## **Advanced Database System**

Name: Alaikya S Yemul Roll No: 62

#### **ASSIGNMENT NO: 11**

Title: Implement algorithm for finding association rules for given minimum support and confidence.

#### **Theory:**

We have a problem of a retailer, who wants to find the association between his shop's product, so that he can provide an offer of "Buy this and Get that" to his customers.

The retailer has a dataset information that contains a list of transactions made by his customer. In the dataset, each row shows the products purchased by customers or transactions made by the customer. To solve this problem, we will perform the below steps:

#### 1. Data Pre-processing Step:

The first step is data pre-processing step. Under this, first, we will perform the importing of the libraries. The code for this is given below:

#### Importing the libraries:

Before importing the libraries, we will use the below line of code to install the *apyori package* to use further, as Spyder IDE does not contain it:

pip install apyroi

Below is the code to implement the libraries that will be used for different tasks of the model:

import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd

#### Importing the dataset:

Now, we will import the dataset for our apriori model. To import the dataset, there will be some changes here. All the rows of the dataset are showing different transactions made by the customers. The first row is the transaction done by the first customer, which means there is no particular name for each column and have their own individual value or product details(See the dataset given below after the code). So, we need to mention here in our code that there is no header specified. The code is given below:

#Importing the dataset
dataset = pd.read\_csv('Market\_Basket\_data1.csv')

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transactions=[]
for i in range(0, 7501):
 transactions.append([str(dataset.values[i,j]) for j in range(0,20)])

In the above code, the first line is showing importing the dataset into pandas format. The second line of the code is used because the apriori() that we will use for training our model takes the dataset in the format of the list of the transactions. So, we have created an empty list of the transaction. This list will contain all the itemsets from 0 to 7500. Here we have taken 7501 because, in <a href="Python">Python</a>, the last index is not considered.

The dataset looks like the below image:

dataset - Datai	taset - DataFrame													
Index	shrimp	almonds	avocado	vegetables mix	green grapes	whole weat flour	yams	cottage cheese	energy drink	tomato juice	low fat yogurt	green tea	honey	salad
)	burgers	meatballs	eggs	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
L	chutney	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
2	turkey	avocado	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
3	mineral water	milk	energy bar	whole wheat rice	green tea	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
1	low fat yogurt	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
5	whole wheat pasta	french fries	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
;	saup	light cream	shallot	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
7	frozen vegetables	spaghetti	green tea	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
8	french fries	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
9	eggs	pet food	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
LØ	cookies	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
11	turkey	burgers	mineral water	eggs	cooking oil	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
12	spaghetti	champagne	cookies	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
13	mineral water	salmon	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
14	mineral water	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
15	shrimp	chocolate	chicken	honey	oil	cooking oil	low fat yogurt	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
16	turkey	eggs	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan
7	turkey	fresh tuna	tonatoes	spaghetti	mineral water	black tea	salmon	eggs	chicken	extra dark chocolate	nan	nan	nan	nan
.8	meatballs	milk	honey	french fries	protein bar	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan	nan

#### 2. Training the Apriori Model on the dataset

To train the model, we will use the **apriori function** that will be imported from the **apyroi** package. This function will return the **rules** to train the model on the dataset. Consider the below code:

from apyori **import** apriori rules= apriori(transactions= transactions, min\_support=0.003, min\_confidence = 0.2, min\_lift=3, min\_length=2, max\_length=2)

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In the above code, the first line is to import the apriori function. In the second line, the apriori function returns the output as the rules. It takes the following parameters:

- o **transactions**: A list of transactions.
- o **min\_support**= To set the minimum support float value. Here we have used 0.003 that is calculated by taking 3 transactions per customer each week to the total number of transactions.
- o **min\_confidence**: To set the minimum confidence value. Here we have taken 0.2. It can be changed as per the business problem.
- o **min\_lift**= To set the minimum lift value.
- o **min\_length**= It takes the minimum number of products for the association.
- o **max\_length** = It takes the maximum number of products for the association.

#### 3. Visualizing the result

Now we will visualize the output for our apriori model. Here we will follow some more steps, which are given below:

o Displaying the result of the rules occurred from the apriori function

```
results= list(rules)
results
```

As we can see, the above output is in the form that is not easily understandable. So, we will print all the rules in a suitable format.

• Visualizing the rule, support, confidence, lift in more clear way:

```
for item in results:
    pair = item[0]
    items = [x for x in pair]
    print("Rule: " + items[0] + " -> " + items[1])
    print("Support: " + str(item[1]))
```

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```
print("Confidence: " + str(item[2][0][2]))
print("Lift: " + str(item[2][0][3]))
print("==========""")
```

By executing the above lines of code, we will get the below output:

Rule: chicken -> light cream

Support: 0.0045333333333333334

Confidence: 0.2905982905982906

Lift: 4.843304843304844

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Rule: escalope -> mushroom cream sauce

Support: 0.005733333333333333

Confidence: 0.30069930069930073

Lift: 3.7903273197390845

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**Rule:** escalope -> pasta

Support: 0.00586666666666667

Confidence: 0.37288135593220345

Lift: 4.700185158809287

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**Rule: fromage blanc -> honey** 

Support: 0.0033333333333333333

Confidence: 0.2450980392156863

Lift: 5.178127589063795

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Rule: ground beef -> herb & pepper

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**Support: 0.016** 

Confidence: 0.3234501347708895

Lift: 3.2915549671393096

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**Rule:** tomato sauce -> ground beef

Support: 0.0053333333333333333

Confidence: 0.37735849056603776

Lift: 3.840147461662528

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Rule: olive oil -> light cream

**Support: 0.0032** 

Confidence: 0.20512820512820515

Lift: 3.120611639881417

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Rule: olive oil -> whole wheat pasta

**Support: 0.008** 

Confidence: 0.2714932126696833

Lift: 4.130221288078346

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**Rule:** pasta -> shrimp

Support: 0.005066666666666666

Confidence: 0.3220338983050848

Lift: 4.514493901473151

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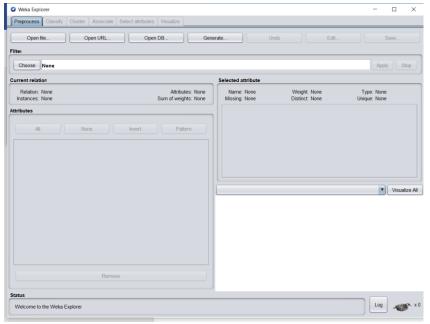
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From the above output, we can analyze each rule. The first rules, which is **Light cream**  $\rightarrow$  **chicken**, states that the light cream and chicken are bought frequently by most of the customers. The support for this rule is **0.0045**, and the confidence is **29%**. Hence, if a customer buys light cream, it is 29% chances that he also buys chicken, and it is .0045 times appeared in the transactions. We can check all these things in other rules also.

#### **WEKA Implementation:**

#### **Screenshots:**



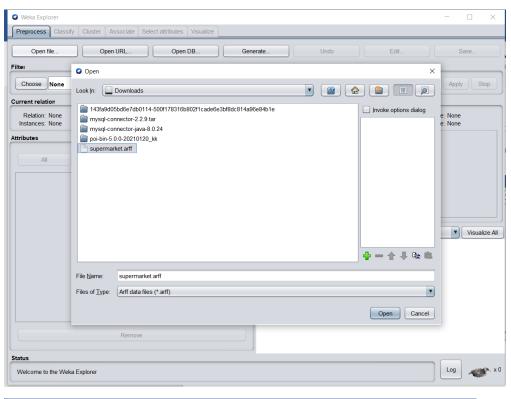


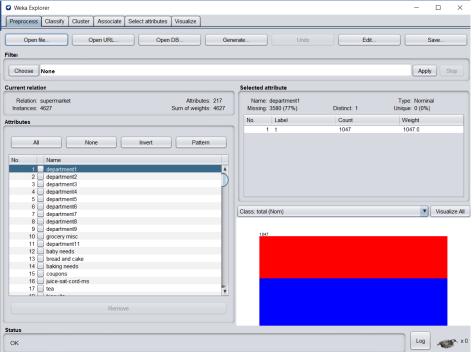
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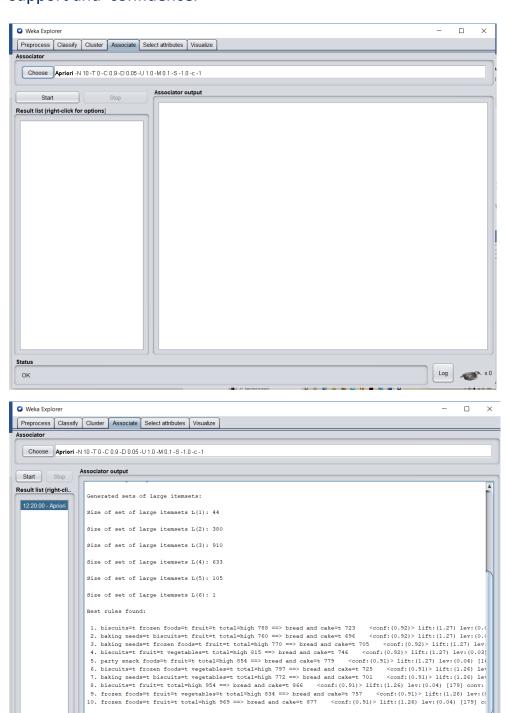


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