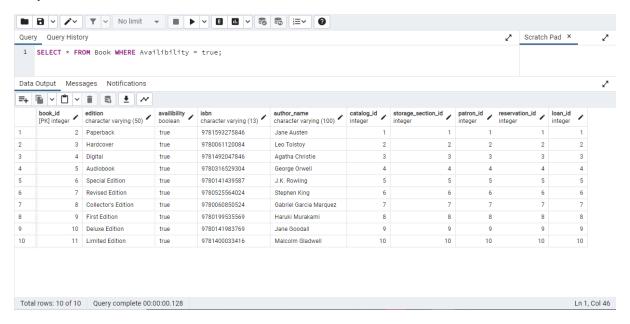
Principal Queries

1. Retrieve all books available in the library.

SELECT * FROM Book WHERE Availability = true;

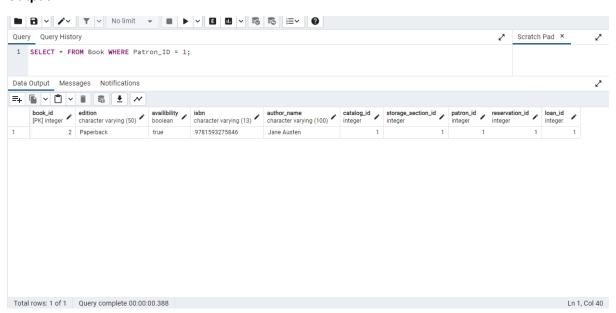
Output



2. Find books borrowed by a specific patron:

SELECT * FROM Book WHERE Patron ID = 1;

Output



3. Count the number of books in each storage section:

SELECT

StorageSection.Section_Name,
COUNT(Book.Book ID) AS Book Count

FROM

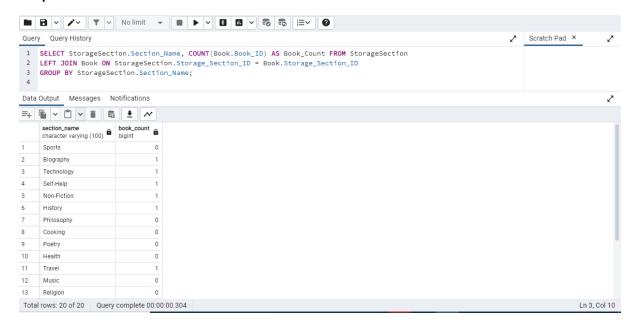
StorageSection

LEFT JOIN Book ON StorageSection.Storage_Section_ID = Book.Storage_Section_ID

GROUP BY

StorageSection.Section_Name;

Output



4. Retrieve all books along with their availability status and storage section names:

SELECT

Book.Book_ID,

Book.Edition,

Book.Availibility,

Publisher.ISBN,

Author.Author_Name,

Catalog.Description,

Catalog.Condition,

Catalog. Availability AS Catalog_Availability,

StorageSection_Name AS Storage_Section_Name

FROM

Book

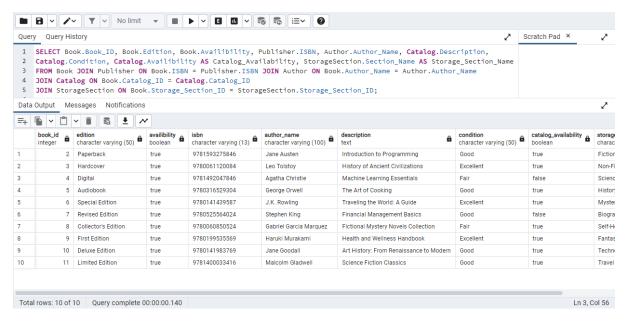
JOIN Publisher ON Book.ISBN = Publisher.ISBN

JOIN Author ON Book.Author_Name = Author.Author_Name

JOIN Catalog ON Book.Catalog_ID = Catalog.Catalog_ID

JOIN StorageSection ON Book.Storage_Section_ID = StorageSection.Storage_Section_ID;

Output



5. Retrieve the total late fees collected:

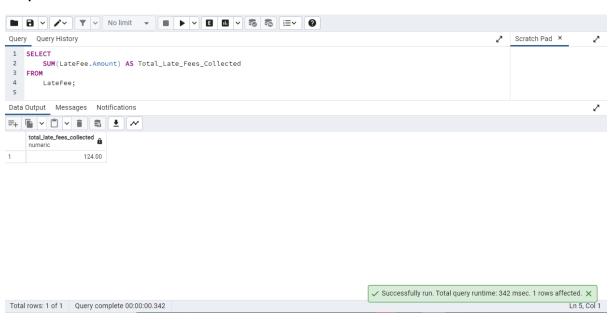
SELECT

SUM(LateFee.Amount) AS Total Late Fees Collected

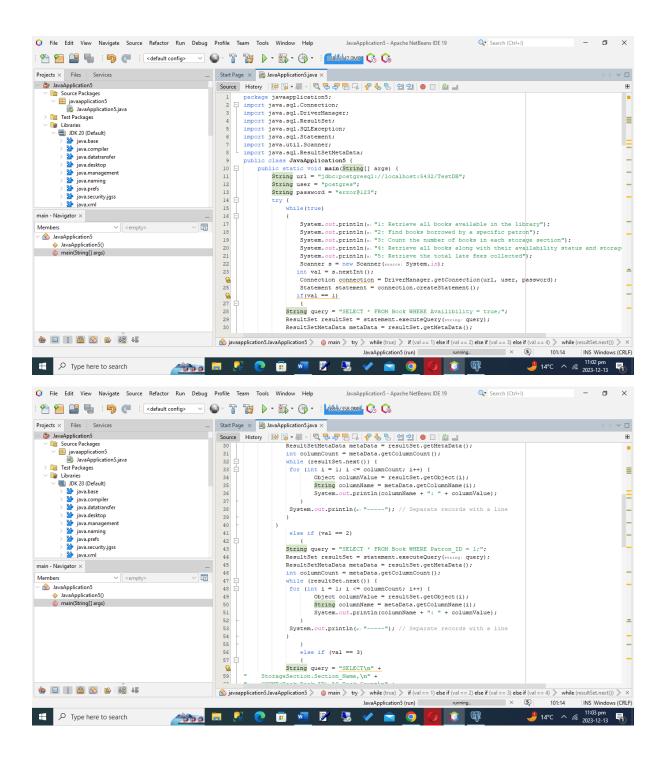
FROM

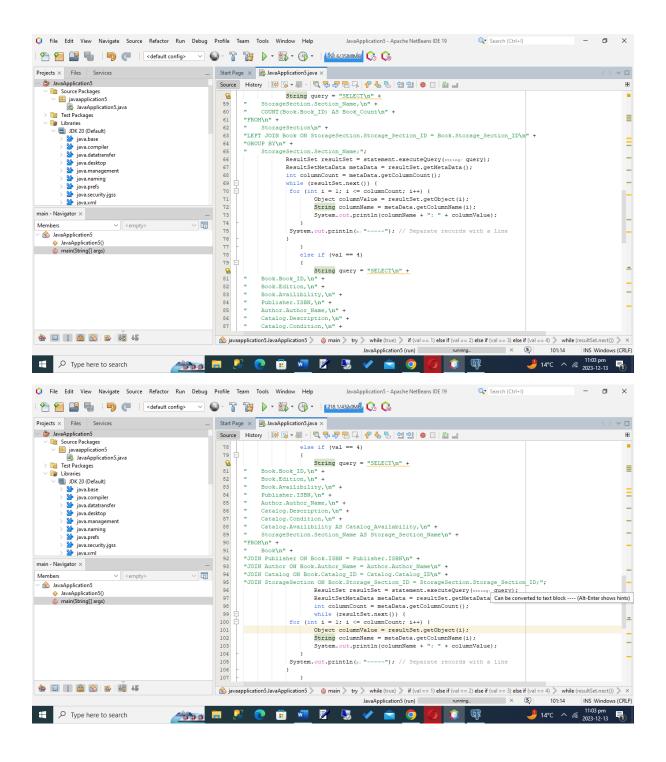
LateFee;

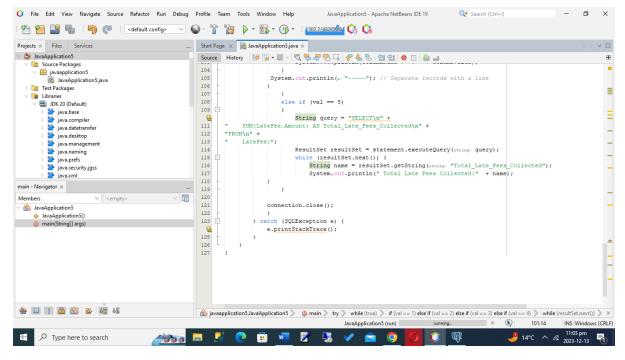
Output



JDBC Implementations of the Principal Queries and Visualization







Result:

