MILITARY INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

COURSE CODE: CSE-220

COURSE NAME: Object Oriented Programming Sessional-II

MIST KickOff

Group No: E_4

GROUP MEMBERS:

Aunindya Prosad Saha 202114014 G.M.Fahim Tazwar 202114025 Md. Nahul Rahman 202214049

Contribution Matrix

No.	Name	ID	Contribution
01	Aunindya	202114014	Project Idea √
	Prosad Saha		<u>Implemented</u>
			Making GUI interactive,
			OOP Features,
			Categorical Search,
			Database Connection (MySQL),
			Transaction History
			Marketplace,
			Player Line Up (PDF).
02	G.M.Fahim	202114025	<u>Implemented</u>
	Tazwar		Log In,
			Registration,
			Forgot Password,
			Database Connection (MySQL)
			Data Fetch, Insert, Update,
			Delete,
			Data Pictorial Representation,
			Custom Exception Handling.
03	Md. Nahul	202214049	Report Writing
	Rahman		<u>Implemented</u>
			Frontend/GUI Design (Java FX)
			Making GUI responsive,
			OOP Implementation,
			Data Pictorial Representation,
			Database Connection,
			Player Line Up (PDF).

Introduction

The motive of the project is to make a desktop-based app to give each club in MIST Football Tournament a facility for more easy Player Data Management service, a virtual place to player buy/sell, and also a platform to keep an eye over all the factors of their own club.



To fulfill our target in order to create a user-interactive desktop app made in Java, we focused on the following features:

- User Login/Registration,
- Player List Table,
- A Real-time Marketplace to buy/sell,
- Categorical Search,
- Transaction History,
- Pictorial Representation of Data(Pie Chart, Line Chart),
- Player LineUp (PDF Format)

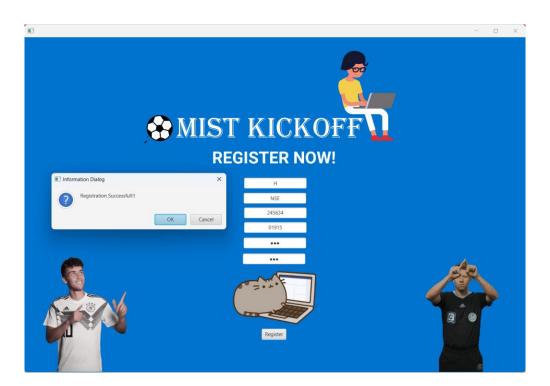
Our proposed features were,



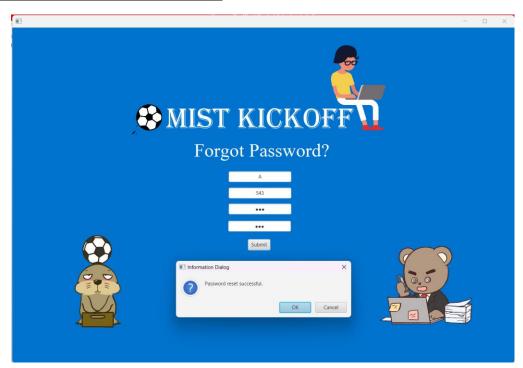
Our Project implemented all the features described below:

1. <u>User Login/Registration</u>





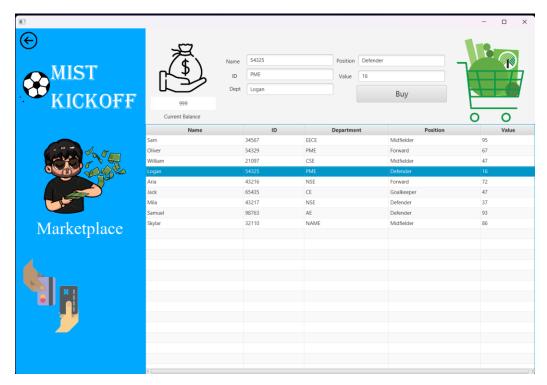
2. Forgot password handling



3. Home interface housing main features and Categorical search:



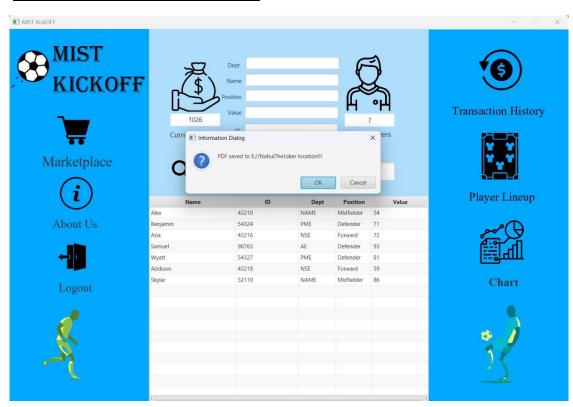
4. Real-time marketplace for player buy and sell

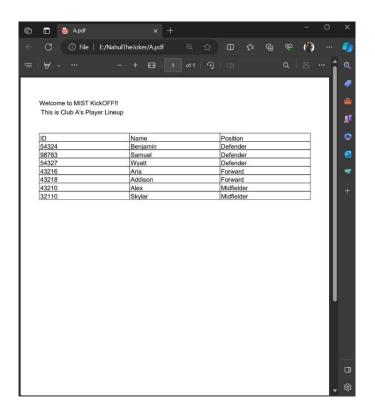


5. <u>Transaction History to review all previous transaction records.</u>

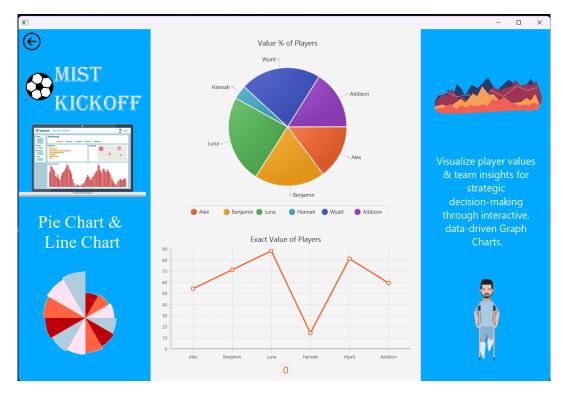


6. Player Line Up in PDF format





7. Graphical representation of data



Join us on this innovative journey as we redefine the landscape of football management at MIST.

Features of OOP in JAVA

While explaining about the project that features the basic operations of object-oriented programming, all the codes can't be shown at a time but yes, some basic implementation can be shown.

Encapculation in OOP:

In playerModel class, the attributes are private. To access them getter setter has been declared in public mode. Later in homecontrol class to execute the table-view the attributes of playerModel was accessed through calling the getter, setter function of that class.

```
public playerModel() {
2 inheritors
public class playerModel implements abstractMethod {
                                                                            public String getId() { return id.get(); }
   private StringProperty id = new SimpleStringProperty();
                                                                            public StringProperty idProperty() { return id; }
   private StringProperty name = new SimpleStringProperty();
                                                                            public void setId(String id) { this.id.set(id); }
   private StringProperty dept = new SimpleStringProperty();
                                                                            public String getName() { return name.get(); }
                                                                            3 usages
   private StringProperty pos = new SimpleStringProperty();
                                                                            public StringProperty nameProperty() { return name; }
   4 usages
   private StringProperty val = new SimpleStringProperty();
                                                                            public void setName(String name) { this.name.set(name); }
                                                                            public String getDept() { return dept.get(); }
   1 usage
   public playerModel(String id, String name, String dept, String pos, String val) {
      this.id.set(id);
                                                                            public StringProperty deptProperty() { return dept; }
      this.name.set(name);
      this.dept.set(dept);
                                                                            public void setDept(String dept) { this.dept.set(dept); }
      this.pos.set(pos);
      this.val.set(val);
                                                                            public String getPos() { return pos.get(); }
   public playerModel() {
                                                                            public StringProperty posProperty() { return pos; }
 showTable.setItems(students);
 deptColumn.setCellValueFactory(f -> f.getValue().deptProperty());
 nameColumn.setCellValueFactory(f -> f.getValue().name
                                                                               com.example.nahulthejoker.playerModel
 idColumn.setCellValueFactory(f -> f.getValue().idProp
                                                                              public StringProperty deptProperty()
 valColumn.setCellValueFactory(f -> f.getValue().valPr
                                                                              NahulTheJoker
                                                                                                                                  i
 posColumn.setCellValueFactory((f -> f.getValue().posP
```

Inheritance in OOP:

transactionModel class inherited playerModel class. After creating transactionModel as the child class of playerModel class, necessary constructors, getter, setter functions have been declared.

Homecontrol class inherited playerModel class.

```
import static com.example.nahulthejoker.HelloController.uname;

public class homecontrol extends playerModel implements Initializable {
    @FXML
    private Button btnSell;

@FXML
    private TableColumn<playerModel, String> deptColumn;
```

Interface, Abstract and Polymorphism:

We took abstractMethod interface where warning() without parameter, warning() with parameter declared. Later in abstractImplement class the methods were defined. In forgotpass class two functions were called with(boolean) and without parameter. Code snippet is attached below.

```
package com.example.nahulthejoker;
import java.sql.SQLException;
1 usage 1 implementation
public interface abstractMethod {
   1 usage 1 implementation
public void warning();
   1 usage 1 implementation
   public void warning(boolean x);
  package com.example.nahulthejoker;
  import javafx.scene.control.Alert;
  public class abstractImplement implements abstractMethod{
      1 usage
      public void warning(){
         Alert alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION);
          alert.setTitle("Information Dialog");
          alert.setHeaderText(null);
          alert.setContentText("Please Fill in All Fields!!!");
          alert.showAndWait();
      1 usage
      public void warning(boolean x){
          Alert alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION);
          alert.setTitle("Information Dialog");
          alert.setHeaderText(null):
          alert.setContentText("Password Does Not Match!!!");
          alert.showAndWait();
```

```
String confirmpass = txtconfirmpass.getText();
if(user.equals("") || contact.equals("") || pass.equals("") || confirmpass.equals(""))
{
    //warninglabel.setText("Please Fill in All Fields!!!");
    abstractImplement s=new abstractImplement();
    s.warning();
      Alert alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION);
      alert.setTitle("Information Dialog");
      alert.setHeaderText(null);
      alert.setContentText("Please Fill in All Fields!!!");
      alert.showAndWait();
    txtuser.setText("");
    txtcontact.setText("");
    txtpass.setText("");
    txtconfirmpass.setText("");
}
else if (!pass.equals(confirmpass)) {
    //warninglabel.setText("Password Does Not Match!!!");
    abstractImplement s=new abstractImplement();
    s.warning( x: false);
      Alert alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION);
      alert.setTitle("Information Dialog");
      alert.setHeaderText(null);
      alert.setContentText("Password Does Not Match!!!");
      alert.showAndWait();
```

Custom Exception Handling:

catch(customException f){

catch (SQLException e) {
 e.printStackTrace();

We took a class named customException with a customized exception method(extends Exception class). In homecontrol class, if login is successful than it throws customException exception. Than in customException class an alert box instruction is executed.

```
ontroller.java ×

    ⊕ customException.java ×  © playercontrol.java ×  © homecontrol.java ×  © transactioncontrol.
     import javafx.scene.Node;
     import javafx.scene.Parent;
     import javafx.scene.control.Alert;
     import javafx.stage.Stage;
     import java.io.IOException;
     import java.util.EventObject;
     import static com.example.nahulthejoker.HelloController.uname;
     public class customException extends Exception {
         public void show() throws IOException {
             Alert alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION);
             alert.setTitle("Congratulations!!!");
             alert.setHeaderText(null);
             alert.setContentText("Welcome Team "+uname+" to MIST KickOff!!");
              alert.showAndWait():
     if (rs.next()) {
         swtch sw = new swtch();
        Parent root = FXMLLoader.load(HelloApplication.class.getResource( name: "home.fxml"));
         sw.switch_scene(root, event);
         throw new customException();
      } else {
         Alert alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.CONFIRMATION);
         alert.setTitle("Information Dialog");
         alert.setHeaderText(null);
         alert.setContentText("Login Failed!");
         alert.showAndWait();
         txtuser.setText("");
         txtpass.setText("");
```

Database Handling

For Database connection and handling we used MySQL. For Data fetch, insert, update and delete operations; Queries used in the project are shown below.

Database Connection

```
public class DbConnectionPlayer {
    2usages
    public static Connection databaseLink;

    5usages

public static Connection getConnection(){
        String databaseName = "db_main";
        String databaseUser = "root";
        String databasePassword = "root";
        String url = "jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/" + databaseName;
        try{
            Class.forName( className: "com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
            databaseLink = DriverManager.getConnection(url,databaseUser,databasePassword);
    }
    catch (Exception e){
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
    return databaseLink;
}
```

Data Fetch

```
con = DriverManager.getConnection( url: "jdbc:mysql://127.0.0.1:3306/db_main", user: "root", password: "root");
pst = con.prepareStatement( sql: "SELECT * FROM teams WHERE Username=? and Password=?");
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 1, uname);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 2, pass);
rs = pst.executeQuery();
```

Data Insertion

```
pst= connection.prepareStatement( sql: "insert into transaction(name,id,dept,position,value,club,status,current_amount)values (?,?,?,?,?,?)");
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 2, id);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 3, dept);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 4, pos);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 4, val);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 6, uname);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 6, uname);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 8, current_amn);
pst.setString( parameterIndex: 8, current_amn);
```

Previous Data Delete Then Update

```
if (resultSet.next()) {
    statement = connection.prepareStatement( sql: "UPDATE teams SET Password = ?, Confirm_Password = ? WHERE Username = ?");
    statement.setString( parameterIndex: 1, pass);
    statement.setString( parameterIndex: 2, confirmpass);
    statement.setString( parameterIndex: 3, user);
    statement.executeUpdate();

1    usage
    void UpdateVal(String a, String b) throws SQLException {
        pst = connection.prepareStatement( sql: "update player set value = ?,position=? where club = ? ");
        pst.setString( parameterIndex: 1, a);
        pst.setString( parameterIndex: 2, b);
        pst.setString( parameterIndex: 3, uname);
        pst.executeUpdate();
}

Polisease
```

Data Ordering

```
PreparedStatement statement = connection.prepareStatement( sqt: "SELECT name, id, position FROM player WHERE club=? ORDER BY position ASC"); statement.setString( parameterIndex 1, uname);

ResultSet resultSet = statement.executeQuery();
```

Further Improvements:

- UI/UX design
- CSS implementation
- Individual player interface
- PDF enhancement
- Hyperlink Attachment
- Screen Responsive

Setbacks of the Project:

- While GUI implementing Intelij couldn't detect the imagre source path. When we kept the pictures in resource file than it was resolved.
- Connection with Database MYSQL was very sensitive. While implementing Query table name, column names needed to write cautiously.
- For design purpose use of CSS, Figma could be more helpful.
- ObservableArrayList keyword was unknown initially, so the use was of it was difficult.
- While implementing PDF, version of itextpdf needed to match with Intelij configuration.

In summary, MIST KickOff represents a successful amalgamation of fervor for football and technological ingenuity, introducing comprehensive football management to the Military Institute of Science and Technology (MIST). Employing a user-friendly desktop application, our collaborative team, comprised of Aunindya Prosad Saha, G. M. Fahim Tazwar, and Md. Nahul Rahman, leveraged JavaFX, IntelliJ, Scenebuilder, and MySQL to furnish a feature-rich interface. The project adheres to robust object-oriented programming principles, providing functionalities such as user login, a real-time marketplace, and sophisticated data representation. This endeavor not only redefines football management at MIST but also underscores our unwavering dedication to excellence in sports technology.

Reference and Links

- 1. https://www.flaticon.com/
- 2. https://html-color-codes.info/colors-from-image/
- 3. https://www.unscreen.com/upload
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DIZtUGfEW0Q&list=PLX5hCViO2ncTCdMt5ozw3UjjfxPqIxdOq