

# Embedded C through AVR-GCC



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Abstract—This manual shows how to control hardware using AVR-GCC. AVR-GCC is a C compiler for the Atmega328p.

#### 1 Components

Component	Value	Quantity
Breadboard		1
Resistor	$\geq 220\Omega$	1
Arduino	Uno	1
Seven Segment Display	Common Anode	1
LCD Display	16×2	1
Jumper Wires		20

#### TABLE 0

# 2 Blink

## 1. Install **subversion**

sudo apt update	
sudo apt install subversion	

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2. Go to your working directory and download the folder titled **codes** using the following command.

svn checkout https://github.com/gadepall/ arduino/trunk/avr-gcc/setup/codes

- 3. Connect your arduino to the computer and open a terminal.
- 2 4. Open a terminal and go to the **codes** directory. Type **make**. The built in led on the arduino should be blinking.
  - 5. If you open **main.c** in **geany**, you can execute the code by **Shift+F9**.
  - 6. Now open main.c. Explain the following lines.

**Solution:**  $((0 \ll PB5))$  writes 0 to pin 13 (PB5). delay\_ms(500) introduces a delay of 500 ms.

- 7. Modify the above code to keep the led on.
- 8. Repeat the above exercise to keep the led off.

# 3 DISPLAY CONTROL

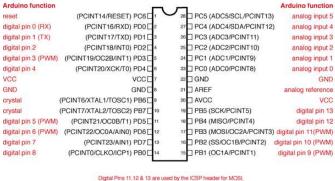
1. Complete Table 1 for all the digital pins using Fig. 1.

Port Pin	Digital Pin	
PD2	2	
PB5	13	

TABLE 1

- 2. Plug the seven segment display in Fig. 2 into the breadboard.
- 3. Connect 5V from the Arduino to the the COM pin of the display through a resistor.
- 4. Make connections according to Table 4.
- 5. Execute the following code

#### Atmega168 Pin Mapping



Digital Pins 11,12 & 13 are used by the ICSP header for MOSI, MISO, SCK connections (Atmega168 pins 17,18 & 19). Avoid low impedance loads on these pins when using the ICSP header.

Fig. 1

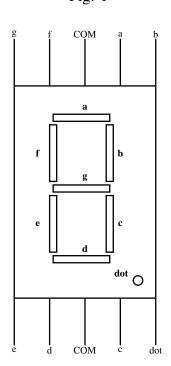


Fig. 2

A	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Arduino	PD2	PD3	PD4	PD5	PD6	PD7	PB0
Display	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
2	0	0	1	0	0	1	0

TABLE 4

wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/gadepall/arduino/master/avr-gcc/sevenseg/codes/main.c

- 6. Modify the above code to generate numbers between 0-9.
- 7. Repeat the above by writing a function.

8. Use a for loop and include a delay to implement a decade counter

# 4 CONTROL LCD

- 1. Plug the LCD in Fig. 2 to the breadboard.
- 2. Connect the Arduino pins to LCD pins as per Table 2.

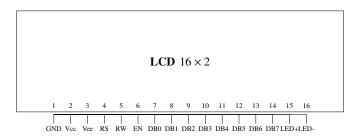


Fig. 2: LCD

TABLE 2: Arduino to LCD Pin Connection.

Ar- duino Pins	LCD Pins	LCD Pin Label	LCD Pin Description
GND	1	GND	
5V	2	Vcc	
GND	3	Vee	Contrast
D8	4	RS	Register Select
GND	5	R/W	Read/Write
D9	6	EN	Enable
D10	11	DB4	Serial Connection
D11	12	DB5	Serial Connection
D12	13	DB6	Serial Connection
D13	14	DB7	Serial Connection
5V	15	LED+	Backlight
GND	16	LED-	Backlight

3. Download the following directory from

svn checkout https://github.com/gadepall/arduino/trunk/avr-gcc/lcd/codes

#### and execute main.c

4. Modify the above code to display a string.

- 5. Modify the above code to obtain a decade counter so that the numbers from 0 to 9 are displayed on the lcd repeatedly.
- 6. Repeat the above exercises to display a string on the first line and a number on the second line of the lcd.
- 7. Write a program to implement all functions of a simple calculator and display on an LCD.

# 5 STANDALONE ATMEGA328P

- 1. Take the ATMEGA328P IC from the Arduino board and plug it into the breadboard.
- 2. Plug the seven segment display in Fig. 2 into the breadboard.
- 3. Plug the Quartz crystal between pins 9 and 10 of the ATMEGA328P.
- 4. Connect the 22pF capacitors from pin 9 and 10 to GND.
- 5. Connect the pin 1 through a 10 K $\Omega$  resistor to 5V.
- 6. Connect one end of a push button to pin 1 and the other end to GND.
- 7. Make connections according to Table 7.

Type	Pin No
	7
5V	20
	21
CNID	8
GND	22
a	4
b	5
С	6
d	11
e	12
f	13
g	14

TABLE 7

# 8. Power up through USB.

## 6 PROJECT

Design a simple calculator using the AT-MEGA328P. Use push buttons for numbers and other arithmetic keys. Solder all components on a PCB and power the circuit through a micro/typeC USB port. Design and print a case for your calculator using a 3-D printer.