

Dt : 20/11/2023

***imp**

Streams with Database:

define Stream?

=>The contineous flow of data is known as Stream.

Types of Streams:

=>Streams in Java are categorized into two types:

(i)Byte Stream

(ii)Character Stream

(i)Byte Stream:

**=>The contineous flow of data in the form of 8-bits is known as
Byte Stream or Binary Stream.**

**=>Byte Stream supports all multi-media data formats like Audio,Video,
Image,Animation and Text.**

(ii)Character Stream:

**=>The contineous flow of data in the form of 16-bits is known as
Character Stream or Text Stream.**

=>Character Stream is preferable for Text data and not preferable

for Audio, Video, Image and Animations files.

faq:

define Input Stream?

=>The stream coming into JavaProgram is known as Input Stream.

faq:

define Output Stream?

=>The stream going out of JavaProgram is known as Output Stream

=>The following SQL-types will support Stream data:

(a)BLOB

(b)CLOB

(a)BLOB:

=>BLOB stands for 'Binary Large Objects' and which support Byte Stream data.

(b)CLOB:

=>CLOB stands for 'Character Large Objects' and which support Character Stream data.

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Construct JDBC Application to Store Image onto DB product:

step-1 : Create table with name StreamTab57 from SQLCommandLine

create table StreamTab57(id varchar2(10),mfile BLOB,primary key(id));

step-2 : Construct the Application

Program : DBCon14.java

package test;

import java.util.*;

import java.sql.*;

import java.io.*;

public class DBCon14 {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

try(s){

try {

Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");

Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection

("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe",

```

        "system","manager");

    PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement

        ("insert into StreamTab57 values(?,?)");

    System.out.println("Enter the Id:");

    String id = s.nextLine();

    ps.setString(1, id);

    System.out.println("Enter the fPath&fName:(Source)");

    File f = new File(s.nextLine());

    if(f.exists()) {

        FileInputStream fis=new FileInputStream(f);

        ps.setBinaryStream(2, fis, f.length());

        int k = ps.executeUpdate();

        if(k>0) {

            System.out.println("Image Stored Successfully..");

        }

    }else {

        System.out.println("Invalid fPath or fName...");

    }

    con.close();

    }catch(Exception e) {e.printStackTrace();}

}

}

```

}

o/p:

Enter the Id:

A111

Enter the fPath&fName:(Source)

C:\Images\IMG_4917.JPG

Image Stored Successfully..

Diagram:

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**imp*

Construct JDBC Application to retrieve image from DB Product:

Program : DBCon15.java

package test;

import java.io.;*

import java.util.;*

import java.sql.;*

public class DBCon15 {

public static void main(String[] args) {

Scanner s = new Scanner(System.in);

```

try(s;){
    try {
        Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver");
        Connection con = DriverManager.getConnection
        ("jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe",
            "system","manager");
        PreparedStatement ps = con.prepareStatement
        ("select * from StreamTab57 where id=?");
        System.out.println("Enter the id:");
        String id = s.nextLine();
        ps.setString(1, id);
        ResultSet rs = ps.executeQuery();
        if(rs.next()) {
            Blob b = rs.getBlob(2);
            byte by[] = b.getBytes(1, (int)b.length());
            System.out.println("Enter the fPath&fName:(Destination)");
            File f = new File(s.nextLine());
            FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream(f);
            fos.write(by);
            System.out.println("Image retrieved Successfully...");
            fos.close();
        }else {

```

```
        System.out.println("Invalid id...");
    }
    con.close();
} catch (Exception e) {e.printStackTrace();}
} //end of try with resource
}
}
```

o/p:

Enter the id:

A111

Enter the fPath&fName:(Destination)

D:\Images\img.jpg

Image retrieved Successfully...

Diagram:

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