Set: 01

Brac University

Semester: Summer 2022 Course No: CSE251

Course Title: Electronic Devices and Circuits

Section: 2 Lab

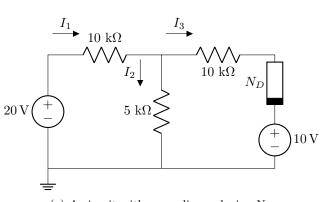


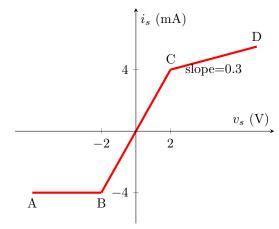
Lab Test
Full Marks: 40
Time: 20 Minutes
Date: November 27, 2022

Answer any 4 questions. All the questions carry equal marks.

Question 1 [CO1]

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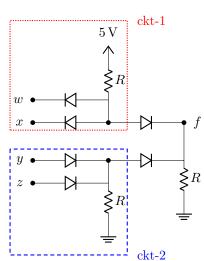




- (a) A circuit with a non-linear device N_D
- (b) IV Characteristics of the non-linear device N_D
- (a) **Identify** the equivalent linear circuit models for the 3 linear regions (AB, BC, CD) shown in the IV characteristics of the non-linear device N_D (Figure (b)) and **calculate** the model parameters. [3]
- (b) **Detect** the operating region for the device when $v_s = 3$ V and **calculate** the current through the device, i_s , for this voltage (hint: use Figure (b) and answers from previous part). [1+1]
- (c) Show the alternative representation of the circuit in Figure (a). [1.5]
- (d) Assume that the non-linear device N_D has been replaced with its equivalent linear device of segment BC. **Draw** the alternative representation of the circuit again by replacing N_D . [0.5]
- (e) **Apply** KVL and KCL on the circuit of part (d) to calculate the values of I_1 , I_2 , and I_3 . [3]

Question 2 [CO2]

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- **Part a:** Analyze of the circuit on the left. Assume all the diodes are ideal diodes.
 - (a) Assuming w, x, y, z are boolean variables, **analyze** the circuit to find an expression of ckt-1 (the dotted ... rectangle) in terms of w and z, and an expression of ckt-2 (the dashed - rectangle) in terms of y and z. [2+2]
 - (b) **Analyze** the circuit again to find an expression of f in terms of w, x, y, z. Use results from (a). [2]
- Part b: Jawad has created a new ride sharing app Juber.

 When you request a Juber ride, Juber's algorithm generates 4 signals to determine whether it will be forwarded to a rider. (1) Signal F determines if the rider is free. (2) Signal R determines if the rider is within close proximity. (3) Signal G determines if

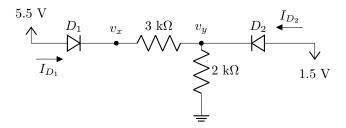
the rider has good rating. (4) Signal N determines if the rider is new. If both conditions 1 and 2 are satisfied, <u>and</u> either condition 3 or condition 4 are satisfied, the request will be connected

- (c) **Deduce** the logic function using boolean signals F, R, G and N to implement Juber's algorithm. [2]
- (d) **Design** a circuit using ideal diode logic gates to implement this function. [2]

Question 3 [CO1]

7 + 3

Analyze the circuit to find the values of I_{D_1} , I_{D_2} , v_x , and v_y [$V_{D_0} = 0.5 \text{ V}$]. You must validate your assumptions.



Question 4 [CO2]

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The input of a <u>half-wave rectifier</u> is a sinusoidal voltage with peak $V_M = 10$ V and frequency 60 Hz, and output load resistance is R = 2 k Ω . Silicon diodes are used in this circuit for which the forward drop is $V_{D_0} = 0.7$ V.

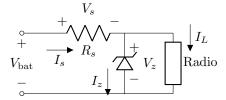
- (a) Briefly **explain** the purpose of a rectifier and **describe** its operation. [2]
- (b) Show the input and output waveforms. [2]
- (c) Calculate the DC value of the output voltage. [1]

Now after connecting a capacitor in parallel with the load, the output becomes a ripple voltage $V_{\rm out} = V_{\rm DC} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$.

- (d) Calculate the peak-to-peak ripple voltage, and from that, the value of the capacitor. [1+2]
- (e) Calculate the average of the output voltage $V_{\rm DC}$ after connecting the capacitor. [2]

Question 5 [CO1, CO2]

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The circuit above is a voltage regulator used to power a car radio (which requires ≈ 9 V) from the car battery, $V_{\rm bat}$ whose voltage may vary between 11 and 13.6 V. The current in the radio, I_L , will vary between 0 (off) to 9 mA (full volume). The Zener diode in the circuit is specified with parameter $V_{z_0} = 9$ V, $r_z = 0.05$ k Ω , and $I_{\rm zk} = 1$ mA.

- (a) **Identify** the <u>worst-case conditions</u> and **calculate** the Zener current (I_z) , Zener voltage (V_z) , the input voltage (V_{bat}) , and the load current (I_L) in this worst-case scenario. [1+1+1+1]
- (b) Calculate the current (I_s) and the voltage (V_s) the input resistor R_s in the worst-case scenario. [2]
- (c) **Design** the circuit, i.e., find the value of R_s , such that even in the worst-case scenario voltage regulation is maintained. Calculate the line regulation for this circuit. [2+1]