```
In [1]:
```

```
#Import statements
from __future__ import print_function
import keras
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
from keras.datasets import mnist
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten
from keras.layers import Conv2D, MaxPooling2D
from keras.layers import Dropout, BatchNormalization
from keras import backend as K
from keras.optimizers import Adam, Adadelta
from keras.losses import categorical_crossentropy
from prettytable import PrettyTable

Using TensorFlow backend.
```

In [0]:

```
# Model parameters
batch_size = 128
num_classes = 10
epoch = 12
# input image dimensions
img_rows, img_cols = 28, 28
```

In [3]:

```
# loading and splitting the data
(x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = mnist.load_data()

if K.image_data_format() == 'channels_first':
    x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
    x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], 1, img_rows, img_cols)
    input_shape = (1, img_rows, img_cols)

else:
    x_train = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
    x_test = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], img_rows, img_cols, 1)
    input_shape = (img_rows, img_cols, 1)
```

In [4]:

```
#Normalization
x_train = x_train.astype('float32')
x_test = x_test.astype('float32')
x_train /= 255
x_test /= 255
print('x_train shape:', x_train.shape)
print(x_train.shape[0], 'train samples')
print(x_test.shape[0], 'test samples')

x_train shape: (60000, 28, 28, 1)
60000 train samples
10000 test samples
```

In [0]:

```
# convert class vectors to binary class matrices
y_train = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_train, num_classes)
y_test = keras.utils.to_categorical(y_test, num_classes)
```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
import time
# https://qist.github.com/greydanus/f6eee59eaf1d90fcb3b534a25362cea4
# https://stackoverflow.com/a/14434334
# this function is used to update the plots for each epoch and error
def plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax, colors=['b']):
   ax.plot(x, vy, 'b', label="Validation Loss")
ax.plot(x, ty, 'r', label="Train Loss")
    plt.legend()
    plt.grid()
    fig.canvas.draw()
```

1. 1 CNN(3 layers)+ relu + adam +Batch normalization + Dropout with kernel size = (3*3)

In [0]:

```
model=Sequential()
# Adding first layer
model.add(Conv2D(64, kernel_size=(3, 3),activation='relu',input_shape=input_shape))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2, 2)))
# Adding Second layer
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2,2)))
# Adding third layer
model.add(Conv2D(16, kernel size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
#axis=1 since we are using channels_first data format
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2,2)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
#Softmax
model.add(Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output	Shape	Param #
conv2d_7 (Conv2D)	(None,	26, 26, 64)	640
max_pooling2d_7 (MaxPooling2	(None,	13, 13, 64)	0
conv2d_8 (Conv2D)	(None,	11, 11, 32)	18464
batch_normalization_5 (Batch	(None,	11, 11, 32)	44
max_pooling2d_8 (MaxPooling2	(None,	5, 5, 32)	0
conv2d_9 (Conv2D)	(None,	3, 3, 16)	4624
batch_normalization_6 (Batch	(None,	3, 3, 16)	12
max_pooling2d_9 (MaxPooling2	(None,	1, 1, 16)	0
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None,	16)	0
dense_5 (Dense)	(None,	256)	4352
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_6 (Dense)	(None,	10)	2570
Total params: 30,706 Trainable params: 30,678 Non-trainable params: 28	=====		=======

Non-trainable params: 28

```
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(), metrics=['accuracy'])
history=model.fit(x_train, y_train,batch_size=batch_size,epochs=epoch,verbose=1,validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [=============] - 70s 1ms/step - loss: 0.4069 - acc: 0.8740 - val los
s: 0.1157 - val acc: 0.9648
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.1156 - acc: 0.9662 - val los
s: 0.0784 - val acc: 0.9768
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0866 - acc: 0.9737 - val los
s: 0.0675 - val acc: 0.9792
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0712 - acc: 0.9782 - val los
s: 0.0672 - val acc: 0.9803
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [=============] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0608 - acc: 0.9812 - val los
s: 0.0615 - val_acc: 0.9817
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0511 - acc: 0.9842 - val los
s: 0.0536 - val_acc: 0.9837
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0462 - acc: 0.9862 - val los
s: 0.0629 - val_acc: 0.9820
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0429 - acc: 0.9868 - val los
s: 0.0501 - val acc: 0.9849
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0383 - acc: 0.9879 - val los
s: 0.0571 - val acc: 0.9829
Epoch 10/12
s: 0.0549 - val acc: 0.9828
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [=============] - 69s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0334 - acc: 0.9890 - val los
s: 0.0539 - val acc: 0.9836
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 68s 1ms/step - loss: 0.0305 - acc: 0.9898 - val los
s: 0.0534 - val acc: 0.9860
```

In [0]:

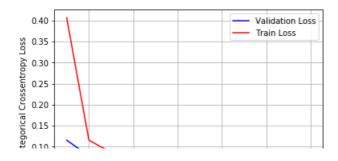
```
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')

# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,epoch+1))

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.05342528630345478 Test accuracy: 0.986



1. 2 CNN(5 layers)+ relu + adam +Batch normalization + Dropout with kernel size = (5*5)

In [23]:

```
model = Sequential()
# Adding first layer
model.add(Conv2D(40, kernel size = (5, 5), activation = "relu", input shape = input shape))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
# Adding second layer
model.add(Conv2D(60, kernel_size = (5, 5), activation = "relu"))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size = (1, 1)))
# Adding third layer
model.add(Conv2D(70, kernel size = (5, 5), activation = "relu"))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
# Adding fourth layer
model.add(Conv2D(90, kernel size = (5, 5), activation = "relu"))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size = (2, 2)))
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
# Adding fifth layer
model.add(Conv2D(100, kernel_size = (5, 5), activation = "relu"))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size = (1, 1)))
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(512, activation = "relu"))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
#Softmax
model.add(Dense(num classes, activation = "softmax"))
model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_71 (Conv2D)	(None, 24, 24, 40)	1040
dropout_43 (Dropout)	(None, 24, 24, 40)	0
conv2d_72 (Conv2D)	(None, 20, 20, 60)	60060
dropout_44 (Dropout)	(None, 20, 20, 60)	0
max_pooling2d_40 (MaxPooling	(None, 20, 20, 60)	0
conv2d_73 (Conv2D)	(None, 16, 16, 70)	105070
dropout_45 (Dropout)	(None, 16, 16, 70)	0
batch_normalization_26 (Batc	(None, 16, 16, 70)	64
conv2d_74 (Conv2D)	(None, 12, 12, 90)	157590
max_pooling2d_41 (MaxPooling	(None, 6, 6, 90)	0
batch_normalization_27 (Batc	(None, 6, 6, 90)	24
conv2d_75 (Conv2D)	(None, 2, 2, 100)	225100
max_pooling2d_42 (MaxPooling	(None, 2, 2, 100)	0
flatten_15 (Flatten)	(None, 400)	0

dense_29 (Dense)	(None, 512)	205312
dropout_46 (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0
dense_30 (Dense)	(None, 10)	5130
Total params: 759,390 Trainable params: 759,346 Non-trainable params: 44		

In [24]:

```
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(), metrics=['accuracy'])
history=model.fit(x_train, y_train,batch_size=batch_size,epochs=epoch,verbose=1,validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
```

```
Train on 60000 samples, validate on 10000 samples
Epoch 1/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 960s 16ms/step - loss: 0.2118 - acc: 0.9349 - val 1
oss: 0.0499 - val_acc: 0.9849
Epoch 2/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 958s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0645 - acc: 0.9819 - val 1
oss: 0.0358 - val acc: 0.9900
Epoch 3/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 959s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0483 - acc: 0.9863 - val 1
oss: 0.0264 - val acc: 0.9925
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 961s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0395 - acc: 0.9888 - val 1
oss: 0.0300 - val acc: 0.9913
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 960s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0382 - acc: 0.9895 - val 1
oss: 0.0290 - val acc: 0.9913
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 961s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0304 - acc: 0.9919 - val 1
oss: 0.0334 - val acc: 0.9909
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 968s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0281 - acc: 0.9918 - val 1
oss: 0.0263 - val acc: 0.9928
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 950s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0294 - acc: 0.9921 - val 1
oss: 0.0319 - val acc: 0.9917
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 946s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0255 - acc: 0.9931 - val 1
oss: 0.0350 - val acc: 0.9928
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 952s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0233 - acc: 0.9936 - val 1
oss: 0.0249 - val acc: 0.9923
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 948s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0225 - acc: 0.9940 - val 1
oss: 0.0367 - val_acc: 0.9905
Epoch 12/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 950s 16ms/step - loss: 0.0234 - acc: 0.9935 - val 1
oss: 0.0272 - val acc: 0.9932
```

In [25]:

```
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

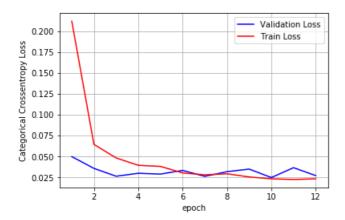
fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch') ; ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')

# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,epoch+1))

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.027181752927140496

Test accuracy: 0.9932



1. 3 CNN(7 layers)+ relu + adam +Batch normalization + Dropout with various kernel sizes

In [26]:

```
model=Sequential()
#Adding first layer
model.add(Conv2D(128, kernel_size=(7, 7),activation='relu',input_shape=input_shape))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(1, 1)))
#Adding Second Layer
model.add(Conv2D(64,kernel_size=(3,3),activation='relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
#Adding Third Layer
model.add(Conv2D(32,kernel size=(5,5),activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(1,1)))
#Fourth laver
model.add(Conv2D(32, kernel size=(3, 3), activation='relu'))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(1,1)))
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
#Fifth layer
model.add(Conv2D(16, kernel_size=(2, 2), activation='relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(1,1)))
#Sixth Layer
model.add(Conv2D(16,kernel size=(2,2),activation='relu'))
model.add(BatchNormalization(axis=1))
model.add(Dropout(0.5))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2,2)))
#Seventh Layer
model.add(Conv2D(8,kernel size=(3,3),activation='relu'))
model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool size=(2,2)))
#Fully Connected layer
#Flattening
model.add(Flatten())
model.add(Dense(256, activation = "relu"))
model.add(Dropout(0.25))
#Softmax
model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
model.summary()
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d_76 (Conv2D)	(None, 22, 22, 128)	6400
dropout 47 (Dropout)	(None, 22, 22, 128)	0

max_pooling2d_43 (MaxPooling	(None,	22, 22, 128)	0
conv2d_77 (Conv2D)	(None,	20, 20, 64)	73792
batch_normalization_28 (Batc	(None,	20, 20, 64)	80
conv2d_78 (Conv2D)	(None,	16, 16, 32)	51232
dropout_48 (Dropout)	(None,	16, 16, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_44 (MaxPooling	(None,	16, 16, 32)	0
conv2d_79 (Conv2D)	(None,	14, 14, 32)	9248
dropout_49 (Dropout)	(None,	14, 14, 32)	0
max_pooling2d_45 (MaxPooling	(None,	14, 14, 32)	0
batch_normalization_29 (Batc	(None,	14, 14, 32)	56
conv2d_80 (Conv2D)	(None,	13, 13, 16)	2064
batch_normalization_30 (Batc	(None,	13, 13, 16)	52
max_pooling2d_46 (MaxPooling	(None,	13, 13, 16)	0
conv2d_81 (Conv2D)	(None,	12, 12, 16)	1040
batch_normalization_31 (Batc	(None,	12, 12, 16)	48
dropout_50 (Dropout)	(None,	12, 12, 16)	0
max_pooling2d_47 (MaxPooling	(None,	6, 6, 16)	0
conv2d_82 (Conv2D)	(None,	4, 4, 8)	1160
max_pooling2d_48 (MaxPooling	(None,	2, 2, 8)	0
flatten_16 (Flatten)	(None,	32)	0
dense_31 (Dense)	(None,	256)	8448
dropout_51 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0
dense_32 (Dense)	(None,	10)	2570

Total params: 156,190 Trainable params: 156,072 Non-trainable params: 118

In [0]:

```
model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(), metrics=['accuracy'])
history=model.fit(x_train, y_train,batch_size=batch_size,epochs=epoch,verbose=1,validation_data=(x_test, y_test))
```

```
W0819 12:30:20.541568 140130769213312 deprecation_wrapper.py:119] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/keras/optimizers.py:790: The name tf.train.Optimizer is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.train.Optimizer instead.
```

W0819 12:30:20.669526 140130769213312 deprecation.py:323] From /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/tensorflow/python/ops/math_grad.py:1250: add_dispatch_support.<locals>.wrapper (from tensorflow.python.ops.array_ops) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version. Instructions for updating:

Use tf.where in 2.0, which has the same broadcast rule as np.where

```
USS. U.U!U! - Val acc. U.3/33
Epoch 3/12
oss: 0.0484 - val acc: 0.9869
Epoch 4/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 685s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0635 - acc: 0.9808 - val 1
oss: 0.0502 - val acc: 0.9867
Epoch 5/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 684s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0550 - acc: 0.9833 - val 1
oss: 0.0436 - val acc: 0.9878
Epoch 6/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 688s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0486 - acc: 0.9851 - val 1
oss: 0.0456 - val acc: 0.9861
Epoch 7/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 690s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0455 - acc: 0.9862 - val 1
oss: 0.0316 - val acc: 0.9923
Epoch 8/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 690s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0431 - acc: 0.9870 - val 1
oss: 0.0417 - val_acc: 0.9878
Epoch 9/12
60000/60000 [============== ] - 688s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0417 - acc: 0.9874 - val 1
oss: 0.0317 - val_acc: 0.9916
Epoch 10/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 687s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0366 - acc: 0.9888 - val 1
oss: 0.0359 - val_acc: 0.9903
Epoch 11/12
60000/60000 [============= ] - 690s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0359 - acc: 0.9888 - val 1
oss: 0.0253 - val_acc: 0.9932
Epoch 12/12
oss: 0.0311 - val acc: 0.9911
```

In [0]:

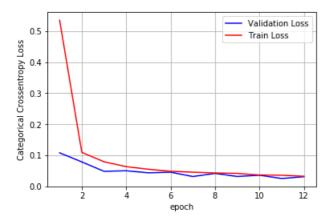
```
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
print('Test score:', score[0])
print('Test accuracy:', score[1])

fig,ax = plt.subplots(1,1)
ax.set_xlabel('epoch'); ax.set_ylabel('Categorical Crossentropy Loss')

# list of epoch numbers
x = list(range(1,epoch+1))

vy = history.history['val_loss']
ty = history.history['loss']
plt_dynamic(x, vy, ty, ax)
```

Test score: 0.031061326131038368 Test accuracy: 0.9911



Observations

In [4]:

```
x = PrettyTable()
x.field_names = ["Architecture", "Accuracy-%"]
```

```
x.add_row(["3 layer CNN, kernel size=(3*3)", "98.6"])
x.add_row(["5 layer CNN, kernel size=(5*5)", "99.3"])
x.add_row(["7 layer CNN, different kernel sizes", "99.1"])
print(x)
```

3 layer CNN, kernel size=(3*3)	Architecture	Accuracy-%
	5 layer CNN, kernel size=(5*5)	99.3

3 layer architecture

Conv2d-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->BN-->Conv2d-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->BN-->Conv2d-->Maxpooling-->Flatten,dense-->Dropout-->softmax

5 layer architecture

Conv2d-->drouput-->Conv2d-->dropout-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->dropout-->BN-->Conv2d-->Maxpooling-->BN-->#Conv2d-->drouput-->Conv2d-->->dropout-->Conv2d-->->dropout-->BN-->Conv2d-->Maxpooling-->Flatten,dense-->Dropout-->Softmax

7 layer architecture

Conv2d-->drouput-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->dropout-->BN-->Conv2d-->dropout-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->dropout-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->BN-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->BN-->Dropout-->Maxpooling-->Conv2d-->Maxpooling-->Flatten,dense-->Dropout-->softmax

Accuracy got increased while increasing the number of layers, but it slightly reduced on using different kernel sizes with 7 layers compared to 5 layer CNN.