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Dt: 21/7/2023
Assignment:(Solution)
Construct the application from the following layout:
Program: DemoVariavles2.java
class Addition
{
      int p;
      static int q;
}
class Subtraction
{
      int x;
      static int y;
}
class DemoVariables2
{
      public static void main(String args[])
            Addition ob1 = new Addition();
    ob1.p = 10;
            Addition.q = 20;
```

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Subtraction ob2 = new Subtraction();
    ob2.x = 12;
    Subtraction.y = 7;
            System.out.println("Sum="+(ob1.p+Addition.q));
            System.out.println("Sub="+(ob2.x-Subtraction.y));
      }
}
Note:
 =>From the above diagram, Variables are:
   a=14
   b=12
   x=15
   y=13
   ob1=0x2
   0b2 = 0x3
*imp
Methods in Java:
 =>Methods are the actions which are executed to generate result.
 =>Based on "static" keyword the methods are categorized into
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two types:
   1.static methods
   2.NonStatic methods(Instance methods)
1.static methods:
 =>The methods which are declared with "static" keyword are know
  as static methods or Class methods
 =>These static methods will get the memory within the class while
  class loading and can be accessed with class name
structure of static methods:
static return_type method_name(para_list)
//method_body
Coding Rule:
 =>static methods can access static variables directly available
in the same class, but cannot access Instance variables.
Types of static methods:
 =>Static methods are categorized into two types:
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- (i)Pre-defined static methods
- (ii)User defined static methods
- (i)Pre-defined static methods:
- =>The static methods which are ready constructed and available from JavaLib are known as Pre-defined static method or Buil-in Static methods.
- (ii)User defined static methods:
- =>The static methods which are defined by the programmer are known as User defined static methods.
- _____
- 2.NonStatic methods(Instance methods):
- =>The methods which are declared without "static" keyword are
 known as NonStatic methods or Instance methods or Object methods
 =>These Instance methods will get the memory within the Object
 while Object creation and can be accessed with Object_name.

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Structure of Instance method:

return_type method_name(para_list)
{

//method_body
```

Coding Rule:

=>Instance methods can access both Instance variables and static

variables directly.

Types of Instance methods:

=>Instance methods are categorized into two types:

(i)Pre-defined Instance methods

(ii)User defined Instance methods

(i)Pre-defined Instance methods:

=>The Instance methods which are ready constructed and available from JavaLib are known as Pre-defined Instance methods or Built-in Instance methods.

(ii)User defined Instance methods:

=>The Instance methods which are defined by the programmer are known as User defined Instance methods.

Ex program : DemoMethods1.java

class MTest

```
{
     int a=10;
      static int b=20;
     static void m1()
  {
   System.out.println("****static m1()*****");
       //System.out.println("The value a="+a);
       System.out.println("The value b="+b);
  }
      void m2()
  {
   System.out.println("****Instance m2()****");
       System.out.println("The value a="+a);
       System.out.println("The value b="+b);
 }
}
class DemoMethods1
{
     public static void main(String[] args)
     {
            MTest.m1();
            MTest ob = new MTest();
```