

Practice Questions

✓ Section A: Spring Boot & REST API (15 Questions)

1. What is Spring Boot?

A framework that simplifies Spring development using auto-configuration, embedded servers, and starter dependencies.

2. What does @SpringBootApplication do?

Combines @Configuration, @EnableAutoConfiguration, and @ComponentScan.

3. What is auto-configuration in Spring Boot?

It automatically configures beans based on classpath and properties.

4. Difference between spring-boot-starter-web and spring-boot-starter-webmvc?

starter-web is standard for web apps; starter-webmvc is rarely needed separately.

5. What is the default embedded server in Spring Boot?

Tomcat.

6. What is the role of application.properties?

To configure application settings like port, DB credentials, etc.

7. Explain @RestController vs @Controller.

@RestController returns JSON/XML directly; @Controller returns views.

8. What is ResponseEntity used for?

To customize HTTP status codes and headers in responses.

9. Explain @RequestMapping vs @GetMapping.

@RequestMapping is generic; @GetMapping is specialized for GET requests.

10. What is the default port for Spring Boot?

8080.

11. How do you enable CORS in Spring Boot?

Using @CrossOrigin or global configuration.

12. What is the difference between @PathVariable and @RequestParam?

@PathVariable extracts values from URL; @RequestParam extracts query parameters.

13. How do you handle PATCH requests in Spring Boot?

Using @PatchMapping annotation.

14. What is the role of @Validated?

To enable validation on method parameters.

Practice Questions

15. How do you start a Spring Boot application?

Using `SpringApplication.run()` or `mvn spring-boot:run`.

✓ Section B: Core Java (15 Questions)

16. Difference between == and equals()?

== compares references; equals() compares content.

17. What is the difference between StringBuilder and StringBuffer?

StringBuilder is faster but not thread-safe; StringBuffer is synchronized.

18. Explain HashMap vs ConcurrentHashMap.

HashMap is not thread-safe; ConcurrentHashMap allows concurrent access.

19. What is the difference between final, finally, and finalize()?

final keyword, finally block in exceptions, finalize() method for GC.

20. What is the difference between ArrayList and LinkedList?

ArrayList is faster for random access; LinkedList is better for insert/delete.

21. Explain Java Streams.

Functional-style operations on collections for concise and parallel processing.

22. What is the difference between throw and throws?

throw is used to throw an exception; throws declare exceptions in method signature.

23. What is the difference between checked and unchecked exceptions?

Checked must be handled or declared; unchecked are runtime exceptions.

24. What is the difference between volatile and synchronized?

volatile ensures visibility; synchronized ensures atomicity and visibility.

25. What is the difference between abstract class and interface?

Abstract class can have state; interface is purely contract-based.

26. Explain Optional in Java.

A container to avoid `NullPointerException` by representing optional values.

27. What is the difference between HashSet and TreeSet?

HashSet is unordered; TreeSet is sorted.

28. Explain immutability in Java.

Immutable objects cannot be changed after creation (e.g., String).

29. What is the difference between ExecutorService and Thread?

ExecutorService manages thread pools; Thread is a single execution unit.

Practice Questions

30. What is the difference between static and instance methods?

Static belongs to class; instance belongs to object.

✓ Section C: Hibernate / JPA (10 Questions)

31. What is Hibernate?

An ORM framework mapping Java objects to database tables.

32. Difference between get() and load()?

get() returns null if not found; load() throws exception and uses lazy loading.

33. What is the role of @Entity?

Marks a class as a JPA entity.

34. Explain FetchType.LAZY vs FetchType.EAGER.

LAZY loads related entities on demand; EAGER loads immediately.

35. What is the difference between save() and persist()?

save() returns ID; persist() does not return anything.

36. What is the role of @JoinColumn?

Specifies foreign key column in relationships.

37. What is the difference between @OneToMany and @ManyToOne?

@OneToMany defines parent-child; @ManyToOne defines child-parent.

38. What is the role of @Enumerated(EnumType.STRING)?

Stores enum as string in DB instead of ordinal.

39. What is the difference between merge() and update()?

merge() copies state to a managed entity; update() reattaches a detached entity.

40. Explain cascading in JPA.

Cascade operations propagate from parent to child entities (e.g.,

CascadeType.ALL).

✓ Section D: Validation & Exception Handling (5 Questions)

41. What does @Valid do?

Triggers Bean Validation on request bodies.

42. Difference between @Valid and @Validated?

@Valid works on method parameters; @Validated supports groups.

43. What is @RestControllerAdvice used for?

Global exception handling across controllers.

Practice Questions

44. What is ConstraintViolationException?

Occurs when validation on request parameters fails.

45. How do you return custom error responses?

Using @ExceptionHandler and building a response map or DTO.

✓ Section E: Swagger / OpenAPI (5 Questions)

46. What is OpenAPI Specification?

A standard for describing REST APIs in JSON/YAML.

47. What is the default Swagger UI URL in Springdoc?

/swagger-ui.html or /swagger-ui/index.html.

48. How do you customize API documentation title?

Using @OpenAPIDefinition(info = @Info(...)).

49. Difference between Swagger 2 and OpenAPI 3?

OpenAPI 3 supports better schema definitions and callbacks.

50. How do you expose API docs in JSON format?

Springdoc provides /v3/api-docs endpoint.

MCQ Questions

✓ Section A: Spring Boot & REST API (15 MCQs)

1. Which annotation combines @Configuration, @EnableAutoConfiguration, and @ComponentScan?
 - a) @SpringBootTest
 - b) @SpringBootApplication ✓
 - c) @EnableWebMvc
 - d) @RestController
2. Default embedded server in Spring Boot?
 - a) Jetty
 - b) Tomcat ✓
 - c) Undertow
 - d) Netty
3. Which starter is standard for web apps?
 - a) spring-boot-starter-webmvc
 - b) spring-boot-starter-web ✓
 - c) spring-boot-starter-rest
 - d) spring-boot-starter-core

Practice Questions

4. **Default port for Spring Boot?**
 - a) 80
 - b) 8080 ✓
 - c) 8081
 - d) 9090
5. **Which annotation returns JSON directly?**
 - a) @Controller
 - b) @RestController ✓
 - c) @ResponseBody
 - d) @RequestMapping
6. **Which annotation maps GET requests?**
 - a) @RequestMapping
 - b) @GetMapping ✓
 - c) @PostMapping
 - d) @PatchMapping
7. **Which class starts the Spring Boot app?**
 - a) SpringApplication ✓
 - b) ApplicationContext
 - c) DispatcherServlet
 - d) ServletInitializer
8. **Which annotation enables global exception handling?**
 - a) @ControllerAdvice
 - b) @RestControllerAdvice ✓
 - c) @ExceptionHandler
 - d) @Advice
9. **Which annotation validates request body?**
 - a) @Valid ✓
 - b) @Validated
 - c) @Check
 - d) @Assert
10. **Which annotation is used for PATCH requests?**
 - a) @PatchMapping ✓
 - b) @PutMapping
 - c) @UpdateMapping
 - d) @ModifyMapping
11. **Which property sets server port?**
 - a) server.port ✓

Practice Questions

- b) spring.port
- c) server.http.port
- d) spring.server.port

12. Which annotation is used for query parameters?

- a) @PathVariable
- b) @RequestParam ✓
- c) @QueryParam
- d) @Param

13. Which annotation is used for path variables?

- a) @RequestParam
- b) @PathVariable ✓
- c) @Variable
- d) @Param

14. Which annotation enables CORS?

- a) @CrossOrigin ✓
- b) @EnableCors
- c) @AllowOrigin
- d) @CorsMapping

15. Which annotation is used for API documentation metadata?

- a) @Api
 - b) @OpenAPIDefinition ✓
 - c) @SwaggerDefinition
 - d) @ApiDoc
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✓ Section B: Core Java (15 MCQs)

16. Which compares object content?

- a) ==
- b) equals() ✓
- c) compareTo()
- d) hashCode()

17. Which is thread-safe?

- a) StringBuilder
- b) StringBuffer ✓
- c) String
- d) StringJoiner

Practice Questions

18. Which collection is unordered?

- a) HashSet ✓
- b) TreeSet
- c) LinkedHashSet
- d) PriorityQueue

19. Which keyword prevents inheritance?

- a) finally
- b) final ✓
- c) static
- d) const

20. Which block always executes?

- a) catch
- b) finally ✓
- c) throw
- d) throws

21. Which interface supports functional programming?

- a) Runnable
- b) Stream ✓
- c) Callable
- d) Comparator

22. Which exception must be handled?

- a) Checked ✓
- b) Unchecked
- c) Runtime
- d) Error

23. Which ensures visibility across threads?

- a) volatile ✓
- b) synchronized
- c) transient
- d) static

24. Which is immutable?

- a) String ✓
- b) StringBuilder
- c) StringBuffer
- d) CharSequence

25. Which collection maintains insertion order?

- a) HashSet

Practice Questions

- b) LinkedHashSet ✓
- c) TreeSet
- d) HashMap

26. Which method is called before GC destroys object?

- a) finalize() ✓
- b) finally()
- c) dispose()
- d) destroy()

27. Which class avoids NullPointerException?

- a) Optional ✓
- b) Nullable
- c) SafeObject
- d) Wrapper

28. Which collection is sorted?

- a) TreeSet ✓
- b) HashSet
- c) LinkedHashSet
- d) ArrayList

29. Which manages thread pools?

- a) Thread
- b) ExecutorService ✓
- c) Runnable
- d) Callable

30. Which keyword is used for inheritance?

- a) extends ✓
- b) implements
- c) inherit
- d) super

✓ Section C: Hibernate / JPA (10 MCQs)

31. Which annotation marks a JPA entity?

- a) @Table
- b) @Entity ✓
- c) @Column
- d) @Persistence

Practice Questions

32. Which fetch type loads lazily?

- a) EAGER
- b) LAZY ✓
- c) DEFAULT
- d) DEFERRED

33. Which annotation defines foreign key column?

- a) @JoinColumn ✓
- b) @Column
- c) @ForeignKey
- d) @Key

34. Which annotation maps enum as string?

- a) @Enumerated(EnumType.STRING) ✓
- b) @EnumString
- c) @EnumType
- d) @StringEnum

35. Which method returns null if entity not found?

- a) load()
- b) get() ✓
- c) find()
- d) fetch()

36. Which annotation defines one-to-many relationship?

- a) @ManyToOne
- b) @OneToMany ✓
- c) @OneToOne
- d) @ManyToMany

37. Which annotation defines primary key?

- a) @Id ✓
- b) @PrimaryKey
- c) @Key
- d) @PK

38. Which annotation defines table name?

- a) @Entity
- b) @Table ✓
- c) @Column
- d) @JoinTable

39. Which cascade type propagates all operations?

- a) CascadeType.ALL ✓

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- b) CascadeType.MERGE
- c) CascadeType.PERSIST
- d) CascadeType.REMOVE

40. Which annotation defines column name?

- a) @Column ✓
 - b) @Field
 - c) @JoinColumn
 - d) @Attribute
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✓ Section D: Validation & Exception Handling (5 MCQs)

41. Which annotation triggers validation?

- a) @Valid ✓
- b) @Validated
- c) @Check
- d) @Assert

42. Which annotation supports validation groups?

- a) @Valid
- b) @Validated ✓
- c) @GroupCheck
- d) @AssertGroup

43. Which annotation handles global exceptions?

- a) @RestControllerAdvice ✓
- b) @ControllerAdvice
- c) @ExceptionHandler
- d) @Advice

44. Which exception occurs on invalid request params?

- a) ConstraintViolationException ✓
- b) MethodArgumentNotValidException
- c) IllegalArgumentException
- d) ValidationException

45. Which annotation maps custom exception handler?

- a) @ExceptionHandler ✓
 - b) @ErrorHandler
 - c) @Catch
 - d) @HandleException
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Practice Questions

✓ Section E: Swagger / OpenAPI (5 MCQs)

46. Which dependency adds Swagger UI in Spring Boot?

- a) springdoc-openapi-starter-webmvc-ui ✓
- b) swagger-spring-boot-starter
- c) spring-swagger-ui
- d) openapi-ui

47. Default Swagger UI URL?

- a) /swagger-ui.html ✓
- b) /swagger.html
- c) /api-docs
- d) /swagger

48. Which annotation customizes API info?

- a) @OpenAPIDefinition ✓
- b) @ApiInfo
- c) @SwaggerDefinition
- d) @ApiDoc

49. Which endpoint returns OpenAPI JSON?

- a) /v3/api-docs ✓
- b) /swagger.json
- c) /api-docs
- d) /openapi

50. Which version introduced OpenAPI 3?

- a) Swagger 2
- b) OpenAPI 3 ✓
- c) Swagger 1
- d) OpenAPI 2