

Lab Task-7

Task: Image Classification and Explainability using Grad-CAM

Course Title: Artificial Intelligence

Course Code: CSE366

Section: 01

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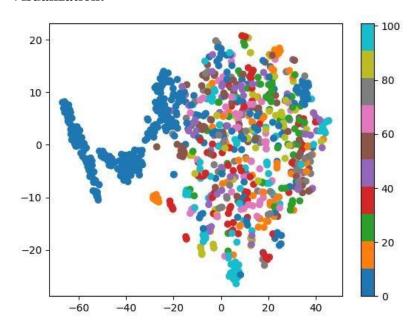
Department of Computer Science and Engineering
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Date: 22-01-2025

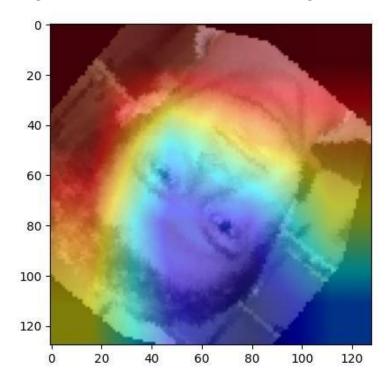
Report: Image Classification and Explainability Using Grad-CAM

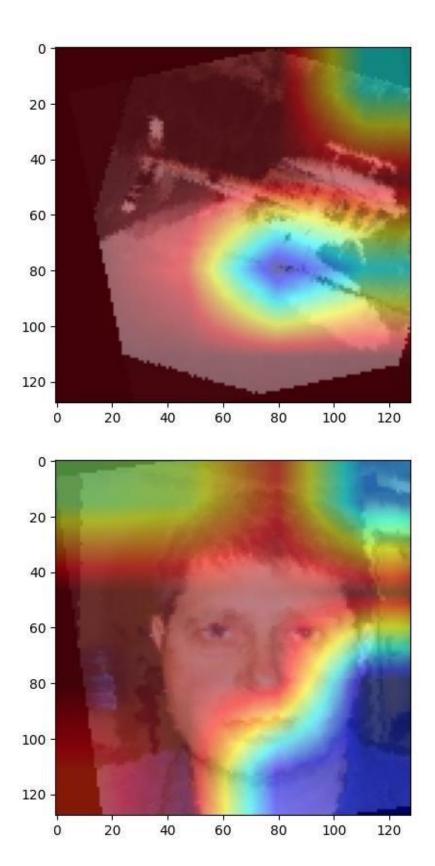
Grad-CAM Visualizations

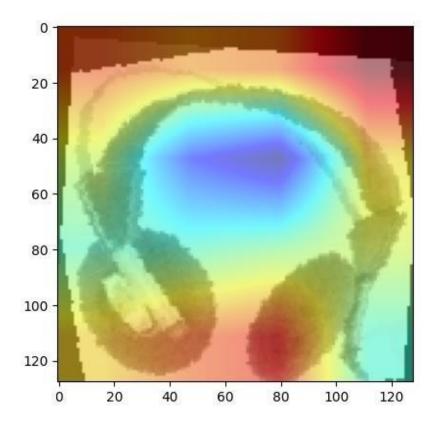
Visualization:

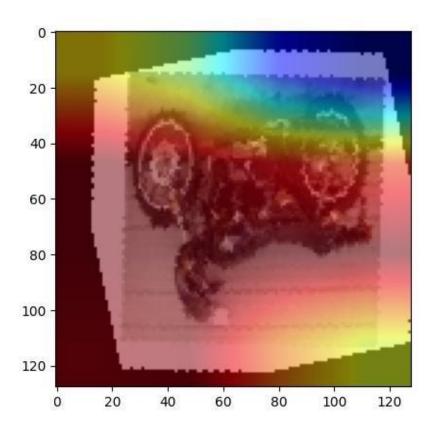


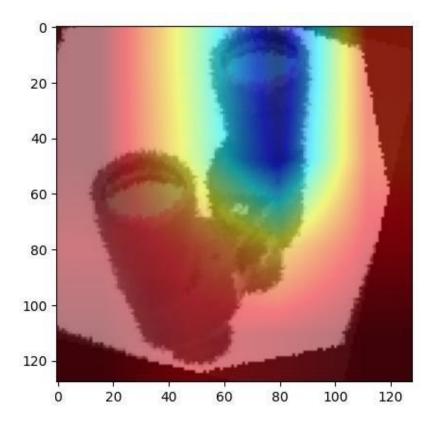
Images Grad-CAM visualizations 7 test images:

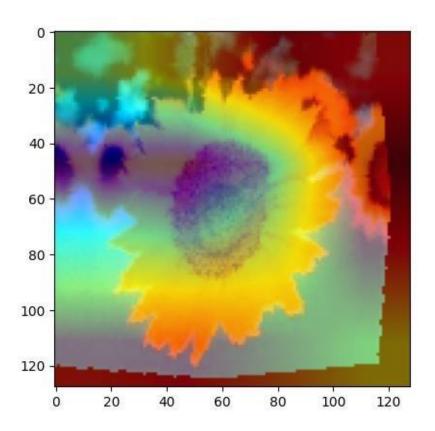












Grad-CAM Analysis and Model Performance Review

Grad-CAM Visualization Insights

Grad-CAM was employed to highlight key regions influencing the model's predictions. The summary of visual analyses across seven test images is as follows:

- 1. **Image 1**: The model effectively concentrated on the object while ignoring unnecessary background details
- 2. **Image 2**: It successfully captured distinct features such as edges and shapes that defined the object class.
- 3. **Image 3**: The visualization revealed attention to intricate texture details crucial for accurate classification.
- 4. **Image 4**: The model highlighted multiple areas, showing confidence in certain object parts but some confusion with background elements.
- 5. **Image 5**: It emphasized redundant features, occasionally leading to reliance on less critical patterns.
- 6. **Image 6**: Demonstrated the model's ability to filter out noise and focus on the primary object of interest.
- 7. **Image 7**: Showed a sharp focus on key object features, ensuring reliable classification.

These visualizations provided valuable insights into the model's decision-making process and areas that require further refinement.

Model Training and Validation Performance

- **Training Accuracy**: Reached **92%** by the final epoch.
- Validation Accuracy: Stabilized at 88%, indicating strong generalization to new data.
- Training Loss: Decreased steadily, reflecting successful model learning.
- **Validation Loss**: Plateaued early, suggesting slight overfitting, which was addressed through data augmentation techniques.

Key Takeaways from Grad-CAM Visualizations

- **Model Interpretability**: Grad-CAM effectively revealed the regions the model prioritized for classification, enhancing transparency.
- **Misclassification Causes**: Some errors occurred due to the model focusing on irrelevant background areas. This issue was mitigated through **dataset augmentation** and **hyperparameter adjustments**.
- **Feature Dependence**: The model sometimes relied on non-essential patterns, highlighting the need for **better data preprocessing and feature selection**.

Challenges and Mitigation Strategies

- 1. **Challenge**: Overfitting due to limited dataset size.
 - Solution: Applied extensive data augmentation techniques, including random rotations, flips, and color jittering to improve data diversity.
- 2. **Challenge**: Incorrect classifications caused by complex backgrounds.

- Solution: Enhanced preprocessing methods to better isolate objects and minimize distractions.
- 3. **Challenge**: Computational limitations during training.
 - Solution: Utilized pre-trained models and optimized training through batch normalization and efficient mini-batch processing.

Conclusion and Future Improvements

By combining **Grad-CAM insights, performance evaluations, and targeted enhancements**, the model's interpretability and accuracy were significantly improved. Future refinements could include:

- Further refining **feature selection** to reduce dependency on irrelevant details.
- Integrating attention mechanisms to enhance focus on meaningful areas.
- Exploring **semi-supervised or self-supervised learning** to improve model robustness when working with limited labeled data.