ECE 661: Homework 3

Christina Eberhardt (eberharc@purdue.edu)

Part 1: Point-to-point correspondences

Step 1: Determine the points P (left top corner), Q (left bottom corner), R (right bottom corner) and S (right top corner) for the images Img1, Img2 and Img3 using GIMP. Determine those points matching their measurements

Image	Р	Q	R	S
lmg1	(47, 307)	(8, 575)	(1011, 698)	(1000, 523)
Img2	(478, 718)	(481, 874)	(607, 923)	(601, 736)
Img3	(2062, 702)	(2094, 1480)	(2694, 1329)	(2665, 720)
Img4	(549, 420)	(672, 700)	(1228, 595)	(993, 353)
Img5	(600, 167)	(656, 490)	(968, 403)	(926, 129)

Table 1: Coordinates for PQRS in images Img1 – Img3

The target coordinates for PQRS can be determined from the measurements.

Image	Р	Q	R	S
lmg1_m	(0, 0)	(0, 2890)	(470, 2890)	(470, 0)
Img1_m2	(0, 0)	(0, 75)	(85, 75)	(85, 0)
Img2_m	(0, 0)	(0, 84)	(74, 84)	(74, 0)
Img3_m	(0, 0)	(0, 55)	(36, 55)	(36, 0)
Img4_m	(0, 0)	(0, 60)	(60, 60)	(60,0)
Img5_m	(0, 0)	(0, 160)	(120, 160)	(120, 0)

Table 2: Target Coordinates for PQRS in images Img1 – Img3

To verify the coordinates, plot the points PQRS as determined in the images. The results can be found in Figure 1.

For Img1 m we assume the following:

- The width between two windows is 1.5 times the width of a window
- The height between two windows is 0.5 times the height of a window

Based on these results we choose the closest "nice" number. We also use the smaller coordinates of the same part to get a more detailed view.

For Img4 and Img5 pick measurements as described above.





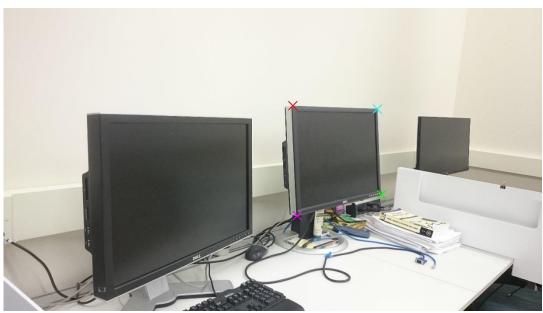


Figure 1: Img1, Img2 and Img3 (from top to bottom) with the chosen coordinates for point-to-point transformation

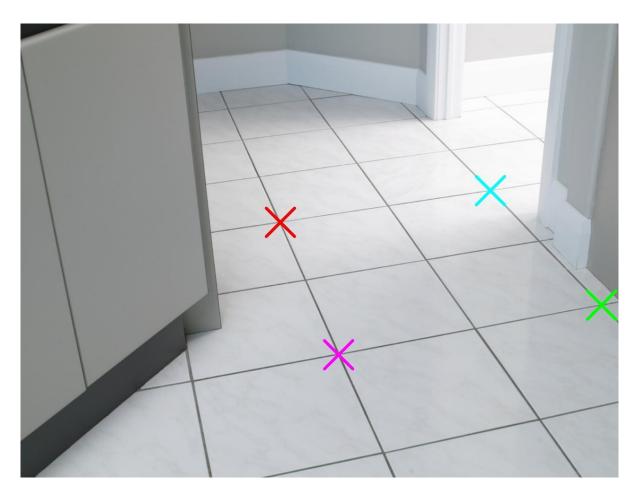




Figure 2: Img4 (top) and Img4 (bottom) with the chosen coordinates for point-to-point transformation

Step 2: Determine the homographies between the images.

$$x' = Hx$$

All coordinates P, Q, R, S need to be translated into homogenous coordinates for this. The homogenous coordinates of a point (x, y) are $x = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$.

Then,

$$\begin{pmatrix} x' \\ y' \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} h_{11} & h_{12} & h_{13} \\ h_{21} & h_{22} & h_{23} \\ h_{31} & h_{32} & h_{33} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

This yields the following system of equations:

$$x' = h_{11}x + h_{12}y + h_{13}$$
$$y' = h_{21}x + h_{22}y + h_{23}$$
$$1 = h_{31}x + h_{32}y + h_{33}$$

Calculate the coordinates (x', y') from those 3 equations with

$$x' = \frac{x'}{1} = \frac{h_{11}x + h_{12}y + h_{13}}{h_{31}x + h_{32}y + h_{33}}$$
$$y' = \frac{y'}{1} = \frac{h_{21}x + h_{22}y + h_{23}}{h_{31}x + h_{32}y + h_{33}}$$

Rewrite those equations:

$$h_{11}x + h_{12}y + h_{13} - h_{31}xx' - h_{32}yx' - h_{33}x' = 0$$

$$h_{21}x + h_{22}y + h_{23} - h_{31}xy' - h_{32}yy' - h_{33}y' = 0$$

We have four pairs of corresponding points. Hence, we get 8 equations in 9 parameters. No more than 2 of them are on the same straight line. Therefore, we can calculate ${\bf H}$ within a multiplicative constant. Due to ${\bf H}$ being homogenous it is sufficient to determine ${\bf H}$ within this multiplicative constant – the eight equations are sufficient. Use the indices ${\bf P}$, ${\bf Q}$, ${\bf R}$, ${\bf S}$ to refer to the respective physical points. Choose $h_{33}=1$ - this is taking care of the degree of freedom we have with the multiplicative constant - and move its terms to the right side of the equation. Then,

$$h_{11}x + h_{12}y + h_{13} - h_{31}xx' - h_{32}yx' = h_{33}x' = x'$$

 $h_{21}x + h_{22}y + h_{23} - h_{31}xy' - h_{32}yy' = h_{33}y' = y'$

Rewrite this into matrix form:

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_P & y_P & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_P x_P' & -y_P x_P' \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_P & y_P & 1 & -x_P y_P' & -y_P y_P' \\ x_Q & y_Q & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_Q x_Q' & -y_Q x_Q' \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_Q & y_Q & 1 & -x_Q y_Q' & -y_Q y_Q' \\ x_R & y_R & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_R x_R' & -y_R x_R' \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_R & y_R & 1 & -x_R y_R' & -y_R y_R' \\ x_S & y_S & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_S x_S' & -y_S x_S' \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & x_S & y_S & 1 & -x_R y_R' & -y_S y_S' \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} h_{11} \\ h_{12} \\ h_{13} \\ h_{21} \\ h_{22} \\ h_{23} \\ h_{31} \\ h_{32} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_P' \\ y_P' \\ x_Q' \\ y_Q' \\ x_R' \\ y_R' \\ x_S' \\ y_S' \end{bmatrix}$$

This is equivalent to Ah = b. Hence, $h = A^{-1}b$. Add the value for $h_{33} = 1$ to the vector and transform it into the 3x3 matrix H.

In the next substeps, the homographies between the images and their measurements are calculated using the method outlined above. The results \boldsymbol{H} are reported.

Step 2.1: Determine the homography between the measurement Img1_m and Img1

Let ${\pmb H}_{m1}$ be the homography that maps a point from the measurement to the corresponding point in Img1. We can determine it to be

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{m1} = \begin{bmatrix} 3.24227 & -0.0136501 & 47 \\ 1.09482 & 0.0815696 & 307 \\ 0.00121461 & -1.94156e - 05 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2.2: Determine the homography between the measurement Img2_m and Img2

Let H_{m2} be the homography that maps a point from the measurement to the corresponding point in Img2. We can determine it to be

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{m2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.350095 & -0.0565722 & 478 \\ -1.36355 & 1.68945 & 718 \\ -0.00218314 & -0.000191864 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2.3: Determine the homography between the measurement Img3_m and Img3

Let ${\cal H}_{m3}$ be the homography that maps a point from the measurement to the corresponding point in Img3. We can determine it to be

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{m3} = \begin{bmatrix} 37.8031 & 0.166517 & 2063 \\ 6.36207 & 13.9739 & 696 \\ 0.00791028 & -0.000189646 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2.4: Determine the homography between the measurement Img4_m and Img4

Let H_{m4} be the homography that maps a point from the measurement to the corresponding point in Img4. We can determine it to be

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{m4} = \begin{bmatrix} 8.37371 & -0.484625 & 549 \\ -0.770525 & 2.02643 & 420 \\ 0.000980571 & -0.00377176 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 2.5: Determine the homography between the measurement Img5_m and Img5

Let H_{m5} be the homography that maps a point from the measurement to the corresponding point in Img5. We can determine it to be

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{m5} = \begin{bmatrix} 4.14553 & 0.431777 & 600 \\ -0.117614 & 2.07983 & 167 \\ 0.00154304 & 0.000124661 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Step 3: Apply the homographies to the images

In steps 4.1, 4.2 and 4.3 we apply the inverse homographies of the homographies determined in step 2 to the given images that have projective and affine distortions. To do so, we check for the minimum and maximum x-and y-coordinates when applying the inverse homography to the image. With that information we create an empty image. For all pixels in that empty image we check if the homography maps into the given image. If yes, we find the corresponding nearest pixel in the given image and round its coordinate to the nearest pixel and copy its content into the coordinate in question from the empty image. If not, we leave the pixel in the empty image unchanged.

The image of the frame PQRS int the originally empty image should not have projective or affine distortion because we applied metric retification.

In the following substeps the results for applying the homographies are shown.

Step 3.1: Use the homography \pmb{H}_{m1} to apply metric rectification to Img1

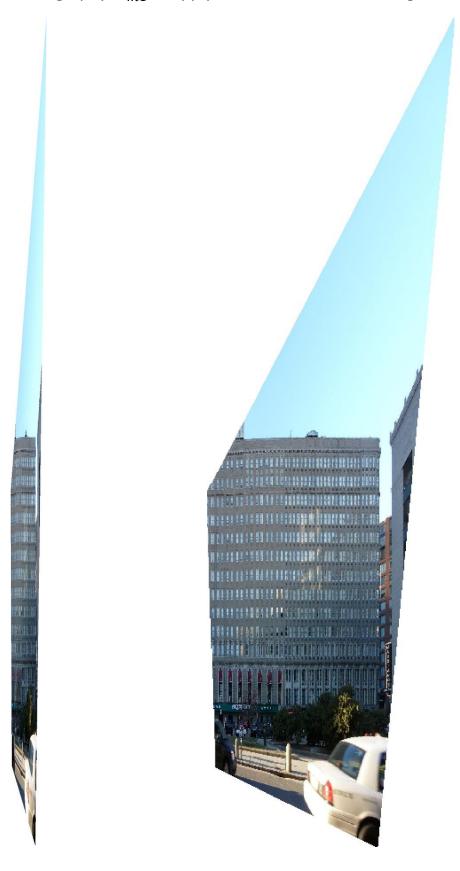


Figure 3: Img1 with metric rectification (left) and metric rectification with unrealistic coordinates (right)

Step 3.2: Use the homography ${\pmb H}_{m2}$ to apply metric rectification to Img2



Figure 4: Img2 with metric rectification

Step 3.3: Use the homography $m{H}_{m3}$ to apply metric rectification to Img3



Figure 5: Img3 with metric rectification

Step 3.4: Use the homography \pmb{H}_{m3} to apply metric rectification to Img4



Figure 6: Img4 with metric rectification

Step 3.5: Use the homography \pmb{H}_{m3} to apply metric rectification to Img5



Figure 7: Img5 with metric rectification

Part 2: Two-step method

Step 1: Remove the projective distortion using the VL method

Let $m{l} = \begin{pmatrix} l_1 \\ l_2 \\ l_3 \end{pmatrix}$ be the vanishing line in the given image. Then, if we apply a

homography that sends the vanishing line back to ${m l}_{\infty}=\begin{pmatrix} 0\\0\\1 \end{pmatrix}$ the remaining distortion will be purely affine. The homography that will do this is

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ l_1 & l_2 & l_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

While points are transformed by H, lines are transformed by H^{-T} . To get this,

we need
$$\mathbf{H}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -l_1/l_3 & -l_2/l_3 & 1/l_3 \end{bmatrix}$$
. Then, $\mathbf{H}^{-T} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -l_1/l_3 \\ 0 & 1 & -l_2/l_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/l_3 \end{bmatrix}$.

Now check that \boldsymbol{H}^{-T} sends the vanishing line \boldsymbol{l} to \boldsymbol{l}_{∞} .

$$\boldsymbol{H}^{-T}\boldsymbol{l} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -l_1/l_3 \\ 0 & 1 & -l_2/l_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/l_3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} l_1 \\ l_2 \\ l_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} l_1 - l_1 \\ l_2 - l_2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \boldsymbol{l}_{\infty}$$

Hence, when applying H to all points in the image we remove the projective distortion.

We can obtain the vanishing line $m{l}$ doing the following steps:

- Pick two sets of parallel lines in the image. Get their vanishing points (their intersection) by calculating the cross product of the homogenous representations of the lines. We obtain two vanishing points
- Calculate the cross product of the homogenous coordinates of the vanishing points. The result is the homogenous coordinate representation of the vanishing line *l*.

The choice of parallel lines is shown in the following images.

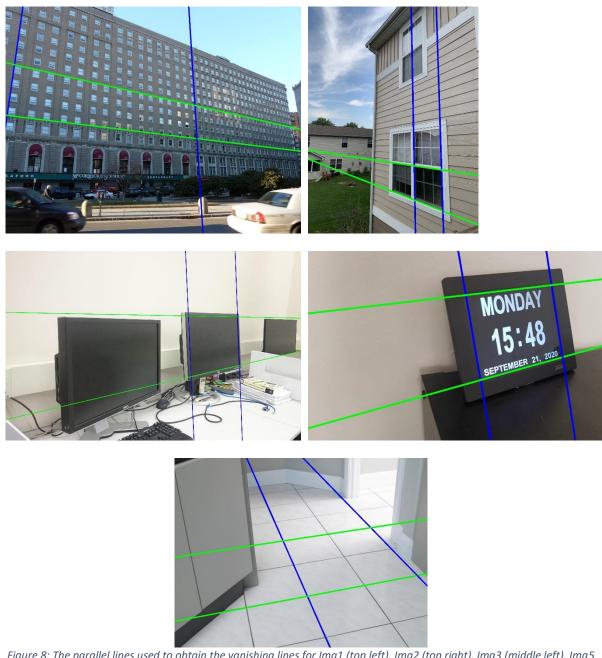


Figure 8: The parallel lines used to obtain the vanishing lines for Img1 (top left), Img2 (top right), Img3 (middle left), Img5 (middle right) and Img4 (bottom)

In the next substeps, the homographies to remove the projective distortions are determined using the method outlined above. The results \boldsymbol{H} are reported. Furthermore, the output images we receive after applying the homographies to the images are attached.

It can be seen, that parallel lines are now parallel in the image.

Step 1.1: Use the homography $m{H}_{VL1}$ to remove the projective distortion from Img1.

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{VL1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.000430656 & -0.000165958 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Figure 9: Img1 after removing the projective distortion

Step 1.2: Use the homography $m{H}_{VL2}$ to remove the projective distortion from Img2.

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{VL2} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -0.00767975 & -0.000370726 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Figure 10: Img2 after removing the projective distortion

Step 1.3: Use the homography $m{H}_{VL3}$ to remove the projective distortion from Img3.

$$\mathbf{H}_{VL3} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.000206031 & -2.32576e - 06 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Figure 11: Img3 after removing the projective distortion

Step 1.4: Use the homography $m{H}_{VL4}$ to remove the projective distortion from Img4.

$$\mathbf{\textit{H}}_{VL4} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -5.53878e - 05 & -0.00187453 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

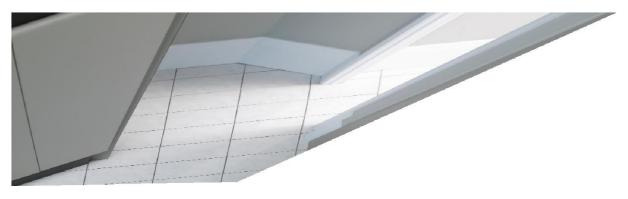


Figure 12: Img4 after removing the projective distortion

Step 1.5: Use the homography $m{H}_{VL5}$ to remove the projective distortion from Img5.

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{VL5} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0.00037173 & -1.72341e - 05 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Figure 13: Img5 after removing the projective distortion

Step 2: Remove the affine distortion

Identify \boldsymbol{l} and \boldsymbol{m} such that they are orthogonal to each other. Then they form an angle $\theta=90^{\circ}$.

$$\cos(\theta) = \frac{\boldsymbol{l}^T \boldsymbol{C}_{\infty}^* \boldsymbol{m}}{\sqrt{(\boldsymbol{l}^T \boldsymbol{C}_{\infty}^* \boldsymbol{l})(\boldsymbol{m}^T \boldsymbol{C}_{\infty}^* \boldsymbol{m})}} = 0$$

Hence, we only care about the nominator and can simplify the formula for this special case to $\cos(\theta) = \mathbf{l}^T \mathbf{C}_{\infty}^* \mathbf{m} = 0$.

In the recorded image we see the lines $\mathbf{l}' = \mathbf{H}^{-T}\mathbf{l}$ and $\mathbf{m} = \mathbf{H}^{-T}\mathbf{m}$. The dual conic transforms as $\mathbf{C}^{*'} = \mathbf{H}\mathbf{C}^*\mathbf{H}^T$ Express the formula for $\cos(\theta)$ in terms of those.

$$0 = \cos(\theta) = (\mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{l}')^T (\mathbf{H}^{-1} \mathbf{C}_{\infty}^{*'} \mathbf{H}^{-T}) (\mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{m}')$$

= $(\mathbf{l}'^T \mathbf{H}) (\mathbf{H}^{-1} \mathbf{C}_{\infty}^{*'} \mathbf{H}^{-T}) (\mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{m}')$
= $\mathbf{l}'^T \mathbf{C}_{\infty}^{*'} \mathbf{m}' = \mathbf{l}'^T \mathbf{H} \mathbf{C}_{\infty}^* \mathbf{H}^T \mathbf{m}'$

We know that **H** is an affine transformation, hence $H = \begin{bmatrix} A & t \\ \mathbf{0}^T & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Obtain
$$\mathbf{l}' = \begin{pmatrix} l_1' \\ l_2' \\ l_3' \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $\mathbf{m}' = \begin{pmatrix} m_1' \\ m_2' \\ m_3' \end{pmatrix}$ from the image. Then,
$$0 = (l_1' \quad l_2' \quad l_3') \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A} & \mathbf{t} \\ \mathbf{0}^T & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{I} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0}^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{t}^T & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_1' \\ m_2' \\ m_3' \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= (l_1' \quad l_2' \quad l_3') \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^T & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0}^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_1' \\ m_2' \\ m_3' \end{pmatrix}$$

Consider $\pmb{S}=\pmb{A}\pmb{A}^T=\begin{bmatrix} S_{11} & S_{12} \\ S_{12} & S_{22} \end{bmatrix}$, a symmetric matrix. Then

$$0 = (l_1' \quad l_2') \begin{bmatrix} s_{11} & s_{12} \\ s_{12} & s_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} m_1' \\ m_2' \end{pmatrix}$$

= $s_{11}l_1'm_1' + s_{12}(l_1'm_2' + l_2'm_1') + s_{22}l_2'm_2'$

We do not care about the exact ratios in S. Therefore, we only need to determine two of the three unknowns. We need at least two equations of this kind to do so. This means that we need two pairs of orthogonal lines l and m.

$$\begin{bmatrix} l'_{a1}m_{a1}{'} & l_{a1}{'}m_{a2}{'} + l_{a2}{'}m_{a1}{'} & l_{a2}{'}m_{a2}{'} \\ l'_{b1}m_{b1}{'} & l_{b1}{'}m_{b2}{'} + l_{b2}{'}m_{b1}{'} & l_{b2}{'}m_{b2}{'} \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} s_{11} \\ s_{12} \\ s_{22} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Set $s_{22} = 1$. Then,

$$\begin{bmatrix} l'_{a1}m_{a1}' & l_{a1}'m_{a2}' + l_{a2}'m_{a1}' \\ l'_{b1}m_{b1}' & l_{b1}'m_{b2}' + l_{b2}'m_{b1}' \end{bmatrix} \binom{s_{11}}{s_{12}} = \binom{-l_{a2}'m_{a2}'}{-l_{b2}'m_{b2}'}$$

We are searching for A, non-singular. Assume that A is positive-definite. Then, we can use the singular value decomposition (SVD) to obtain A from S.

$$A = VDV^T$$

$$S = AA^{T} = VDV^{T}VDV^{T} = VD^{2}V^{T} = V\begin{bmatrix} \lambda_{1}^{2} & 0\\ 0 & \lambda_{2}^{2} \end{bmatrix}V^{T}$$

We can read V directly from the SVD and can obtain $D = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{\lambda_1^2} & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{\lambda_2^2} \end{bmatrix}$.

$$\boldsymbol{C}_{\infty}^{*'} = \boldsymbol{H} \boldsymbol{C}_{\infty}^{*} \boldsymbol{H}^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{A} & \boldsymbol{t} \\ \boldsymbol{0}^{T} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{I} & \boldsymbol{0} \\ \boldsymbol{0}^{T} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{A}^{T} & \boldsymbol{0} \\ \boldsymbol{t}^{T} & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{A} \boldsymbol{A}^{T} & \boldsymbol{0} \\ \boldsymbol{0}^{T} & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

We know that $\boldsymbol{t} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ because we have already removed the projective distortion.

Hence,
$$\boldsymbol{H} = \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{A} & \mathbf{0} \\ \mathbf{0}^T & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
.

In the next substeps, the homographies to remove the affine distortions are determined using the method outlined above. The results H are reported.

Then we calculate the homography that will remove the projective and affine distortions from our input image. Those resulting homographies \boldsymbol{H}_{res} are reported as well.

Furthermore, the output images we receive after applying the homographies to the images are reported.

It can be seen that parallel lines are now parallel in the image and 90° angles are 90° angles in the image.

Step 2.1: Use the homography H_{Aff1} to remove the affine distortion from Img1 after removing the projective distortions. Use H_{res1} to remove the affine and projective distortion at the same time.

$$\begin{aligned} \boldsymbol{H}_{Aff1} &= \begin{bmatrix} 2.96289 & 0.290226 & 0 \\ 0.290226 & 1.03321 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \boldsymbol{H}_{res1} &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.347058 & -0.0974873 & 0 \\ -0.0974873 & 0.995237 & 0 \\ 0.000165641 & -0.000207151 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



Figure 14: Img1 after removing the projective and affine distortions

Step 2.2: Use the homography H_{Aff^2} to remove the affine distortion from Img2 after removing the projective distortions. Use H_{res2} to remove the affine and projective distortion at the same time.

$$\begin{aligned} \pmb{H}_{Aff2} &= \begin{bmatrix} 10.1121 & 0.85296 & 0 \\ 0.85296 & 1.0755 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \pmb{H}_{res2} &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.105981 & -0.0840516 & 0 \\ -0.0840516 & 0.996461 & 0 \\ -0.000782745 & 0.000276081 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



Figure 15: Img2 after removing the projective and affine distortions

Step 2.3: Use the homography H_{Aff3} to remove the affine distortion from Img3 after removing the projective distortions. Use H_{res3} to remove the affine and projective distortion at the same time.

$$\begin{aligned} \pmb{H}_{Aff3} = \begin{bmatrix} 8.05882 & -0.466874 & 0 \\ -0.466874 & 1.02866 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \pmb{H}_{res3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.127439 & 0.0578402 & 0 \\ 0.0578402 & 0.998392 & 0 \\ 2.61218e - 05 & 9.59486e - 06 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



Figure 16: Img3 after removing the projective and affine distortions

Step 2.4: Use the homography H_{Aff4} to remove the affine distortion from Img4 after removing the projective distortions. Use H_{res4} to remove the affine and projective distortion at the same time.

$$\begin{aligned} \pmb{H}_{Aff4} &= \begin{bmatrix} 3.62339 & 0.573721 & 0 \\ 0.573721 & 1.10008 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \pmb{H}_{res4} &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.300826 & -0.156889 & 0 \\ -0.156889 & 0.990844 & 0 \\ 0.00027743 & -0.00184868 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



Figure 17: Img4 after removing the projective and affine distortions

Step 2.5: Use the homography H_{Aff5} to remove the affine distortion from Img5 after removing the projective distortions. Use H_{res5} to remove the affine and projective distortion at the same time.

$$\begin{aligned} \pmb{H}_{Aff5} = \begin{bmatrix} 5.09836 & -0.829504 & 0 \\ -0.829504 & 1.14669 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \\ \pmb{H}_{res5} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.222306 & 0.160814 & 0 \\ 0.160814 & 1 & 0 \\ 7.98663e - 05 & 4.27451e - 05 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



Figure 18: Img5 after removing the projective and affine distortions

Part 3: One-step method

Let $C_{\infty}^{*'} = HC_{\infty}^{*}H^{T}$ be a projection of C_{∞}^{*} .

 $m{H}$ can be written as $m{H} = egin{bmatrix} m{A} & m{0} \\ m{v}^T & 1 \end{bmatrix}$. Then

$$\boldsymbol{C}_{\infty}^{*\prime} = \begin{bmatrix} \boldsymbol{A}\boldsymbol{A}^{T} & \boldsymbol{A}\boldsymbol{v} \\ \boldsymbol{v}^{T}\boldsymbol{A}^{T} & \boldsymbol{v}^{T}\boldsymbol{v} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a & b/2 & d/2 \\ b/2 & c & e/2 \\ d/2 & e/2 & f \end{bmatrix}$$

Identify lines
$$m{l}'=egin{pmatrix} {l_1}'\\ {l_2}'\\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 and $m{m}'=egin{pmatrix} {m_1}'\\ {m_2}'\\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ from the image whose

corresponding lines \boldsymbol{l} and \boldsymbol{m} are orthogonal in the world coordinates. Note: we can always find such coordinates for the line by dividing the vector by the last coordinate.

$$0 = \mathbf{l'}^T \mathbf{C}_{\infty}^{*'} \mathbf{m'}$$

$$= (l_1' \quad l_2' \quad 1) \begin{bmatrix} a & b/2 & d/2 \\ b/2 & c & e/2 \\ d/2 & e/2 & f \end{bmatrix} {m_1' \choose m_2' \choose 1}$$

$$= (l_1' \quad l_2' \quad 1) \begin{pmatrix} a \cdot m_1' + b/2 \cdot m_2' + d/2 \\ b/2 \cdot m_1' + c \cdot m_2' + e/2 \\ d/2 \cdot m_1' + e/2 \cdot m_2' + f \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= a \cdot m_1' l_1' + b/2 \cdot (m_2' l_1' + m_1' l_2') + c \cdot m_2' l_2' + d/2 \cdot (l_1' + m_1') + e/2 \cdot (l_2' + m_2') + f$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= (m'_1l'_1 \quad m'_2l'_1 + m'_1l'_2 \quad m'_2l'_2 \quad l'_1 + m'_1 \quad l'_2 + m'_2 \quad 1) \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b/2 \\ c \\ d/2 \\ e/2 \\ f \end{pmatrix}$$

We only care about the ratios. Therefore, we can choose f = 1. Then,

$$-1 = (m'_1l'_1 \quad m'_2l'_1 + m'_1l'_2 \quad m'_2l'_2 \quad l'_1 + m'_1 \quad l'_2 + m'_2) \begin{pmatrix} a \\ b/2 \\ c \\ d/2 \\ e/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

We have 5 unknowns. Therefore, we have to find (at least) 5 combinations of \boldsymbol{l}' and \boldsymbol{m}' .

With those we can then solve the linear system and obtain ${\pmb C}_{\infty}^{*\prime}.$ Then we can solve

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{A}^T = \begin{bmatrix} a & b/2 \\ b/2 & c \end{bmatrix}$$

With the SVD as described in part 2. Then we solve for $oldsymbol{v}$ using

$$Av = \begin{bmatrix} d/2 \\ e/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$v = A^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} d/2 \\ e/2 \end{bmatrix}$$

We need additional points to calculate orthogonal lines. Pick the points marked in the images at the end of the report (before the code).

In the next substeps, the homographies to remove the affine and projective distortions at once are determined using the method outlined above. The results \boldsymbol{H} are reported.

Furthermore, the output images we receive after applying the homographies to the images are reported.

It can be seen that parallel lines are now parallel in the image and 90° angles are 90° angles in the image.

Step 1.1: Use the homography \pmb{H}_{One1} to remove the projective distortion from Img1.

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{One1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.601458 & -0.457102 & 0 \\ -0.457102 & 0.889414 & 0 \\ -0.00189836 & -0.000597674 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

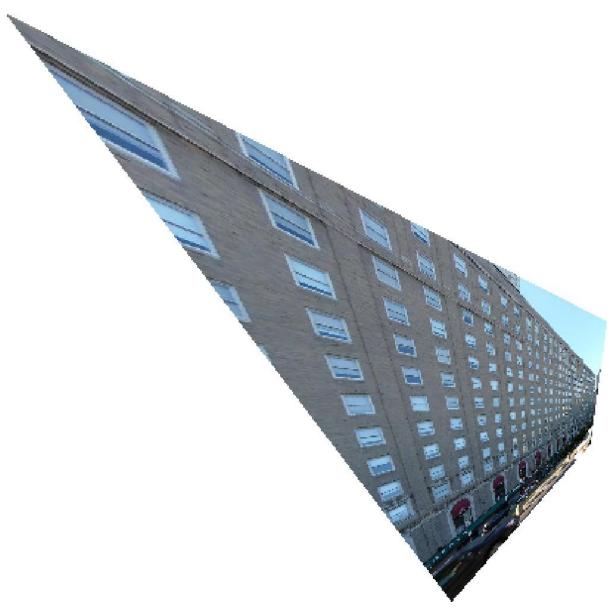


Figure 19: Img1 after removing the projective and affine distortion in one step

Step 1.2: Use the homography \pmb{H}_{One2} to remove the projective distortion from Img2.

$$m{H}_{One2} = egin{bmatrix} 0.332879 & -0.23387 & 0 \ -0.23387 & 3.88673 & 0 \ -0.00534679 & 0.0033178 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Figure 20: Img2 after removing the projective and affine distortion in one step $\,$

Step 1.3: Use the homography ${\it H}_{\it One3}$ to remove the projective distortion from Img3.

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{One3} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.998392 & 0.0884925 & 0 \\ 0.0884925 & 0.365611 & 0 \\ 0.000202581 & 3.86118e - 05 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Figure 21: Img3 after removing the projective and affine distortion in one step

Step 1.4: Use the homography \pmb{H}_{One4} to remove the projective distortion from Img4.

$$m{H}_{One4} = egin{bmatrix} 1.04566 & 0.00268478 & 0 \ 0.00268478 & 1.0046 & 0 \ 0.000306621 & -0.00185924 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



Figure 22: Img4 after removing the projective and affine distortion in one step

Step 1.5: Use the homography \pmb{H}_{One5} to remove the projective distortion from Img5.

$$\boldsymbol{H}_{one5} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.99925 & 0.0387272 & 0 \\ 0.0387272 & 0.666367 & 0 \\ 0.000370784 & 2.91183e - 06 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

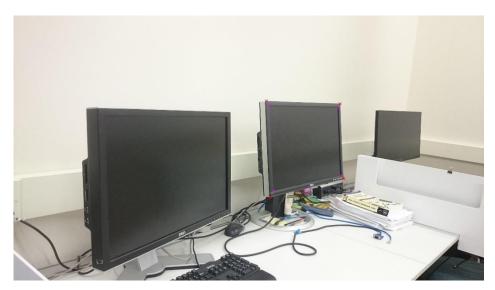


Figure 23: Img5 after removing the projective and affine distortion in one step

Points chosen for the One-step approach:







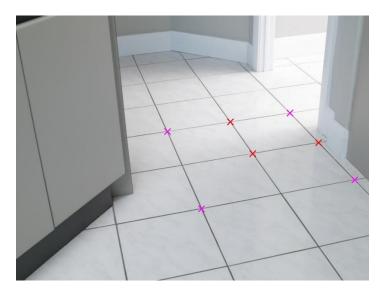




Figure 24: Points chosen to use for transformation. Img1 to Img5 from top to bottom.

```
Python Code:
```

```
import numpy as np
import cv2
import copy
def draw_corner_markers_for_Task1(coordinates_1a,coordinates_1b,coordinates_1c, coordinates_1d,
coordinates_1e):
  img_1a = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg")
  filename_markers_1a = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/Img1_markers.jpeg"
  draw_PQRS_on_image(img_1a, coordinates_1a, filename_markers_1a, 40, 4)
  img_1b = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img2.jpeg")
  filename_markers_1b = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/Img2_markers.jpeg"
  draw_PQRS_on_image(img_1b, coordinates_1b, filename_markers_1b, 40, 4)
  img_1c = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img3.jpg")
  filename_markers_1c = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/Img3_markers.jpeg"
  draw PQRS on image(img 1c, coordinates 1c, filename markers 1c, 60, 6)
  img_1d = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img4.jpeg")
  filename_markers_1d = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/Img4_markers.jpeg"
  draw_PQRS_on_image(img_1d, coordinates_1d, filename_markers_1d, 60, 6)
  img_1e = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img5.jpg")
  filename_markers_1e = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/Img5_markers.jpeg"
  draw_PQRS_on_image(img_1e, coordinates_1e, filename_markers_1e, 60, 6)
def draw lines connecting PQRS on image(img, filename, line PQ, line QR, line RS, line PS):
  color = [(255,0,0), (0,255,0),(255,0,0), (0,255,0)]
  for vanishing_line in [line_PQ, line_QR, line_RS, line_PS]:
    x low = -10
    x_high = np.shape(img)[1] + 10
```

```
y\_low = np.round((vanishing\_line[0]*x\_low+vanishing\_line[2])/(-vanishing\_line[1])).astype(int)
    y_high = np.round((vanishing_line[0]*x_high+vanishing_line[2])/(-vanishing_line[1])).astype(int)
    cv2.line(img, (x_low,y_low),(x_high,y_high), color[i],5)
    i= i+1
  cv2.imwrite(filename, img)
def draw_vanishing_lines_for_Task1(vanishing_line_lmg1, vanishing_line_lmg2, vanishing_line_lmg3):
  img_1a = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg")
  filename_markers_1a = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_vanishing_line/Img1_line.jpeg"
  draw_vanishing_lines_on_image(img_1a, vanishing_line_Img1, filename_markers_1a,3)
  img_1b = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img2.jpeg")
  filename_markers_1b = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_vanishing_line/Img2_line.jpeg"
  draw_vanishing_lines_on_image(img_1b, vanishing_line_Img2, filename_markers_1b,3)
  img_1c = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img3.jpg")
  filename_markers_1c = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_vanishing_line/Img3_line.jpeg"
  draw_vanishing_lines_on_image(img_1c, vanishing_line_Img3, filename_markers_1c,3)
def draw_PQRS_on_image(img,image_coordinates, filename, markersize, marker_thickness):
  colours = [(0,0,250), (255,0,255), (0,255,0),(300,300,0)]
  for i in range(4):
    cv2.drawMarker(img,(image_coordinates[i,0],image_coordinates[i,1]), colours[i],1, markersize,
marker thickness)
  cv2.imwrite(filename, img)
def draw_vanishing_lines_on_image(img, vanishing_line, filename, marker_thickness):
  x low = -10
  x_high = np.shape(img)[1] + 10
  y\_low = np.round((vanishing\_line[0]*x\_low+vanishing\_line[2])/(-vanishing\_line[1])).astype(int)
  y_high = np.round((vanishing_line[0]*x_high+vanishing_line[2])/(-vanishing_line[1])).astype(int)
  cv2.line(img, (x_low,y_low),(x_high,y_high), (255,255,255),5)
  cv2.imwrite(filename, img)
```

```
def calculate_lines_between_points(point_coordinates_of_line):
  line_PS = np.cross(point_coordinates_of_line[0], point_coordinates_of_line[3])
  line_PS = line_PS/line_PS[2]
  line_QR = np.cross(point_coordinates_of_line[1], point_coordinates_of_line[2])
  line QR = line QR/line QR[2]
  line_PQ = np.cross(point_coordinates_of_line[0], point_coordinates_of_line[1])
  line_PQ = line_PQ/line_PQ[2]
  line_SR = np.cross(point_coordinates_of_line[3], point_coordinates_of_line[2])
  line_SR = line_SR/line_SR[2]
  return line_PS, line_QR, line_PQ, line_SR
def calculate_diagonal_lines(point_coordinates_of_line):
  line_PR = np.cross(point_coordinates_of_line[0], point_coordinates_of_line[2])
  line_PR = line_PR/line_PR[2]
  line_QS = np.cross(point_coordinates_of_line[1], point_coordinates_of_line[3])
  line QS = line QS/line QS[2]
  return line_PR, line_QS
def calculate_line(point_coordinates_of_line):
  line PS, line QR, line PQ, line SR = calculate lines between points(point coordinates of line)
  vp_1 = np.cross(line_PS, line_QR)
  vp_2 = np.cross(line_PQ, line_SR)
  vp_1 = vp_1/vp_1[2]
  vp_2 = vp_2/vp_2[2]
  van_line = np.cross(vp_1, vp_2)
  van_line = van_line/van_line[2]
  return van_line, vp_1, vp_2, line_PS, line_QR, line_SR, line_PQ
```

```
# get the values of the closest pixels to the coordinates
  pixel_1 = image[np.int(np.floor(coordinates[0]))][np.int(np.floor(coordinates[1]))]
  pixel_2 = image[np.int(np.floor(coordinates[0]))][np.int(np.ceil(coordinates[1]))]
  pixel_3 = image[np.int(np.ceil(coordinates[0]))][np.int(np.floor(coordinates[1]))]
  pixel_4 = image[np.int(np.ceil(coordinates[0]))][np.int(np.ceil(coordinates[1]))]
  dx = coordinates[1]-np.floor(coordinates[1])
  dy = coordinates[0]-np.floor(coordinates[0])
  weight_pixel_1 = 1/np.linalg.norm([dx,dy])
  weight_pixel_2 = 1/np.linalg.norm([1-dx,dy])
  weight_pixel_3 = 1/np.linalg.norm([dx,1-dy])
  weight_pixel_4 = 1/np.linalg.norm([1-dx,1-dy])
  nom = weight\_pixel\_1*pixel\_1 + weight\_pixel\_2*pixel\_2 + weight\_pixel\_3*pixel\_3 + weight\_pixel\_4*pixel\_4
  denom = weight_pixel_1 + weight_pixel_2 + weight_pixel_3 + weight_pixel_4
  res_pixel_val = nom/denom
  return res_pixel_val
def calculate_corners_without_projective_distortion(projective_homography,
coordinates_points_before_transform):
  homography_inverse = np.linalg.inv(projective_homography)
  new_homogenous_coord = homography_inverse.dot(np.transpose(coordinates_points_before_transform))
  new_homogenous_coord = new_homogenous_coord/new_homogenous_coord[2]
  new_homogenous_coord = np.transpose(new_homogenous_coord)
  return new_homogenous_coord
def homography_remove_projective_distortion(vanishing_line_coordinates):
  H = np.array([[1,0,0],[0,1,0],
[vanishing_line_coordinates[0],vanishing_line_coordinates[1],vanishing_line_coordinates[2]]])
  H = np.linalg.inv(H)
```

```
def homography_remove_affine_distortion(line_PS, line_QR, line_RS, line_PQ):
  W = np.array([[line_PS[0]*line_PQ[0], line_PS[0]*line_PQ[1]+ line_PS[1]*line_PQ[0]], \\
          [line\_QR[0]*line\_PQ[0], line\_QR[0]*line\_PQ[1]+line\_QR[1]*line\_PQ[0]], \\
          [line\_PS[0]*line\_RS[0], line\_PS[0]*line\_RS[1]+line\_PS[1]*line\_RS[0]], \\
          [line\_QR[0]*line\_RS[0], line\_QR[0]*line\_RS[1]+line\_QR[1]*line\_RS[0]]], dtype = np.float64)
  b = np.array([-line PS[1]*line PQ[1],-line QR[1]*line PQ[1],-line PS[1]*line RS[1],-line QR[1]*line RS[1]],
dtype = np.float64)
  s = np.linalg.lstsq(W,b)[0]
  s = np.append(s,(s[1],1))
  S = np.reshape(s, (2,2))
  u, d_square, v = np.linalg.svd(S)
  d = np.sqrt(d_square)
  D = np.diag(d)
  A = np.dot(np.dot(u,D),np.transpose(u))
  H = np.append(A[0],(0,A[1][0],A[1][1],0,0,0,1))
  H = np.reshape(H,(3,3))
  H = np.linalg.inv(H)
  return H
def homography_remove_distortions(line_PS, line_QR, line_RS, line_PQ, line_PS_add, line_QR_add,
line_RS_add, line_PQ_add):
  I1 = line_PS
  m1 = line PQ
  I2 = line_PQ
  m2 = line_QR
  13 = line QR
  m3 = line RS
```

```
I4 = line_RS
                  m4 = line_PS
                  I5 = line_PS_add
                  m5 = line_PQ_add
                ta =[]
                  tb = []
                  ta.append([l1[0]*m1[0], l1[0]*m1[1]+l1[1]*m1[0], l1[1]*m1[1], l1[0]*m1[2]+l1[2]*m1[0], l1[1]*m1[1], l1[1]*m
l1[1]*m1[2]+l1[2]*m1[1]])
                  tb.append([-l1[2]*m1[2]])
                  ta.append([l2[0]*m2[0], l2[0]*m2[1]+l2[1]*m2[0], l2[1]*m2[1], l2[0]*m2[2]+l2[2]*m2[0], l2[1]*m2[1], l2[0]*m2[2]+l2[2]*m2[0], l2[1]*m2[1], l2[1]*m2
l2[1]*m2[2]+l2[2]*m2[1]])
                  tb.append([-I2[2]*m2[2]])
                  ta.append([I3[0]*m3[0], I3[0]*m3[1]+I3[1]*m3[0], I3[1]*m3[1], I3[0]*m3[2]+I3[2]*m3[0],
l3[1]*m3[2]+l3[2]*m3[1]])
                  tb.append([-I3[2]*m3[2]])
                  ta.append([I4[0]*m4[0], I4[0]*m4[1]+I4[1]*m4[0], I4[1]*m4[1], I4[0]*m4[2]+I4[2]*m4[0],
I4[1]*m4[2]+I4[2]*m4[1]])
                  tb.append([-I4[2]*m4[2]])
                  ta.append([I5[0]*m5[0], I5[0]*m5[1]+I5[1]*m5[0], I5[1]*m5[1], I5[0]*m5[2]+I5[2]*m5[0],\\ I5[0]*m5[1]+I5[1]*m5[1], I5[1]*m5[1]+I5[1]*m5[1], I5[1]*m5[1], I5[1]*m5[1], I5[1]*m5[1], I5[1]*m5[1]+I5[1]*m5[1], I5[1]*m5[1], I5[1]*m5[
I5[1]*m5[2]+I5[2]*m5[1]])
                  tb.append([-I5[2]*m5[2]])
                  A = np.asarray(ta)
                  b = np.asanyarray(tb)
                  x = np.dot(np.linalg.pinv(A),b)
                  x = x/np.max(x)
```

```
S = np.append(x[0], (x[1], x[1], x[2]))
  S = np.reshape(S,(2,2))
  u, d, vh = np.linalg.svd(S)
  D = np.sqrt(np.diag(d))
  A= np.dot(np.dot(u,D),u.transpose())
  d = np.array([x[3], x[4]])
  v = np.dot(np.linalg.pinv(A),d)
  H = np.append(A[0],(0,A[1][0],A[1][1],0,v[0][0],v[1][0],1))
  H = np.reshape(H,(3,3))
  return H
def calculate_Homography(coordinates_A, coordinates_B):
  .....
  This function calculates the homography H from an images A to an image B.
  The function is passed the coordinates of the reference points for A and B.
  It returns the 3x3 homography matrix H.
  # coordinates in A
  x_p = coordinates_A[0,0]
  y_p = coordinates_A[0,1]
  x_q = coordinates_A[1,0]
  y_q = coordinates_A[1,1]
  x_r = coordinates_A[2,0]
  y_r = coordinates_A[2,1]
  x_s = coordinates_A[3,0]
  y_s = coordinates_A[3,1]
```

```
# corresponding coordinates in B
  x_p_prime = coordinates_B[0,0]
  y_p_prime = coordinates_B[0,1]
  x_q_prime = coordinates_B[1,0]
  y_q_prime = coordinates_B[1,1]
  x_r_prime = coordinates_B[2,0]
  y_r_prime = coordinates_B[2,1]
  x_s_prime = coordinates_B[3,0]
  y_s_prime = coordinates_B[3,1]
  A = np.array([[x_p, y_p, 1, 0,0,0, -x_p*x_p_prime, -y_p*x_p_prime],\
               [0,0,0,x_p, y_p, 1,-x_p*y_p_prime, -y_p*y_p_prime],\
               [x_q, y_q, 1, 0,0,0, -x_q*x_q\_prime, -y_q*x_q\_prime],
               [0,0,0,x_q, y_q, 1,-x_q*y_q_prime, -y_q*y_q_prime],\
               [x_r, y_r, 1, 0,0,0, -x_r*x_r_prime, -y_r*x_r_prime],\
               [0,0,0,x_r, y_r, 1,-x_r*y_r_prime, -y_r*y_r_prime],\
               [x_s, y_s, 1, 0,0,0, -x_s*x_s_prime, -y_s*x_s_prime],\
               [0,0,0,x_s, y_s, 1,-x_s*y_s_prime, -y_s*y_s_prime]])
  b = np.array([x_p_prime, y_p_prime, x_q_prime, y_q_prime, y_r_prime, y_r_prime, y_s_prime])
  A_inverse = np.linalg.inv(A)
  h = A_inverse.dot(b)
  h = np.append(h,1)
  H = np.reshape(h, (3,3))
  return H
def apply_homography(source_image, homography, output_filename, change_size, fixed_height = 2000):
  start_image = cv2.imread(source_image)
  start_image = np.transpose(start_image, (1,0,2))
  # Determine the required size of the new frame
  x_shape = start_image.shape[0]
```

```
y_shape = start_image.shape[1]
grid = np.array(np.meshgrid(np.arange(x_shape), np.arange(y_shape),np.arange(1,2)))
combinations = np.transpose(grid.T.reshape(-1, 3))
homography_inverse = np.linalg.inv(homography)
new_homogenous_coord = homography_inverse.dot(combinations)
new homogenous coord = new homogenous coord/new homogenous coord[2]
min_values = np.amin(new_homogenous_coord, axis = 1)
min_values = np.round(min_values).astype(int)
max_values = np.amax(new_homogenous_coord, axis = 1)
max_values = np.round(max_values).astype(int)
required_image_size = max_values - min_values
required_image_width = int(required_image_size[0])
required_image_height = int(required_image_size[1])
if change_size == True:
  aspect_ratio = required_image_width/ required_image_height
 scaled_height = fixed_height
 scaled_width = scaled_height * aspect_ratio
 scaled_width = int(round(scaled_width))
 s = required image height/scaled height
 print(s)
else:
 scaled_width = required_image_width
 scaled_height = required_image_height
 s = 1
# Initialize the new frame
img_replication = np.ones((scaled_width,scaled_height,3),np.uint8)*255
# Look at all pixels in the new frame: does the homography map them into the original image frame?
x_values_in_target = np.arange(scaled_width)
```

```
y_values_in_target = np.arange(scaled_height)
target_grid = np.array(np.meshgrid(x_values_in_target, y_values_in_target, np.arange(1,2)))
combinations_in_target = np.transpose(target_grid.T.reshape(-1, 3))
target_combinations_wo_offset = copy.copy(combinations_in_target)
combinations_in_target[0] = combinations_in_target[0]*s + min_values[0]
combinations_in_target[1] = combinations_in_target[1]*s + min_values[1]
target_new_homogenous_coord = homography.dot(combinations_in_target)
target_new_homogenous_coord = target_new_homogenous_coord/target_new_homogenous_coord[2]
x_coordinates_rounded = np.round(target_new_homogenous_coord[0]).astype(int)
y_coordinates_rounded = np.round(target_new_homogenous_coord[1]).astype(int)
# Check conditions on x
x_coordinates_greater_zero = x_coordinates_rounded > 0
x_coordinates_smaller_x_shape = x_coordinates_rounded < x_shape
x\_coordinates\_valid = x\_coordinates\_greater\_zero*x\_coordinates\_smaller\_x\_shape
# Check conditions on y
y_coordinates_greater_zero = y_coordinates_rounded > 0
y_coordinates_smaller_y_shape = y_coordinates_rounded < y_shape</pre>
y_coordinates_valid = y_coordinates_greater_zero*y_coordinates_smaller_y_shape
valid_coordinates = x_coordinates_valid*y_coordinates_valid
target_valid_x = target_combinations_wo_offset[0][valid_coordinates == True]
target_valid_y = target_combinations_wo_offset[1][valid_coordinates == True]
list_of_x_values_target = list(target_valid_x)
list_of_y_values_target = list(target_valid_y)
list_of_valid_coordinate_pairs = list()
for i in range(len(list_of_x_values_target)):
  list\_of\_valid\_coordinate\_pairs.append([list\_of\_x\_values\_target[i], list\_of\_y\_values\_target[i]])
valid_x = x_coordinates_rounded[valid_coordinates == True]
```

```
valid_y = y_coordinates_rounded[valid_coordinates == True]
  list_of_x_values = list(valid_x)
  list_of_y_values = list(valid_y)
  list_of_original_coords_for_mapping = list()
  for i in range(len(list_of_x_values)):
    list_of_original_coords_for_mapping.append([list_of_x_values[i], list_of_y_values[i]])
  j = 0
  for pair in list_of_valid_coordinate_pairs:
    img_replication[pair[0], pair[1], : ] =
start\_image[list\_of\_original\_coords\_for\_mapping[j][0], list\_of\_original\_coords\_for\_mapping[j][1], :]
    j = j+1
  img_replication = np.transpose(img_replication, (1,0,2))
  cv2.imwrite(output_filename, img_replication)
def run_code_for_task1_Part1():
  # Use the pixel coordinates corresponding to the measurements as the range
  coordinates_1a = np.array([[47,307,1],[8,575,1],[1011,698,1],[1000,523,1]])
  coordinates_1b = np.array([[478,718],[481,874],[607,923],[601,736]])
  coordinates\_1c = np.array([[2063,696],[2094,1480],[2694,1329],[2665,720]])
  coordinates_1d = np.array([[549,420],[672,700],[1228,595],[993,353]])
  coordinates_1e = np.array([[600,167],[656,490],[968,403],[926,129]])
  # Use the given measurements in the original scene as the domain
  coordinates_1a_target_small = np.array([[0,0],[0,75],[85,75],[85,0]])
  coordinates_1a_target = np.array([[0,0],[0,2890],[470,2890],[470,0]])
  coordinates_1b_target = np.array([[0,0],[0,84],[74,84],[74,0]])
```

```
coordinates_1d_target = np.array([[0,0],[0,60],[60,60],[60,0]])
  coordinates_1e_target = np.array([[0,0],[0,160],[120,160],[120,0]])
  draw_corner_markers_for_Task1(coordinates_1a, coordinates_1b, coordinates_1c, coordinates_1d,
coordinates_1e)
  # Use the
  homography_lmg1 = calculate_Homography(coordinates_1a_target, coordinates_1a)
  homography_lmg1_small = calculate_Homography(coordinates_1a_target_small, coordinates_1a)
  homography_Img2 = calculate_Homography(coordinates_1b_target, coordinates_1b)
  homography_Img3 = calculate_Homography(coordinates_1c_target, coordinates_1c)
  homography_Img4 = calculate_Homography(coordinates_1d_target, coordinates_1d)
  homography_Img5 = calculate_Homography(coordinates_1e_target, coordinates_1e)
# Point-by-point transform
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg", homography_Img1,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/point-to-point/Img1-point-to-point.jpeg", True,4000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg", homography_Img1_small,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/point-to-point/Img1-point-to-point_small.jpeg", True,4000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img2.jpeg", homography_Img2,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/point-to-point/Img2-point-to-point.jpeg", True, 2000)
  apply homography("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/Img3.jpg", homography Img3,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/point-to-point/Img3-point-to-point.jpeg", True, 2000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img4.jpeg", homography_Img4,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/point-to-point/Img4-point-to-point.jpeg", False)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img5.jpg", homography_Img5,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/point-to-point/Img5-point-to-point.jpeg", False)
  return homography_Img1 ,homography_Img2, homography_Img3, homography_Img4, homography_Img5
def run_code_for_task1_Part2():
  coordinates\_points\_for\_VL1 = np.array([[47,307,1],[8,575,1],[1011,698,1],[1000,523,1]])
  coordinates_points_for_VL2 = np.array([[478,718,1],[481,874,1],[607,923,1],[601,736,1]])
```

coordinates_1c_target = np.array([[0,0],[0,55],[36,55],[36,0]])

```
coordinates points for VL4 = np.array([[549,420,1],[672,700,1],[1228,595,1],[993,353,1]])
  coordinates_points_for_VL5 = np.array([[600,167,1],[656,490,1],[968,403,1],[926,129,1]])
  vl1, vp 1 1, vp 1 2, line PS 1, line QR 1, line RS 1, line PQ 1 =
calculate_line(coordinates_points_for_VL1)
  vl2, vp_2_1, vp_2_2, line_PS_2, line_QR_2, line_RS_2, line_PQ_2 =
calculate_line(coordinates_points_for_VL2)
  vl3, vp_3_1, vp_3_2, line_PS_3, line_QR_3, line_RS_3, line_PQ_3 =
calculate line(coordinates points for VL3)
  vl4, vp_4_1, vp_4_2, line_PS_4, line_QR_4, line_RS_4, line_PQ_4 =
calculate_line(coordinates_points_for_VL4)
  vl5, vp_5_1, vp_5_2, line_PS_5, line_QR_5, line_RS_5, line_PQ_5 =
calculate_line(coordinates_points_for_VL5)
  img1 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg")
  filename_1 = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_vanishing_line/Img1_helper_lines.jpeg"
  draw_lines_connecting_PQRS_on_image(img1, filename_1, line_PQ_1, line_QR_1, line_RS_1, line_PS_1)
  img2 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img2.jpeg")
  filename 2 = "./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/with vanishing line/Img2 helper lines.jpeg"
  draw_lines_connecting_PQRS_on_image(img2, filename_2, line_PQ_2, line_QR_2, line_RS_2, line_PS_2)
  img3 = cv2.imread("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/Img3.jpg")
  filename 3 = "./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/with vanishing line/Img3 helper lines.jpeg"
  draw lines connecting PQRS on image(img3, filename 3, line PQ 3, line QR 3, line RS 3, line PS 3)
  img4 = cv2.imread("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/Img4.jpeg")
  filename_4 = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_vanishing_line/Img4_helper_lines.jpeg"
  draw_lines_connecting_PQRS_on_image(img4, filename_4, line_PQ_4, line_QR_4, line_RS_4, line_PS_4)
  img5 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img5.jpg")
  filename_5 = "./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_vanishing_line/Img5_helper_lines.jpeg"
  draw_lines_connecting_PQRS_on_image(img5, filename_5, line_PQ_5, line_QR_5, line_RS_5, line_PS_5)
```

coordinates_points_for_VL3 = np.array([[2090,740,1],[2121,1430,1],[2673,1302,1],[2652,751,1]])

```
homography\_Img1\_proj, homography\_Img2\_proj, homography\_Img3\_proj, homography\_Img4\_proj, homography\_Img5\_proj = run\_code\_for\_task1\_Part2\_1(vl1,vl2,vl3,vl4,vl5)
```

 $homography_lmg1_aff\ , homography_lmg2_aff\ , homography_lmg3_aff\ , homography_lmg4_aff\ , homography_lmg5_aff\ , res_homography_1\ , res_homography_2\ , res_homography_3\ , res_homography_4\ , res_homography_5\ = run_code_for_task1_Part2_2\ (homography_lmg1_proj\ , homography_lmg2_proj\ , homography_lmg3_proj\ , homography_lmg5_proj\ , coordinates_points_for_VL1\ , coordinates_points_for_VL2\ , coordinates_points_for_VL4\ , coordinates_points_for_VL5\)$

return homography_Img1_proj, homography_Img2_proj, homography_Img3_proj, homography_Img4_proj, homography_Img5_proj, homography_Img1_aff ,homography_Img2_aff, homography_Img3_aff, homography_Img4_aff, homography_Img5_aff, res_homography_1, res_homography_2, res_homography_3, res_homography_4, res_homography_5

```
def run_code_for_task1_Part2_1(vl1,vl2,vl3,vl4,vl5):
  homography_Img1 = homography_remove_projective_distortion(vl1)
  homography_Img2 = homography_remove_projective_distortion(vl2)
  homography_Img3 = homography_remove_projective_distortion(vl3)
  homography_Img4 = homography_remove_projective_distortion(vl4)
  homography_Img5 = homography_remove_projective_distortion(vl5)
# # Remove projective distortion
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg", homography_Img1,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_proj_dist/Img1-proj-rem.jpeg", True, 2000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img2.jpeg", homography_Img2,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_proj_dist/Img2-proj-rem.jpeg", False)
  apply homography("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/Img3.jpg", homography Img3,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_proj_dist/Img3-proj-rem.jpeg", True, 2000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img4.jpeg", homography_Img4,
"./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/remove proj dist/Img4-proj-rem.jpeg", True, 2000)
  apply homography("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/Img5.jpg", homography Img5,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_proj_dist/Img5-proj-rem.jpeg", True, 2000)
  return homography_lmg1,homography_lmg2, homography_lmg3, homography_lmg4, homography_lmg5
```

 $\label{lem:code_for_task1_Part2_2(h1,h2,h3,h4,h5, coordinates_points_for_VL1, coordinates_points_for_VL2, coordinates_points_for_VL3, coordinates_points_for_VL4, coordinates_points_for_VL5):$

new_coordinate_points_for_VL1 = calculate_corners_without_projective_distortion(h1, coordinates_points_for_VL1)

```
coordinates_points_for_VL2)
  new_coordinate_points_for_VL3 = calculate_corners_without_projective_distortion(h3,
coordinates_points_for_VL3)
  new_coordinate_points_for_VL4 = calculate_corners_without_projective_distortion(h4,
coordinates points for VL4)
  new_coordinate_points_for_VL5 = calculate_corners_without_projective_distortion(h5,
coordinates points for VL5)
  new line PS 1, new line QR 1, new line PQ 1, new line SR 1 =
calculate lines between points(new coordinate points for VL1)
  new_line_PS_2, new_line_QR_2, new_line_PQ_2, new_line_SR_2 =
calculate_lines_between_points(new_coordinate_points_for_VL2)
  new_line_PS_3, new_line_QR_3, new_line_PQ_3, new_line_SR_3 =
calculate_lines_between_points(new_coordinate_points_for_VL3)
  new_line_PS_4, new_line_QR_4, new_line_PQ_4, new_line_SR_4 =
calculate_lines_between_points(new_coordinate_points_for_VL4)
  new_line_PS_5, new_line_QR_5, new_line_PQ_5, new_line_SR_5 =
calculate_lines_between_points(new_coordinate_points_for_VL5)
  homography_Img1 = homography_remove_affine_distortion(new_line_PS_1, new_line_QR_1,
new_line_PQ_1, new_line_SR_1)
  homography_Img2 = homography_remove_affine_distortion(new_line_PS_2, new_line_QR_2,
new_line_PQ_2, new_line_SR_2)
  homography_Img3 = homography_remove_affine_distortion(new_line_PS_3, new_line_QR_3,
new line PQ 3, new line SR 3)
  homography Img4 = homography remove affine distortion(new line PS 4, new line QR 4,
new line PQ 4, new line SR 4)
  homography_Img5 = homography_remove_affine_distortion(new_line_PS_5, new_line_QR_5,
new_line_PQ_5, new_line_SR_5)
  res_homography_1 = np.dot(h1, np.linalg.pinv(homography_Img1))
  res homography 2 = np.dot(h2, np.linalg.pinv(homography Img2))
  res_homography_3 = np.dot(h3, np.linalg.pinv(homography_Img3))
  res_homography_4 = np.dot(h4, np.linalg.inv(homography_lmg4))
  res_homography_5 = np.dot(h5, np.linalg.inv(homography_lmg5))
```

new_coordinate_points_for_VL2 = calculate_corners_without_projective_distortion(h2,

```
# # remove affine distortion
    apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg", res_homography_1,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_aff_dist/Img1-aff-rem.jpeg", True, 1000)
    apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img2.jpeg", res_homography_2,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_aff_dist/Img2-aff-rem.jpeg", True, 1000)
    apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img3.jpg", res_homography_3,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_aff_dist/Img3-aff-rem.jpeg", True, 1000)
    apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img4.jpeg", res_homography_4,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_aff_dist/Img4-aff-rem.jpeg", True, 1000)
    apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img5.jpg", res_homography_5,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_aff_dist/Img5-aff-rem.jpeg", True, 1000)
    return homography_lmg1,homography_lmg2, homography_lmg3, homography_lmg4, homography_lmg5,
res_homography_1, res_homography_2, res_homography_3, res_homography_4, res_homography_5
def run_code_for_task1_Part3():
    coordinates\_points\_for\_VL1 = np.array([[130,472,1],[125,513,1],[162,521,1],[166,477,1]])
    coordinates_points_for_VL2 = np.array([[382,575,1],[379,835,1],[607,923,1],[594,551,1]])
    coordinates\_points\_for\_VL3 = np.array([[2090,740,1],[2121,1430,1],[2673,1302,1],[2652,751,1]]) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (1.50,0.15) + (
    coordinates_points_for_VL4 = np.array([[549,420,1],[672,700,1],[1228,595,1],[993,353,1]])
    coordinates_points_for_VL5 = np.array([[600,167,1],[656,490,1],[968,403,1],[926,129,1]])
    add_coord_points_1 = np.array([[47,307,1],[8,575,1],[1011,698,1],[1000,523,1]])
    add_coord_points_2 = np.array([[425,231,1],[425,347,1],[515,298,1],[513,167,1]])
    add_coord_points_3 = np.array([[2063,696,1],[2094,1480,1],[2694,1329,1],[2665,720,1]])
    add_coord_points_4 = np.array([[777,385,1],[858,500,1],[1097,460,1],[993,353,1]])
    add_coord_points_5 = np.array([[521,107,1],[605,573,1],[1021,443,1],[963,68,1]])
    img1 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img1.jpg")
    img2 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img2.jpeg")
    img3 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img3.jpg")
```

img4 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img4.jpeg")

```
img5 = cv2.imread("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img5.jpg")
  colours = [(0,0,250), (255,0,255), (0,255,0),(300,300,0)]
  for i in range(4):
    cv2.drawMarker(img1,(add_coord_points_1[i,0],add_coord_points_1[i,1]), colours[0],1, 20, 3)
    cv2.drawMarker(img1,(coordinates_points_for_VL1[i,0],coordinates_points_for_VL1[i,1]), colours[1],1, 20,
3)
  cv2.imwrite("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/part3_Img1_markers.jpeg", img1)
  for i in range(4):
    cv2.drawMarker(img2,(add coord points 2[i,0],add coord points 2[i,1]), colours[0],1, 20, 3)
    cv2.drawMarker(img2,(coordinates points for VL2[i,0],coordinates points for VL2[i,1]), colours[1],1, 20,
3)
  cv2.imwrite("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/part3_Img2_markers.jpeg", img2)
  for i in range(4):
    cv2.drawMarker(img3,(add coord points 3[i,0],add coord points 3[i,1]), colours[0],1, 20, 3)
    cv2.drawMarker(img3,(coordinates_points_for_VL3[i,0],coordinates_points_for_VL3[i,1]), colours[1],1, 20,
3)
  cv2.imwrite("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/part3_Img3_markers.jpeg", img3)
  for i in range(4):
    cv2.drawMarker(img4,(add_coord_points_4[i,0],add_coord_points_4[i,1]), colours[0],1, 20, 3)
    3)
  cv2.imwrite("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/with markers/part3 Img4 markers.jpeg", img4)
  for i in range(4):
    cv2.drawMarker(img5,(add_coord_points_5[i,0],add_coord_points_5[i,1]), colours[0],1, 20, 3)
    cv2.drawMarker(img5,(coordinates_points_for_VL5[i,0],coordinates_points_for_VL5[i,1]), colours[1],1, 20,
3)
  cv2.imwrite("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/with_markers/part3_Img5_markers.jpeg", img5)
```

line_PS_1, line_QR_1, line_RS_1, line_PQ_1 = calculate_lines_between_points(coordinates_points_for_VL1)

```
line_PS_4, line_QR_4, line_RS_4, line_PQ_4 = calculate_lines_between_points(coordinates_points_for_VL4)
  line_PS_5, line_QR_5, line_RS_5, line_PQ_5 = calculate_lines_between_points(coordinates_points_for_VL5)
  line PS 1 add, line QR 1 add, line RS 1 add, line PQ 1 add =
calculate lines between points(add coord points 1)
  line PS 2 add, line QR 2 add, line RS 2 add, line PQ 2 add =
calculate lines between points(add coord points 2)
  line_PS_3_add, line_QR_3_add, line_RS_3_add, line_PQ_3_add =
calculate_lines_between_points(add_coord_points_3)
  line_PS_4_add, line_QR_4_add, line_RS_4_add, line_PQ_4_add =
calculate_lines_between_points(add_coord_points_4)
  line_PS_5_add, line_QR_5_add, line_RS_5_add, line_PQ_5_add =
calculate_lines_between_points(add_coord_points_5)
  one_step_hom1 = homography_remove_distortions(line_PS_1, line_QR_1, line_RS_1,
line_PQ_1,line_PS_1_add, line_QR_1_add, line_RS_1_add, line_PQ_1_add)
  one_step_hom2 = homography_remove_distortions(line_PS_2, line_QR_2, line_RS_2,
line PQ 2,line PS 2 add, line QR 2 add, line RS 2 add, line PQ 2 add)
  one_step_hom3 = homography_remove_distortions(line_PS_3, line_QR_3, line_RS_3,
line PQ 3,line PS 3 add, line QR 3 add, line RS 3 add, line PQ 3 add)
  one step hom4 = homography remove distortions(line PS 4, line QR 4, line RS 4,
line_PQ_4,line_PS_4_add, line_QR_4_add, line_RS_4_add, line_PQ_4_add)
  one step hom5 = homography remove distortions(line PS 5, line QR 5, line RS 5,
line_PQ_5,line_PS_5_add, line_QR_5_add, line_RS_5_add, line_PQ_5_add)
  apply homography("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/Img1.jpg", one step hom1,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_oneStep/Img1_one_step.jpeg", True,1000)
  apply homography("./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/Img2.jpeg", one step hom2,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_oneStep/Img2_one_step.jpeg", True,1000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img3.jpg", one_step_hom3,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_oneStep/Img3_one_step.jpeg", True, 1000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img4.jpeg", one_step_hom4,
"./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/remove_oneStep/Img4_one_step.jpeg", True, 1000)
  apply_homography("./hw3_Task1_Images/Images/Img5.jpg", one_step_hom5,
"./hw3 Task1 Images/Images/remove oneStep/Img5 one step.jpeg", True, 1000)
```

line_PS_2, line_QR_2, line_RS_2, line_PQ_2 = calculate_lines_between_points(coordinates_points_for_VL2)

line PS 3, line QR 3, line RS 3, line PQ 3 = calculate lines between points(coordinates points for VL3)

 $homography_Img1 \ , homography_Img2, \ homography_Img3, \ homography_Img4, \ homography_Img5 = \\ run_code_for_task1_Part1()$

 $homography_Img1_proj, homography_Img2_proj, homography_Img3_proj, homography_Img4_proj, homography_Img5_proj, homography_Img1_aff, homography_Img2_aff, homography_Img3_aff, homography_Img4_aff, homography_Img5_aff, res_homography_1, res_homography_2, res_homography_3, res_homography_4, res_homography_5 = run_code_for_task1_Part2()$

one_step_hom1, one_step_hom2, one_step_hom3, one_step_hom4, one_step_hom5 =
run_code_for_task1_Part3()