Codes for Finals

Heap

```
///Max Heap
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Heap {
private:
    int a[101], size;
public:
   Heap() {
       size = 0;
private:
   void bottomTopAdjust(int i) {
        while (i > 1 \&\& a[i] > a[i / 2]) {
            swap(a[i], a[i / 2]);
            i = i / 2;
    void topBottomAdjust(int i) {
        int child;
        while (2 * i <= size) {
            child = 2 * i;
            if (child + 1 <= size && a[child + 1] > a[child])
                child++;
            if (a[i] >= a[child])
                break;
            swap(a[i], a[child]);
            i = child;
public:
   bool insert(int val) {
        if (size >= 100)
            return false;
        size++;
        a[size] = val;
```

```
bottomTopAdjust(size);
    return true;
int showMax() {
   if (size == 0)
        return -1; // Assuming -1 is an invalid value
    return a[1];
int showSize() {
    return size;
bool deleteRoot() {
   if (size == 0)
        return false;
    swap(a[1], a[size]);
    size--;
    topBottomAdjust(1);
    return true;
void buildHeap() {
    for (int i = size / 2; i >= 1; i--) {
        topBottomAdjust(i);
void sort() {
    int heapSize = size;
    while (size > 1) {
        swap(a[1], a[size]);
        size--;
        topBottomAdjust(1);
    size = heapSize; // Restore the original size
void bfs() {
   if (size == 0)
        return;
    int level = 1;
    queue<int> q;
   q.push(1);
```

```
while (!q.empty()) {
             int parent = q.front();
             q.pop();
             if (parent == level) {
                 cout << endl;</pre>
                 level = level * 2;
             cout << a[parent] << " ";</pre>
             if (2 * parent <= size) q.push(2 * parent);</pre>
             if (2 * parent + 1 <= size) q.push(2 * parent + 1);</pre>
};
int main() {
    Heap heap;
    while (true) {
        cout << "1. Insert 2. Show Max 3. Delete Max 4. Sort</pre>
Level
         6. Build Heap 7. End" << endl << endl;</pre>
        int choice;
        cin >> choice;
        if (choice == 1) {
             cout << "Insert Value: ";</pre>
            int y;
             cin >> y;
             bool b = heap.insert(y);
            if (b) cout << y << " is inserted in the heap" << endl;</pre>
        else if (choice == 2) {
             if (heap.showSize() != 0) cout << "Max Element: " << heap.showMax();</pre>
             else
                     cout << "No element in the heap" << endl;</pre>
        else if (choice == 3) {
             bool b = heap.deleteRoot();
             if (b) cout << "Root deleted from heap";</pre>
             else cout << "Heap is empty";</pre>
             cout << endl;</pre>
```

```
else if (choice == 4) {
             heap.sort();
        else if (choice == 5) {
             cout << "Level Wise Traversal of the heap:" << endl;</pre>
             heap.bfs();
             cout << endl;</pre>
        else if (choice == 6) {
             if (heap.showSize() == 0)
                 cout << "Heap is Empty!" << endl;</pre>
             else
                 heap.buildHeap();
        else if (choice == 7) {
             break;
        else {
             cout << "Invalid Choice" << endl;</pre>
        cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
1 2
1 8
1 16
1 3
1 7
1 10
1 1
1 4
1 14
```

```
///Priority Queue
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Heap {
private:
    int a[101], size;
public:
    Heap() {
        size = 0;
private:
    void bottomTopAdjust(int i) {
        while (i != 1) {
            if (a[i] > a[i / 2])
                swap(a[i], a[i / 2]);
            else
                break;
            i = i / 2;
    void topBottomAdjust(int i) { /// HEAPIFY!
        int pseudoRoot = a[i];
        int pseudoIdx = i;
        while (i <= size / 2) {
            int leftVal = a[2 * i];
            int maxIdx = 2 * i;
            if ((2 * i + 1) \le size \& a[2 * i + 1] > leftVal)
                maxIdx = 2 * i + 1;
            if (a[i] < a[maxIdx]) {</pre>
                swap(a[i], a[maxIdx]);
            else {
                break;
            i = maxIdx;
```

```
public:
    bool insert(int val) {
        if (size >= 100)
            return false;
        size++;
        a[size] = val;
        bottomTopAdjust(size);
        return true;
    bool increaseKey(int x, int k) {
        if (x < 1 \mid | x > size \mid | k <= a[x])
            return false;
        a[x] = k;
        bottomTopAdjust(x);
        return true;
    int showMax() {
        if (size == 0)
            return -1; // Assuming -1 is an invalid value
        return a[1];
    int showSize() {
        return size;
    int extractMax() {
        if (size == 0)
            return -1; // Assuming -1 is an invalid value
        int maxVal = a[1];
        swap(a[1], a[size]);
        size--;
        topBottomAdjust(1);
        return maxVal;
    void bfs() {
        if (size == 0)
            return;
        int level = 1;
        queue<int> q;
        q.push(1);
```

```
while (!q.empty()) {
             int parent = q.front();
             q.pop();
             if (parent == level) {
                 cout << endl;</pre>
                 level = level * 2;
             cout << a[parent] << " ";</pre>
             if (2 * parent <= size) q.push(2 * parent);</pre>
            if (2 * parent + 1 <= size) q.push(2 * parent + 1);</pre>
};
int main() {
    Heap heap;
    while (true) {
        cout << "1. Insert 2. Increase Key 3. Show Max 4. Extract</pre>
Max 5. Level Order Traversal 6. End" << endl << endl;</pre>
        int choice;
        cin >> choice;
        if (choice == 1) {
             cout << "Insert Value: ";</pre>
            int y;
             cin >> y;
             bool b = heap.insert(y);
            if (b) cout << y << " is inserted in the heap" << endl;</pre>
        else if (choice == 2) {
             cout << "Which node you want to increase?" << endl;</pre>
             int nodeNo;
            cin >> nodeNo;
             cout << "What will be the new value?" << endl;</pre>
             int value;
             cin >> value;
             bool b = heap.increaseKey(nodeNo, value);
             if (b) cout << "Node value increased successfully!" << endl;</pre>
             else cout << "Unsuccessful Operation :(" << endl;</pre>
        else if (choice == 3) {
            if (heap.showSize() != 0) cout << "Max Element: " << heap.showMax();</pre>
```

```
cout << "No element in the heap" << endl;</pre>
             else
        else if (choice == 4) {
             if (heap.showSize() != 0) cout << "Max element extracted: " <<</pre>
heap.extractMax();
             else
                    cout << "No element in the heap" << endl;</pre>
        else if (choice == 5) {
             cout << "Level Wise Traversal of the heap:" << endl;</pre>
             heap.bfs();
             cout << endl;</pre>
        else if (choice == 6)
             break;
             cout << "Invalid Choice" << endl;</pre>
        cout << endl;</pre>
    return 0;
1 9
1 8
1 16
1 3
1 7
1 10
1 1
1 4
1 14
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Node {
public:
    int EoW;
   Node* children[26];
    Node() {
        EoW = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
            this->children[i] = NULL;
};
void trie_insert(Node* root, string s) {
    Node* current = root;
    for (char c : s) {
        int index = c - 'A'; // Assuming uppercase letters only
        if (!current->children[index])
                                           current->children[index] = new Node();
        current = current->children[index];
    current->EoW++;
int trie_search(Node* root, string s, int k = 0) {
    Node* current = root;
    for (char c : s) {
        int index = c - 'A'; // Assuming uppercase letters only
        if (!current->children[index])
                                         return 0; // Not found
        current = current->children[index];
    return current->EoW;
bool trie_delete(Node* root, string s, int idx = 0) {
    if (!root) return false;
    if (idx == s.length()) {
        if (root->EoW > 0) {
            root->EoW--;
            return true;
        return false;
```

```
int index = s[idx] - 'A'; // Assuming uppercase letters only
                              return false; // Word not found
   if (!root->children[index])
   bool canDelete = trie_delete(root->children[index], s, idx + 1);
   if (canDelete && root->children[index]->EoW == 0) {
       delete root->children[index];
       root->children[index] = nullptr;
   return canDelete;
void printTRIEUtil(Node* root, string s) {
                     cout << s << " (" << root->EoW << ")" << endl;</pre>
   if (root->EoW > 0)
   for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
       if (root->children[i]) {
          char c = i + 'A'; // Assuming uppercase letters only
          printTRIEUtil(root->children[i], s + c);
   }
void printTRIE(Node* root, string s = "") {
   printTRIEUtil(root, s);
void printStringsZA(Node* root, string s = "") {
   for (int i = 25; i >= 0; i--) {
       if (root->children[i]) {
          char c = i + 'A'; // Assuming uppercase letters only
          printStringsZA(root->children[i], s + c);
   }
void printPrefixStrings(Node* root, string prefix, string s = "") {
   if (prefix.length() > 0 && s != prefix) return;
   for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
       if (root->children[i]) {
          char c = i + 'A'; // Assuming uppercase letters only
          printPrefixStrings(root->children[i], prefix, s + c);
```

```
void printDuplicateStrings(Node* root, string s = "") {
    if (root->EoW > 1) cout << s << " (" << root->EoW << ")" << endl;
    for (int i = 0; i < 26; i++) {
        if (root->children[i]) {
            char c = i + 'A'; // Assuming uppercase letters only
            printDuplicateStrings(root->children[i], s + c);
int main() {
    Node* root = new Node();
    while (1) {
       cout << "1. Insert 2. Search 3. Delete 4. Lexicographical</pre>
Sorting 5. Display Strings (Z to A)"
             << " 6. Print Strings with Prefix 7. Print Duplicate Strings 8.
End"
             << endl
             << endl;
        int choice;
        string x;
        cin >> choice;
        if (choice == 1) {
            cout << "Insert String: ";</pre>
            cin >> x;
            trie insert(root, x);
            cout << x << " is inserted in the trie" << endl;</pre>
        } else if (choice == 2) {
            cout << "Enter string to search: ";</pre>
            cin >> x;
            if (trie search(root, x) > 0) cout << x << " FOUND " << endl;</pre>
            else cout << x << " NOT FOUND " << endl;</pre>
        } else if (choice == 3) {
            cout << "Enter string to delete: ";</pre>
            cin >> x;
            if (trie_delete(root, x)) cout << x << " DELETED " << endl;</pre>
            else cout << x << " NOT FOUND " << endl;
        } else if (choice == 4) printTRIE(root);
                                    printStringsZA(root);
          else if (choice == 5)
         else if (choice == 6) {
            cout << "Enter prefix: ";</pre>
           cin >> x;
```

AVL Tree

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Node{
public:
    Node *left;
    Node *right;
    int element;
    int height;
    Node(int x){
        element=x;
        this->left=NULL;
        this->right=NULL;
};
int h(Node *u){
    return (u == NULL) ? -1 : u->height;
void LeftRotation(Node *&u){
    Node *v = u->right;
    u->right = v->left;
    v\rightarrowleft = u;
    u->height = max(h(u->right), h(u->left))+1;
    v->height = max(h(v->right), h(v->left))+1;
    u=v;
```

```
void RightRotation(Node *&u){
    Node *v = u->left;
    u->left = v->right;
    v->right = u;
    u->height = max(h(u->right), h(u->left))+1;
    v->height = max(h(v->right), h(v->left))+1;
void RightLeftRotation(Node *&u){
    RightRotation(u->right);
    LeftRotation(u);
void LeftRightRotation(Node *&u){
    LeftRotation(u->left);
    RightRotation(u);
void balance( Node *&u ){
    if(u == NULL) return;
    if( h( u->left ) - h( u->right ) > 1 ){
        if( h( u->left->left ) >= h( u->left->right ) ) RightRotation( u );
        else
               LeftRightRotation( u );
    else if( h(u\rightarrow right) - h(u\rightarrow left) > 1){
        if( h( u->right->right ) >= h( u->right->left ) ) LeftRotation(u);
        else
                RightLeftRotation(u);
    else
           u->height = max( h(u->left), h(u->right) ) + 1;
void insertt( int x, Node *&u){
   if( u == NULL ) u = new Node(x);
    else if( x < u->element ) insertt( x,u->left );
    else if( u->element <x ) insertt( x,u->right);
    balance(u);
Node* findMin(Node *u){
   if(u->left==NULL) return u;
```

```
u=u->left;
void removee( int x, Node *&u ){
    if( u == NULL ) return;
    if( x < u->element )
        removee( x, u->left );
    else if( u->element < x )</pre>
        removee( x, u->right );
    else if( u->left != NULL && u->right != NULL ) // Two children
        u->element = findMin( u->right )->element;
        removee( u->element, u->right );
    else //One child or no child
        Node *oldNode = u;
        u = ( u->left != NULL ) ? u->left : u->right;
        delete oldNode;
    balance( u );
void inorder(Node *u)
    if(u==NULL)
        return;
    inorder(u->left);
    cout<<u->element<<" "<<h(u)<<endl;</pre>
    inorder(u->right);
int main()
    Node *root=NULL;
    while(1)
        cout<<"1. Insert in AVL 2. In-order Traversal 3. Delete 4.</pre>
End"<<endl<<endl;</pre>
        int choice;
        cin>>choice;
        if(choice==1)
```

```
int x;
             cout<<"Enter value to insert: ";</pre>
             cin>>x;
             insertt(x,root);
        else if(choice==2)
             cout<<"In-order traversal of the tree"<<endl;</pre>
             inorder(root);
        else if(choice==3)
             int x;
             cout<<"Enter value to delete: ";</pre>
             cin>>x;
             removee(x,root);
        else if(choice==4)
             break;
         else
             cout<<"Invalid Choice"<<endl;</pre>
             break;
         cout<<endl;</pre>
/*inputs:
1 16
1 6
1 5
```

Single Source Shortest Path

Bellman Ford

```
/Bellman Ford
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
typedef pair<int, int> pii;
void bellmanFord(vector<vector<pii>>>& graph, int start, vector<int>& distances) {
  int n = graph.size();
  distances.assign(n, INT_MAX);
  distances[start] = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; ++i) {
    for (int u = 0; u < n; ++u) {
      for (const auto& edge : graph[u]) {
        int v = edge.first;
        int weight = edge.second;
        if (distances[u] != INT MAX && distances[u] + weight < distances[v]) {</pre>
          distances[v] = distances[u] + weight;
int main() {
  int n = 4;
  vector<vector<pii>>> graph(n);
  graph[0].push back({1, 1});
  graph[0].push_back({2, 4});
  graph[1].push_back({0, 1});
  graph[1].push_back({2, 2});
  graph[1].push_back({3, 5});
  graph[2].push back({0, 4});
  graph[2].push_back({1, 2});
  graph[2].push_back({3, 1});
  graph[3].push back({1, 5});
```

```
graph[3].push_back({2, 1});
int start_node = 0;
vector<int> distances;

bellmanFord(graph, start_node, distances);

cout << "Shortest distances from node " << start_node << ":\n";
for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
   cout << "Node " << i << ": " << distances[i] << "\n";
}

return 0;
}</pre>
```

Dijkstra

```
//Dijkstra
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <queue>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
typedef pair<int, int> pii;
void dijkstra(vector<vector<pii>>>& graph, int start, vector<int>& distances) {
  int n = graph.size();
  distances.assign(n, INT_MAX);
  priority_queue<pii, vector<pii>, greater<pii>> pq;
  pq.push({start, 0});
  distances[start] = 0;
  while (!pq.empty()) {
    int u = pq.top().first;
    pq.pop();
    for (const auto& edge : graph[u]) {
      int v = edge.first;
      int weight = edge.second;
      if (distances[u] + weight < distances[v]) {</pre>
        distances[v] = distances[u] + weight;
        pq.push({v, distances[v]});
```

```
int main() {
  int n = 4;
  vector<vector<pii>>> graph(n);
  graph[0].push_back({1, 1});
  graph[0].push_back({2, 4});
  graph[1].push_back({0, 1});
  graph[1].push_back({2, 2});
  graph[1].push_back({3, 5});
  graph[2].push_back({0, 4});
  graph[2].push_back({1, 2});
  graph[2].push_back({3, 1});
  graph[3].push_back({1, 5});
  graph[3].push_back({2, 1});
  int start_node = 0;
  vector<int> distances;
  dijkstra(graph, start_node, distances);
  cout << "Shortest distances from node " << start_node << ":\n";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {
    cout << "Node " << i << ": " << distances[i] << "\n";</pre>
  return 0;
```

DP

```
//LCS
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
string findLCS(const string& X, const string& Y) {
  int m = X.length();
 int n = Y.length();
 int dp[m + 1][n + 1];
  for (int i = 0; i <= m; ++i) {
   for (int j = 0; j <= n; ++j) {
        if (i == 0 || j == 0) dp[i][j] = 0;
        else if (X[i-1] == Y[j-1]) dp[i][j] = dp[i-1][j-1] + 1;
        else
               dp[i][j] = max(dp[i - 1][j], dp[i][j - 1]);
  int i = m, j = n;
  string lcs;
 while (i > 0 \&\& j > 0) {
   if (X[i - 1] == Y[j - 1]) {
     lcs = X[i - 1] + lcs;
    } else if (dp[i - 1][j] > dp[i][j - 1]) i--;
    else j--;
  return lcs;
int main() {
  string X = "AGGTAB";
  string Y = "GXTXAYB";
  string lcs = findLCS(X, Y);
```

```
cout << "Longest Common Subsequence: " << lcs << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Recursion

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int C[50][50];
void init(){
    for(int i=0;i<50;i++){
        for(int j=0;j<50;j++){
            C[i][j]=-1;
int LCS(string x,string y,int i,int j){
    if(i==0||j==0){
        C[i][j]=0;
        return C[i][j];
    if(C[i][j]!=-1) return C[i][j];
    if(x[i-1]==y[j-1]) return C[i][j]=1+LCS(x,y,i-1,j-1);
    return C[i][j]=max(LCS(x,y,i,j-1),LCS(x,y,i-1,j));
int main(){
    init();
    cout<<"Enter the text :";</pre>
    string x;
    cin>>x;
    cout<<"Enter the pattern :";</pre>
    string y;
    cin>>y;
    cout<<LCS(x,y,x.size(),y.size())<<"\n";</pre>
```

0-1 Knapsack

```
//0-1Knapsack Memoization
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
int dp[2005][2005];
int c, n;
int p[2005],w[2005];
int knapsack(int i, int j)
    if(i<0 || j<=0) return 0;
    if(dp[i][j]!=-1) return dp[i][j];
    int v1 = knapsack(i-1,j), v2=-1;
    if(w[i] <= j) v2 = p[i] + knapsack(i-1,j-w[i]);
    return dp[i][j] = max(v1, v2);
int main()
    cin>>c>>n;
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++) cin>>w[i]>>p[i];
    for(int i=0; i<2005; i++)
        for(int j=0; j<2005; j++)</pre>
            dp[i][j] = -1;
    cout<<knapsack(n-1,c)<<endl;</pre>
    for(int i=0; i<=n; i++){
        for(int j=0; j<=c; j++){
            cout<<dp[i][j]<<" ";
        cout<<endl;</pre>
1 8
   8 8 -1 12
```

```
-1 -1 8 -1 12
-1 -1 8 -1 13
-1 -1 -1 -1 13
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 */
```

MCM

```
//MCM
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
const int big = 99999999;
int m[100][100];
int s[100][100];
int d[100];
int MCM(int i, int j) {
    if (i == j) return 0;
    if (m[i][j] != 99999) return m[i][j];
    int cost = 9999999;
    for (int k = i; k < j; k++) {
        cost = MCM(i, k) + MCM(k + 1, j) + d[i - 1] * d[k] * d[j];
        if (cost < m[i][j]) {</pre>
            m[i][j] = cost;
            s[i][j] = k;
    return m[i][j];
void printOptimalOrder(int i, int j) {
    if (i == j) cout << "A" << i;</pre>
    else {
        cout << "(";
        printOptimalOrder(i, s[i][j]);
        cout << " x ";
        printOptimalOrder(s[i][j] + 1, j);
        cout << ")";
int main() {
```

```
int row[100], col[100];
cin >> n;

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    cin >> row[i] >> col[i];
    d[i] = row[i];
    d[i + 1] = col[i];
}

for (int i = 0; i <= n; i++) {
    for (int j = 0; j <= n; j++) {
        m[i][j] = 99999;
        s[i][j] = -1;
    }
}

cout << "Minimum Cost: " << MCM(1, n) << endl;
cout << "Optimal Order: ";
printOptimalOrder(1, n);
cout << endl;
return 0;
}</pre>
```

B&B

0-1 knapsack

```
//0-1 knapsack using B&B
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

class Item {
public:
    int weight;
    int value;
};

class Node {
public:
    int level;
    int profit;
    float ub;
    int weight;
};
```

```
bool custom(const Item& u, const Item& v) {
  return (float)u.value / (float)u.weight > (float)v.value / (float)v.weight;
int knapsack(int W, Item a[], int n) {
  sort(a, a + n, custom);
 queue<Node> q;
  Node u, v;
  u.level = -1;
  u.profit = 0;
  u.weight = 0;
  u.ub = 0;
  q.push(u);
  int maxProfit = 0;
 while (!q.empty()) {
   u = q.front();
   q.pop();
   if (u.level == n - 1) continue;
   v.level = u.level + 1;
    v.weight = u.weight + a[v.level].weight;
    v.profit = u.profit + a[v.level].value;
    if (v.weight <= W && v.profit > maxProfit) maxProfit = v.profit;
    v.ub = v.profit + (W - v.weight) * (a[v.level + 1].value / (float)a[v.level +
1].weight);
    if (v.ub > maxProfit) q.push(v);
    v.weight = u.weight;
    v.profit = u.profit;
    v.ub = v.profit + (W - v.weight) * (a[v.level + 1].value / (float)a[v.level +
1].weight);
    if (v.ub > maxProfit) q.push(v);
  return maxProfit;
```

```
int main() {
  int W = 5, n = 3;
  Item items[] = {{2, 3}, {1, 2}, {3, 4}};

  // Uncomment below for user input

  // cin >> W >> n;
  // Item items[n];
  // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  // cin >> items[i].weight >> items[i].value;

  cout << knapsack(W, items, n);

  return 0;
}</pre>
```

TRavelling salesman

//Atto boro code chaibe na inshallah

Max Flow

//Simulation r algorithm

```
FORD-FULKERSON(G, s, t)
    for each edge (u, v) \in E[G]
2
          do f[u, v] \leftarrow 0
3
              f[v,u] \leftarrow 0
4
    while there exists a path p from s to t in the residual network G_f
5
          \mathbf{do}\ c_f(p) \leftarrow \min\{c_f(u,v) : (u,v) \text{ is in } p\}
              for each edge (u, v) in p
6
7
                   do f[u, v] \leftarrow f[u, v] + c_f(p)
                      f[v, u] \leftarrow -f[u, v]
8
```

```
//topo-sort
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void topo_sort(int vertices, int edges) {
    vector<char> ans;
    queue<char> q;
    map<char, vector<char>> graph;
    map<char, int> inDegree;
    vector<pair<char, char>> edgeList = {{'A', 'B'},{'A', 'C'},{'B', 'D'},{'B',
'E'},{'C', 'E'},{'D', 'F'},{'E', 'F'}};
    for (int i = 0; i < edges; i++) {
        char a = edgeList[i].first;
        char b = edgeList[i].second;
        graph[a].push_back(b);
        inDegree[b]++;
    for (char c = 'A'; c \leftarrow 'F'; c++) if (inDegree[c] == 0) q.push(c);
    while (!q.empty()) {
        char v = q.front();
        q.pop();
        ans.push_back(v);
        for (int i = 0; i < graph[v].size(); i++) {</pre>
            char u = graph[v][i];
            inDegree[u]--;
            if (inDegree[u] == 0) {
                q.push(u);
    for (int i = 0; i < ans.size(); i++) {</pre>
        cout << ans[i];</pre>
        if (i < ans.size() - 1) cout << "->";
int main() {
    int vertices = 6;
```

```
int edges = 7;
topo_sort(vertices, edges);
return 0;
}
```

Activity Selection

```
//Activity Selection
#include <stdio.h>
void ActivitySelection(int start[], int finish[], int n)
 printf("The following activities are selected:\n");
  int j = 0;
 printf("%d ", j);
 int i;
  for (i = 1; i < n; i++){}
   if (start[i] >= finish[j]){
      printf("%d ", i);
     j = i;
int main()
 int start[] = {1, 3, 2, 0, 5, 8, 11};
 int finish[] = {3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12};
 int n = sizeof(start) / sizeof(start[0]);
 ActivitySelection(start, finish, n);
  return 0;
/* Output
The following activities are selected:
```