

1. Is the Python Standard Library included with PyInputPlus?

Solutions: PyInputPlus is not a part of the Python Standard Library, So you must install it separately using PIP

2. Why is PyInputPlus commonly imported with `import pyinputplus as pypi`?

Solution: `pypi` is alias of PyInputPlus

The `as pypi` code in the import statement saves us from typing `pyinputplus` each time we want to call a PyInput each time we want to call a PyInputPlus function. Instead we can use the shortner `pypi` name.

3)How do you distinguish between `inputInt()` and `inputFloat()`?

Solutions: `inputInt()` : Accepts an integer value, and returns int value

`inputFloat()`: Accepts integer/floating point value and returns float value.

4. Using PyInputPlus, how do you ensure that the user enters a whole number between 0 and 99?

Solutions: In the `inputint` function we can set the `min = 0` and `max =99` to ensure user enters number between 0 and 99

5. What is transferred to the keyword arguments `allowRegexes` and `blockRegexes`?

Solution: We can also use regular expressions to specify whether an input is allowed or not.

The `allowRegexes` and `blockRegexes` key word arguments take a list of regular expression strings to determine what the PyInputPlus function will accept or reject as valid input.

6. If a blank input is entered three times, what does `inputStr(limit=3)` do?

Solutions: It will throw `RetryLimitException` exception.

7). If blank input is entered three times, what does `inputStr(limit=3, default='hello')` do?

Solution:When you use `limit` keyword arguments and also pass a default keyword argument, the function returns the default value instead of raising an exception.