pipeline_webservice'
)
```

Use the print method for the deployment object to show basic information about the service:

```
In [ ]: print(service)
```

To show all available information about the deployment use the .get params() method.

```
In [ ]: service.get_params()
```

Scoring of webservice

You can make scoring request by calling score() on the deployed pipeline.

If you want to work with the web service in an external Python application, follow these steps to retrieve the service object:

- Initialize the service by service = WebService(wml_credentials)
- Get deployment_id by service.list() method
- Get webservice object by service.get('deployment_id') method

After that you can call service.score(score_records_df) method. The score() method accepts pandas.DataFrame object.

Deleting deployment

You can delete the existing deployment by calling the service.delete() command. To list the existing web services, use service.list().

Running AutoAl experiment with Python API

If you want to run the AutoAI experiment using the Python API, follow these. The experiment settings were generated basing on parameters set in the AutoAI UI.

- Go to your COS dashboard.
- In Service credentials tab, click New Credential.
- Add the inline configuration parameter: {"HMAC":true}, click Add. This configuration parameter adds the following section to the instance credentials, (for use later in this notebook):

Action: Please provide cos credentials in following cells.

• Use provided markdown cells to run code.

```
from ibm_watson_machine_learning.experiment import AutoAI

experiment = AutoAI(wml_credentials, project_id=experiment_metadata['pr
oject_id'])

#@hidden_cell

cos_hmac_keys = {
    "access_key_id": "PLACE_YOUR_ACCESS_KEY_ID_HERE",
    "secret_access_key": "PLACE_YOUR_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY_HERE"
}

cos_api_key = "PLACE_YOUR_API_KEY_HERE"

OPTIMIZER NAME = 'custom name'
```

```
from ibm watson machine learning.helpers import DataConnection
from ibm_watson_machine_learning.helpers import S3Connection, S3Locatio
training_data_reference = [
    DataConnection(
    connection=S3Connection(
        api_key='CFTaknyIPqotjaHSV020iaNGeNapmkI_D07uyYYCC4nW',
        auth endpoint='https://iam.bluemix.net/oidc/token/',
        endpoint url='https://s3.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.clou
d',
        access key id = cos hmac keys['access key id'],
        secret_access_key = cos_hmac_keys['secret_access_key']
    ),
        location=S3Location(
            bucket='aiassistedfarming-donotdelete-pr-vdhfw2plbkonqu',
            path='crop_production.csv'
        )
    ),
1
training_result_reference = DataConnection(
    connection=S3Connection(
        api_key=cos_api_key,
        auth_endpoint='https://iam.bluemix.net/oidc/token/',
        endpoint url='https://s3.ap.cloud-object-storage.appdomain.clou
d',
        access_key_id = cos_hmac_keys['access_key_id'],
        secret_access_key = cos_hmac_keys['secret_access_key']
    ),
    location=S3Location(
        bucket='aiassistedfarming-donotdelete-pr-vdhfw2plbkonqu',
        path='auto_ml/712192f1-9c91-48ad-af46-ce1da48e1f9b/wml_data/e39
c26fa-741c-4161-bede-f8de5be66350/data/automl',
        model location='auto ml/712192f1-9c91-48ad-af46-ce1da48e1f9b/wm
l_data/e39c26fa-741c-4161-bede-f8de5be66350/data/automl/pre_hpo_d_outpu
t/Pipeline1/model.pickle',
        training status='auto ml/712192f1-9c91-48ad-af46-ce1da48e1f9b/w
ml data/e39c26fa-741c-4161-bede-f8de5be66350/training-status.json'
    )
)
```

The new pipeline optimizer will be created and training will be triggered.

```
pipeline_optimizer = experiment.optimizer(
    name=OPTIMIZER_NAME,
    prediction_type=experiment_metadata['prediction_type'],
    prediction_column=experiment_metadata['prediction_column'],
    scoring=experiment_metadata['scoring'],
    holdout_size=experiment_metadata['holdout_size'],
    csv_separator=experiment_metadata['csv_separator'],
    drop_duplicates=experiment_metadata['drop_duplicates'],
)

pipeline_optimizer.fit(
    training_data_reference=training_data_reference,
    training_results_reference=training_result_reference,
    background_mode=False,
)
```

Next steps

Online Documentation (https://www.ibm.com/cloud/watson-studio/autoai)

Copyrights

Licensed Materials - Copyright © 2021 IBM. This notebook and its source code are released under the terms of the ILAN License. Use, duplication disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM Corp.

Note: The auto-generated notebooks are subject to the International License Agreement for Non-Warranted Programs (or equivalent) and License Information document for Watson Studio Auto-generated Notebook (License Terms), such agreements located in the link below. Specifically, the Source Components and Sample Materials clause included in the License Information document for Watson Studio Auto-generated Notebook applies to the auto-generated notebooks.

By downloading, copying, accessing, or otherwise using the materials, you agree to the <u>License Terms</u> (http://www14.software.ibm.com/cgi-bin/weblap/lap.pl?li formnum=L-AMCU-BYC7LF)